

FOR MORE ACTIVITY

Open Fight for "New Blood" in Board of Trade.

ARE AFTER THE DIRECTORATE

Ticket to Be Put into the Field in Opposition to the Conservative Element—Younger Members Feel that Time Has Come for Change in Policies of Powerful Organization.

Much interest centers in the annual meeting of the Board of Trade to be held next Monday night. At that time ten directors will be elected, and the fact that a ticket of members has been proposed which will bring "new blood" into the directorate is being widely discussed among the members of the organization, which numbers about 400.

Within the Board of Trade is the old conservative element which has ruled its destinies for many years. It is universally conceded that these men, who have borne the brunt of the fight for the half-and-half principle in appropriations for the expenses of the District government, are worthy of the highest praise. No one seeks to disparage in any way what they have done.

But there is also in the Board of Trade a younger and more active element, which has been energized by the movement going on for the past six months toward expanding trade and industry in the District.

This element is convinced that the Board of Trade should take on new life to meet the changed conditions, and become, in fact, what its name indicates. These younger men maintain that the organization should stand for more than the one principle. They declare that the conservatism of the Board of Trade should now give way to a more progressive activity, and that the body should adapt itself to the new purposes which have come in the wake of the movement for a Greater Washington.

New Ticket in Field.

To this end a ticket of directors has been proposed containing the names of men who have been closely identified with the new movement. While to elect this board will in some measure cut across the ancient usage of continuing the directors in office during life or good behavior, it is declared that there is nothing in either of these things to be isolated by such a step at this time. It is said by those seeking the election of this ticket that their action is entirely within the constitution and by-laws, and that the expressed wish of the majority of the members is the only law which can govern in the matter.

There is, of course, opposition to the proposed departure from past precedents. The conservative element in the organization holds to precedent, and consistently thinks that the Board of Trade should cling to its traditions, leaving to other bodies the work of building up Washington commercially and industrially. This portion of the association is strong, able, and dignified, and will surrender without voicing its protest with the ballot.

The discussion of the question is now going on in a lively manner among the members of the board, and it is expected that next Monday night's meeting will be one of the largest and most enthusiastic ever held.

Last night a member of the board talked freely with a Washington Herald reporter, giving at length his views upon what the Board of Trade might do and ought to do. This man is one of the old members of the board, and his interests must be heard, and he expressed himself decidedly that there ought to be a widening and enlivening of the energies of the Board of Trade to take in the new movement for the betterment of the city.

Favors Central Body.

He declared that in the place of three trade bodies there ought to be one, strong, powerful, united, energetic, progressive and efficient in bringing things to pass, not only for the beautification of the Capital, but for its business and industrial interests as well. He insisted that it was the province of the Board of

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, Thursday, Nov. 8, 1906, 8 p. m. The tropical disturbance has passed to the northward of the eastern portion of the Bahamas without increased intensity for 24 hours. There were local rains Wednesday night in the Ohio and Upper Mississippi valleys and Upper Lake region, and rain and snow Wednesday night and Thursday in the North Pacific States; elsewhere the weather was generally clear.

There was no temperature change of consequence, except in the Northwest, where it is considerably colder.

With the exception of rain or snow Friday in the Michigan peninsula, the northern portions of Wisconsin and Minnesota, and in Wyoming, the weather will be generally fair Friday and Saturday, with light to moderate easterly winds, and a probable slight freshening of the wind.

It will be colder Friday in the Missouri and Upper Mississippi valleys and Upper Lake region, and probably warmer Saturday in the Northwest.

The winds along the New England coast will be light and variable; on the Middle Atlantic coast light and mostly northeasterly; on the South Atlantic coast light to fresh northerly; on the Gulf coast light and mostly easterly; on the Lower Lakes light to fresh easterly, shifting to northeasterly, except fresh on Lake Superior.

Steamers departing Friday for European ports will have light to fresh winds, mostly northerly, with fair weather to the Grand Banks.

Local Temperatures.

Midnight, 5; 2 a. m., 4; 4 a. m., 3; 6 a. m., 3; 8 a. m., 3; 10 a. m., 3; 12 m., 3; 2 p. m., 3; 4 p. m., 3; 6 p. m., 4; 8 p. m., 4; 10 p. m., 4; 11 p. m., 4.

Relative humidity—8 a. m., 81; 2 p. m., 81; 8 p. m., 76. Rainfall, 0. Hours of sunshine, 10.1. Prevailing wind, S. Direction of surface current, minimum, 28.

Temperatures in Other Cities.

Max. Min. S. P. m. Fall. Asheville, N. C., 54 31 52 T. Atlanta, Ga., 59 30 54. Baltimore, Md., 50 34 48. Birmingham, Ala., 50 34 48. Boston, Mass., 41 22 42. Buffalo, N. Y., 41 26 40. Chicago, Ill., 41 26 40. Cincinnati, Ohio, 40 26 36. Cleveland, Ohio, 40 26 36. Denver, Colo., 38 28 38. Des Moines, Iowa, 40 28 38. Detroit, Mich., 40 28 38. Helena, Mont., 32 22 32 612. Indianapolis, Ind., 41 29 40. Jacksonville, Fla., 60 40 60. Kansas City, Mo., 41 29 40. Little Rock, Ark., 42 26 40. Louisville, Ky., 41 29 40. Memphis, Tenn., 41 29 40. New Orleans, La., 28 62 79. New York, N. Y., 50 28 48. Philadelphia, Pa., 41 29 40. St. Louis, Mo., 41 29 40. St. Paul, Minn., 50 28 48. Springfield, Mass., 40 28 38. Washington, D. C., 41 29 40.

Tide Table. High tide to-day, 1:57 a. m. and 1:45 p. m. Low tide to-morrow, 5 a. m. and 8:20 p. m. High tide to-morrow, 3:21 a. m. and 2:20 p. m. Low tide to-morrow, 8:53 a. m. and 2:23 p. m. Harpers Ferry, W. Va., Nov. 8.—Shenandoah and Potomac rivers are clear.

MAY TACKLE TARIFF

President Urged by Advisers to Advocate Revision.

HOPE FOR AID IN THE SENATE

Revision Settlement Shown in the Recent Campaign is Noted at the White House, and as a Result President Roosevelt May Take Up the Question in His Message.

STOLEN VIOLINS RECOVERED.

Washington Detectives Locate Karl Holupko in Quakertown.

After a prolonged search through the hotels of Philadelphia, Detectives Weedon and Burlingame yesterday located Karl Holupko, accused of the theft of two violins, and returned to Washington, bringing him as a prisoner. At the Continental the detectives were informed that a man answering the description of Holupko was asleep in one of the rooms. It proved to be the man wanted, who was allowed to continue his sleep behind locked doors. The violins which it is claimed the prisoner made away with belonged to Max Bachman, of 1209 12th street northwest, a son of Edgar M. Hart, of 307 New York avenue. They were valued at \$11 each.

Holupko was a member of a local orchestra, and seems to have been making a collection of instruments. The violins were recovered.

NEGRO STABS WHITE YOUTH

Inflicts Bloody Wounds with an Oyster Knife.

Boys Disputed Right of Way—Opponent, Wounded in Fight—Resorts to Weapon.

Malcolm Gibbs, a white boy of seventeen years, was badly stabbed last night at Eleventh and D streets by Aubrey Brown, a colored boy a year younger. The weapon used was a wicked-looking knife, used for oyster shucking. Three wounds were inflicted by the negro, who was not content until he had stabbed his opponent in the neck, face, and back.

The fight is supposed to have started over a dispute regarding the right of way on the sidewalk, and was at first confined to bare fists, but the negro, losing the advantage, drew the knife.

There was some feeling last year because Mr. McCleary was put on the committee ahead of Mr. McCall, the promoter of the Massachusetts member having been made to save Mr. McCleary's wounds at having been placed on the Appropriations Committee.

The stand-pat strength of the committee has been weakened by the loss of Gen. Grosvenor, and it is expected that in filling the vacancies caused by the defeat of Representatives McCleary and Babcock, Speaker Cannon will name members opposed to revision.

FALL CLOSE TO DEADLY RAIL

Henry Padgett and Companion Drive Into Street Excavation.

Grope to Safety, but Struggling Horse is Burned by Current. Buggy Badly Wrecked.

With the traction conduit carrying death a few inches from their heads, Henry Padgett, of 723 Eleventh street southeast, and a young woman who accompanied him were dragged out of an excavation into which they had fallen but with a few scratches as a result of their fall.

The couple were driving in a buggy along Four-and-a-half street, when at Virginia avenue they were suddenly plunged into an excavation between the Washington Traction Company tracks and were seen lying in the bottom of the hole with the struggling horse kicking and plunging beside them.

The young man, with rare presence of mind, did not arise at once, but lay for a moment determining the best means of escape. He arose and freed himself, and in a moment he and his companion were in safety. The horse, however, was severely burned on the legs.

Traffic in that section was stopped for more than half an hour by the accident. The vehicle was demolished. The team was owned by Mr. Ryan, 43 Eighth street. From reports of the onlookers there were lights at each end of the excavation, as well as watchmen, who shouted a warning to the driver before he had approached the danger point. Padgett made no complaint over the accident, and seemed overjoyed at his remarkable escape.

BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED.

The following building permits were issued by Building Inspector Ashford yesterday:

To Harry Warden, for twenty-six third-class dwellings at 323 to 324 Eleventh street northwest. Architect, A. H. Reers. Builder, Harry Warden. Estimated cost, \$73,000.

To Harry Warden, for nine two-story brick dwellings at 122 to 128 Quincy place northeast. Architect, A. H. Reers. Builder, Harry Warden. Estimated cost, \$33,900.

To Harry Warden, for five two-story brick dwellings at 163 to 164 Elington place northeast. Architect, A. H. Reers. Builder, Harry Warden. Estimated cost, \$33,900.

By agreement of counsel on both sides, the case of Francis L. Cardozo, formerly principal of the M Street Colored High School, which was to have come up for trial to-day, was postponed until Friday.

Mr. F. L. Davis, Mr. Cardozo's attorney, being out of the city, Mr. Cardozo began suit in the District Supreme Court against the board of education of the District for reinstatement to the position he occupied before he was suspended.

To Enforce Anti-Spitting Law.

The District law against spitting on the sidewalks and District property, which was passed several years ago, but which was never rigorously enforced by the authorities, has been called to the attention of all the police precincts by Maj. Sylvester, and will in future be rigidly enforced. Persons arrested will be fined from \$1 to \$50, with the usual workhouse alternative.

Sargent to Leave Tuesday.

Mr. F. H. Larned, chief clerk of the Bureau of Immigration, will act as chief of that bureau during the absence in Hawaii of Commissioner Sargent. The Commissioner said yesterday that everything was in shape for his departure for San Francisco Tuesday afternoon, and that he would sail on the steamship Korea on November 20.

HIRED HORSE RUNS AWAY.

Henry Gentner and Companion Have Fortunate Escape from Injury.

TYPO UNIONS FIGHT

Local Union Has Grievance Against Baltimore.

ISSUED A CARD TO EVANS

The Washington Body Claims He "Scabbed" for Seven Months During Strike, and Is Not Entitled to Admission to Union—Will Appeal to the International Union.

An interesting controversy involving Washington and Baltimore local unions and an individual is to be brought before the International Typographical Union for settlement. George Evans announced this as his intention yesterday, when he paid his fine and all back dues and assessments in response to an ultimatum issued by the local union at a meeting last Sunday.

The differences between Evans and Baltimore local No. 12 on the one side and Columbia, No. 101, of this city, on the other are of long standing, dating from the beginning of the eight-hour strike in January.

The trouble originated when Evans failed to go out with the rest of the men of the local union when the strike was declared on January 1 last, and continued to work during the entire seven months the strike was in effect.

Gets Card from Baltimore.

It is said that about two weeks ago, when the company he was working with "signed up," he went over to Baltimore and got a union card from President Nichols of Baltimore local No. 12. A big kick and an indignation meeting followed, the local men taking exception to the fact that he had "scabbed" here, and found the full benefit of his pay during the seven long months they were on strike, and then on top of that was reaping the increased benefit obtained through their hardship.

Protest Sent Out.

It was decided to have a special meeting, and a protest was sent to the Baltimore union. This protest went unnoted, and a special meeting was held last Sunday, and Evans was given the ultimatum. Yesterday he paid the fine of \$25 imposed against him and the full amount of back dues and assessments. He gave notice at the time, however, of his intention to appeal the case to the international body.

He claims that he is in good standing here because he entered the Baltimore union and has a card stating that he is in good standing in that union. Consequently the local body has no right to levy a fine and back dues and assessments against him.

Up to National Body.

This is where the case rests at present, and what action the national body will take if the three local unions insist upon it, it remains to be seen. The international union will stand by Evans or uphold the local union.

WANTS \$3,200 FOR COURT

Judge Kimball Seeks Funds for New Police Quarters.

Additional Appropriation from Congress is Needed to Provide the Furnishings.

Judge I. G. Kimball, of the Police Court, yesterday called upon Commissioner Macfarland with the request that the Commissioners ask of Congress an additional appropriation of \$3,200 for the furnishing of the Police Court, which, it is expected, will be ready for occupancy January 1. An appropriation of \$9,000 was made for the equipment of the court-house, of which \$4,000 was set aside for the purchase of the judges' benches, jury boxes, desks, prisoners' boxes, etc. The additional appropriation is necessary for the purchase of carpets, matting, desks, chairs, electric fixtures, and similar articles.

An appropriation of \$5,000 was made by Congress for the purchase of the ground at Sixth and D streets northwest, and \$5,000 was appropriated for the erection of the building.

The building follows the classic style of architecture, and contains forty rooms. The two court rooms, one on the first and one on the second floor, will comfortably accommodate 400 persons.

FIND BODY BY TRACK.

Train Crew Report Corpse of an Unknown White Man.

While coming into this city last night about 10 o'clock the train crew of engine 5753 of the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad were started by the ghastly appearance of a body which lay alongside the track.

An investigation showed the man to be dead, although no traces of injuries were visible on his body.

He is described as a white man of about fifty years of age, of medium height, and fairly well dressed, giving the impression that he was not one of the fellows of the tramp life. No means of identification were found on his person, although his pockets contained two watches and 18 cents in change.

The body was found in a ravine, where at a late hour last night it had not been identified.

CIGARMAKER IN QUANDARY.

H. T. Ofterding Will Reply to Union's Demand To-day.

Whether or not Henry T. Ofterding will throw the example set by other cigar makers in the city and hoodoo to the increase in wages demanded by the makers will be learned this morning, when he meets a committee of the Cigarmakers' Union and give his final answer. Mr. Ofterding has said that he could not grant the demand, for the reason it would practically put him out of business; that he would either lose all profit, or have to raise the prices of his cigars and thereby lose trade.

It is believed that he will do as he at one time threatened—close his shop. Mr. Ofterding, it is said, has been employing forty-eight men, twenty-four of whom were cigar makers.

An interesting question raised by the strike is the stated intention of the Cigarmakers' Union to establish a co-operative company in this city. Nothing definite has been arranged on this score, however, and it cannot be definitely said whether the plans under consideration will materialize.

NEGRO ROBBER SENTENCED.

Judge Stafford Gives Full Measure of Punishment to Those Offenders.

Justice Stafford in the Criminal Court, yesterday sentenced Ernest Parker, colored, who was found guilty of robbery, to ten years in the Meadville penitentiary.

Parker, in June last, snatched from Mrs. Laura Parkinson, while on her way to her home in Brightwood, her pocket-book, containing a sum of money and other small articles of value.

It is the steady determination of Justice Stafford to rid this city of highway robbers and other offenders if it is within his power to do so, or at least to inspire them with a wholesome fear, by imposing the maximum penalties permissible. The pleas for mercy advanced by these offenders, while always receiving most considerate consideration at the hands of Justice Stafford, generally are not only unworthy of consideration, but sometimes downright preposterous and altogether inopportune.

Counterfeiter Gets Six Months.

For making use of his artistic accomplishments in a manner contrary to the laws of the land—that is, for having in his possession utensils and metal for the making of counterfeit coin and manufacturing the same—Justice Stafford, in the Criminal Court, yesterday sentenced Vincenzo Algerio to six months in the District Jail.

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