

WEATHER TODAY.  
Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Salt Lake Metal Prices:  
Copper.....\$11.30  
Silver.....\$4.37 1/2  
Gold.....\$112.00  
Steel (St. Louis), firm.....\$7.12 @ 7.13

LXXXVI., NO. 63.

## WITELAW REID IS SUMMONED BY GRIM DEATH

American Ambassador to the court of St. James Passes Away Sunday Shortly After Noon.

## WITELAW REID BECOMES ACUTE ON FRIDAY

and Queen Send Congratulations as Soon as End of Body of Diplomat to Be Brought Home.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Whitelaw Reid, the American ambassador to Great Britain since 1906, died at his London residence, Dorchester house, shortly after noon today from pulmonary edema. The end was quiet and painless. Mrs. Reid and their daughter, John Hubert Ward, were at the

ambassador had been unconscious a few hours in the morning and at the time of his death he had been suffering from a slight bronchial attack which he had had at considerable intervals. On Sunday last asthma supervened, and pulmonary edema became very acute.

Thomas Barlow, physician to the king, was called in last week when Reid's illness became acute, and Dr. William Hale issued the following bulletin as cause of death:

On the night of the American ambassador had a slight bronchial attack which he had had at considerable intervals. On Sunday last asthma supervened, and pulmonary edema became very acute.

for Rally.  
It was hoped that he might rally, as the symptoms had appeared suddenly under control, but Sunday morning the exhaustion became extreme and died from pulmonary edema at 11 a. m.

Honorable John Hubert Ward, with his wife, had been at Dorchester house since the ambassador's condition became serious, and the staff of the embassy when the king and queen began to sink and when death came at Buckingham palace, the Queen Alexandra at Sandringham, and the king at the court.

Immediately the king sent his Sir Harry Legge, to express the sympathy of himself and the queen. The afternoon messages conveyed warm sympathy were received from Queen Mother Alexandra and other members of the royal family.

Members of the various embassies and consulates, while many called at the ambassador's house.

message to Son.  
A message was sent to Ogden on the ambassador, who left Salt Lake yesterday in the hope of reaching his father's bedside before death. The body will be sent home and will be buried in Sleepy Hollow, New York. Details will not be decided upon until communication is received from the British government.

Cold on Ocean.  
Mr. Reid's condition had been steadily improving since Thursday, and he had returned to the house but a fortnight ago. His illness really dates from his return to New York last February after his tour of the purpose of entering the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall on the voyage he contracted a cold which he could not shake off.

Important Church.  
The church in Salt Lake City is the largest Presbyterian congregation between Seattle and Denver, and is the center of a wide home mission territory, including Utah, New Mexico and Idaho. It is particularly in recognition of what Dr. Roemer has done in "boosting" home missions in St. Louis that the call has been extended. A committee of two laymen from the western church recently brought the first call.

Dr. Roemer has been at Tyler Place church for eight years, during which the membership has quadrupled, being now 522, while the Sunday school numbers 817. The financial budget has also grown from an annual contribution of \$2000 to between \$12,000 and \$15,000 now, beside the erection of an addition to the church. As chairman of the presbytery's home mission committee, Dr. Roemer led a movement which raised \$35,000 for local work, and he is now preparing a plan in St. Louis by which \$100,000 is to be raised in five years.

Through his leadership the Oak Hill church has built its superstructure.

On October 21, he went to deliver an address on "Thomson" on Page Four.

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## U. S. EMBASSADOR TO ENGLAND WHO IS DEAD

WITELAW REID.



## ST. LOUIS PASTOR TO SUCCEED DR. PADEN

Rev. Dr. John L. Roemer Called by First Presbyterian Church.

COMES ON VISIT JAN. 5

Thought Probable He Will Decide to Remain After Looking Over Field.

There is every likelihood that the vacant pulpit of the First Presbyterian church in this city will be filled within a short time, and that the Rev. Dr. John L. Roemer of St. Louis will be the minister to fill it.

Dr. Roemer Coming.  
An article in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat of last Friday is to the effect that Dr. Roemer has decided to come to Salt Lake for a visit, at least, and that he will deliver a sermon here on Sunday, January 5. It is thought here that Dr. Roemer will conclude to accept the call once he sees the opportunities presented in this field for his endeavors.

The article in the Globe-Democrat follows:  
The Rev. Dr. John L. Roemer, pastor of Tyler Place Presbyterian church, and chairman of the home mission committee of the St. Louis presbytery, has been called to the pastorate of the First Presbyterian church, Salt Lake City. This is a call declined by Dr. Roemer several weeks ago, but it has been repeated with such insistence that Dr. Roemer has consented to take a trip to look over the field and to preach in the Salt Lake City church Sunday, January 5. He states he does this simply because the Salt Lake committee refuses to be satisfied with his declining the call until he visits that city.

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Continued on Page Two.

## PEACE ENVOYS TO BEGIN WORK AT NOON TODAY

Sir Edward Grey, British Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Will Make Brief Speech of Welcome and Retire.

## DELEGATES SPEND A QUIET SABBATH

No Trouble So Far Over Participation of Greeks; Apparently Little Fear of War With Austria.

ATHENS, Dec. 15.—Fighting continues in the vicinity of Janina. After a battle which lasted throughout a whole day, the Greeks occupied Schia and Paramythia, in Epirus, with considerable losses.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Dr. Danoff, head of the Bulgarian plenipotentiaries, returned to London from Paris tonight and the peace conference is expected to open tomorrow noon. Sir Edward Grey, the British secretary for foreign affairs, will make a brief speech of welcome and after expressing the hope of a fruitful end of their labors, he will retire and leave the conference to deliberate in private.

The delegates spent a quiet Sunday. Nothing has transpired yet to show whether any serious difficulty is likely to arise over the attendance of the Greek delegates. Concerning the Austro-Serbian controversy, the Balkan delegates think it the result of an Austrian bluff. They say:

Austria's Purpose.  
"Vienna, having seen completely wrecked her traditional programme of gradually extending through the Balkan states to Saloniki, has tried to counterbalance the bad effect it has had at home by clamoring that Albania must be autonomous, according to the Austro-Italian agreement, concluded in 1907. Therefore neither Greece nor Serbia can occupy the Albanian Adriatic coast, much less Serbia, as Serbia means Russia."

Unrest at Home.  
According to the Balkan delegates, Austria's increased armaments and the practical mobilization of her army are due less to the probability of declaring war against Serbia than to the grave internal situation in the monarchy, the unrest in Hungary and the agitation among Servians, especially in Bosnia and Herzegovina, where those holding positions under the Austrian government openly have protested against the attitude of the empire.

Not Financially Prepared.  
"Vienna," the Balkan delegates continue, "has too many troubles at home to think seriously of war, for which she is not financially prepared, a fact proven by the loan recently contracted in the United States at a rate of interest higher than any other great power has paid in late years."

COCHRANE RESIGNS PLACE AS GOVERNOR  
LOS ANGELES, Dec. 15.—Colonel E. J. Cochrane, governor of the Sawtelle soldiers' home, has forwarded his resignation to the board of managers of the National Soldiers' home.

Young Folks Wed.  
Clarence V. Stone of this city and Miss Marjorie C. Wade of Denver, were married yesterday at the home of the Rev. R. B. Nichols, pastor of the First M. E. church. The bride was accompanied from Denver by the father and mother of the bridegroom. Mr. and Mrs. Stone will make Salt Lake their home.

Salt Lakers in New York.  
Special to The Tribune.—Waldorf, N. Y., Dec. 15.—Herald Square, P. J. Murphy.

## PREMIER MAY NOT GO TO PEACE CONFERENCE



## CAFE KEEPER KILLED BY JEALOUS VISITOR

Admirer of Young Employee Also Shot by Policeman Who Arrested Him.

## RUNNING DUEL FOUGHT

Many Shots Exchanged Between Officer and Ceceliano Before Fugitive Falls.

Special to The Tribune.  
POCATELLO, Idaho, Dec. 15.—Jealousy over a girl resulted in the murder of Charles Vaughn, proprietor of the American cafe in North First avenue, and in the probably fatal wounding of Joseph Ceceliano, who was shot by Night Patrolman Lewis when trying to arrest Ceceliano for the killing of Vaughn last night. Ceceliano was shot four times by the policeman and is in the hospital with even chances of recovery.

Lily Bell, a young woman employed in Vaughn's cafe, is said to have been the cause of the Italian's enmity against Vaughn. She is an exceedingly comely girl with big blue eyes and luxuriant brown hair, consequently she had many admirers, among whom was the Italian Ceceliano.

Vaughn himself, it is averred, felt a sort of proprietary interest in Miss Bell, and last night when the Italian, after being repulsed by Miss Bell, used improper language, Vaughn roughly commanded him to desist.

This seemed to enrage Ceceliano more than ever and he stormed about the cafe until Vaughn, approaching close to him, ordered him to leave the place. Ceceliano, it is charged, placed a big caliber revolver against Vaughn's body and fired.

Vaughn died as he fell to the floor, the bullet having penetrated his heart. Night Patrolman Lewis, attracted by the sound of the shot, came running into the cafe. He says that he called upon Ceceliano to surrender, but instead of obeying Ceceliano, flourishing his revolver at Lewis and shouting dire threats, ran from the cafe. Lewis followed, and as soon as he dared shoot without danger of injuring some bystander, opened fire on Ceceliano.

A running duel ensued, according to Lewis, who says that Ceceliano emptied his revolver at him. After running perhaps 100 yards Lewis, fearing that Ceceliano was going to get away, paused long enough to take careful aim and fired again. This shot brought down the fugitive, and when it was ascertained that he was unconscious, Lewis and others picked him up and had him sent to the hospital.

Surgeons found that four bullets had lodged in Ceceliano's body, but none of the wounds are necessarily fatal, although the cumulative effect of all of them makes his injuries most critical.

The killing of Vaughn, who had hosts of friends here, aroused the community and many threats were made of summary vengeance against his alleged slayer, but the police soon persuaded hot-tempered citizens it was better to let the law take its course, providing Ceceliano lives. Vaughn was one of the best known men in the city and had hundreds of acquaintances throughout the northwest.

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## F. AUG. HEINZE DEFENDANT IN DIVORCE SUIT

Case Will Come Up in Newburg Court Today and Some Extremely Interesting Testimony Is Expected.

## COPPER MAGNATE MAY NOT CONTEST

Friends of the Couple Express Great Surprise Over News That Proceedings Have Been Instituted.

By International News Service.  
NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Extremely interesting testimony of the movements of F. Augustus Heinze, the former copper king, will be given, it is expected, by more than a score of private detectives when the suit for divorce instituted by his wife is heard by Justice Arthur S. Tompkins in the Newburg court tomorrow.

The suit, which was employed as early as last spring by the former Miss Bernice Golden Henderson, the actress who married the millionaire on August 21, 1910, will tell of trips they made to all parts of the American continent in the wake of Heinze. The names of a number of women will be mentioned, it is also stated.

It is not believed that Mr. Heinze will contest his wife's suit and it is stated upon good authority that the former copper king will make an annual settlement upon his wife, which will be the second largest ever recorded in the courts of this state. The record is held by Howard Gould, who gives his wife an annuity of \$25,000. The Heinze settlement, it is stated, will be about \$18,000 a year.

Picture in Evidence.  
Among the evidence that will be introduced, it came out at a short hearing held at Newburg last Saturday, is a photograph of Mr. Heinze and a beautiful young woman of the blonde type, which was taken as the copper king was leaving Denver for Texas last September. In the photograph Mr. Heinze is shown gallantly carrying a number of articles of a woman's apparel on his left arm, while at his right is the young woman in traveling attire.

When Mr. Heinze, who had been subpoenaed to court by his wife's lawyers, was asked to name the woman in the picture he refused to answer on the ground that it would tend to degrade and incriminate him. Justice Tompkins sustained him.

Although there have been several reports this year that the millionaire and his wife had separated, they were vigorously denied by both. When the case was called for trial on Saturday it came as a complete surprise to their friends.

Her Second Venture.  
Mrs. Heinze's first husband was Charles A. Henderson, a wealthy business man. She divorced him in 1906 and obtained the custody of her then two-year-old daughter, Catherine, and \$100 a week alimony. She married Mr. Heinze four years later. After their return from their bridal tour Mrs. Heinze began to fall in health. She went to Mount Clemens and took treatment there. A boy was born to Mrs. Heinze on December 6, 1911. Soon after she became ill again and was advised to take a European trip.

It was noted that Mr. Heinze was not at the pier to meet his wife when she returned and this gave rise to the first report that there had been differences between the two. It was said that "pressing business" had prevented Mr. Heinze from greeting his wife.

It is not expected that either the plaintiff or the defendant will be in court at Newburg when the case is tried tomorrow.

## MORE VICTIMS OF FLYING CRAZE

Lieutenant Parke, R. N., and Passenger Instantly Killed by Fall Near Wembly, England.

Special Cable to The Tribune.  
LONDON, Dec. 15.—Aviation today claimed two more victims, bringing the total number of deaths from the pursuit of this science up to 217. Today's victims were Lieutenant Parke, R. N., a widely known aviator, and William Hardwick, a passenger whom he was carrying from Hendon to Oxford. The accident occurred near Wembly.

Lieutenant Parke, flying a Handley-Page monoplane, left the big aerodrome at Hendon shortly after noon. The wind was gusty and to the spectators the machine did not handle itself steadily at the start. However, as Lieutenant Parke rose to a considerable height the monoplane began to move better and was soon out of sight.

The two men had just passed Wembly and were going at a fifty-mile gait when the accident occurred. The machine from some unknown cause suddenly plunged, nose forward, to the earth. Both men were instantly killed and the machine demolished.

When news of the accident was telephoned to Hendon flying was suspended for the rest of the afternoon and all flags were half-masted.

## FRIEND OF BACHELOR MAIDS IS BETROTHED

MISS HELEN GOULD.



## HELEN GOULD TO WED RAILROAD OFFICIAL

Announcement Made at Betrothal Banquet Held at Georgian Court.

## VISITED ZION IN MARCH

Courtship Was Progressing When They Inspected the Rio Grande's Y. M. C. A.

By International News Service.  
NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould announce the engagement of their sister, Miss Helen Gould, to Finley J. Shepard of St. Louis.

This brief announcement was made by George J. Gould tonight at Georgian Court, his Lakewood, N. J., home, gave the first intimation of the coming marriage of the eldest daughter of the late Jay Gould, who by her numerous acts of philanthropy has endeared herself to thousands.

For more than six months Miss Gould has been engaged to Finley J. Shepard, assistant to the president of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain and the Denver & Rio Grande railroads. Yet Cupid's secret was maintained until at a betrothal feast tonight at Georgian Court, the romance was revealed. Shepard accompanied Miss Gould and her party when they inspected railroad Y. M. C. A.'s as far west as Salt Lake and San Francisco last March.

Scant information was given at Lakewood as to the plans for the marriage. The only word was that it would occur late in January. Miss Gould, who with her fiancé, was at Georgian Court accepting a shower of congratulations, offered no hint of the exact date for the wedding, if, indeed, she had decided upon it.

It was through her work in the Y. M. C. A., in the pursuit of which she established branches on the Gould railroads throughout the country, that Miss Gould and Shepard met in June, 1911. Shepard, at that time, was in the operating department of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain road. Miss Gould was on her way through inspecting the Gould railroad system and looking into the Y. M. C. A. work.

By the time the trip to San Francisco and Salt Lake last March was ended there was an understanding between Miss Gould and the railroad man. In the meantime Shepard had been steadily advanced in the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain and Rio Grande systems, holding the place of assistant to the president, B. F. Bush. Miss Gould delighted in his advancement. As she happens to be a director in the western railroad systems, her backing may have had just a little to do with Shepard's rapid rise.

George J. Gould voiced the supreme satisfaction of the Gould family over the coming marriage of Miss Gould, when he said in answer to a question:

Well, now, there's nothing really more to be said about it than I can see. The engagement is most pleasing to Mrs. Gould and me. Nothing more will be given out than is contained in my announcement, for that's all we have to say.

Nothing of the merry betrothal party was given out at Georgian court. All the information that filtered out was that "all the immediate members of the Gould family are here," Shepard insisted that Gould's announcement was sufficient.

In speaking of Miss Helen Miller Gould, her life's activities are summed up in one word, "Philanthropy." Ever since she

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## FISHER MAKES FINAL REPORT TO PRESIDENT

Secretary of the Interior Recommends Enlarged Application of Leasing Principle to Public Domain.

## ASSERTS PRESENT LAW IS VERY WEAK

Argues for Federal Control of Water Power and Would Withdraw Land in West From Entry.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—A definite and comprehensive water-power policy for streams upon the public domain and navigable streams not on the public domain is urged by the secretary of the interior, Walter L. Fisher, as the most important subject pending before congress and the country, in his annual report submitted today to President Taft.

Other legislation which Secretary Fisher recommends as important to the welfare of the country embodies an enlarged application of the leasing principle as applied to the public domain in general; a comprehensive leasing law for coal, oil and other mineral lands; and laws providing for the classification of public lands according to their respective characteristic and appropriate uses and administration in accordance therewith. Secretary Fisher also declares in favor of legislation for the development of the transportation facilities and the coal lands of Alaska, and for the withdrawal from entry of public lands in the west needed to conserve the water supply at the sources of streams. He recommends the retirement and pensioning of the civil employees of the government. Most of his recommendations are in renewal and emphasis of those made in his previous annual report.

Water-Power Policy.  
As to the water-power policy, he says that it must be made "certain that those who receive special privileges connected with water-power development shall in fact proceed by appropriate degrees and within appropriate times to develop the available water power to its highest capacity, having due regard to the possibilities of marketing the product."

"We must make certain," he continues, "that the electric energy thus created shall be made available to the community in appropriate ways at appropriate prices. If it is not to be used for the benefit of the community but is to be devoted directly to the private purposes and personal advantages of the permittee, some method must be found by which the public will receive its share of the profits which the permittee may make over and above that which is a necessary and reasonable inducement for his investment."

Present Law Ineffective.  
The present law, he asserts, "neither promotes development nor protects the public interest in an effective manner," and he attributes this principally to the fact that a permit is "revocable at any time and without specific reason." He calls it a "serious and unquenchable obstacle to the development and utilization of one of the nation's greatest natural resources." He declares that conditions and limitations should be defined by statute on which permits should be issued, and only for breach of which they should be canceled.

As to federal action against state control of water-power concessions on streams which are not navigable, the secretary says: "The suggestion is made frequently by those who are in one way or another representing either present or future investment in water-power development that such power sites and their control should be turned over to the respective states in which they are located. It is interesting to note, however, that the ordinary citizens of these states are not at all concerned over federal usurpation or unjust treatment."

"They suspect that the real purpose of those who urge the turning over of the federal domain to the states is that they may escape the longer and the stronger arm of the federal government and may take advantage of the more limited resources and governmental facilities of the individual states."

"While some states undoubtedly have wisely conserved certain of the lands and natural resources turned over to them by the nation, the story has too often been the acquisition of these lands

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