STOCK MARKET HEAVY

Volume of Dealings Falls Much Below the Average.

COPPER SHARES SHOW GAINS

Amalgamated Directors May Increase Dividends—Political Outlook More Favorable, and Foreign Market Buoyant—Injuries to Cotton Crop Forces Buying for Europeans.

New York, Oct. 16.—The dullness that has been the salient characteristic of stock exchange dealings recently was more pronounced than ever to-day. The total volume of dealings in stocks which yesterday fell heavily below the daily average of the last fortnight was to-day reduced by one-third, and had it not been for the relative animation displayed by the market in the first and last half hours of the session, one of the smallest day's business since midsummer would have been done.

At one time during the day the hourly record of transactions was only at the rate of 200,000 shares for the day as a whole, and it goes without saying, that under such conditions the interest displayed in the market by large commission houses was almost at a minimum.

Listless and apathetic as the market was, however, its extreme hardness and resiliency was strongly impressed upon the minds of all observers. Neither at the low prices yesterday nor at the top of the recovering movement, which was plainly enough in progress to-day, was there any quantity of stock to speak of pressing for sale; and it was manifest that speculators for the decline, who desired to-day to get back the stocks thus sold by them were not enabled easily to do so.

Copper Shares Advance.

The advance in the Copper shares was undoubtedly the one striking movement in the day's dealings. Both the Amalgamated Copper and the Anaconda stocks were steadily, although more or less quietly, absorbed from the beginning of the market until the close of business; and the buying here derived some especial significance, naturally from the fact that day after to-morrow the directors of Amalgamated Copper meet to fix the quarterly dividend on the stock. The mind of speculative Wall street has been much mixed in recent weeks upon what this dividend was likely to be.

It is a matter of common knowledge, of course, that the Copper mining trade is now exceptionally prosperous, and that cash profits are mounting up in the Amalgamated Company's treasury or in those of its subordinate organization at a rate never before known.

The general comment regarding the recent course of Amalgamated stock in the market, however, has been that the stock was singularly backward, or at any rate not such as to lead to any strong influence that any increase in the dividend distribution upon it was impending. It has been well understood that the policy of Amalgamated management was to keep the company strong in money, and not to declare any dividends upon their stock that could not be indefinitely maintained.

Expect Increased Dividend.

There were no intimations, one way or the other, to-day as to what the determination of Amalgamated directors in the matter was likely to be, and ideas in Wall street upon the principal were really no more clarified than they have been for a long time past. But should the Amalgamated dividend be increased, it would no doubt be a factor of importance in the market as testify not only to the profitable character of a great branch of the country's industry, but to the views entertained concerning the general future of the stock market by some of the largest financial interests in the land.

Other strong stocks to-day were the Union Pacific, St. Paul, Northern Pacific, Chicago and Northwestern, United States Steel, in fact all the prominent industrial issues. The Pressed Steel Car common shares rose over 3 points in reflection of a current idea that the revenues of the company, present and prospective, in common with those of all the concerns engaged in the railway car and equipment business are such as to promise an early resumption of dividend on the company's common stock.

In the bond market large dealings in the Wabash debenture B's issued were stimulated by the prevailing conviction that the plan of the Wabash Company, submitted some time ago to its stockholders, rearranging the company's bonded indebtedness would soon be adopted.

Reports of movements of cash between banks and the subtreasury showed that the banks had gained up to the opening of business this morning over $1,000,000, although by reason of private transfers of funds to Canada it is doubtful if the banks have so far gained any money on all accounts during the week.

Political Outlook Favorable.

Political influences bearing upon the market to-day were mostly composed of favorable analysis of the registration figures in this city; and all developments of a strictly financial character were of a nature to provoke optimism. An obviously stronger tone was visible in the foreign markets, the price of Russian securities making a conspicuous advance everywhere on account of much more hopeful advices regarding the state of Russian finances.

Sterling exchange here continued what might appear on the face of things to be a rather curious decline that set in since last Friday. It would seem, superficially, as if the great advance in the Bank of England's discount rate last week would have the effect of forcing urgent remittances of money from this side to Europe and thus keeping sterling at a high figure.

The fact is, however, that during the forepart of the present month our bankers remitted money to England and Paris on a far larger scale than was commonly understood in payment of their maturing October obligations.

Right at this juncture came the news of successive injuries to the cotton crop which compelled buying of cotton for foreign account. The result was heavy selling of cotton bills in the Exchange market at a time when pressure to send money to Europe in the ordinary course of business had greatly slackened; and exchange, therefore, has fallen to a point which, if our bankers chose to exercise their power, would once more cause exports of gold from London to New York. There is not the slightest reason, however, to expect that financial interests are willing to further disturb London in this regard.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Oct. 16.—Money on call at the Stock Exchange to-day opened at 4 per cent; highest, 4; lowest, 3; closing, 3. Most of the day's loans were at 3½ per cent.

Time money continued easy, with offerings fairly large and fully equal to demand. Rates were 4 per cent for sixty days, 5¼ per cent for ninety days and four months, 5½a5¾ per cent for six months. Where loans on all industrial collateral were made, rates advanced ¼ per cent over these figures.

Mercantile paper met with fair demand, and a good assortment of high grade names was offered. Rates, 6 per cent for sixty to ninety days. Bills receivable and choice four to six months single names, 6½ per cent for others.

The market for sterling to-day was easier, with rates ten points lower.

Rates for actual business was as follows: Sixty days, 4.8405a4.8550; demand, 4.8455a4.8460; cables, 4.8475a4.8520.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

Quotations furnished by Charles G. Gates & Co., members New York Stock Exchange, Munsey Building.

	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Closing Oc.16.	Oc.15.
Allis-Chal. pfd	400	45¼	45¼	45	45	45
Amal. Copper	70,600	115¾	116	114⅞	116	114⅞
Am. C. & F.	5,400	45¾	46	45⅝	45⅞	45
Am. C. & F. pfd	100	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101½
Am. Cotton Oil	1,000	35	36⅝	36	36⅝	35¾
Am. Ice. Sec	1,600	90	90	89¾	90	90½
Am. Loco	800	76½	77	76½	76¾	76½
Am. Loco. pfd	100	112½	112½	112½	112½	112½
Am. S. & F. pfd	200	44¼	44¼	44	44	44¼
Am. Smelt	18,400	160¼	160⅝	160	160½	159⅞
Am. Smelt. pfd	1,400	117¾	120	117¾	120	118
Am. Sugar	2,700	136¾	136⅞	136¼	136⅝	136
Am. Tob. pfd	400	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	99⅞
Am. Woolen	300	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾
Anaconda	18,500	282	283¼	281¼	283¼	280½
Atchison	4,700	104	104	103⅝	103½	103½
Atchison pfd	200	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	101⅛
Balto. & Ohio	5,300	123½	123½	122⅝	123	122⅞
Brook. R. T.	5,600	79⅝	79½	79	79⅝	79
Can. Pacific	400	179⅞	180¾	179⅞	180⅝	179½
Cent. Leather	600	37⅝	37⅝	37	37	37⅛
Cent. Leather. pfd	500	103¼	103¼	103	103	103½
Ches. & Ohio	1,500	61¼	61¼	61	61⅛	60⅞
C., M. & St. P.	6,100	177	177⅞	176⅞	177¼	176½
C. & N. W.	400	210½	210½	210	210½	209¾
C., C. C. & St. L.	1,700	97	97¼	96¾	97¼	97⅛
C. F. & I.	400	56¼	56½	56¼	56½	56
Colo. So.	1,500	39¼	39½	39	39⅛	39⅛
Con. Gas	700	141¾	141¾	141	141½	142
Corn Prod	300	20⅛	20¼	20⅛	20¼	20½
D. & R. G.	1,000	42½	42½	42½	42½	42½
Dis. Sec.	600	71½	71⅝	71¼	71¼	71½
Erie	1,800	47⅛	47⅜	47	47⅜	47¼
Fed. Min. pfd	1,800	99	99⅝	99	99⅝	98⅝
Gen. Electric	1,500	177	179¼	177	179	178¼
Gt. North. pfd	2,800	334¼	334½	333	333	333
Int. Met.	4,200	37½	38¼	36⅝	38	37¼
Int. Met. pfd	3,100	77	78	77	77¾	77
Kan. City So.	400	29¼	29½	29¼	29½	29¼
K. C. S. pfd	200	61½	61½	61½	61½	61¼
L. & N.	100	147¼	147¼	147¼	147¼	147½
Mex. Cent	400	22¾	23⅛	22⅝	22⅞	22¾
M., K. & T.	300	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	35⅞
M., K. & T. pfd	300	71	71	71	71	70¾
Mo. Pac	2,200	96¾	97¼	96½	97¼	96⅝
Nat. Biscuit	2,300	73⅝	75⅞	73½	75½	73¼
Nat. Lead	1,900	78¾	79¼	78¾	78¾	78½
N. Y. Cent	5,300	134½	134⅝	133⅞	134¼	110
N. Y., O. & W.	400	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
N. & W.	700	94⅞	95	94⅞	95	94⅞
North. Pac.	10,100	217¼	217⅞	216¼	216⅞	216⅝
Pac. Coast	100	130½	130½	130½	130½	130
Pacific Mail	500	36¼	36¼	36	36	35½
Pa. R. R.	23,600	144⅞	144⅞	144⅜	144⅝	145
Pres. Steel	9,900	54½	57¼	54½	57¼	54
Reading	73,600	152⅝	153¼	152½	152½	152¼
Reading 1st	100	90½	90½	90½	90½	90
Rep. I. & S.	4,800	37¾	38¼	37⅝	37¾	37⅝
Rep. I. & S. pfd	400	98⅝	98½	98⅝	98½	98½
Rock Island	3,700	28⅞	28⅞	28½	28¾	28½
St. L. & S. F. 2d	100	48	48	48	48	48
St. L. S. W.	400	25¼	25⅜	25¼	25⅜	25⅜
Sloss-Sheffield	200	75¼	75¼	75¼	75¼	74½
So. Pacific	16,800	94⅞	95⅞	94½	95	94⅞
So. Pac. pfd	100	118½	118½	118½	118½	118½
Southern Ry.	1,000	36	36	35¾	36¼	35⅞
Texas Pacific	800	38⅝	38⅝	38½	38½	38⅝
T., St. L. & W.	100	37	37	37	37	37
T., St. L. & W. pfd	800	56	58	56	57⅝	56
Union Pacific	58,000	187⅞	188½	187⅞	188⅜	187½
U. S. Pipe	900	48	48¼	48	48	48
U. S. Rubber	800	50⅝	50⅝	59¼	50⅝	50
U. S. Steel	59,500	49	49¼	48⅞	49	48¾
U. S. Steel pfd	4,600	107¾	107⅞	107	107¾	107½
Va. Chem	400	39⅝	39⅝	39½	39½	40
Wabash	600	20¼	20¼	20⅛	20⅛	20
Wabash pfd	1,000	46⅞	46⅞	46½	46¼	46⅞
West. Union	400	86	86¼	86	86¼	86½

Total sales, 498,600 shares.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

New York, Oct. 16.—United States government bonds, closing prices:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, registered, 1930	103¾	104¾
2s, coupon, 1930	103¾	104¾
3s, registered, 1908	102½	103¼
3s, coupon, 1908	103¼	104
3s, small bonds	102¼	.....
4s, registered, 1925	129½	130½
Panama Canal 2s, registered	104	105
Panama Canal 2s, coupon	104½	105½
Philippine 4s	109	.....

CURB QUOTATIONS.

Furnished by E. R. Chapman & Co., Members New York Stock Exchange, 1301 F street northwest.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	6⅞	6½	6½	6½
American Can pfd	56⅞	56⅞	56⅞	56½
British Columbia Copper	14¾	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
British Con. Copper	33⅛	33½	33⅛	33½
Butte Coalition	39	39⅝	39	39⅝
Central Foundry	4	4	4	4
Chicago Subway	53⅞	53⅞	53½	53⅞
Cumberland Ely	14	14⅛	13⅞	13⅞
Greene Copper	26¼	26¼	25¾	25⅞
Mitchell Mining	6¾	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝
Nevada Consol	21⅞	22⅛	21⅞	22⅛
Nipissing Mining	23⅛	24¼	23⅛	24¼
Standard Oil	604	604	601	601
United Copper	67	67⅞	67	67⅞
Utah Copper	37⅞	38	37¼	37½

MISCELLANEOUS BONDS.

New York, Oct. 16.—Stock exchange bond transactions:

Va. pfd. 6s, ctfs 95½
American Tobacco 6s 111½
American Tobacco 4s 80
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe gen. 4s 101¼
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe conv. 4s 106
Baltimore and Ohio gold 4s 101
Erie lat. con. 4s 100⅝
Erie general 4s 91
Lake Shore and Michigan Southern 3½s 95½
New York Central and H. R. gen 3½s 94¾
New York Central and H. R. deb. 4s, 1934 102⅝
Norfolk and Western con. 4s 98⅞
Pennsylvania cvt. 3½s 103
Reading 4s 99⅝
Southern Railway 5s 117
Union Pacific 4s 103¼
United States Steel s. f. 5s 109½
Wabash debenture B 84¼

Total sales, $2,160,000, against $2,063,000 yesterday; $3,.... a week ago, and $3,215,000 a year ago.

BOSTON STOCKS.

Furnished by E. R. Chapman & Co., members New York Stock Exchange, G. Bowie Chipman, manager, 1301 F street northwest.

	Close. Bid.	Asked.
Boston and Maine	165	166
Boston Elevated	154	155
Pitchburg preferred	136	137
Mexican Central	21¾	22¾
New York, New Haven and Hartford	193	194
American Arge. Chemical	26	27
American Arge. Chemical pfd	92½	93
American Pneumatic Tube	14¼	14½
American Sugar	136¾	137¼
American Sugar pfd	133	135
American Telephone and Telegraph	136	136½
American Woolen	35	37
American Woolen pfd	102¾	103¼
Dominion Iron and Steel	28½	30
Edison Electric Illum	234	235
Massachusetts Electric	18¼	20
Massachusetts Electric pfd	70	71
Massachusetts Gas	60	60½
United Fruit	107	107½
United Shoe Machinery	79	79¼
United Shoe Machinery pfd	29½	29¾
Atlantic	16¼	16½
Bingham	35½	36
Copper Range	81¾	82
Shannon	15¼	15½

COTTON MARKET.

New York, Oct. 16.—Responding to higher prices in Liverpool, the cotton market opened with an advance this morning. The early prices, however, were the highest of the day. The advances attracted further liquidation, which was in evidence during the rest of the session and brought about a steady decline. Weather advices were not favorable, but they had much less influence than heretofore, and their reception by the market seemed to show that unfavorable possibilities have been largely discounted. There were indications of Southern selling. The real weight upon the market was the weight of long cotton.

New York Cotton Exchange.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
October	11.36	11.36	.....	11.03
December	11.19	11.19	10.92	11.03
January	11.22	11.22	10.97	11.07
March	11.39	11.40	11.13	11.23
May	11.48	11.48	11.21	11.29

New Orleans Cotton Exchange.

	Open.	High.	Low.	2 p. m.
December	11.23	11.23	11.05	11.15
January	11.33	11.34	11.10	11.21
March	11.52	11.52	11.35	11.46
May	11.54	.....	.....	.....

Spot Cotton Markets.

	Receipts.	Ship'mts.	Stock.	Mid.	Sales.
Galveston	42,808	....	212,498	11 5-16	1,300
Mobile	1,373	....	25,418	11	500
Savannah	18,275	....	91,218	10 15-16	3,662
Charleston	1,779	....	15,996	....	....
Norfolk	5,795	....	29,458	11 1-4	639
Baltimore	859	....	3,159	11 3-8	....
New York	1,125	....	....	....	....
New Orleans	14,413	....	....	....	....
Memphis	2,412	1,509	17,751	11 1-2	1,400
Augusta	3,641	2,727	30,984	11 1-16	2,367
Houston	49,397	57,705	50,968	11 5-16	3,474
St. Louis	1,688	2,388	9,281	11 3-8	47

T. C. & I. INCREASES CAPITAL.

New Stock Will Not Be Sold at Less Than Par.

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 16.—The stockholders of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company met at Tracy City to-day and authorized an increase of the company's capital stock from thirty to fifty million dollars. The new stock is to be sold at not less than par.

WALL STREET NOTES.

New York, Oct. 16.—Two diametrically opposite views were expressed as to the character of the buying of Union Pacific—one that it represented action, and the other that it was in large part the covering of a short account put out at higher prices. The former view was based on the observation of traders who closely scrutinized the transactions, the other was expressed by brokers who said they were in possession of substantial facts to sustain it. The result of the conflict of opinion was that one set of brokers became quite bullish, while another contended that the reduction of short interest removed an element of strength leaving the stock where it might drop lower under any influences of a generally unfavorable kind. One thing was plain, however, the amount of stock for sale was not at all large.

The theory that the recent decline in Union Pacific had no reference whatever to anything connected with the property and that it was wholly the result of manipulation intended to influence the tenor of the market now meets with the most universal acceptance. The annual report when submitted will undoubtedly show a very satisfactory state of affairs and prove conclusively that the directors were entirely justified in placing the stock on a 10 per cent basis whatever may be thought of the method followed in making the announcement of their action. When it becomes clear beyond the possibility of controversy that Union Pacific is permanently on a 10 per cent basis and that earnings are in excess of even double the requirement for the present rate it will have to be conceded that at prevailing prices the stock is not too high. It is, of course, not to be expected that the report will throw any light on the purchase of an interest in Baltimore and Ohio, this transaction not having occurred until after the close of the fiscal year, but for all that the document will be one of the most interesting of its kind ever issued.

Speculative interests campaigning in the general market could scarcely select a more favorable weapon than Union Pacific or one which more readily lends itself to the purpose of manipulation. The stock has the backing of some of the most powerful interests in the street, hence it tends to influence sentiment. It is regarded as comparatively cheap with its present price, but in view of its large rise in the past few months it is comparatively easy to create the impression that a profit taking movement is under way, and therein is the quality which gives this issue its invaluable quality for manipulative opportunity.

Sentiment on Amalgamted Copper was bullish in view of the near approach of the dividend period, and some brokers said they saw evidence of a better class of buying in the stock than they had observed there for some time. The specialist took a considerable line, but outside the ranks of the professionals the volume of new buying was small. A further advance in the price of metal in London passed almost unnoticed, and the prediction of a substantial advance in the price of the commodity here attracted little attention, the one matter of absorbing interest being the possible action of the directors on the dividend on Thursday. In speculative circles the belief is widespread that an important increase will be made in the rate, although a few conservative brokers still cling to the contention that while earnings fully warrant a substantial increase, none or only a very small one will be approved, lest the effect should be to stimulate the boom in the curb coppers.

Nobody could deny the strength of United States Steel, although there was some difference of opinion as to the cause of it. The most notable point of difference in the views expressed concerned the dividend possibilities, the opinion being accepted in some quarters that the rate would be increased to 4 per cent at the forthcoming meeting, where the contrary was held a few days ago. This change of sentiment was founded on the belief that Standard Oil interests, from which the most important opposition to an enlargement of the rate of disbursements was expected to come, had changed their attitude, and that this change was evidenced in the reduced buying of Amalgamated Copper as well as of Steel common. Whatever may have been the cause of the conservatism displayed in Standard Oil quarters a little while ago, a modification of it seems to have taken place.

Northern Pacific was the subject of a bull tip, which was received with a good deal of favor, especially as most brokers have come to the conclusion that there is substantial truth in the stories of an extra distribution, either in cash or scrip, on account of the sale of the road's ore holdings to the United States Steel Corporation. There is a marked change of sentiment as to the relative value of Northern Pacific and Great Northern, many conservative brokers taking the ground that whereas the latter has already dispensed a good part of its melon crop, the former's melon patch is still untouched. Making full allowance for the Great Northern's large interests in the ore deal, the relative merits of the two stocks considered purely from the standpoint of the earnings of the roads, must, in time, it is asserted, bring their prices closer together.

Interest in the dividend possibilities of Pressed Steel was stimulated by the way in which the stock jumped from the level at which it had hung so long, and while there was nothing of a definite character in regard to a declaration at the end of this month, the evidence of doing something was sufficiently strong to make many traders believe that directors would probably resume payment on the common at the rate of 4 per cent.

Commission houses, as a rule, are inclined to advise their customers to buy stocks, but the customers for the most part show an inclination to remain out at present. The bankers, of course, have their eye on the main chance, every purchase of 100 shares of stock for a client meaning a commission of $12.50 for them; but the customers seem to think that pending the election the market is not likely to develop much of an upward tendency, and that even with the low rates for call money, the interests charges for three weeks or more might easily eat up any possible profits. They think there may yet be something of a political scare, and that this will afford them an opportunity to buy not only at lower prices, but at a time when the period of carrying from purchase to sale at a fair profit may be comparitively short. Banking interests think, however, that those who wait too long before making purchases may have reason to regret their procrastination.

The steamship Sierra, which sailed from Australia Saturday for San Francisco, had on board $1,500,000 in gold.

At the annual meeting of the C. F. and I. C. at Denver to-day Robert C. Clowry, president of the Western Union, was elected director to succeed D. C. Beaman. Other directors were re-elected, and the Gould interests are still in control. Mr. Beaman will probably continue as secretary and general counsel.

It is stated that the important life insurance companies have liquidated practically none of the stockholdings, which under the recent law they will be required to do within the next six years. As the three great companies hold about $700,000,000 in stocks, their policy with reference to these is most important, and in the fact that they have not taken advantage of the recent strength in the market to dispose of some of them indicates at least supreme confidence on the part of three groups of eminent financiers in the stock market situation.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

BUTTER—Market quiet. Creamery, fancy, 27½ to 28 per pound; Western firsts, 25 to 26; seconds, 18; process, fancy, 22 to 22½; fair to good, 18 to 19; store packed, firm, 16.

CHEESE—Market firm and unchanged. New York State, factory, large, 14 to 15; do, small, 13 to 14; summer, large, 11; Western factory, new, choice, 11; do, fair to good, 10 to 11; Virginia, 9 to 10.

EGGS—Arrivals of fresh stock light and market firm. Near-by, fresh, Virginia, 26; West Virginia and Southwest Virginia, 24 to 25; Tennessee, 24 to 25; North Carolina, 23 to 24; duck, 30; storage, 20 to 21.

LIVE POULTRY—Market dull. Chickens, large, per pound, 14; do, medium, 13 to 14; do, small, 13; hens, 12 to 13½; roosters, 7 to 8; ducks, old, 10 to 11; do, young, 12; geese, 8 to 9; turkeys, toms, 20; hens, choice, 18; keats, 8 to 10.

DRESSED POULTRY—Receipts small and market dragging. Turkeys, hens, undrawn, per pound, 15 to 16; average, undrawn, 15; do, thin, 10 to 12; old toms, 15; chickens, spring, large, 13 to 14; do, medium, 15; do, small, 15; hens, choice, 16; roosters, 10 to 11; do, young, 12; geese, 8 to 9; turkeys, toms, 20; hens, choice, 18; keats, 8 to 10; ducks, 12 to 13.

DRESSED MEATS—Calves, full dressed, 8.00; heads off, 8.50; hog-dressed calves, 7.00; hams, country, sugar cured, 14; hogs, small and neat, per cwt., 8.00 to 8.50; do, medium, 7.50 to 8.00; do, heavy, 7.00 to 7.50.

VEGETABLES—Irish potatoes, market quiet. Yams and sweets plentiful and quotations lower. Potatoes, home grown, 65 to 70 per bushel; Virginia and Maryland, per barrel, 1.50 to 1.75; sweet potatoes, per barrel, 1.50 to 1.75; do, yams, 1.00; celery, New York, per bunch, 40 to 60; onions, Ohio, per barrel, 2.00; do, Ohio, per bushel, 50 to 75.

FRUITS—Apples steady; fancy table fruit, 2.75 to 3.25; do, loose packet, 1.25 to 2.00; pears, Bartlett, 5.50; Sheldon, 5.00 to 5.25; seckles, 5.00 to 5.50; common, 2.00 to 3.00; pineapples, Florida, per crate, 3.00 to 3.75; grape fruit, 4.00 to 4.50 box; California oranges, 5.00 to 5.50 box; Jamaica, 4.00 to 4.50 barrel; Florida oranges, 2.00 to 2.75 box; prickly pear, 1.75 box; cranberries, 1.75 to 2.25 box; grapes, per basket, 12 to 15; bananas, 50 to 1.25 bunch.

CHESTNUTS—Arrivals heavy; market dull; 4 to 5 a pound.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, Oct. 16.—SUGAR—Raw, quiet; fair refining, 3½; centrifugal, 96 test, 42; refined quiet; crushed, 5.60; powdered, 5.00; granulated, 4.90.

BUTTER—Receipts, 11,231 packages. Choice firm; fair demand. Extra creamery, 26½a27.

EGGS—Receipts, 13,155 packages. Choice firm; Western firsts, 26a26½.

NAVAL STORES—Spirits of turpentine quiet, 60a60½.

MILLFEED—Unsettled. Spring bran, in 100-pound sacks to arrive, lake and rail, 21.75; middlings, 22.00; city bran, 20.00; Western red, dozen, 5.35.

FLOUR—No real business. Spring patents, 3.15a4.50; spring clears, 3.50a3.80; winter straight, 3.50a3.60; winter clears, 3.20a3.25; Kansas, in sacks, patents, 3.75a3.90; straights, 3.50a3.65; clears, 2.80a3.25.

RYE FLOUR—Inactive; supply small, 3.75a4.15.

CORNMEAL—Moderate demand. Kiln dried, for export, 2.70a2.75; coarse meal, in bags, 1.10a1.12.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Steady, but quiet, 2.35a2.40; spot, 1.15a2.35, to arrive.

HAY—Firm; small supply. Receipts, 1,415 tons, part export; prime, 1.00a1.10; No. 1, 1.00a1.05; No. 2, 1.00a1.05; No. 2, 95a1.00; No. 3, 80a85.

STRAW—Inactive. Long rye, 60a65.

BEEF—Strong; demand moderate. Family, 12.50a13.00; packed, 10.50a11.00.

PORK—Fair business. Mess, 18.00a18.50; family, 18.50.

TALLOW—Steady. City quoted at 5⅝a5½, in hogsheads.

LARD—Quiet. Prime Western, 9.90; city, 8.89; refined continent, 10.20; South American, 10.75; refined Brazilian, 86a11.75; city stearin, 10½; oleo stearin, steady; city, 5½; Chicago, 9½.

PRODUCE IN BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 16.—Produce quotations:

FLOUR—Market was steady. Winter extra, 2.85a3.05; winter clear, 3.25a3.35; winter straight, 3.40a3.55; winter patent, 3.75a3.85; spring clear, 3.25a3.60; spring straight, 3.65a3.80; spring patent, 4.20a4.60; city mills best patent, 5.40; city mills high-grade patent, 4.75; city mills high-grade straight, 4.20; choice family, 4.05; city mills extra, 3.25a3.40; Rio extra, 3.90a4.00. Cornmeal, per 100 lbs., 1.45a1.60. Rye flour, medium to choice, 3.50a3.85.

OATS—The market was firm. Stock in elevators, 468,184 bushels; shipments from elevators, 9,984 bushels. Quotations for new oats: White, No. 2, 39a39½; do, No. 3, 38a38½; do, No. 4, 34½a35; mixed, No. 2, 37½ sales; do, No. 3, 36¼a36¾; No. 4, 34. (Note—The above quotations refer to domestic delivery.)

RYE—Stock in elevators, 93,389 bushels; shipments, 5,472 bushels. No. 2 Western rye, export elevator, 66a67; No. 2 rye, 62a63; No. 3 rye, Western, 63a64; No. 3 rye (nearby), 59a60; No. 4 rye, Western, 60a61; No. 4 rye (nearby), 58a59; bag lots, as to quality and condition, 55a65; choice Western, uptown delivery, 72a73.

BUTTER—Market firm, with light receipts. Creamery, fancy, per lb, 27a27½; do., choice, 24a25; do., good, 22a23; do., imitation, 19a21; do., prints, 25a29; do., blocks, 24a28; ladle, 17a19; nearby rolls, 17a19; store packed, Ohio, 16a16½; do., West Virginia, 16a16½; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania dairy prints, 17a18; renovated butter, 21a23.

EGGS—Market steady. Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby, firsts, loss off, per doz., 24; Western, firsts, loss off, 24; West Virginia, firsts, loss off, 23; Southern, firsts, loss off, 21a22; guinea eggs, 19a12.

LIVE POULTRY—General market weak. Chickens—Old hens, heavy, per lb, 11; do, small, 11; do, old roosters, each, 25a30; do, spring, large, per lb, 11; do, small, 11. Ducks—Puddle, large, per lb, 12a13; do, small, per lb, 11; do, muscovy and mongrel, per lb, 11a12; do, drakes, each, 30a40; do, white Pekins, per lb, 12a13. Geese—Maryland and Virginia, per lb, 12a13. Turkeys—Young, per lb, 15a16. Pigeons—Young, per pair, 15a20; do, old, per pair, 20. Guinea fowl, each, 20a25.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Oct. 16.—Cash markets: WHEAT—Firm, but quiet; stocks light. No. 1 Northern Duluth, to arive, lake and rail, 5¼c over December, f. o. b.; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, 86⅛, late November; No. 2 Northern Manitoba, 84⅝, late November; No. 2 red, f. o. b., 1¾c under December; No. 2 hard, ½c over December, f. o. b.; No. 1 macaroni, 87½ f. o. b.; No. 2, macaroni, 76½. Exporters took 100 loads.

CORN—Firm, but quiet. No. 2 elevator, 54; No. 2, 54½ f. o. b.; No. 2 yellow, 55 f. o. b.; No. 2 red, f. o. b., October, 54½; No. 2 early November, 54½ f. o. b.; No. 2 white, 55½ f. o. b. Exporters took 3 loads.

OATS—Slow and easier. Elevator prices are: No. 2 white, 39½; No. 3 white, 39; No. 2 mixed, 37½. Exporters took nothing.

The prices for futures follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday Close.
WHEAT—					
December	82	82	81	79 1-6	81¼@82
May	84	84 9-16	84⅝	84 3-16	84¼@84⅝
CORN—					
December	51½	51½	51¼	51¼	51½
January	....	....	....	50	*49½
May	....	....	....	49½	50⅝

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Quotations furnished by Charles G. Gates & Co., members Chicago Board of Trade, Munsey Building.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
December	74⅛	74⅛	73½	73¾
May	78¾	78¾	78¼	78½
CORN—				
December	42⅝	42⅝	42⅛	42¼
May	43¾	43¾	43½	43⅝
OATS—				
December	33½	33½	33⅛	33¼
May	34⅝	34⅝	34⅛	34⅛
PORK—				
January	13.67	13.77	13.67	13.72
LARD—				
October	9.18	9.50	9.40	9.45
January	8.25	8.25	8.17	8.20
RIBS—				
October	8.42	8.42	8.35	8.35
January	7.50	7.50	7.42	7.45

WASHINGTON CATTLE MARKET.

Prices remain strong on all the better grades of live stock.

CATTLE—Extra, 4.75 to 5.00 per cwt.; butchers, 3.50 to 4.00 per cwt.; ordinary, 2.50 to 3.50.

HOGS—Per cwt., gross, 6.50 to 7.00; ordinary, 5.50 to 6.00.

SHEEP—Clipped, 4.00 to 4.50.

LAMBS—Per pound, spring, choice, 8 to 8½; medium, 7 to 7½; grass, 4 to 5.

CALVES—Per pound, prime, 8 to 8½; medium, 7 to 7½; grass, 4 to 5.

COWS—Each, prime, 35.00 to 40.00; common, 20.00 to 30.00; old and dry, 10.00 to 12.00.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

New York, Oct. 16.—CATTLE—Receipts, 670; no trading; feeling steady. Calves, 6.60. Feeling weak for veals; steady for grassers. Veals, 7.00a8.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 2,029. Sheep, active and 10c higher, at 3.50a5.50. Lambs, steady and fraction lower, at 7.25a8.50.

HOGS—Receipts, 4,810; steady. Prime State and Pennsylvania hogs, 7.00a7.10.

Union Stock Yards, Ill., Oct. 16.—CATTLE—Receipts, 15,000; estimated for to-morrow, 19,000. Market steady. Prime beeves, 4.20a5.70; poor to medium, 4.10a5.70; stockers and feeders, 2.65a4.50; cows and heifers, 2.85a5.25; canners, 1.65a2.70; Western, 3.75a5.80; Texans, 3.50a4.25.

HOGS—Receipts, 20,