

RYAN WILL RETIRE; BOMB TO WALL ST.

Multi-millionaire Quits Big Corporations.

CRITICISM IS THE CAUSE

Retains His Interests in Many Financial Institutions.

Gives as His Reasons for Retiring His Inability to Attend Directors' Meetings and Discharge Obligations—Attacks in Public Press Believed to Have Led to Step Just Taken—Companies He Was In.

New York, Nov. 19.—Thomas Fortune Ryan, multi-millionaire, and one of the greatest powers in the financial world, created a formal sensation to-night when, in a decided statement, he announced that he had severed his official connection with many railroad and industrial corporations.

He gave as a reason that, inasmuch as he is closely associated with financial and railway institutions owning hundreds of millions of assets and deposits belonging to thousands of people, he considered it necessary to sever his connection with the various corporations with which these institutions are likely to have business dealings.

The announcement of Mr. Ryan's action had much of the effect of the explosion of a bomb in financial circles in the metropolis. There was a hurry and a scurry on the part of the men whose names are household words to find out why this action was taken, and what companies Mr. Ryan had abandoned.

Mr. Ryan himself declared that his formal statement contained all that he would want under any circumstances, and Henry D. Macdonald, who has been associated for years with Mr. Ryan, when asked to furnish the list of companies, declared that it was impossible. Mr. Macdonald read Mr. Ryan's official statement with a great deal of interest, and then announced that he believed it contained all that was to be said on the subject.

Mr. Ryan's Statement.

Mr. Ryan's statement read as follows: "I have resigned from the directorates of a large number of railroad and other corporations. My accumulating interests and responsibilities render it impossible for me to attend so many directors' meetings, and to properly discharge my obligations to the stockholders concerned.

"I have also reached the conclusion that I can best serve the financial and industrial institutions with which I am associated by severing my official connection with the railroad and industrial corporations with which I necessarily have constant business relations. I hope and believe that the decision which I have made will prove to the advantage of all the interests for which my friends hold the responsible, and of the gentlemen with whom I have so long been associated with in the various corporations from whose boards I have resigned."

It was reported among men who are supposed to be in the confidence of Mr. Ryan to-night that he has considered the step taken to-day very earnestly for some time. The open criticism of his methods in the newspapers had deeply pained him, according to his friends, and he desires to place his affairs in such a state that they will be above and beyond all criticism.

Realizes His Responsibility.

Mr. Ryan, besides his own vast property interests, scattered all over the world, has "bought in" too many big concerns, especially banking institutions and insurance corporations, during the last decade. His friends declare that he deeply appreciates his responsibilities from this source, and therefore he is severing his relations with the corporations which these institutions are likely to have business dealings with.

According to Ryan's friends, his determination has the full approval of his business associates. Just what arrangements he has made to dispose of the securities which he holds of the big railroad and industrial corporations that he has left is a profound secret, carefully guarded by all concerned.

As will be recalled, Mr. Ryan's purchase of the Hyde interests in the Equitable Life Assurance Society was criticized very severely at the time, and the charge was made that he took over the control of the Equitable so that he might have the direction of the surplus funds.

Mr. Ryan, through his friends, declared that the criticisms on his action were unfair and unjust. He said that the criticism has continued, and it has also been asserted that Mr. Ryan was using his enormous fortune to force certain concerns with which he was connected to make what is usually termed "good business contracts" with other concerns that he dominated. His action to-night is intended to put an end to this criticism.

Mr. Ryan is leaving on a long trip abroad about three weeks.

List of Corporations.

While Mr. Ryan would not give the names of the corporations from whose boards he had resigned, it is the understanding that they include practically all "railroad and industrial" corporations of which he has been a director. They are the following: American Tobacco Company, Bethlehem Steel Corporation, Central Cross-town Railroad Company, Consolidated Gas Company of New York, Consolidated Gas Electric Light and Power Company, the Rubber Co., East River Gas Company, Electric Storage Battery Company, Fulton Street Railroad, Havana Tobacco Company, Hocking Valley Railroad, International Cigar Machinery Company, Metropolitan Securities Company, New York Carbide and Acetylene Company, New York City Railway Company, Pine Products Company, Seaboard Air Line Railway, Thirty-fourth Street Cross-town Railroad, United Bleaching and Finishing Company, United Elevator Company, United Lead Company, and the Universal Accountant Machine Company.

The financial and fiduciary institutions in which Mr. Ryan is a director, and which according to his statement, he intends to continue to serve in such capacity, include the Morton Trust Company, of which he is first vice president; the National Bank of Commerce, of which he is vice president and director; the Newport Trust Company, Union Exchange Bank, and the Washington Life Insurance Company.

Wide Boards, \$2 Per 100 ft. Lumber Trunk Broken. Libbey & Co., 6th st. and N. Y. ave.

NEGROES THREATEN TILLMAN.

Appears Monday to prevent His going.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—The negro leaders are planning to prevent the appearance of United States Senator Tillman in Chicago on Monday, November 27. An appeal was made to-day to "all brave and patriotic Afro-Americans in the city" to appear at Orchestra Hall and surround Tillman from speaking there.

The well-known Chicago current issue of the Herald has a copy of the paper. Still, the police to prevent trouble. Tillman is to lecture for the benefit of the Chicago Union Hospital.

HYSTERICIS UPSET COURT.

Lucille McLeod Faints When Acquitted of Murder Charge.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—Lucille McLeod was found "not guilty" this afternoon of the charge of killing William T. Nieman in the Empire Hotel. A remarkable scene followed the reading of the verdict.

Miss Caroline Nieman, sister of the man that the jury declared committed suicide, became hysterical.

Lucille McLeod at the same time was recovering from a fainting attack. When the jury announced to Judge Kavanaugh that a verdict had been reached, Lucille walked toward her accustomed seat, apparently confident of acquittal. She suddenly raising her hands, she uttered a scream and fell senseless.

Four men carried the half-conscious girl into Judge Kavanaugh's private chambers. Lucille was in a semi-conscious condition when the verdict was read.

When the full import of the verdict became known to Nieman's relatives his mother and two sisters became hysterical.

It is unjust, cruel, monstrous. My brother was murdered; he did not shoot Lucille McLeod, as she claims; he did not kill himself.

VIRGINIAN RACE RIOT FATAL.

One Negro Dead, Another Dying and Many Hurt at Windsor.

Suffolk, Va., Nov. 19.—Ten white men were pitted against one hundred and fifty negroes in a race riot at Windsor late this afternoon, in which Otho Ashburn, colored, was instantly killed, Lonnie Johnson, a negro, was so badly injured that he will die, and H. D. Johnson, Thomas Johnson, and Wiley Bradshaw, whites, were badly but probably not seriously injured.

The trouble started in Gaines' store, and was caused by an obnoxious negro woman, who insisted on dancing and singing and behaving in a generally disorderly manner.

FEARS FOR EXPEDITION.

Steamer of the Mikelson-Leffingwell Party Damaged by Ice Jam.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 19.—The United States revenue cutter Thetis, just arrived from the Arctic, brings news that causes apprehension for the fate of the Mikelson-Leffingwell expedition which set sail from this port on May 20 last in search of a new continent, supposed to exist in the polar regions.

When last seen off Point Barrow on September 4, the Duchess of Bedford, the party's little vessel, was taking water badly. It had been caught in an ice jam and its bow was stove in. It was then in tow of a steam whaler, headed for the north.

WOMAN KILLS HER EMPLOYER

French Waist Designer Enraged at Delay in Getting Wages.

Shoots Gustave Simon and Causes Panic Among Workers—Police Seek Other Motive for Crime.

New York, Nov. 19.—Gustave Simon, president of the Queen Waist Company, was shot and killed by a French woman, Mme. Anastasi Louise de Massy, this afternoon in his office on the sixth floor of the Holtz Building at 604 Broadway.

Mme. de Massy had been working for Mr. Simon as a shirt waist designer, and went to his office to collect wages due her, she said to the police. According to the story of the shooting that the detectives got from the woman and from the wounded man and another man, she got in a rage because Simon wouldn't pay her the instant she demanded the money. The detectives were hardly satisfied at those stories, and are working on the case to see whether anything else is back of it.

She is said to have become enraged when told she couldn't get the money when she asked for it, and stepping out into the hallway, drew a revolver, and returned to the doorway of Mr. Simon's office with the revolver in her hand, and fired point blank at Simon.

The first bullet, missing Simon, went through a glass partition. She fired again almost instantly, and the bullet struck Simon in the left breast, burying itself under the shoulder blade. She shot once more, and this bullet went wild, going in the hall ceiling just over the office door.

A panic followed the shooting. A dozen women fainted at their work tables. Others, screaming at the top of their voices, rushed down the stairway in a human landslide, trampling on each other and tearing their clothing in a mad desire to get out of the building. Within five minutes an excited crowd surrounded the building, necessitating the calling out of the reserves.

Mme. de Massy turned and ran down the hall toward the stairway. She was fired by some of the hands and held until she was arrested. She was subsequently removed to the hospital, where she died, and his assailant was locked up.

Two Killed by a Snow Plow.

Minot, N. Dak., Nov. 19.—Vincent Russett, seventeen years old, and Frank Lagitto, twenty years old, were killed this morning while at work on a snow plow clearing the Great Northern Railroad tracks near here. The men were cleaning off the switches when they were crushed by a train.

Oriental Rugs at Auction.

Catalogue sale at Wilson & Mayers' salesrooms, 127 and 129 G st., commencing to-morrow, 11 a. m., and 3 p. m. These rugs are of the finest quality and should be seen to be appreciated. Extensions of admittance were frequent by visitors yesterday. See them to-day.

Great Fortunes are Built on Small Beginnings.

Start an account with banking dept. of Union Trust Co., 144 F. Interest on all accounts. Savings accounts invited.



EXPAND, URGES ROOT

Tells of Trade Opportunities in South America.

Secretary Says United States Can No Longer Be Indifferent to Commercial Relations with Sister Countries, and Must Shape Course as a World Power in Business.

TIS OUR DUTY TO WIDEN FIELD

Pages.

- 1-Cyclist Tom Cooper Killed.
2-Woman Thrown Into Sea.
3-Thomas F. Ryan Quits Directorates.
4-Autos Triple Price of Leather.
5-New York Woman Kills Employer.
6-Secretary Root Urges Trade Expansion.
7-Grace Brown's Father Testifies.
8-New York Horse Show Gala Affair.
9-Bonaparte Urges Civil Service Reform.
10-Forty Drown in Ship Disaster.
11-Crapsey Permanently Suspended.

LOCAL.

- 1-Senator Morgan Declares for White Man's Party.
2-Zebecca Taylor Case Reviewed in Court.
3-Negro Soldiers Not Yet Discharged.
4-Haas Grows in Printing Office.
5-Hawaii Wants Japanese Citizens.
6-Autos Triple Price of Leather.
7-President Reorganizes Panama Board.
8-Washington Schools Declared to be Models.

OCEAN LINER DISABLED.

Vessel off Holyhead, Wales, Flying Signals of Distress.

Holyhead, Wales, Nov. 19.—A large steamship in a disabled condition, supposed to be a passenger boat, is showing signals of distress off here. A lifeboat has been sent out to her assistance.

SHEEHAN REPUDIATES CROKER

Says He Was Tricked Into Supporting ex-Leader in 1897.

Gives Former Boss the Lie, and Declares He Is Eliminated Forever from New York Politics.

New York, Nov. 19.—John C. Sheehan, who, Richard Croker says, welcomed his resumption of the Tammany leadership in 1897, gave out this statement to-day: "When Mr. Croker returned to this country in the fall of 1897, empty in pocket and devoid of sympathizers, I was one of the few friends he had in Tammany Hall. He obtained the leadership of Tammany Hall that fall after Van Wyck had been elected to the majority of Greater New York."

"Mr. Croker had spoken to me on two or three occasions before Van Wyck became the nominee for mayor, and at his solicitation I finally urged his nomination entirely against my own judgment, and only to show my appreciation of his pretended friendship for me."

"If I had done otherwise and presented another name to the executive committee as a candidate for mayor, there would have been no opposition from any source, and in any event Mr. Croker's following, if he had any in the committee at that time, did not exceed half a dozen votes."

"The methods afterward resorted to in order to obtain control of the convention were not those of honest, bold, and fearless men. They were rather the methods of a cunning politician who was at that time fostering a conspiracy to regain the leadership of Tammany Hall."

"The statement made by him that he resumed the leadership of Tammany in 1896 only after twenty-five of the district leaders had urged him to do so, is untrue."

"The statement that he went into the executive committee meeting and asked if any man there opposed him to let him stand up, and that nobody stood, is absolutely and unqualifiedly false."

"His statement that I arose and said that I wanted to announce that I was ready to follow wherever Croker might lead is untrue, and is contradicted by all the facts."

"When I became satisfied that Mr. Croker was false, deceitful, and dishonest, I opposed him in Tammany Hall, and out of it, and continued to do so until the fusion movement of 1901 was brought about. The result of that movement was a crushing defeat for Croker, and forever eliminated him as a factor in New York."

Burns Half the Quantity of Gas.

Orte hot water radiator. The best. Demonstrations. 502 9th st.

WEATHER FORECAST.

For the District of Columbia and Maryland.—Cloudy and colder to-day. To-morrow fair and colder; light to fresh west to north winds.

HERALD NEWS SUMMARY.

TELEGRAPHIC.

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POLICE STOP SUFFRAGISTS.

Attempt to Storm House of Commons Fails—Leader is Arrested.

London, Nov. 19.—A considerable number of suffragists were in attendance when the House of Commons met this afternoon, with the intention of carrying the house by storm. They were headed by Mrs. Despard, but the police recognized them, and refused to allow them to enter the parliament buildings.

The women tried to force an entrance, but were compelled to abandon the effort. They declined to move away, however, and scattered about the palace yard in groups. Finally, several of the suffragists, including Mrs. Despard, were arrested.

Berlin, Nov. 19.—There will be no such demonstrations by woman suffragists in Germany as have occurred in England, if the authorities are able to crush the movement by rigorous court proceedings. The hand of the government was shown to-day in the trial of Miss Anita Augspurg, leader of the Women's Rights movement in Hamburg, when a penalty of a year's imprisonment against her was asked for interfering with and insulting policemen who broke up a woman demonstration.

BERNHARDT DEEP IN DEBT.

Actress Spends Money Lavishly and Is Harassed by Creditors.

Paris, Nov. 19.—With artistic disregard of money, Sarah Bernhardt has dissipated the earnings of her last American tour and more recent engagements, and to-day is sadly embarrassed financially.

The pressure of her creditors, who want money instead of promises, has driven the "divine one" from her handsome residence in the Boulevard Pereire into a boarding house, where she may retrench. The diva Sarah believes in enjoying the good things of this world, and never stint herself.

So the comfortable fortune she had only a few months ago, upon her return from America, has been almost entirely vanished, and, in addition, huge debts have accumulated.

TOWER AND BURGESS FRIENDS.

Ambassador Forgives Professor for His Remarks on Monroe Doctrine.

Berlin, Nov. 19.—The strained relations between Ambassador Tower and Prof. Burgess, which followed upon the latter's recent remarks about the Monroe doctrine and protection, have come to an end.

A meeting with which a reconciliation was effected took place at the residence of Rev. Dr. Dixie. One of the consequences of the reconciliation was a dinner given to the ambassador and the professor by Minister of Education Stult.

Ambassador Tower's exasperation at Burgess' utterance is said to have been largely due to the fact that they are greatly increasing the difficulties of the tariff negotiations, causing the Germans to stiffen considerably.

FAVORS GREATER PITTSBURG.

Superior Court Upholds Decision Consolidating Two Cities.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19.—The right of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny to consolidate was confirmed by Judge Orndy, in the Superior Court, sitting here to-day, and the future of a Greater Pittsburgh seems assured.

He declares that the electors of the cities were not given undue or unequal national or unjust extension of their suffrage, nor had the rights of the lesser assured.

The machine driven by Cooper had run out of gasoline on the east side of the West drive, near the Seventy-seventh street entrance, and had stopped. Cooper's mechanic, who got away in the excitement, was filling the gasoline tank while Cooper was sitting in the machine with the three others.

Without a word of warning, another automobile came tearing down the West drive and crashed into it.

Cooper and all the occupants of the machine were hurled onto the hard pavement, and the automobile was smashed. Thomas Cooper, who won many prizes and championships as a bicycle rider, was born about thirty-eight years ago in Detroit. He met Eddie Bald, then the champion of American bicyclists, in a half-mile race at Battle Creek in 1893. He beat the champion and started the bicycling world.

His career of success was at its highest in 1900, when he won the National Cycling Association championship.

EARL WILL NOT DIVORCE WIFE.

Story Involving Countess of Westmoreland and Millionaire Denied.

New York, Nov. 19.—A morning paper publishes the following special from London, under date of November 20: "Social circles were much disturbed over the rumor that the Earl of Westmoreland had begun suit against the countess for divorce, naming an Anglo-American millionaire as co-respondent."

"This morning's Post announces with authority that the earl and countess left London together for their country seat, Apsley House."

"The announcement would indicate either that the general report was not true, or that an estrangement was followed by a reconciliation."

CYCLONE SPENDS ITS FORCE.

Reports from Throughout the South Show Big Losses.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 19.—Reports from all Southern points show that the cyclone which swept the country yesterday has spent its force. Instances of heavy property loss and the loss of lives are numerous. In the suburbs of Athens, Ga., three deaths were reported. Winona, Miss., reports one negro was killed in that vicinity, and the property loss is estimated at \$40,000. Communication with the town has just been re-established, and it is found that reports concerning the loss of life there were exaggerated.

Reports slowly coming in from various parts of the state indicate that the storm was one of the worst in years, and followed by a heavy rain, the tornado did immense damage to the crops.

Big Bridge Span Swept Away.

Huntington, W. Va., Nov. 19.—In a few hours to-day, the Guyandotte River rose 10 feet and about 200 feet of the false work for a new bridge were swept away, letting an entire span of structural steel fall into the river. The damage is estimated at \$100,000. In falling, all the water and gas mains were swept away, and Guyandotte is without gas and water.

The Oriental Rugs and Carpets

now displayed in Wilson & Mayers' salesrooms, 127-129 G st., include some of the best weaves and most exquisite colorings that the far-famed Persia can produce. It is an education in itself to see such art effects in floor coverings. Sale by catalogue, commencing 11 o'clock Wednesday morning. Will you see them to-day?

Mother of Senator Bailey Dead.

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 19.—Mrs. J. W. Bailey, mother of United States Senator Joseph W. Bailey, died to-day at the family home at Crystal Springs. She was sixty-five years old. Senator Bailey and other children were at the bedside.

A Late Lunch Served Daily

at Eckstein's from 12 to 3, 1412 N. Y. ave.

DEMOCRATIC PARTY WHITE MAN'S PARTY

Morgan Would So Declare in Next Convention.

TIME IS RIPE FOR ISSUE

Alabama Senator Says It Would Overtop Other Questions.

He Even Believes It Would Carry the Presidency, and Gives Reasons for the Faith that is in Him—Discusses the Constitutional Aspects of the Case—Recalls "Frenzy" that Forced Congressional Action.

"Resolved, That the Democratic party of the United States is, and has always been, a white man's party." This plank, Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama, believes should be inserted in the next Democratic national platform. He goes further. He believes that some State, through its delegates assembled, should press this plank before the convention's committee on resolutions with the declaration that the delegates will withdraw from the convention in case it is not adopted. He would prefer that the plank come from a delegation representing a Northern State, but if such is not the wish of such a delegation, rather than have the subject matter eliminated, he advocates its presentation by a Southern State. His own State, Alabama, comes first on the alphabetical list, and the high regard in which the Senator views are held in that State insures that its delegates to the next national convention will be insistent upon the adoption of such a plank. That they will be enforced by other Southern States, goes without saying.

At the St. Louis national convention in 1904, a suggestion was made along similar lines, though not so clear-cut, brief, and forcible. The resolution committee there promptly threw it out. The Eastern contingent, however, nominated a candidate, was conceded the right to write the platform, and to the disgust of many Southern politicians the negro question was ignored.

"Should Carry Presidency, He Says." "Should the delegates of any one state submit this plank with a declaration of withdrawal in case it is rejected, it would carry through," said Senator Morgan to-night. "Moreover, it would carry the Presidency. It would overtop every other issue. In the Southern States the question is acute to-day, and such a declaration on the part of the Democratic national convention would bring the negro question immediately home to the people of the North, and would demand that they have to meet it face to face, just as we of the South are doing to-day."

"I have expected," continued the Senator, "this movement, and it demands to come from the white men of the North, as a reaction from the extreme action taken from 1890 to 1895, when popular frenzy was employed as a driving force to rush through Congress the disastrous programme of negro political and social equality, in the provisions of force bills and bills to secure the equal rights of negroes in hotels, theaters, and places of public resort. That era has passed away, the North has rejected the folly, and it may never return. The poor white people of the North are feeling the fatal poison of such enactments, and are exasperated at the new era of brutality that modern crimes have developed among the negroes everywhere. The white people of the South have resumed control of their local affairs. The instrument by which this deliverance has been accomplished are the ballot box and the cotton plant. I do not presume to ignore the blessings of Providence. I believe the spirit of the Most High is the controlling force that directed the work of the Congress of white people. Negroes were of the United States and submitted it to the States and the people for ratification."

"Entrusted to White People." "I believe that the people of the United States were then set apart to establish and execute that plan of government which had no precedent or model in the wisdom of nations. I do not believe the Indian tribes or the African race; were chosen for that great trust in the birth hour of this republic. I find no place for either of them in that new political creation—the people of the United States."

"The people, entrusted with that vast and precious duty, were named in the preamble of the Constitution. They and their delegates were all white people, assembled from many of the negro political and social impurities. They came together by common impulse. This was the inauguration of the sovereignty of the governing people of the United States, as a racial nation, or dynasty of white people. Negroes were here in every State and Territory, but they were slaves and not even recognized in the Constitution as constituting a people or a tribe, or having any right that did not belong alike to all human beings. The Indians, there were no other people in the country, and the negroes and the Indians were not represented in that convention."

"When the Constitution in the preamble declared that 'We, the people of the United States . . . do ordain this government . . . for ourselves and our posterity,' the line of delimitation was made as clear as the North Star. The negroes of the Free State of the Congo, should ordain a written constitution creating a government whose sovereignty should belong to them and their posterity. It established a people whose racial distinction was won from the British Crown; and so it will be while the preamble of the Constitution shall stand and bear witness to an established fact. Our white people have always recognized these truths, and have never denied or abandoned them."

"Foundation of Our Creeds." "In a cardinal principle," concluded the Senator, "I am now, as I have always been, true to the conviction that, as to government, I would search into the foundations of our creeds for the true stuff for the making of a plank in our national platform. Like this 'Resolved.' That the Democratic party of the United States is, and has always been, a white man's party