

PASS EIGHTEEN LAWS

Legislators Heed That Many Recommendations.

FIFTY-NINE WERE SUBMITTED

Thirty-seven Messages, Including Annual One, Sent in Since Session Opened in December—Much of the Legislation Urged in These Was Not Enacted by Congress.

Of the fifty-nine important recommendations that President Roosevelt has made to the session of Congress now closing, only eighteen have received favorable consideration.

He sent to Congress in the three months of the session's existence a total of thirty-seven messages. Of these, one was his annual message, nine related to Porto Rico, one being the result of his personal observations. Two were on the Brownsville riots, two were vetoes. Two urged legislation amending the public land laws, one asked for a naval personnel law, one requested action on the claims of the Roman Catholic Church in the Philippines. One urged legislation for the treatment of criminals by probation, one urged ship subsidy, one dealt with the San Francisco school question, and one requested an appropriation for the repair of the Salton dam. The most striking and unique was his illustrated message on his trip to Panama and his inspection of the canal work.

Of the legislation that he particularly urged he got the following:

- Exclusion of Japanese coolie labor.
- Restoration of the Santo Domingo treaty.
- Giving the government the right to appeal in criminal cases.
- Permission to co-operate for the prevention of Congressional abuses.
- Prohibition of campaign contributions from corporations.
- The ship-subsidy bill, which he favored, is still hanging in the balance.
- The hours-of-labor bill for railroad employees has been agreed upon in conference.
- Among the legislation which he wanted, but didn't get, was the following:
- Preventing the abuse of the power of injunction.
- Regulation of child labor.
- Compulsory investigation of controversies between employers and employees.
- Increased powers for the Interstate Commerce Commission.
- Withdrawal of all coal, oil, and asphalt lands from public sale and entry.
- Packing houses to pay cost of inspection and date of such to be placed on label.
- Federal licensing of corporations.
- Graduated inheritance and income taxes.
- Federal regulation of marriages and divorces.
- Free trade with the Philippines.
- American citizenship for Porto Ricans.
- Shooting galleries in military and large public schools.
- Ratification of Isle of Pines treaty.
- Prevention of freight-car shortage.
- A one-man control of the coast guard.
- Twenty per cent increase in salaries for all government employees.
- Enlarged powers for the Forestry Bureau.
- Approval of reformed system of spelling.

PLUMBERS ARE IMPATIENT.

Accuse Masters of Dilatory Tactics in Regard to Award.

Representatives of the allied building trades met in the Corcoran Building last night to discuss the award of the board of arbitration in the recent plumbers' controversy and the alleged dilatory tactics of the master plumbers.

The main point under discussion last night was the fact that the master plumbers have not yet discharged the non-union men in their shops, as was ordered by the board of arbitration. Although no action was taken, a number of the representatives expressed great indignation at the delay on the part of the master plumbers, and advised drastic measures. The more conservative of the members, however, explained that there may have been reasons why the masters were unable to immediately comply with the provision, and they advised that the organization wait until the middle of the week before any action be taken. This opinion prevailed, and it was decided to hold another meeting on Wednesday. In the meanwhile the master plumbers are expected to discharge those men that come under the discharge clause in the decision.

In general, the allied trades are satisfied with the award. They are particularly pleased with that portion of the decision which forbids the employment of non-union men in a union shop, and say that this rule will mean a long fight which they have waged for many years.

NEW MINISTER MEETS ROOT.

Dr. Don Luis Toledano Herrarte Comes to Represent Guatemala.

Dr. Don Luis Toledano Herrarte, the new Minister from Guatemala, has arrived in Washington. He was presented to Secretary Root yesterday and this week will be received by President Roosevelt and will then present his credentials. Dr. Toledano was a Guatemalan delegate to the Pan-American conference at Rio de Janeiro last summer. He succeeds Dr. Munoz, who died here last fall.

Pure-food Law Welcomed.

The pure-food law, which became effective January 1, is welcomed by the people of Washington. It is evidenced by the alacrity and willingness with which they have conformed to its provisions. Mr. Sam J. Steinberger, of the Grand Buffet, Eighth and D streets, announced in another column the purging of all the liquors from his establishment. This is one of the most popular and elegantly appointed restaurants of the National Capital, and is conducted along strictly high-class lines.

Readings for the Blind.

The following is the programme for volunteer readings and music in the reading room for the blind at the Library of Congress, 2:30 to 3:30 p. m. Tuesday—Rev. Dr. William A. Pettit will read.

Thursday—Song recital by Fraulein Elizabeth Schwan, Miss Minna Schott at the piano.

Saturday—Miss Evelyn Frothingham Poole will read a dramatic sketch. The door to the reading room will be closed promptly at 2:30 p. m., and will remain closed until the end of the programme.

Will Hold Joint Installation.

There will be a joint installation of the Grand Army of the Republic and the Women's Relief Corps, Department of the Potomac, on Monday evening, at 7:30 o'clock, at Grand Army Hall. The service is invited. Col. Newton Perce will be installed as department commander, and Mrs. Isabel Worrell Ball, with a full staff of officers, about fifteen officers of the Grand Army of the Republic, and fifteen of the Women's Relief Corps.

DINNER FOR A. H. HOWE.

Farewell Function Given in Honor of Senator Platt's Secretary.

A farewell dinner was tendered by the officers of the United States Express Company to Mr. A. H. Howe, assistant to the president of the company, last night at the Raleigh Hotel. The following were present:

W. P. Starbuck, J. M. Pluman, W. H. Snyder, W. T. Busby, Samuel R. Finney, J. L. Tate, W. P. Hill, H. R. Fielding, E. R. Hendley, F. J. Stoddard, W. C. Johnson, Gen. Alexander Macsaw, and Charles E. Jeffries.

Mr. Howe leaves the company after a service of twenty years to go into business for himself. In addition to being assistant to the president, Mr. Howe acted as private secretary to Senator Platt. He also served as clerk of the Senate Committee on Printing for several years.

APPEALS BILL DISAPPOINTING.

President Says It Falls Lamentably Short of Accomplishing Purpose.

The President made it known last night that he is not pleased with the bill passed by Congress permitting appeals by the government in criminal cases. In announcing his signature to the measure, he says that while it "represents a decided improvement on the present law, it comes lamentably short of accomplishing what should be accomplished."

Continuing, he says in his memorandum of approval: "It will not prevent failures of justice, particularly in the cases of accused persons of wealth and influence. I sign it because it does represent a certain advance, and in the hope that subsequent legislation will be obtained which will more nearly meet the demands of even-handed justice in criminal cases."

H. BOWYER McDONALD DEAD

Was Chief Clerk of the Secretary of the Senate.

End Comes After Two Months' Illness Resulting from Cancer of the Liver—Funeral Next Monday.

H. Bowyer McDonald, for many years chief clerk of the United States Senate, died at 6 o'clock last night of cancer of the liver, after an illness lasting over two months. The death occurred at his residence, in the Bachelor apartments, where he had been confined for some time. His brother, N. J. McDonald, and Donald McDonald, his son, were at his bedside, the latter having come from New York.

Mr. McDonald was first stricken a little over two months ago, and upon the advice of his physician went to Hot Springs, Ark., where he hoped to effect a cure. The treatment was, however, unsuccessful, and when the sick man returned to this city, about three weeks ago, he was much worse. His son, who resides in New York, was immediately notified of his father's serious condition, and, in response, came to Washington, where he has remained since. Mr. McDonald was attended by Dr. Ralph Walsh.

By a curious coincidence he will be buried on March 4, next Monday, his fifty-seventh birthday. Mr. McDonald was a graduate of Georgetown University.

TWO MORE PROMOTIONS.

Postmaster General Makes Changes in Railway Mail Service.

The Postmaster General last night announced the promotion of A. A. Fisher, of Vermont, from assistant chief clerk to chief clerk, Division of Railway Mail Service, to succeed J. W. Holliday, appointed chief clerk in the office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General.

H. H. Shore, of North Carolina, has been appointed to fill the vacancy caused by Fisher's promotion.

FLOWER SHOW OPENS SOON.

Annual Exhibition of Florists' Club Expected to Be a Success.

Flower lovers in Washington will have an ample opportunity of indulging their tastes at the annual convention and exhibition of the American Rose Society and Florists' Club, of Washington, which will be held in the Washington Light Infantry Hall, March 13, 14, and 15.

The hall will be open from 6 to 10 p. m. on the opening night. On each of the other days the show will start at 10 o'clock in the morning and continue until 10 o'clock at night. The committee in charge of the meeting has received a large number of answers to its invitations, and an unparalleled success is predicted for the exhibition.

A number of valuable prizes have been secured and will be awarded on the opening night to the successful competitors. Among the prizes donated are nine given by local men. Three of these, given by John Clark, will be awarded to the best fern that has been grown in a dwelling at least four months previous to the competition.

Three prizes, given by Peter Bisset, will be awarded to the owner of the best rubrum plant shown. In addition to these prizes, while George Field offers three prizes to the owner of the best geraniums, Louis Freeman is the superintendent of the exhibition, while the committee is composed of the following persons: Robert Simpson, Frank R. Pierson, Harry O. May, Benjamin Hammond, Peter Bisset, Z. D. Blackstone, Charles E. McCauley, and W. H. Ernest.

Georgetown University Defate.

By a majority vote of the society the speakers in the affirmative were declared the victors in the debate before the Junior Debating Society of the law school of Georgetown University last night. The question was: "Resolved, That an educational qualification be required for suffrage in the United States."

The society will not meet next Saturday evening, because of the university athletic meet.

Newberry at Charleston.

The United States ship Mayflower, with Assistant Secretary of the Navy Newberry and party on board, has arrived at Charleston, Mr. Newberry will return to Washington on Tuesday.

He has been on an official tour of inspection of the naval yards and stations on the Gulf and in the West Indies.

Justice Gould Dismisses Rule.

Justice Gould yesterday dismissed the rule to show cause recently issued against Samuel T. Smith, at the instance of Sarah E. Henry, who alleged that he had jeopardized a security, given to her for a certain loan, by neglecting to take care of a prior incumbrance.

White Rhine Wine Vinegar

The finest imported from Germany. This highly dilutable, fine fruit quart.

Christian Xander

909 7th St. Phone 274.

NO BRANCH HOUSES.

HARRIMAN AS GUIDE

Spends Day Showing His Son the Sights.

BOY MEETS THE PRESIDENT

Is Also Given a Glimpse of the Senate in Action—Railroad Magnate Forgets Investigations While Taking the Youth on Tour of the City. Not Interested in Ship Subsidy.

Edward H. Harriman would rather talk about his son than all the railroads in the country. The two visited Congress in session, called on President Roosevelt, and took in other places of interest yesterday; "all for the benefit of my boy," as Mr. Harriman expressed it.

Mr. Harriman and party will remain in Washington until Monday, and possibly longer. He is accompanied by his wife, two daughters, and Roland, the boy, ten years old, who is being shown about the National Capital for the first time. Mr. Harriman said last evening that nothing definite had been arranged about his leaving the city. His boy likes Washington.

Mr. Harriman believes that every boy should visit Washington. To show his son around and let him see things for his own benefit is the chief purpose of the railroad king's stopover here. Mr. Harriman and his boy are great chums.

All day yesterday they rode and walked about Washington. The elder Harriman explaining matters the young fellow had never heard about, and the boy taking notes and learning from one of the greatest instructors the world has ever known.

Not interested in Subsidy.

Mr. Harriman was asked last evening what he thought about the ship-subsidy bill now before Congress.

"I am not interested in the bill, in the least," he replied. "Fact is, I am not just sure about its provisions."

He was asked if there was anything in a report that he was to interfere in certain manipulations planned by James J. Hill in railroad circles.

"Certainly not," said Mr. Harriman. "I am not that kind of a fellow." And, as he made the remark, there was an expression in his face of square dealing.

When Mr. Harriman talks, he says what he means, and evidently means what he says.

He was requested for an opinion about the conditions of the country, and whether there was danger of a panic in the near future. He said there were no probabilities of a panic. There has been a shrinkage in railroad and certain stocks throughout the country that is still going on, he said, but he did not believe it would amount to much, or affect the business interests of the country.

The chief of more than 30,000 miles of railroad believes that California is richer than ever before.

"The State is prosperous, enjoying good times as never before," he said. "As the center of the wealth is in San Francisco, the city is enjoying good times, in spite of the great fire."

Call at White House.

Mr. Harriman and his son called at the White House yesterday afternoon and both were presented to the President.

"Yes, we met Mr. Roosevelt," he said, in answer to a question; "my boy and I. He never misses an opportunity to mention his boy. And when he does there is a twinkle in his eye, a smile on his lips, and an expression of good feeling in which any one can see the great love of the father for his son."

"My boy," he continued, "was shown all through the White House. He had the time of his life. All the principal points of interest in the great mansion were shown the youngster."

"I wanted my boy to meet the President, and he did. We had quite a chat with Mr. Roosevelt. But the call was purely a social one," Mr. Harriman explained. "My desire was that my boy meet such a great man."

And while Mr. Harriman was talking and thinking more about his boy the reporter asked his opinion of a third term for Mr. Roosevelt.

"Well," he said, as though the question had come rather unexpectedly, "I don't believe I don't think I have anything to say about that." And an expression of amusement came over his face. At the same time the question had evidently set Mr. Harriman to thinking, and the results of the thinking were that he didn't care to discuss the subject for publication, or for any other purpose, for that matter.

Visit the Capitol.

Mr. Harriman and his boy also visited the Capitol. They were headed for the public gallery of the Senate when Senator Millard happened along and escorted the two chums to the Senators' gallery.

"What were your impressions of the Senate in action?" was asked the head of the Union Pacific. He looked the reporter square in the eye, as if he wanted to say that such a gathering was not of great importance to him.

"I went there with my boy," he explained. "I wanted him to see this great body of men in action. It was rather dull to-day, but I hoped all along that something would drop. But it didn't. Anyway, the boy had a good time. That's what I went there for. One can never tell when something exciting and worth while is going to happen in the United States Senate, and I sat there today waiting for the expected that never came off. However, the Senate was interesting to my boy."

Mr. Harriman was also asked what his son thought of Washington. He might refuse to answer something concerning the Union Pacific station or the handling of the market, but Mr. Harriman is ever ready to answer any question relating to his boy.

"My boy has seen so much, and so many different things, that he simply can't talk," he said, with a slight laugh.

In a Good Humor.

Mr. Harriman was in a good humor last night, as he usually is, and in a hurry to attend to other affairs, just as he always is. He doesn't mind being interviewed, but he has so many different details to look after that he can only spare so much time with each person.

Nevertheless, he consented to talk some about his recreation.

"This is one of my recreations—talking to newspaper men," he said. "When I work, I work; when I play, I play to the limit. I am fond of riding and driving. In fact, almost any kind of outdoor exercise."

"Ever play golf?"

"Hardly," was the reply. "That's too old-fashioned for me."

"Cards?"

"Well, not much," he said.

"Poker?"

"Not now, but I used to play the game," came from Mr. Harriman as he smiled in a good-natured sort of way. "Haven't time for poker now."

With his overcoat on Mr. Harriman does not weigh to exceed 145 pounds. He is about five feet three inches in height, and rather slender. His complexion is clear and his face not as wrinkled as one would

WILL SUE HARRIMAN

Continued from First Page.

rival and connecting roads have been made, testified that 30 per cent of the stock of a railroad corporation was a dominant interest in that corporation to all intents and purposes; or, in other words, that the owner of that amount of stock had it within his power to get a sufficient number of proxies to control, and that in the case of a well-organized body, under an able financial general, such an interest could not be prevented from having its own way.

This testimony was brought out in connection with the purchase by Harriman last summer of the Illinois Central stock, which purchase resulted in the ousting of Stuyvesant Fish. The government attorneys considered this testimony of Mr. Kuhn most important.

The testimony brought out is further regarded as showing that two groups of competing railroads are allied closely as to preclude the idea of competition within each group such as would ordinarily exist.

So far as the two great Harriman transcontinental routes are concerned—the Southern Pacific and the Union Pacific systems—the belief is entertained by counsel for the government that they are now run practically as one great railroad system with no pretension of competition. It might be said here that at the start of this investigation the attorneys on the opposite side refused to admit even that the Union Pacific controlled the Southern Pacific system, and it remained for the government lawyers to offer evidence that the Union Pacific and Oregon Short Line owned 45 per cent of the Southern Pacific stock, and that this was virtually a majority, as it controlled 75 per cent.

The decision in the Northern Securities case, as construed by the government, was to the effect that the holding by one railroad of a "dominant" interest in the stock of another competing road is unlawful. Such an interest does not need to be a majority, it is contended.

The Interstate Commerce Commission in the present proceeding has been used merely as a body before which the evidence might be brought out in which to base a suit under the anti-trust law. Practically the same procedure was followed in the Northern Securities case.

CARS RUN TOO FAST NOW.

Request for Higher Speed Limit Is Denied.

Upon the recommendation of the superintendent of police, the request of the Washington Railway and Electric Company and the Capital Traction Company that the police regulations be amended so as to permit street cars to run at a speed not to exceed fifteen miles an hour, was yesterday denied by the Commissioners. In this report on the subject, Maj. Sylvester stated that the street railways now operate under the present regulations, at times the cars being run at excessive speed, despite the warnings of the police department.

"The law in this regard," says the major, "have not been respected, and I feel when requests of this department are ignored in connection with the existing rate of speed, which at times is dangerous to the traveling public in the suburbs and elsewhere, that the department would not be justified in recommending a change."

HOME TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

One of the Features of Masonic Fair to Aid Building Fund.

The business men of Washington have been liberal to the board of control of the Masonic fair of 1907, and their donations to the board, on behalf of the new Masonic temple building fund, have been both numerous and valuable.

At the head of the list is the \$5,000 modern house and lot, at 1903 Irving street northwest. Every holder of a lady's guest ticket to the fair is to have a voice in disposing of this piece of property, and since the tickets are to be distributed during the present week, there are many people in Washington who will be interested in seeing just what kind of a house the board has to offer.

MRS. SMOOT LOSES JEWELS.

Reports Disappearance of Diamond-studded Watch and Pin.

Mrs. Reed Smoot, wife of Senator Smoot, of Utah, reported to the police yesterday the loss of a lady's guest watch, set with two diamonds and a ruby, and a gold clasp pin set with four diamonds.

Mrs. Smoot was unable to furnish the police with a very definite location as to just where she might have lost the articles, having spent the morning at the street during the morning. A full description of the jewelry was sent to all the second-hand stores in order that it might be recognized should it be offered for sale.

CONCERT AT NAVY YARD.

Leader Sintelmann Arranges Interesting Programme for To-morrow.

The Marine Band Orchestra will give a concert, beginning at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, at the United States Navy Yard. Leader William H. Sintelmann has arranged the following programme:

March, "Flag of Victory".....Von Blon

Overture, "Crown Diamond".....Auber

"Ein Albenblatt".....Wagner

Waltz, "Life a Dream".....Faust

Grand fantasia, "The Merry Widow".....Strauss

Characteristic fantasia, "My Old Kentucky Home".....Lange

Shivaree dance, No. 1.....Moses

Gaipo, "Fin in a Statting Link".....Moses

BUILDING PERMITS.

Building Inspector Ashford yesterday issued the following building permits:

To F. A. Blundon, for six two-story and attic brick dwellings at 1201 to 1211 Harvard street northwest. Architect, A. M. Poynton. Builder, F. A. Blundon. Estimated cost, \$5,000.

To Middaugh & Shannon, for six two-story brick dwellings at 200 to 210 Park place. Architect, Joseph Behm, Jr. Builders, Middaugh & Shannon. Estimated cost, \$18,000.

To Middaugh & Shannon, for five two-story brick dwellings at 414 to 422 Linn's place. Architect, Joseph Behm, Jr. Builders, Middaugh & Shannon. Estimated cost, \$15,000.

To D. E. Buckingham, for one two-story stable. Builder, T. M. Reynolds. Estimated cost, \$2,000.

To E. J. Ruhlert, for one two-story frame dwelling on Nichols avenue. Architect, Charles A. Jones. Estimated cost, \$2,500.

To T. Fegan, for one two-story brick stable at 925 New Jersey avenue. Builder, M. C. Wingfield. Estimated cost, \$2,500.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John J. Weismiller, 23, and Mattie E. Degges, 22. Rev. William Taylor Snyder.

Paul J. Conney, 22, and Lilla Beach, 22. Rev. W. M. Ferguson.

COLORED.

Jonas Pratt, 35, and Olin West, 21. Rev. Charles H. Fox.

DEATH RECORD.

Isaac G. Irving, 52½ M. st. nw., 37 years.

Louis Cox, Congress Heights, 75 years.

James E. Robinson, 302 4th st. nw., 23 years.

John Swaley, Freshman's Hall, 62 years.

U. S. Army, 21 years.

Ashebel D. Sweeney, 8 S. Soldiers' Home, D. C., 87 years.

Albert Fairman, 106 24th st. nw., 62 years.

Margaret Clark, 409 4th st. nw., 7 months.

COLORED.

Frances Lee, 6 Baltimore st. nw., 61 years.

William Howard, 1 Naylor's court nw., 8 years.

William Williams, 1300 Wylie court nw., 57 years.

John Harkness, 623 K st. st., 21 years.

Francis F. Moore, 2 S. E. alley, Anacostia, 6 months.

ROBERT EMMET MEMORIAL.

Arrangements Completed for Demonstration at Columbia Theater.

Preparations were completed yesterday for the Robert Emmet Memorial Demonstration, to be given under the auspices of the United Irish Societies, at the Columbia Theater, to-night. Enough tickets have already been sold to comfortably fill the auditorium, and the managers of the demonstration predict an enormous crowd.

John Keating, who will make the address, arrived in this city last night. James Brady, the noted tenor, who has made himself famous for his Irish melodies and songs, is another feature of the programme. The choir of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians will also sing Irish songs. P. T. Moran will act as chairman and introduce the speakers, while P. J. Hailigan, editor of the National Hibernian, is called on to present a series of resolutions.

FORTY KINDS OF BARGAINS.

S. Kann, Sons & Co. Offer Unusually Attractive Special Sales.

Every woman who is interested in dress goods will read with a great deal of satisfaction the advertisement of S. Kann, Sons & Co. to-day concerning the wonderful new productions in high-class dress goods. There are nearly forty different kinds, not to mention the different colorings and combinations of each kind. She would be an abnormally particular woman, indeed, who could not find a piece of dress goods that just suited her fancy in this lot. There's a splendid line of cream goods, as well as black, and a long list of colored fabrics, and the prices are wonderfully tempting.

Another yard goods special that will excite much interest is the announcement of a beautiful silk and cotton fabric called "serpe de Paris" sold for less than two-thirds the regular price. This is one of the prettiest kinds of material for evening waists and party dresses.

Poulard, which is one of the season's prominent fabrics, is also among the good offerings for Monday's shoppers, and at a price to make all who have been wanting a gown of this material eager to take advantage of this sale.

A big lot of white goods, and a big lot of embroideries and all-over laces at special sale prices, very naturally suggest the dainty "white girl" of the coming summer, in all her pretty lingerie gowns and fluffy laces. She is to be very popular, too, this year, more so than ever. If fashion's rumors be true, there's a fine line of black silks in this firm's list of Monday attractions, and 20 cents or more saved on each yard.

To go with the new dress goods there is this rare exquisite lot of gown trimmings, and due to this firm's enterprise the designs are all exclusive, and their own importations.

Last, but by no means least, is the display of linings, all made by one manufacturer. These "Hygrade" linings, as they are called because manufactured by A. G. Hyde & Sons, of New York, seem to have