

LEADERS FACE APATHY

Republicans Alarmed at Attitude of Voters.

PLAN AGGRESSIVE CAMPAIGN

Prominent Speakers Will Be Secured to Star Party Followers—Hearst in Another Up-State Tour Is Doing Greater Portion of Work for the Democrats—Root to Speak.

New York, Oct. 12.—So general is the belief among the dyed-in-the-wool Republicans that they are going to carry the State for Charles E. Hughes and all the rest of the ticket that the campaign managers are becoming greatly alarmed lest the battle be lost through overconfidence.

These managers, who know the real inside situation, say that they are far from being certain of the result, and if the battle is to be won some pretty hard licks will have to be put in between now and election. Instead of taking the position that there is no further use for unusual effort from now on the Hughes forces will work unceasingly.

Both Chairman Woodruff, of the State committee, and Chairman Parsons of the board of election, will be obliged to warn their followers against their ancient foe, general apathy. Mr. Woodruff had gathered together a big army of spellbinders and is personally instructing them in their duties. These men will be sent into every town, and village in the State.

Mr. Woodruff has charged them to stick close to State issues and to avoid entering into personalities. More dates were added to Mr. Hughes' schedule to-day, and before he gets through he will have visited every town in the State except Albany and Plattsburgh. When he gets through up State he will devote five days to New York City.

Elihu Root is promised to address a big meeting here on the night of October 21. Gen. Horace Porter will preside and it is expected that ex-Governor Frank Black will be one of the speakers. All the old war-horses are being pressed into service, and the outlook for an exciting finish is very bright.

Meanwhile the Democrats and the Independence League are doing some hustling themselves, but so quietly that there is very little indication of it here, on the surface at least. From the manner in which the Democratic State headquarters is conducted it is suspected the real work is being done at some other point.

Although the committee has gorgeous headquarters in the Gilsey House, they are almost completely deserted, nobody ever being present but a couple of clerks. Apparently Chairman Conners is doing no work in the campaign. He had not appointed his executive committee. No information can be obtained at the headquarters as to the progress of the campaign.

Nevertheless the Democratic managers and the Independence League leaders profess to have the greatest confidence in the outcome of the struggle. They seem to depend almost entirely on Mr. Hearst himself to make the campaign, and he certainly has not shirked the work. He is now on his fourth trip up State, and his friends declare that he is winning over hundreds of Republicans every day.

Odds Favor Hughes. There is little or no real betting in Wall street as yet, but the odds remain at 2-1 to 1 on Hughes. In Brooklyn, which seems to have turned into a Hughes stronghold, there has, however, been some lively betting in a small way. Some bets of \$1,000 even were placed this morning that Hughes would carry the borough by 20,000. Another was \$500 even that Hughes would carry the State by 50,000. Another bet was placed that Hughes would have a plurality of 100,000 above the Bronx.

The Independence League filed its judicial ticket in Albany to-day. This sweeps away the least hope of peace between Hearst and McCarren in Kings County. Most of the Democratic leaders are up in arms against Hearst, and as soon as it was heard that the ticket had been filed, a call to arms was made. A meeting of the county committee has been called for Tuesday, and it is said that McCarren will take the floor and denounce Hearst. It is said that he will reveal much of the inside doing of the Buffalo convention, which has not as yet reached the public, and will charge Mr. Hearst with maneuvering the local organization.

Originally it had been planned for Mr. Hearst to speak in St. James Hall here, a small hall, but an arrangement was made whereby a theatrical company, which was to play in the Lyceum Theater, surrendered their claim to the theater. The meeting Mr. Hearst addressed in the theater here to-night was one of the largest in his up-State campaign. More than 2,000 people thronged into the theater.

Mr. Hearst told his audience that he wasn't a Socialist, or even a radical; that his plan was merely to put into practical operation the accepted theory of American government. He called on Lincoln Republicans and Jefferson Democrats to get together for a battle against the corporations, repeating his now familiar speech on that point. Then Mr. Hearst proceeded to read a few more Democrats out of the old party, including Robert A. Van Wyck, who declared for him the other day. The crowd broke in with volleys of cheers.

"I do not want to see any man, or any corrupt boss," said Mr. Hearst, "or any ice trust mayor, or gas trust mayor, or any political henchmen of the corporations. Let them go to a party led by a corporation lawyer at the head of a corporation ticket."

"Let them line up with Belmont, and Ryan, and Morgan, and Rogers, and Rockefeller, and all those Captain Kidds of industry."

HEARST ACCEPTS NOMINATION

Attacks Trust in Letter to Chairman Conners of Democrats.

New York, Oct. 12.—The letter accepting the Democratic nomination for governor, which William R. Hearst sent to Chairman Conners, of the Democratic State committee, was made public to-night. There is a deal of Jefferson and Jackson in it. The letter is dated at Elmira, and says in part: "I accept the nomination of the Democratic party, bearing in mind the record of that great party in the past, and knowing that its membership of the party is determined still to be ruled by the principles of Jefferson and Jackson, and guided by Democracy's ideal, 'the greatest good for the greatest number.'"

"The Democratic party purged a few of its members, and pledged to end the boss control through which corporations act, now has an opportunity to serve the people as efficiently as it did in the time of Jefferson and Jackson. "The people have not only a right to self-government, but they have alone the capacity for a self-government on a permanent basis, and ending boss control. "Democracy speaks in the denunciation of the great Chinese labor menace, which is now revived because of the introduction on a large scale of Chinese labor at Panama. "I accept the nomination gladly, realizing the opportunity for useful work which is offered to-day by all those who may be elected to office as servants of

the people and anxious to deserve the confidence of the people.

"I promise faithfully, if elected, to do all that I can as a citizen of the United States in order to realize and apply the great principles of 'The historic Democratic party.'"

SLAVERY IN EVERGLADE STATE

Aged Woman Here to Tell Pitiful Story to President.

Peonage is said to exist in Southern Florida. Whites and blacks are alleged to be held in slavery in phosphate, lumber, and turpentine camps, awed by brutal bosses armed with rifles, that are frequently used.

This is the story an aged woman has come all the way from Florida to tell the President. Of medium height, over fifty years old, dressed in coarse but neat and respectable attire, accompanied by a child, she first appeared at the Department of Justice yesterday. Her story so appealed to the authorities that she was taken to the White House. Pressing matters prevented the President from seeing her, but she expects to be given an audience to-day.

It has been announced that upon her charge, which she has been asked to place in writing, a determination will be reached as to whether the department will send a special agent to that section to aid Joseph N. Stripping, the United States attorney of the Southern district of the State, in ferreting out the facts and bringing prosecutions in the Federal courts under the peonage statutes. The United States attorney has not the force nor the money to place detectives in the wild portion of Florida below Tampa to run down the violators of the law and to bring about the liberation of many hundreds of men who, the woman charges, are being held in a state of slavery.

It is said that the people who live in the sparsely populated section are afraid to give information against the offenders, as murder is not uncommon, and little time would be lost in visiting punishment. For this reason the name of the woman informant is being withheld by the authorities.

HEARST CHEERED AT ELMIRA

Reads More Democrats Out of the Party and Defines Position.

Elmira, N. Y., Oct. 12.—William R. Hearst made two speeches to-night. After he had talked to a big crowd in the Lyceum Theater here his two private cars were hitched onto a Lehigh locomotive and the candidate made a forty-five mile jump to Ithaca, where he addressed a crowd, including many Cornell students.

Mr. Hearst got here from Corning early this morning. His private car lay on a siding all day at the Lackawanna depot while he was putting the finishing touches on his letter accepting the Democratic nomination and preparing his night speeches.

VIEWS ON NEW YORK FIGHT.

What Republican Politicians Have to Say About the Campaign.

Representative David J. Foster, of Burlington, Vt., one of the star spellbinders of the Republican Congressional forces, is to go to the aid of the party's candidates in West Virginia. He arrived in Washington yesterday on his way there, and said that he expects to make stump speeches in the five Congressional districts of the State.

After he has finished there he will go to Massachusetts and help out by making speeches at Springfield and Worcester. "I came through New York hastily," said Representative Foster, in speaking of the campaign in that State, "and did not have a good opportunity to talk with the leaders there or get an accurate view of the situation, but from what I have heard, I have not the slightest doubt that Hughes will be elected."

His belief was echoed during the day by Paul Morton, former Secretary of the Navy, who was closeted with the President for a short time before the Cabinet meeting. "I am out of politics, and am not predicting anything," said Mr. Morton. "I think, of course, that Hughes will be elected. I cannot conceive of any other outcome, but I couldn't conceive either how Hearst could win at Buffalo. And still, he did."

William L. Wood, member of the Republican national committee from New York, called on the President, accompanied by J. M. Walright. "Did you tell the President that Hughes would be elected?" he was asked. "No, I did not," replied Mr. Wood, emphatically. "I told him we intended to work, and keep working, until the polls closed."

Mr. Wood said he called to discuss New York politics with the President.

MRS. LONGWORTH IN CAMPAIGN

President's Daughter Takes Part in Ohio Contest.

Findlay, Ohio, Oct. 12.—Mrs. Nicholas Longworth's presence made Congressman Ralph Cole's campaign opening here tonight the most enthusiastic demonstration he has ever known. She is easily the best campaigner in Ohio.

Following the arrival of the party—Congressman and Mrs. Longworth, Gov. Harris, and S. J. Flickinger, the governor's secretary—a public reception arranged by the woman's committee was held in the parlors of the Phoenix Inn.

After a hurried dinner Mrs. Longworth accompanied the speakers to the opera house, where the meeting was held. When the speaking commenced there were insistent calls for "Alice" from all parts of the house. These were continued when she left the box to join her husband on the stage. She bowed to the audience, but made no remarks.

No Dates for Williams.

The exact dates for the campaign speeches of John Sharp Williams during the month of October have not yet been made out, nor will they be until he arrives in Washington early next week. Mr. Williams speaks to-night in Asheville, N. C., and to-morrow night in Salisbury. It is expected that Mr. Williams will make some speeches in Maryland, Rhode Island, Connecticut, and other Eastern States within the next two weeks, after which he will go West and place himself at the disposal of the Western committee.

Gompers to Take Stump.

President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, will on Monday take the stump in a tour of the dozen States for the purpose of opposing anti-labor Congressional nominees, and urging the union men to support their opposition. In all instances save one, President Gompers will oppose Republican candidates, the exception being Candidate Gotlob, of New Jersey, a Republican and a union printer.

Moran Accepts Nomination.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 12.—At 11 o'clock to-night Patrick Moran took the oath of office as Attorney General of the State of Massachusetts. He was sworn in by Chief Justice Feeney, of the Democratic State convention, and the convention delegate announced his acceptance of the Democratic nomination for governor.

WOMAN IN TRYING ORDEAL

Miss Kelly on Stand in Philadelphia Murder Mystery.

Witness Closely Questioned, but Explanations Are Considered Satisfactory.

Philadelphia, Oct. 12.—The murder of Mrs. Mollie K. Lewis, whose dead body with the throat punctured, was found in the dining room closet of her boarding house on North Eleventh street September 16, bids fair to take its place among the unsolved mysteries of crime in Philadelphia.

It was generally believed that the inquest in the case would develop something decisive. It did, indeed, establish that Mrs. Lewis was seen alive within two hours of the time that her death was reported to the police, and that her slayer had free access to the house, and knew that the woman was alone there with her infant, but nothing developed to fix the crime on any one person.

Convinced that the theory of the police, directed his investigation toward Miss Charlotte Kelly, who rented rooms to the murdered woman, and who was at first suspected of the crime. Miss Kelly went through the ordeal without manifesting any fear.

Miss Kelly was compelled to repeat in detail her movements and actions on the day of the crime, and what she saw at the house upon returning with her mother after an absence of possibly eight hours.

Miss Kelly was closely questioned in reference to a man named Somers, who, she said, lived at the house for about a year, but she refused to explain how she secured possession of a book pertaining to dentistry. She admitted that she took the book from the office of a dentist by whom she was employed.

After hearing the testimony of several other witnesses, including the coroner, the investigation, Coroner Jermon announced that he would continue the inquest until next Monday, when Mrs. Lewis' husband, who was in Altoona the day his wife was murdered, and several other witnesses will be examined.

BURY BODIES ILLEGALLY

Strange Condition Is Found to Exist in Baltimore.

Dr. Fulton, Secretary of the State Board of Health, Discovers Forty Cases of Secret Interment.

Baltimore, Oct. 12.—A state of affairs which the State health authorities think constitutes a scandalous menace to public health in Baltimore County was taken into the courts to-day when Dr. John S. Fulton, secretary to the State board of health, went before Justice Herbert, at Towson, this morning and swore out warrants for twenty residents of the county on the charge of burying bodies without a permit and without making any record of the burial or the place where the body was put.

Dr. Fulton this afternoon outlined the case of the charges as follows: "The matter of the unlawful disposal of dead bodies in Baltimore County first came to the attention of the State board of health last May through a large manufacturing concern, situated near the Baltimore and Ohio crossing at Highlandtown. Complaint was made that a somewhat extensive area within a few rods yards of the factory was being used as a burying ground for unknown dead. The interments were made in the rudest fashion, and covered, and occasionally became exposed and created a nuisance.

"A very short investigation soon led us to believe that similar irregular interments were occurring in other parts of Baltimore County, and a few in other parts of the State. The State board of health, therefore, did not move at once, but kept the matter quiet for the sake of accumulating a considerable amount of evidence.

"The interest of the State board of health in the matter consists in the impairment of its mortality registration. The interest of the people of the State is far larger than this. We find that coroners in the Maryland counties are not required to keep bodies of unknown persons for any stated period of time, or to make any special effort to identify unknown dead, or even to give the friends of a missing person a reasonable chance of finding his body. It is probable, therefore, that the results of our investigations have disclosed a state of affairs which is disgraceful to the State as a whole, though a very large number of particular instances have been disclosed in Baltimore County only.

"The practice in Baltimore County seems to have been to dispose of the unknown and pauper dead as speedily and as cheaply as possible. We have found a very few similar instances in other parts of the State, but in the State of Maryland, and in Highlandtown especially, this careless and inhuman way of disposing of the dead seems to have been going on on a rather large scale for many years, and it seems very surprising that the matter had not long ago arisen to the proportions of a public scandal. The technical crime is the disposal of a dead body without an official record and without the technical definition of the offense covers a very small part of the injury to the people of the State."

NOW ACCUSED OF MURDER.

Death of Woman in Philadelphia First Reported as Accident.

Philadelphia, Oct. 12.—A sensation was sprung at the coroner's hearing to-day, when Edward L. C. Bozarth, 1812 S. Alden street, was committed to the county prison to await the action of the grand jury on the charge of killing Mrs. Emma M. Engle, with whom he lived.

The case had been reported as an accident, owing to the last statement of the woman who had been slain. In his statement, which was made to Magistrate Harris, she said that she was boarding in the house with Bozarth. He came home the evening of October 8, and while trying to scare her by pointing a pistol at her, he shot her. She said it was an accident.

It was not until Mrs. Engle's sister, Mrs. Matilda Shoeh, and her husband, Robert H. Engle, were called that a suspicion of foul play was cast over the death of the woman. The husband told how Bozarth had slowly but surely alienated his wife's affections until at last she was prevailed upon to desert him. Mrs. Shoeh testified that Mrs. Engle and Bozarth had frequently quarreled.

"I am certain that Bozarth shot his wife intentionally," said Mr. Engle. "He first deceived her away from me, and then when he tired of her killed her."

Relatives See Doctor End Life.

New York, Oct. 12.—Dr. Eugene Van Nostrand committed suicide to-day in his chemical laboratory at 139 West Thirty-first street by taking prussic acid in the presence of his wife and stepdaughter. Dr. Van Nostrand was sixty years old.

LAST DAY IN CUBA.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

pled to the questions of the revolutionists in general terms. He told the committee that the decree already published contains as complete an outline of the programme of the government as can be given now. Special emphasis was laid upon the promised election of successors to the deposed national officials, the committee desiring to know just when the election will be held.

Mr. Taft replied that it is impossible to set any date for the election at this time, as it will be determined entirely by conditions in the republic. There will be no ceremonies incident to the departure to-morrow of Gov. Taft and the assumption of office by Mr. Magoon. The latter will merely walk into the palace and hang up his hat.

Messrs. Taft and Bacon and their wives will sail by a steamer to-morrow afternoon on the battle ship Louisiana, their destination being Newport News.

Liberals Honor Funston. Gen. Funston will sail at the same time on the Virginia. A group of rebel generals entertained Gen. Funston to-night at dinner. Gen. Funston sat between Gen. Pino Guerra and Loynaz del Castillo. In a speech Gen. Funston said, among other things, that he had no regrets with those American politicians who, taking advantage of Cuba's present difficulty, argue that the Cubans have shown their inability for self-government. These American men have forgotten the history of their own country. Forty years ago a revolution in the United States was the occasion of the greatest war in the history of the world, and no country which had risen to greatness could have done so without a bloody civil war. He felt sure that Cuba would surmount the crisis and again take her place among the nations.

Referring to those Cubans who criticized him, Gen. Funston said that these men had not fought for independence, while those who had fought under Maximilian Gomez and Calixto Garcia were his friends. He declared that the United States was not interested in Cuba, and that a people like the Cubans, who were so fond of their homes, and so faithful, were fit for self-government.

Gen. Funston was heartily received by several Cuban officials, and spoke. Some one in Cuba is about to be set upon. If it is Gov. Taft, who is to do the trick, it is likely the victim will remember the experience for some time. If the punishment is directed against those men, Taft is withdrawn, Gen. Magoon will probably be just as effective in crushing some of the obstreperous little gamecocks, who are trying to cause trouble in the country.

It is the activity of both Liberal and Moderate politicians, which the American rulers will be called upon to quell sooner or later. Since the campaign in the field is over, the worthy warriors are fighting out the revolution with their tongues. Meetings of both parties are held daily at which resolutions favoring or denouncing the United States are adopted. The Liberals have gone further and have held several street demonstrations. Marching through the thoroughfares, some of the men carrying machetes or other weapons.

Citizens of peaceful tendencies are getting tired of these demonstrations, and they have now appealed to Governor Taft to end them. If he passes the task over to the military, it is certain that the job will be thoroughly looked after.

MOVED ARMY IN TWELVE DAYS

War Department Gets Notice of Last Expedition's Start.

Just twelve days after the President issued his order for the sending of an army of occupation to Cuba, the last of the expedition embarked at Newport News, Va., and sailed for Havana, Cuba. Yesterday, so Brig. Gen. T. J. Wint reported to the War Department, the headquarters and two squadrons of the Eleventh Cavalry boarded the transport at Newport News.

Officials of the War Department are much gratified with the expeditious manner in which the troops were brought from all parts of the country. According to officials of the War Department, it is Gen. Humphrey who is responsible for the embarkation of the Cuban army without any of that confusion which characterized the mobilization and embarkation of the American army to Cuba at the beginning of the Spanish war. For weeks before the President actually issued his order for American intervention in Cuba, Gen. Humphrey placed himself in communication with the various steamship companies on the Atlantic coast, and each day he furnished the Acting Secretary of War with a statement showing just what vessels were available for charter by the government. Within an hour after the President's order was issued Gen. Humphrey had chartered the ships which have conveyed the troops to Havana.

VERDI STATUE UNVEILED.

Twenty Thousand Do Honor to Memory of Italian Composer.

New York, Oct. 12.—The marble statue of Verdi, the composer, the work of the Sicilian sculptor, Civiletti, and the gift to this city of the Italians of New York, was unveiled to-day in Sherman Square, Seventy-third street, Broadway and Amsterdam avenue. The unveiling took place in the presence of more than 20,000 persons, including representatives of various Italian societies in New York and Admiral Call, of the Italian cruiser Ettore Fieramosca, the personal representative of King Victor Emmanuel.

A novel method was used in removing the flag that draped the statue. A captive balloon was held in place above the statue. A rope extending downward from the balloon's car was attached to the folds of the flag. At the proper moment the balloon was allowed to ascend until it had drawn away the draperies.

CHEMIST A WITNESS.

Continued from first page.

Gen. in the viscera of the dead woman. Dr. Marshall testified to a series of experiments he had made with a bottle similar to those in which the vital organs of the exhumed body of Mrs. Brouwer had been placed for shipment to Dr. Gent's Philadelphia laboratory.

In three new anatomical jars, which had never been used, Dr. Marshall had found minute chips of glass. In one jar which had been washed, he put in fifteen pieces of fine glass, washed out the jar three times, and yet found eleven left adhering to the sides of the vessel. In one of the Mason fruit jars used to convey the specimens to Dr. Gent, witness said he had discovered some fragments of glass similar to those discovered in the viscera of the dead woman by Dr. Gent.

The final test of the afternoon, and the most dramatic, was the mixing by Dr. Marshall of a nutritive compound, such as Miss Una Dudley, the nurse, had testified Dr. Brouwer had administered to his wife, and in which he believed he had slipped strychnine tablets. Under protest from the prosecution that this was not admissible evidence, Lawyer Wilson and his witness proceeded to prepare something that looked like an egg-nog.

Egg-nog Does Not Curdle. First the doctor dissolved in a fat test tube six grains of strychnine. Then he mixed in a graduating glass five ounces of milk, two ounces of whiskey and one raw egg. The compound ran over the top of the glass and the sheriff was impressed into providing a more spacious vessel. He returned from his house with a glass fish globe. Into this Dr. Marshall poured his egg-nog and stirred it. The clink of his glass stirring rod was the only sound in the court room for minutes.

Then came the supreme moment. Miss Dudley had testified that the nutritive compound given Mrs. Brouwer by her husband was dark, thick, and curdled, and that was what made her think it was poison. Dr. Brouwer had administered to his wife, and in which he believed he had slipped strychnine tablets. Under protest from the prosecution that this was not admissible evidence, Lawyer Wilson and his witness proceeded to prepare something that looked like an egg-nog.

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Ridgway's

Published from fourteen cities simultaneously this morning. Each issue the same everywhere, except the local sections, and brimful of the week's happenings flashed by wire from all parts of the country. The big events of the week featured in national editorials.

What Does Hearst Stand For?

Mr. Edward W. Townsend, a member of our staff, answers this question in this issue. Mr. Townsend writes from an acquaintance of twenty years, during some of which he was one of Mr. Hearst's chief aides in launching his first newspaper venture. The article will include an interesting word picture of Mr. Hearst's personal characteristics.

Packtown—Four Months After

We have said that, above everything else, Ridgway's will be fair. With this thought we sent Mr. Chris Healy to Chicago to get the facts, following the recent exposure at Packtown. Mr. Healy got them and has written an interesting account for this number. It will be wholly unbiased, because Mr. Healy comes here fresh from England, without any prejudices. He is well known as author of "The Confessions of a Journalist."

The Week at Washington

Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Root have returned to Washington, and Mr. Taft will be back in a week or more. Departments news will be brisk from now on. Ridgway's will give you news and information of national interest and importance that you cannot find elsewhere. Martin Egan with his department editors contribute interesting reports and comments in our Washington Bureau this week.

Humor, Fiction and Illustrations

GELETT BURGESS in his Department of Humor contributes a lively sketch entitled The Ultra-Peach, which he has illustrated himself. Other contributors are Wallace Irwin, C. A. Selden, Carolyn Wells and Justin Sturgis. T. JENKINS HAINS has written an excellent sea story entitled "The Edge of the Roncador." There is lots of go to this tale. If the plot doesn't interest the most jaded reader, the illustration will. JOSEPH CONRAD contributes the second installment of his stirring serial, The Secret Agent. Those who read the first article of the series Little Tragedies of the Trusts, by Ralph D. Paine, in the first number of Ridgway's will be ready for the second installment entitled "The Rebellion of A. Hertz, Butcher." These informing articles will cause a lot of comment. There is an excellent political cartoon by W. H. Walker.

This week's number will please the most exacting. There are 4 pages on national topics of the week, 4 pages of national editorials, 8 pages of local happenings in your district, 16 pages illustrating current events, 8 pages from the Washington Bureau, 4 pages of humor, 2 pages of The Week at a Glance, with additional pages of general articles and sketches—64 pages in all.

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Advertisement for No-Kalon Sweet Catawba wine, featuring a bottle illustration and text: "PHONE WINE CO. 614 N 938-142 ST. SWEET CATAWBA. \$1.00 Per Gallon."