

SENATE IS FAVORABLE TO THE INCOME TAX

Ratification of Resolution Is Passed by Vote of Thirteen to Four.

HELD UP IN THE HOUSE Action of Utah, However, Is No Longer Essential to Success.

Twenty-second Day in the House. Resolution ratifying income tax amendment causes sharp tilt.

Judiciary committee hears more Davis county residents on anti-pooling bill. Bill introduced making affiliation with labor union no bar to employment.

Bill presented requiring two operatives on every street car. Livestock committee offers measure enlarging powers of state sheep commission.

Smith Is the Author.

The resolution ratifying the income tax amendment was introduced early in the session by Senator Smith of Salt Lake. It was referred to the committee on state affairs and federal relations.

Divided in House.

The income tax issue had a lively hearing in the house. As a result of the house proceedings, the income tax question reposes in the custody of the committee on federal relations and memorials.

Income tax debate began in the house when Welling of Box Elder introduced a ratification resolution. At the same time he moved the suspension of the rules and the passage of the resolution.

Welling urged this action immediately, said Mr. Welling, "in order that Utah might take advantage of the opportunity to show its progressiveness. The income tax ratification is not only one more state, and several states are hesitating to beat one another to the honor. If Utah acts quickly she will be one of the first."

Welling moved its adoption. Barker of Weber said if there was to be an income tax the state should get the benefit of it. Welling said much the same thing. "I should like to ask the gentleman from Garfield," said Welling, "whether or not he was elected on a platform declaring for the amendment?"

copy of the platform printed in any newspaper. If the gentleman desires to read from the platform let him get the original.

Bamberger moved to refer the resolution to the committee on resolutions. There was more wrangling before the motion was put. Welling declaring that the proposed action was intended to kill the resolution. It goes to a committee," said he, "it will never again see the light of day."

Sent to Committee.

The motion to send the resolutions to the committee on resolutions prevailed by the following vote: Ayes—Anderson, Bamberger, Barker, Benson, Mrs. Cannon, Cook, Cronch, Deatrup, Elwood, Henrie, Jones, Judd, Kriebel, Marchant, Marriott, McRae, Monson, Nielson, Dr. Skofield, Smith, Swenson, Van Wagener, Wilcox, Mr. Speaker—25.

Noes—Barnes, Benson, Cardon, Christensen, Durham, Hammond, Hooper, Kimball, Lovelock, Mackey, Morris, Oldham, Oneshaw, Reynolds, Southwick, Welling—19.

Of those voting "no," Christensen, Hooper and Mackey are Republicans. The rest are Democrats.

NEW LIVESTOCK LAW IS DESIRED

Anderson of Sanpete, chairman of the house committee on livestock, yesterday introduced a bill which revises the present law relating to sheep.

The new bill also amends the present law in a few material instances, in addition to changing its arrangement and nomenclature.

"The measure," said Mr. Anderson, "is a rewriting of the present law in such a way as to conform to the suggestions of the United States bureau of animal industry. This is done in order to procure a uniformity in the laws of the adjoining states affecting sheep."

Several of the adjoining states have already adopted the uniform law. "One provision differing from the present law is that it gives the state board of sheep commissioners enlarged power in the matter of preventing the spread of rabies. It provides that if an owner refuses to dip his sheep the commission may do so and the cost is to be charged against the owner."

"Another provision gives the federal inspectors the authority to quarantine affected sheep in this state temporarily. Under the present system much time is lost in the matter of now required that cases of infected herds must first be reported to the state board of sheep commissioners and that boards posted by the quarantine at once and then isolated from the time of the discovery of the disease."

ONLY ONE WORD CHANGED IN BILL

A peculiarity about H. B. No. 59, introduced yesterday by Kriebel of Salt Lake, by request, is that it repeals about 5000 words of the present law in order to change a single word. The change is that it grants cities power to increase their special tax levy for street lighting from one to one and one-half percent. The bill probably will be so altered as to make it an amendment to one section only, an arrangement that is favored by the sponsors of the bill.

Loss of Appetite

Is loss of vitality, vigor or tone, and is often a forerunner of prostrating disease.

It is serious and especially so to people that must keep up and doing or get behindhand.

The best medicine to take for it is the great constitutional remedy Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system. Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets called Sarsatabs.

the construction of the state house. The vote was 36 to 9. Those who opposed the resolution said they find \$200,000 in the wisdom and ability of the capitol commission and were opposed to tying their hands in any way.

The house yesterday passed H. B. No. 11, by Barnes, prohibiting "fire," "damage," "wreck" and other numerous advertisements. An amendment by the committee makes the penalty a fine of from \$25 to \$500 instead of from \$100 to \$5000.

Christensen's H. B. No. 23 was passed by the house yesterday. The bill prohibits unfair competition and discrimination on the part of any person or company between different sections of the state and applies to domestic and foreign corporations alike.

A bill was introduced yesterday in the house by Lovelock of Utah providing that no county attorney shall defend within his county any person charged with crime, nor shall he be lawful for any county attorney to act as counsel for any railroad, electric light, telegraph, or telephone corporation during his term of office.

A bill was introduced in the house yesterday by Smith of Washington for an appropriation of \$1000 for the repair of a bridge across the Rio Virgin in Washington county.

Speaker Seely yesterday signed S. B. No. 16, by Lunt, relating to interest on bonds. The bill has previously been signed by president of the senate and it is now with the governor.

The committee on municipal corporations yesterday reported favorably Cardon's H. B. No. 42, relating to the extension of time for claims of lots in town sites. The same committee reported favorably Cardon's H. B. No. 20, requiring the city of Ogden to receive franchises from cities.

H. B. No. 40, by Cardon, relating to punishment for statutory offenses, was passed by the house yesterday. The bill makes the possible punishment more severe and gives the lower courts greater discretion.

Reynolds's H. B. No. 44 was passed in the house yesterday. The bill takes from the bank commissioner the power to prevent persons engaging in the banking business wherever they are to do so. The present law provides that the bank commissioner shall be the judge of whether or not any locality already has banks enough.

Barnes of Salt Lake yesterday introduced in the house a bill declaring it unlawful for a street railway company to operate a street car for the transportation of passengers. The bill is in charge of such a motorman and a conductor. Violation of the act is made punishable by a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$100 to be imposed upon the official responsible for the violation.

A bill of great importance to laboring men of this state was introduced in the house yesterday by Barnes of Salt Lake. The bill declares that it shall be unlawful for any individual or member of any union, association, society or trade union to employ any company or corporation, to

VOLE ON AMENDMENT DEFERRED TWO DAYS

Resolution Respecting United States Senators Allowed to Go Over.

On motion of Senator W. Mont Perry of Salt Lake, consideration of the resolution ratifying the proposed amendment to the United States constitution providing for the election of United States senators by popular vote was deferred for two days.

The resolution was before the senate for the past two days. Senator J. W. Pank and Senator L. M. Olson, Democrats, and Senator D. O. Rideout, Republican, spoke in favor of the resolution. Senator Foster of Eckersley of Wayne said that he doubted very much the necessity and the wisdom of the amendment, but intended voting for it solely because the Republican state platform had favored it.

"How does President Gardner stand?" asked Senator X. Small of Salt Lake. "I'm against it," replied Senator Gardner promptly.

The president ordered the clerk to call the roll. The roll was called and before the roll was begun, Senator Perry asked that consideration be deferred for forty-eight hours.

Senator Eckersley, and he wished longer time in which to decide how he should vote. Senators Cottrell, Eckersley and Edgell joined Senator Perry in his request. Senator Eunk objected, but Senator Rideout, the author of the resolution, and Senator Kelly, both asked that Senator Perry's request be granted.

Bills Introduced

In the Senate. S. B. No. 108, by Thornley—An act creating a state department of livestock. Referred to committee on livestock.

S. B. No. 109, by Smith—An act relating to the practice of optometry. Referred to committee on public health.

S. B. No. 110, by Eckersley—An act prohibiting baseball, theatrical performances and other forms of amusement on Sunday. Referred to committee on education.

S. B. No. 111, by Smith—An act relating to the amendment of the information act. Referred to committee on judiciary.

Bills Passed

By the Senate. S. B. No. 57, by Thornley—An act prohibiting the selling of pools and the same on wagers on horse races and other contests.

S. J. R. No. 1, by Smith—A resolution ratifying the proposed amendment to the United States constitution authorizing an income tax.

ANTI-POOLROOM BILL PASSES UPPER HOUSE

(Continued from Page One.)

council, appeared before the committee to voice their resentment of statements made last week by Hyrum Stevedore and other witnesses to the effect that a train of immorality had followed in the wake of the races and that, in brief, the young people of Davis county and of Farmington particularly, had been reduced to a grievous state of evil on account of the race track at Lagoon.

Members Wilson, Daynes and Cottrell said they came before the committee in earnest protest against such a slander upon the people of Farmington. They denied in every instance and pointed out that the young men and young women of Farmington were immoral and declared that, on the contrary, those young people were just as moral as any that were to be found.

The delegation resented in unmistakable terms the imputation published in some newspapers that a veritable wave of debauchery came as an attendant upon race meetings and that the young men and women of Farmington had fallen victims thereof. The delegates declared that they were not before the committee to state whether they wanted gambling or not. They were there, they said, to uphold the fair name of the people of their community against slanderous statements.

Moreover, the delegation resented the statement made last week that Simon Bamberger, president of the Salt Lake & Ogden railroad, and owner of Lagoon, where the Lagoon race track is situated, controlled the elections at Farmington. They said there were but few employees of Senator Bamberger's enterprises at Farmington and their influence in elections was not a material factor.

Mayor Daynes said that Farmington benefited to the extent of about \$2000 annually from the Lagoon race track and that the city received about \$600 from season licenses. In all his dealings with race-track people, said Mr. Daynes, he found in every instance that the other residents of Farmington gave like testimony.

Women Favor Bill.

A delegation of women from Farmington came to support the bill. They included Mrs. Annie Tanner, Mrs. J. H. Robinson, Mrs. S. C. Knowlton, Mrs. Mary Wilcox, Mrs. Louis Cottrell, Mrs. Saddle Clark, Mrs. Mary Christensen, Mrs. Leone Stewart, Mrs. Don Christensen, Mrs. Rose Knowlton and Mrs. Cecelia Steed. Another delegation of women came from Bountiful. It consisted of Mrs. Effie E. Eldredge and Mrs. Lucy F. Stringham.

A petition was later presented in the house signed by James A. Eldredge and several other Bountiful residents urging the passage of the Mabel bill.

When the senate bill on the subject, Thornley's S. B. No. 57, reached the house, it was referred to the judiciary committee, to be considered along with the Mabel bill. The house judiciary committee now has the Mabel bill, the Thornley bill which, before it was amended by the senate was identical with the Mabel bill, and the Kriebel bill, H. B. No. 68. The latter is a stringent measure against poolrooms but permits betting at race tracks at the time of the race.

TRAVELERS WANT CLEAN SHEETS

Clean sheets, large enough to drape the most portly commercial traveler, are asked for in a bill which will be introduced in the legislature today by Senator W. Mont Perry of Salt Lake at the request of the United Commercial Travelers' association.

The bill would require all hotels in the state to give good accommodations and to be sanitary at all times.

By the terms of the bill each bed must have two sheets and pillow slips. The sheets must be not less than 29 inches long and wide enough to cover completely the mattress and springs. The sheets and pillow cases must be washed and ironed, so that each guest may have a clean set. Any proprietor who permits bedbugs to exist to the discomfort of the traveling men and other hotel guests is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Cohn's DRY GOODS STORE. Our Great Annual February Sale of LACE CURTAINS. Is Playing to a Packed House. Get Yours Early While Choosing Is Best.

also, he was a well-known man in line of trade. He had been healthy for several years. Mr. Sparks' survival by his widow and eight children. The sons are Frank C. Jr., and C. H. Patten. The daughters are Mrs. W. M. Jones, Mrs. W. G. Lambert and Mrs. A. E. Wainwright. Arrangements for the funeral will be completed until the children are notified. Burial will be in the cemetery.

Alleged Gamblers Arrested. Alleged to have been gambling in a room in the Belmont hotel, fire was taken to police headquarters by three Glen and Billings at 11:30 p.m. in a match. Stewart, proprietor of the hotel, was among the party and was released upon furnishing \$50 each. Others were C. E. Murray, C. L. L. C. Berry, W. C. Jones and J. L. L. L. Hall for each was \$25. The party was furnished by Lowman.

ROANOKE, Feb. 1.—Apparently the worse for his trying experiment, a negro, told the police how he had spent three days and nights in a locked freight car, with water and then set fire to his car in desperation in the hope that he would attract attention and that he be rescued.

HUSBAND TIRED OF SEEING HER SUFFER

Procured Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which made His Wife a Well Woman.

Middletown, Pa.—"I had headache, backache and such awful bearing down pains that I could not be on my feet at times and I had organic inflammation so badly that I was not able to do my work. I could not get a good meal for my husband and one child. My neighbors said they thought my suffering was terrible."

"My husband got tired of seeing me suffer and one night went to the drug store and got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told me I must take it. I can't tell you all I suffered and I can't tell you all that your medicine has done for me. I was greatly benefited from the first and it has made me a well woman. I can do all my housework and even helped some of my friends as well. I think it is a wonderful help to all suffering women. I have got several to take it after seeing what it has done for me."—Mrs. EMMA SPENSHADE, 219 East Main St., Middletown, Pa.

The Pinkham record is a proud and honorable one. It is a record of constant victory over the obstinate ills of woman—ills that deal out despair. It is an established fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored health to thousands of such suffering women. Why don't you try it if you need such a medicine?

Senate Notes

A revision of the livestock laws of the state is made in a bill introduced in the senate yesterday by Senator J. W. Pank of Davis. The bill makes the livestock code of the state more specific, especially with reference to the quarantine of contagious diseases of livestock. In most respects the bill corresponds to the government regulations regarding the care of livestock and it proposes to make Utah's livestock code uniform with that of other states. The bill also increases the salary of the state livestock commissioner from \$1000 per year to \$2000 and the salaries of deputies from \$250 to \$500 per day.

Senator Benzer X. Smith of Salt Lake yesterday introduced a bill providing that when stock is held in trust for others it must be sold in a public market of the corporation, otherwise it cannot be voted by anyone other than the person to whom the stock is issued or his proxy.

At the request of the state board of optometry Senator H. W. Lunt of Iron yesterday introduced a bill revising the laws on the subject of optometry. The revision writes into the laws several of the regulations of the state board and makes more stringent some of the laws which are for the purpose of protecting the public against eye-glass swindlers. The bill is referred to the committee on public health and labor.

GOVERNOR GLASSCOCK IS UPHELD BY COURT

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The supreme court declined today to interfere with the martial law ordered by Governor Glasscock in the district of Columbia and West Virginia, where trouble arose from a strike. A negro complained that the governor was without authority to place by district under martial law and to send to the court to overrule his sentence of five years in the penitentiary by a military commission.

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Advertisement for Ghirardelli's Ground Chocolate. Includes an illustration of a woman in a long dress holding a tray with a teapot and cups. Text describes the product as a smacking good taste after a busy afternoon of shopping or motoring, and provides a recipe for a cup of boiling milk with a little stirring.

Is the most palatable, most sustaining and healthful food drink that nature has produced and man has perfected. Its health-giving qualities make it the ideal beverage for the Western home. Order a three-pound can today and serve it at dinner this evening. D. GHIRARDELLI CO. San Francisco. Since 1852.