

Ben Franklin said: "The true trade hardly deems the busy day begun 'til his keen eye along the want ad page hath run."

WEATHER TODAY.  
Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Salt Lake Metal Prices.	59c
St. Louis, east.	\$4.60
St. Louis, west.	\$4.62
St. Louis, east.	\$5.45

L. LXXXVII, NO. 114.

## WIN LIND SENT DOWN TO MEXICO TO MAKE PEACE

Governor of Minnesota as Personal Representative of the President.

TA REGIME IS PROBABLY DOOMED

ambassador Wilson's Resignation Accepted, After Conference With Bryan, to Take Effect Oct. 14.

International News Service.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 4.—The committee of congress that is endeavoring to act while the national situation is not in session, presented a memorial to President Wilson tonight offering to mediate between all contending parties in Mexico.

President replied that he considered it indecorous and undignified for the government to treat revolutionists and for that reason he had decided to carry the matter to the end.

Government officials refuse to consent on the acceptance of Emilio Wilson's resignation, but action is understood to end hope for recognition of the Huerta government by the United States.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—President Wilson took the first steps today in the course of which he proposes to accept the resignation of Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson to take effect on October 14 and sent to his personal representative accredited to the Huerta government, former Governor John Lind of Minnesota, a lifelong friend of Secretary Bryan.

The understanding is that a stable government is expected in Mexico Mr. Lind will be ambassador.

Wilson and Secretary Bryan held frequent conferences today; Ambassador Wilson had a long talk with Secretary Bryan, and Chairman Bacon of the senate foreign relations committee discussed the situation with the president at the White house. But except the announcement of Mr. Wilson's resignation, no explanation of the action was forthcoming.

Statement.

Statement from Secretary Bryan.

Governor John Lind of Minnesota has been sent to Mexico as the personal representative of the president as adviser to the embassy in that situation. When the president is able to communicate with the authorities as to the restoration, he will make public his views on the situation.

Secretary Bryan said that he was sure that the efforts of Lind to bring about peace and to suggest until these efforts are futile.

Will Explain.

Lind will be empowered to all inquirers the unalterable policy of the American government in the recognition of the Huerta government, is expected to be a fact to assist the situation.

Mexicans have taken it upon themselves to try to persuade General Lind to retire in favor of an international executive, acceptable to all.

The arms and munitions of the United States will be denied to the two warring parties unless it is apparent that efforts to bring about peace between the United States will not be successful.

Secretary Bryan will probably will act in that capacity at the time comes.

led to Fear.

from both Huerta and Carranza have been made in the press and officials realize that both may be showing weakness and acceptance of such a proposal, and are not contented on Page Two.)

## CHLORAL IN WHISKY KILLED VAN SCHAICK

Friend of the Dead Millionaire Makes Affidavit to Bring About an Inquiry.

### END WAS UNEXPECTED

Victim Seized With Convulsions After Taking Drink; Doctor Explains.

By International News Service.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—The death of Singleton Van Schaick at his country home near "Stonegate," Pelham, on July 13, became the subject of an investigation by the authorities of Westchester county today.

It is known that a friend of the Van Schaick family has made an affidavit to coroner Levinson at New Rochelle in which the circumstances surrounding the death are characterized as "suspicious." The informant asserts to the best of his information and knowledge that Van Schaick died from the effects of chloral poison contained in stimulants to which the deceased had been addicted.

According to statements made by friends of the family, the death of Mr. Van Schaick was both sudden and unexpected. He did not become critically ill until the afternoon of July 9, after he had taken a glass of whisky and some supposedly harmless ingredient.

### Collapsed After Drinking.

Shortly after drinking the mixture he collapsed and was taken to his room in an unconscious condition. A house party was in progress in the Van Schaick home at the time. Among the guests were Miss Mabel Rockefeller and Francis J. Tietport. With the host and hostesses on the veranda were several persons, including Joseph Jasper Ecclesine, who is described as social secretary for Mr. and Mrs. Van Schaick.

The following morning he had revived, but was seized with convulsions from another drink of whisky. Physicians who were hurriedly called were unable to afford the sick man any relief. His condition became steadily worse and one convulsion followed another until the morning of July 13, four days after the first attack, when he died.

### Physician's Certificate.

The death certificate filed by Dr. E. S. Newell, the attending physician, ascribes the cause of his death to cerebral meningitis.

About three months ago Dr. Newell was called to treat Mr. Van Schaick for extreme nervousness produced by drinking. The physician tells frankly that he prescribed a solution containing chloral, bromide of soda and digitalis. This was to be taken in doses which contained, according to Dr. Newell, approximately five grains of chloral, ten grains of bromide of soda and two drops of digitalis. Such doses, if not given with too great frequency, are declared to be harmless.

Joseph J. Ecclesine, who has already been described as Mr. Van Schaick's social secretary, said tonight:

"Singleton Van Schaick died from alcoholic meningitis. He was given all proper attention during the illness which ended with his death and it cannot be said that there were any circumstances which could be called suspicious even by the wisest stretch of imagination."

### Member of Old Family.

"Singleton Van Schaick was a member of one of the oldest Knickerbocker families in the state. He was rated as a millionaire. Van Schaick was educated at Eton college, England. Shortly after his school days he established himself a broker in Wall street, but most of his time had been devoted to sports. He was one of the best-known cross-country riders in the east and was secretary and governor of the Irish Terrier club of America.

"Van Schaick's first wife died about eight years ago, leaving an estate of \$500,000, consisting mostly of stocks and bonds and a farm at Cold Springs, L. I. To her husband she bequeathed \$10,000 and half of the household furniture. The residue was left to their only child, Violet, who made her home at Pelham until a few days ago."

### APPOINTMENT OF TODD CONFIRMED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The senate confirmed tonight the appointment of George Harold Todd of New York to be assistant to the attorney general of the United States. Another effort to bring about the confirmation of the appointment of James Coffey of South Dakota, as internal revenue collector for the division of North and South Dakota, resulted in a protracted filibuster which ended without action having been taken. It is understood that it was suggested in executive session that Mr. Coffey should resign the Democratic state chairmanship of South Dakota.

### WILL STRIKE UNLESS DEMANDS ARE GRANTED

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 4.—While exact returns on the strike vote recently taken by Northern Pacific railway union officials, it was intimated today that practically all of the 127 men involved have voted in favor of a strike. If necessary, to obtain from the road their demands of higher wages and better working conditions. A conference between union representatives and railway officials probably will be held later in the week.

## BANKERS ASKED TO CONFERENCE IN WASHINGTON

Secretary McAdoo Calls on Clearing House Associations of 59 Cities in South and West.

### WILL DISCUSS THE PROMISED DEPOSIT

Whole \$50,000,000 Is to Be Turned Into Circulation for Crop Moving Purposes, if Situation Demands It.

By International News Service.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—By direction of Secretary McAdoo, telegrams were sent today to the presidents of the clearing house associations of fifty-nine cities in the west, south and on the Pacific coast, inviting the associations in each of these cities to send a representative or committee to Washington to discuss arrangements relative to the deposit of the \$50,000,000 government funds which the secretary proposes to make in the different sections to facilitate the movement of the crops.

The conference with the representatives of the clearing house associations in the south will be held at the treasury department on Thursday morning, the 7th instant. The representatives of the western cities will meet the secretary at the treasury department on Friday morning, the 8th, while the representatives from the clearing house associations on the Pacific coast will meet at the treasury department on Thursday, the 14th.

### Cities Represented.

The cities which have been invited to have representatives at these conferences are as follows: Birmingham, Mobile and Montgomery, Ala.; Little Rock, Ark.; Los Angeles and San Francisco, Cal.; Denver, Colo.; Tampa and Jacksonville, Fla.; Atlanta and Savannah, Ga.; Chicago, Ill.; Evansville, Fort Wayne and Indianapolis, Ind.; Des Moines and Sioux City, Ia.; Kansas City and Wichita, Kan.; Louisville, Ky.; New Orleans, La.; Baltimore, Md.; Vicksburg and Meridian, Miss.; St. Louis and Kansas City, Mo.; Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minn.; Detroit, Mich.; Charlotte, Wilmington and Raleigh, N. C.; Omaha, Neb.; Oklahoma City and Muskogee, Okla.; Portland, Or.; Cincinnati, Cleveland and Columbus, O.; Charleston, Columbia, Spartanburg and Greenville, S. C.; Chattanooga, Knoxville, Memphis and Nashville, Tenn.; Dallas, Galveston and San Antonio, Texas; Richmond, Norfolk and Roanoke, Va.; Wheeling, W. Va.; Seattle and Spokane, Wash.; and Milwaukee, Wis.

### Will Not Be Increased.

The secretary said that it is not practicable to increase the number of cities which are to be represented at the conferences and that he thought those selected were thoroughly representative of the different sections of the country where the crop-moving funds are to be placed.

Treasury officials declared that the entire \$50,000,000 which has been offered will be deposited if the situation demands it. It was explained that care would be taken to prevent any undue inflation of the circulating volume of money and that the government would deposit only what was needed to assist in moving the crops, with the stipulation that it must be returned to the treasury as soon as that need shall have passed. At the conference with the bankers, Secretary McAdoo will discuss the amount needed and the dates to be named for the gradual return of the money to the government.

The treasury department expects to begin making the deposits before the close of August and gradually to feed the money into the selected centers as the demands grow through the crop-moving period.

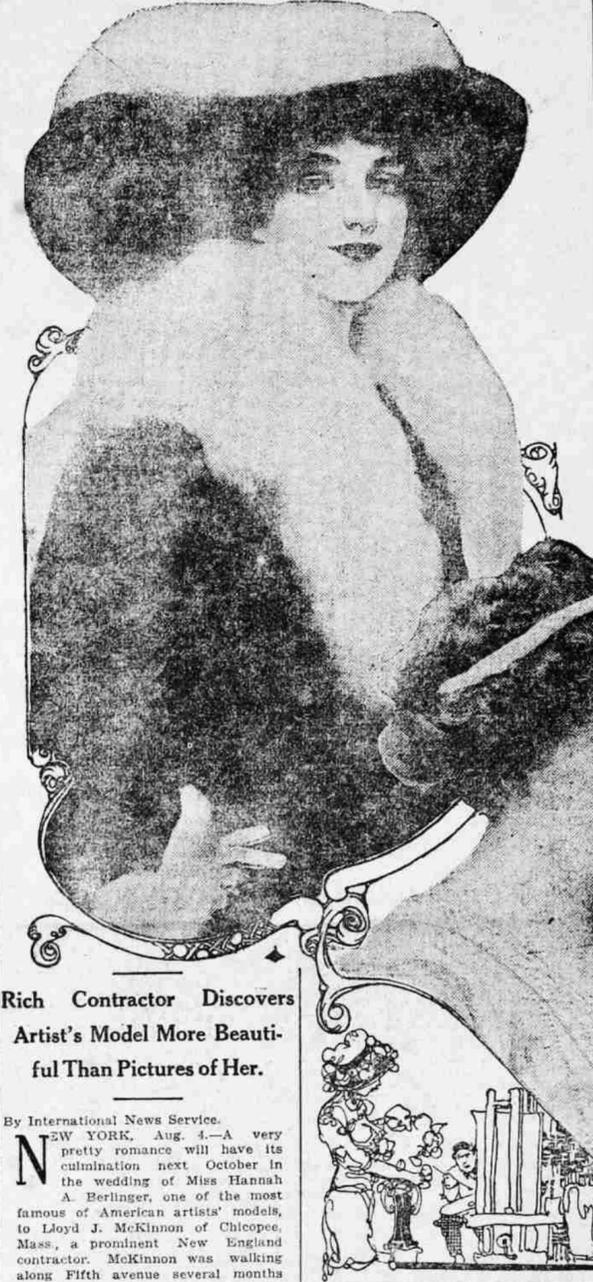
Thomas W. Boyer, president of the Salt Lake City Clearing House association, said last night that he had received no invitation to attend the conference in Washington and would not consider attending it without intimation that he was expected there. When the first announcement regarding the distribution of the money for the benefit of those moving the heavy crops was made, presidents of Salt Lake City national banks expressed the opinion that little if any of the money would come to Salt Lake City, but that its distribution elsewhere would benefit Utah indirectly.

### LITTLE BOY FATALLY WOUNDS HIS PLAYMATE

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 4.—Lloyd Gale, 10 years old, was shot and probably fatally injured while at play in the yard back of his home late today. A playmate, Clarence Heideberg, also aged 10, is held at the police station, charged with the shooting. "The latter had a rifle that he was shooting at a bird."

## IN LOVE WITH PAINTING FINDS; MARRIES ORIGINAL

MISS HANNAH A. BERLINGER, as depicted by an artist and, below, as seen by the camera.



### Rich Contractor Discovers Artist's Model More Beautiful Than Pictures of Her.

By International News Service.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—A very pretty romance will have its culmination next October in the wedding of Miss Hannah A. Berlinger, one of the most famous of American artists' models, to Lloyd J. McKinnon of Chicago, Mass., a prominent New England contractor. McKinnon was walking along Fifth avenue several months ago when he chanced to stop at the window in which a number of paintings were on exhibition. Of all the pictures in the window there was one, a sketch of a beautiful woman's head, by Penrhyn Stanlaws, that riveted the gaze of the contractor. He brought several friends to see the picture. One of them electrified him by announcing that he was well acquainted with the original of the sketch, and that if McKinnon cared to, he would arrange a meeting. The young contractor jumped at the opportunity of making the acquaintance of the girl whom he believed to be his ideal of womanhood.

According to McKinnon, he found that the original surpassed the picture by far and Miss Berlinger found herself unable long to withstand the ardent wooing of her remarkable suitor.

### ANGER OF THE WIVES SOMEWHAT COOLED

Trial of Maury I. Diggs, Under Mann Act, Begins Today; Caminetti's Case Will Follow.

By International News Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—The wives of Drew Caminetti and Maury I. Diggs are in San Francisco, evidently having come to this city to be present at the trials of their husbands on the charge of violating the Mann white slave act. Diggs will be the first to face a jury. His trial is to begin tomorrow in the federal district court, and that of Caminetti is to follow it. What the wives of the two defendants intend to do is not known. It is said, however, that the wives have come to the conclusion that the men were not wholly to blame for the escapade with the young girls that brought about the present prosecution.

Both sides declare tonight that they are ready to go to trial and that there will be no further delay in the prosecution of the cases. Both of the defendants are represented by a small army of attorneys and between thirty and forty witnesses will be summoned. Diggs, it is said, will endeavor to prove by a score of witnesses from the night life that Martha Warrington, whom he is accused of transporting from one state to another for immoral purposes, is not the innocent girl that she has been represented to be. Several days will be required to dispose of the Diggs case.

## AD MEN'S VISIT BIG BOOST FOR SALT LAKE CITY

Worth of Their Presence Here Thought to Be Greater Than That of Large Convention.

After yesterday there is no doubt remaining in the minds of those who are helping to entertain the advertising agents of the transcontinental railroads that the visit of the men who write the railroad advertising will be worth as much and perhaps more to Salt Lake and Utah than any convention that has ever been here. The advertising men came to Salt Lake yesterday noon. Every single one of them went up the elevators in the Hotel Utah last night singing the praises of one of the "best days they ever had in their lives."

The principal feature of yesterday's entertainment was the Saltair trip, personally conducted by Joseph Nelson,



## UTAH TO FIGHT U. S. FOR WATER POWER

State to Contest Federal Intervention and Denial of Rights of Way.

As a concrete expression of its resentment against federal interference with state rights, the state of Utah may go in the federal courts as an intervenor against the national government in the suits brought by the government against local power companies to prevent the use of the public domain for right-of-way for the power transmission lines.

At a conference in the office of Governor Spry yesterday afternoon, attended by the governor, G. A. Iverson of the attorney general's office, S. A. Bailey, representing the Utah Power & Light company; J. L. Nunn and others, it was agreed informally that such action should be taken as a protest against alleged usurpation of state rights.

"Federal interference in these matters is hampering the development of the state's natural resources and it has come to a point where something must be done in opposition to the attitude of the government," said Governor William Spry after the conference. "It is probable that the state will step in as intervenor in the suit now pending in the circuit court of appeals against the Utah Power & Light company and in other suits that may arise involving the same question."

Though not present at the conference, A. R. Barnes, attorney general, explained last night that action by the state was being contemplated as a protest against the federal policy of handling the public domain. The protest, though entered in the form of a petition in intervention, in the case against the Utah Power & Light company, would in reality be a plea on behalf of all the people for more aid and less hindrance on the part of the government in the upbuilding of the state.

### Lake Wonderful.

"You people are too close to these things; you see them with accustomed eyes," said Mr. Kathrens. "Take Bird Island, for instance. I imagine from what you tell me that it must be a wonderful sight, worth much as a scenic attraction. This lake is a wonderful asset. It is the only thing of its kind in the United States. You can't have such a swim anywhere on the continent except here. It is a marvelous sensation to swim in it, and so invigorating. Then there is that gorgeous Brussels carpet bottom, finer than any beach in the sea that I have ever seen. You have attractions here that no other city or state can offer."

Before members of the entertainment committee finished telling Mr. Kathrens of Bird Island he said that he wished he could see it. Charles Tyng of the entertainment committee offered to arrange for the trip if Mr. Kathrens would return to Salt Lake from Yellowstone. Mr. Kathrens consented enthusiastically and H. E.

## EXTRA SESSION OF LEGISLATURE HELD NECESSARY

No Machinery Provided to Carry Out Constitutional Amendment for Direct Election of Senators.

### EACH LEGISLATURE MUST SUPPLY MEANS

If No Extra Session Is Held the Regular Session Can Call a Special Election.

As a result of the amendment to the constitution of the United States, providing for the election of United States senators by a direct vote, Utah is apparently facing two alternatives—either the present legislature will have to be convened in special session to revise the election machinery of the state to conform to the amendment, or the legislature, which meets in January, 1915, will have to take similar action in order that a special election may be called to choose a successor to Reed Smoot, whose term of office expires March 3, 1915. Otherwise, it would be impossible to conform to the amendment, as no action was taken at the last session of the legislature, which would give electors the right to vote for United States senator at the general election in November, 1914.

### Legislatures Must Act.

The question has been raised as to whether or not congress should specifically direct what is to be done by those states, which have failed to take action in the matter of providing for the direct election of senators, but the consensus of opinion appears to be that congress has nothing further to do with the matter and that the several states in this category must arrange to conform to the amendment, or suffer the consequences, whatever the consequences may be. The amendment to the constitution reads as follows:

The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, elected by the people thereof for six years, and each senator shall have one vote. The electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature. When vacancies happen in the representation of any state in the senate, the executive authority of such state shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies. Provided, That the legislature of any state may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the legislature may direct.

### Points Out Alternatives.

According to Mr. Barnes's unofficial opinion, the present legislature will have to be called to meet in special session for the purpose of revising the law in accordance with the amendment, or the legislature which will meet in January, 1915, will have to take affirmative action so that a special election may be held preceding the date of the expiration of the senatorial term of Senator Smoot.

Concerning the issue raised, the chief executive of Utah, like the governors of several other states, constitutional lawyers in the senate and house and politicians generally, is at sea.

### View of the Governor.

Governor Spry frankly admitted yesterday that he did not know how the situation would affect Utah's representation in the United States senate, nor how the next senator would be chosen. Discussing the matter, he said:

I am just beginning an investigation of the whole question, but am free to confess that I have not gone far enough to give an opinion that would carry weight. I shall look carefully into every phase of the subject, consult with constitutional lawyers of authority, and, if necessary, secure an official opinion direct from Washington.

It seems to me that since the con-

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