

GUILD AT SAGAMORE

Plans President's Trip to Provincetown.

NEWBERRY MAKES REPORT

Assistant Secretary of Navy Refuses to Make Public Contents of Information Carried to Roosevelt's Summer Home—Another Board will Inquire Into Construction of Turrets.

Oyster Bay, July 29.—Gov. Guild, of Massachusetts, and Acting Secretary of the Navy Newberry lunched with the President to-day.

Gov. Guild came to talk over with the President his approaching visit to Provincetown, and to coach him in the part he is to take in the celebration of the landing of the Pilgrims.

Secretary Newberry brought with him the report of the board of naval officers on the accident in the turret of the Georgia, and a plan for the reorganization of teaching methods at the Naval Academy.

The guests left Sagamore Hill directly after lunch. Secretary Newberry said: "The principal object of my visit to the President was to lay before him a plan for the complete reorganization of the teaching methods at the Naval Academy."

Report on Georgia. The Secretary did not explain what had been found wrong with the present course of instruction at the Naval Academy. He said that he had carried to the President the report of the board of inquiry in the matter of the explosion on board the Georgia. He said that the report was a finding as to facts in the case and was made without comment.

Another board, the Secretary said, would be convened at once to consider whether changes of turret construction, or the handling of guns would bring a greater percentage of safety to the gun crews.

Secretary Newberry said that the report that he had laid before the President was final so far as the facts in the case went. He announced that the report had met the President's approval, but refused to say just what was the finding of the board.

When asked if a date for the departure of the fleet for the Pacific had been decided upon, the Secretary said that there was nothing to report. He added that the fleet was ready and would start when the President gave the word.

"It is the duty of the navy to be ready," he said. "Beyond that we have only to await orders."

While the Secretary made no direct statement, it was understood that the fleet would undoubtedly sail for the Pacific as originally announced.

No Political Significance.

Gov. Guild said that his visit was guiltless of any political significance.

The President will leave Oyster Bay on August 19 to attend the celebration at Provincetown on the 20th. He will sail on the government yacht Mayflower. A number of war ships will take part in the celebration, and both the President and Gov. Guild will make speeches.

The governor said that it was hoped that the celebration would allay the well-known jealousy of Provincetown and the cape concerning who had the right to claim the first Pilgrim.

CRIME WAVE IN BERLIN.

Panic Over Assaults on Children. Another Girl Attacked.

Berlin, July 29.—Within the past year thirty little girls have been murdered by a "Jack the Ripper." Five were attacked on Saturday and three of these are dead. To-day another child assault of the same class occurred in a street in the same quarter of the city as those of Saturday. The police appear to be powerless, and there is a panic among the parents of young children.

Eighteen arrests have been made on suspicion, but all the suspects have been released, excepting two.

Later reports of to-day's case say that the girl, who is eleven years old, was not killed, but was enticed into the hall of a house and was about to be attacked when her cries attracted attention. Passersby tried to seize the girl's assailant, but he escaped. His appearance tallies with that of the perpetrator of the previous "Jack the Ripper" crimes. The girl was not harmed.

In addition to the attempt on a child to-day and a case of child mutilation that occurred on Saturday, it has now come out that the fourteen-year-old daughter of a barber in the northern quarter of the city was struck and wounded in the arm and foot on the staircase of her house and became unconscious. But her assailant must have been interrupted, as she was not further maltreated.

POWERS' TRIAL ADJOURNED.

Defense Asks for Removal of Presiding Judge Robbins.

Georgetown, Ky., July 29.—When court convened this afternoon, the Commonwealth asked for more time to consider the affidavits to remove Judge Robbins. The defense did not object, but said it wanted a trial as soon as possible. Judge Robbins stated that he also wanted to go over the papers again, and the court adjourned until Tuesday at 9:30 o'clock.

Caleb Powers, who was to have been placed on trial here to-day for the fourth time, is charged with complicity in the murder of William Goebel, seven years ago. On the convening of court, Judge J. C. Sims, of counsel for the defense, stated that his side wished to enter a motion to have Special Judge Robbins, sitting in the case, removed, and he filed an affidavit in support of his motion. The motion was allowed and the affidavit filed.

Mansfield Much Better. Utica, N. Y., July 29.—The reports to-day regarding the condition of Richard Mansfield, the actor, who is now at Saranac Lake, indicate that he is considerably improved as compared with his condition at the time he left New York for Europe several months ago.

Reports last night from Montreal, where he engaged a special train to take him to Saranac Lake, made it appear that he was in a critical state of ill health. To-day it was announced that Mr. Mansfield's health is not greatly impaired, but that he is seeking rest and came to the Adirondacks for that purpose, and a little summer outing.

Always the Same

Tharp's Pure Berkeley Rye

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Foraker's Pointed Paragraphs.

"If we can be given time to discuss this subject, as I propose, I may change my views about it; but, without further advices, it is impossible for me, notwithstanding the high character and the great ability and the distinguished services of Secretary Taft, to favor his candidacy.

"I do not think the State central committee has any authority to pass on any subject, and I do not think it would promote harmony for it to undertake to anticipate the Republican voters of the State.

"I do not think anybody, as Gov. Harris well says, would regard such action as binding. I am sure I would not, and I do not think it could in any way promote party good.

"I think it is premature and bad policy to undertake to inject the Presidential question and national politics into Ohio politics at a time when we are concerned with our municipal elections.

"I do not wonder that Gov. Harris prefers Secretary Taft as his candidate for the Presidency, for on a number of occasions Secretary Taft has taken pains to announce that he is in favor of an immediate revision of the tariff.

"It is because I entertain strong contrary opinions that I have not made any announcement of my candidacy for any office, and, in view of what may be inferred from these expressions, I do not deem it necessary that I should."

AGAINST SECRETARY TAFT

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

been for a convention composed of eight or nine hundred representative Republicans, and such action by the committee would be entitled to correspondingly less credit and respect.

"On a number of occasions heretofore I have stated that so far as I am individually concerned, as a citizen of Ohio and a member of the Republican party, I do not think this question should be determined except only in accordance with the expressed wish of the Republican voters of Ohio, and that in view of the controversies that have arisen, the Republican voters of Ohio should be given an opportunity to be heard before any action is taken by any committee or anybody not chosen by the people to represent them in regard to that matter.

Will Not Promote Harmony.

"In view of what Gov. Harris has said to me, I trust it is not out of place for me to call attention to my former expressions of this view, and to repeat that I do not think the State central committee has any authority to pass on any subject, and I do not think it would promote party harmony for it to undertake to anticipate the Republican voters of the State by speaking in advance of action taken by them.

"I do not think anybody, as Gov. Harris well says, would regard such action as binding. I am sure I would not, and I do not think it could in any way promote party good in our State or advance the cause of Republicanism either in Ohio or elsewhere.

"In addition to these considerations, I think it is premature and a bad policy to undertake in this way to inject the Presidential question and national politics into Ohio politics at a time when we are concerned with our municipal elections with respect to which the voters, who are supporters of every Republican to subordinate everything that might stand in the way of united, harmonious, and successful Republican effort.

Would Interfere with Elections.

"When we are through with the elections of this year, we can take up in an orderly way and without injury to any interest as the next business to be transacted, the settlement of our Presidential preferences.

"I shall at that time, as I have heretofore announced, request the State central committee to order, in accordance with the spirit and declaration of the platform adopted by the convention assembled at Dayton last year, that delegates for the next convention shall be selected in all the counties, at primaries to be duly held under the law as it now stands, or such law as may be then in force.

"In this way we free ourselves entirely from the oft-repeated charges that have been made, with too much ground for them, that the action of our State conventions in recent years has not been governed by the voters, who are supporters to be represented by the delegates, but by a committee, bosses, and small coteries with selfish interests in view.

"I have had admonition and warnings that the people are justly displeased with such practices. We should not stubbornly disregard these warnings.

Candidacy of Taft.

"I learn, also, from the newspapers and otherwise, that it is claimed as a reason for the proposed action that Secretary Taft is the only candidate Ohio has for the Presidency, and that on such account, from sentiments of State pride, we should unite in his support, and that for this reason the committee should take the proposed action at this time so that the whole country may be advised that such a position is to be next year.

"I see it stated almost everywhere in the newspapers as a reason for the claim that Ohio has only one candidate for the Presidency that I have not at any time announced my candidacy for that office. It is true that I have never made any such announcement.

"A candidate for the Presidency must assume, first, the great and serious responsibilities of leading his party in the national campaign, and if successful, as we hope and expect to be, he must then assume the grave and serious responsibilities of administering the Executive office.

In Keeping with Dignity.

"These responsibilities are so grave and so serious that any man might well feel highly complimented and greatly honored to have his fellow-citizens name him in such a connection, but at the same time they are so grave and so serious that any ordinary man might well hesitate to proclaim himself qualified for such responsibilities and prefer to at least wait until invited by his party associates to undertake such duties.

"Such a position is at least more in keeping with the high dignity of the office. Besides, it gives his party associates an opportunity to declare their deliberate, unbiassed, and unembarrassed judgment, which he should be willing to both wait for and abide by.

"It is because I entertain opinions of this kind that I have not made any announcement of my candidacy for any office, and in view of what may be inferred from these expressions, I do not deem it necessary that I should.

Difference Among Republicans.

"This is not a matter to be settled by sentiments of State pride, commendable as they are. If there were no differences of opinion among Republicans, State pride would properly have great weight, but to-day there is a wide difference among Republicans on a question of the most vital character.

"I do not refer to the regulation of railroads and trusts and corporations and inroads in interstate commerce and large aggregations of capital, for on that point there is no substantial difference of opinion among Republicans, except as to the methods that should be resorted to for such regulation. I believe in such

regulation, and was one of the first advocates of it, but I have always advocated methods that are consistent with the Constitution and the spirit of our institutions.

"In this connection I am happy to be able to point to the fact that I helped, as one of a subcommittee of three, to frame and put into its present form the Elkins law, which is now universally conceded to be the most efficient and expeditious statute that has ever been enacted on this subject—worth, measured by practical results, more than all other such statutes combined.

Refers to Tariff Question.

"The question I refer to is not, therefore, regulation of trusts, railroads, and interstate commerce, about which I have said we are all united, but the tariff question.

"We are in the midst of the most unexampled prosperity any nation was ever blessed with.

"I have been traveling about over the State recently. I was told in Hamilton a few days ago that the crying need of that place is more labor; that they could to-day give employment, at the highest standard of wages ever paid, to two to four foreign men more than they can find in their midst.

"I was told only this morning by a prominent manufacturer of Cincinnati, that Cincinnati could give employment to-day, if it could find them, at the highest standard of wages ever paid, to 25,000 more laborers. He said his greatest need was an addition of two hundred more men, at the highest prices he has ever paid, to his payroll. And so it is not only all over the State, but all over the country.

"Our farmers were never so prosperous and never so free from mortgages. They are getting better prices for what their farms produce than ever before.

"Our railroads have more freight to carry than they can accommodate.

"Our volume of money, although the largest and the best we have ever had, is not adequate to meet the legitimate demands of business.

"Our foreign trade has more than doubled in the last ten years, and is increasing every day.

"And yet, notwithstanding this condition of unparalleled prosperity for the whole country, and for all classes, there is a demand not alone from Democrats and theorists and idealists, who are always in favor of revising our tariff downward, but from a number of leading Republicans for an immediate revision of our tariff duties.

"Every Republican has a right to espouse any view he may entertain, and inasmuch as Gov. Harris represents that such is his view, I do not wonder that he prefers Secretary Taft as his candidate for the Presidency, for on a number of occasions, Secretary Taft has taken pains to announce that he is in favor of an immediate revision of our tariff.

"I observe also that most of the leading supporters of Secretary Taft in our State entertain similar views, according to the expressions I have seen attributed to them in the newspapers, notably among them ex-Gov. Horriek and the Hon. Theodore E. Burton.

"When, therefore, we are asked to commit ourselves to the candidacy of Secretary Taft, we must do it with the fact in mind that he entertains the views he has expressed on this subject, and that, if we make him our candidate, the campaign must of necessity be a campaign for a revision downward of the tariff schedules, under which the country has been brought to not only an unprecedented, but universal, prosperity.

"There may be some duties too high, and there may be some too low, and there may come a time, and will, no doubt, when there ought to be some change made, but in view of the results we are now enjoying, I do not think we should enter upon any such work at this time, and I do not believe that we should discredit what the Republican party has done for this country under the policies represented by the Dingley tariff law, by making our campaign of next year an attack upon that statute, especially not until we have some specification as to what duties are to be changed, and by the reasons that are to be offered in support of the changes.

Would Go Before People.

"If we postpone the matter of settling our preference as to a candidate until we can go before the people and discuss this question, as we will have an opportunity to do if we select our delegates to the next convention at primaries, our respective views can be presented and the people can judge between us and thus act intelligently. I think this much due to the farmers and the wage earners, as well as to the manufacturers and other business men of our State, who will necessarily be immediately and seriously affected by the kind of tariff revision.

"If we can be given time to discuss this subject, as I propose, I may change my views about it, but without further advices it is impossible for me, notwithstanding the high character and the great ability and the distinguished services of Secretary Taft, to favor his candidacy.

"Inasmuch as the time is short and this is designed for the public, as well as for

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yourself and the committee, I take the liberty of giving a copy of it to the public press at the same time I put it in the mail."

TAFT WINS IN KENTUCKY.

Fairbanks Leader Defeated for Chairmanship of Convention. Louisville, July 29.—Secretary Taft's supporters won a signal victory in Louisville and the Fifth Congressional district of Kentucky to-day.

A bitter war has been in progress between the Taft and Fairbanks forces in Kentucky for some months. After the ward primaries were held on Saturday, it was conceded that Gov. W. O. Bradley, known as a Fairbanks leader, had made a clean sweep, and had secured the selection of delegates from ten out of twelve wards, pledged to the nomination of James P. Grinstead for mayor and a municipal ticket of old-line Republicans favorable to Fairbanks' candidacy. But to-day the Federal officeholders at the custom-house awakened to the situation.

"What will they say in Washington if Fairbanks captures Louisville?" they asked.

In the convention this afternoon ex-Gov. Bradley and prospective candidate for United States Senator was defeated for chairman of the convention by a vote of 163 to 52. William Marshall Bullitt, a Taft leader, was placed in the chair. Mr. Grinstead's practically unanimous vote dwindled down to a point where he only won by 574 to 574 votes. The slate of old-line Republicans was broken, and with the exception of Mr. Grinstead, the old fusion ticket of 1895, with many ex-Democrats and with Taft men on it, went through like a flash.

MAY INDORSE THE SECRETARY

Ohio State Central Committee Meets at Columbus.

Secretary of War's Managers Using Every Influence to Bring About Desired Action To-day.

Cincinnati, July 29.—The meeting of the Republican State central committee in Columbus to-morrow will be in response to a call by Chairman Brown, of Toledo, ostensibly for the purpose of deciding some contest regarding boards of election in various counties. It is and has been conceded on all hands, tacitly or otherwise, that the matter of prime importance to be considered is the indorsement of Secretary of War W. H. Taft for the Presidency as Ohio's candidate.

The Taft managers have apparently exerted their every influence and power to the end that every candidate receive a hearty send off on the way by the committee, feeling that his candidacy is lacking in a most essential quality, as viewed from the standpoint of other States, so long as his own State has not formally declared for him.

The following of the two Senators, Foraker and Dick, it is claimed, so far as the end that they have in mind, is a hearty send off on the way by the committee, feeling that his candidacy is lacking in a most essential quality, as viewed from the standpoint of other States, so long as his own State has not formally declared for him.

At various times it has been variously claimed that the committee would, and would in the open letter of to-day, in the past few days it has been generally acknowledged that an indorsement of Taft was assured.

What the effect will be of Senator Foraker's argument against such action, as viewed in the open letter of to-day, is a problem discussed at every hand to-night. Will his suggestion that the place should seek the man, not the man the place, be construed as a bid for the coveted indorsement as Ohio's favorite son himself?

SIR LIANG-CHENG HONORED.

Chinese of Honolulu Give Former Minister Brilliant Reception.

Sir Chentung Liang-Cheng, formerly Chinese Minister to this country, who left Washington several weeks ago, having been recalled for promotion, was given a royal reception in Honolulu by members of the different Chinese societies and by his brother-in-law, the consul to Hawaii. The Chinese dignitaries on the island and hundreds of other Chinese met the Minister at the wharf. Whistles of the different Chinese institutions were blown, bands played, and a procession to the consulate followed.

Sir Liang-Cheng was accompanied by his family and suit, numbering twenty persons. From the wharf to the consul's home the Minister was taken in a trolley. All of the Chinamen were dressed in their native costumes and the entertainment at the consulate was entertained in Oriental style. Tea was served and afterward the Minister and party were taken about the city. During the evening there was a big reception in his honor at the Chung Wa club house.

AFIRE, FALLS FROM TRAIN.

Man Cut in Two When Flaming Clothes Blind Him.

York, July 29.—While stealing a ride on a train near Lehigh Gap last night, Charles Bradley, aged thirty-five, an employe of the Thomaville Stone and Lime Company, met a horrible death.

His clothing became ignited from a spark from the locomotive, and enveloped him in a sheet of flame. He was unable to get out of the train until he became blinded, when he dropped between two cars. His body was cut in two.

BURIED CITIES FOUND

Leopold Batres Makes Important Discovery.

RICH IN BEAUTIFUL FRESCOES

Director of Archaeological Works Uncovers Two Villages in Exploration of Ruins of San Juan Teotihuacan—In Order to Facilitate Work Railroad Will Soon Be Built.

City of Mexico, July 29.—Leopold Batres, director of the archaeological works of Mexico, reports a most important discovery at the ruins of San Juan Teotihuacan, near this city.

By his excavations he has found that there were two villages one above the other. In one corner of one of the rooms forming the group of buildings first uncovered he found the polished stones bearing the symbolic figure of the serpent's head. He had them removed, and found under them the end of a gallery with a stone staircase. The exploration was continued along the staircase and the gallery till he discovered several buildings, separated by narrow corridors, and forming a real village, corresponding to that of the upper floor. The work has been done very carefully in order to prevent an accident.

The stair that leads to the lower ruins is barely a hundred yards long, and the construction bears the special character of those forming the upper part of the hall. In the upper ruins there were found some frescoes wonderfully preserved. They will be covered with big glasses in order to prevent their being injured in order to facilitate work of exploration a railroad three miles long will be built.

Senator Batres intends to have everything ready for the visit of Secretary Root, and hopes to have the distinguished statesman escorted there in the most marvellous ruins.

REFUSE TO MAKE DEPOSITIONS.

Witnesses in Eddy Case Will Appear for Oral Examination.

Concord, July 29.—This morning Senator Chandler and Attorney John W. Kelly, for Mrs. Eddy's next friends, appeared before a local magistrate to take the depositions of Calvin A. Frye, H. C. Wilson, and Laura A. Sargent, members of Mrs. Eddy's household, regarding her competency for presentation to the matter recently appointed by the court to hear that feature of the case.

Neither the witnesses nor Mrs. Eddy's counsel appeared. This afternoon the magistrate officer brought the witnesses before the magistrate, where, on advice of counsel, they refused to answer any questions. Gen. Streeter, Mrs. Eddy's counsel, declares that Judge Chamberlain, in appointing the master, ruled that no deposition should be taken in this State. He says the witnesses who refused to talk to-day will appear willingly for oral examination before the master.

CORTLAND PARKER DIES.

Prominent Lawyer Had Refused Many Honors and Worn Others.

Newark, July 29.—Cortland Parker, one of the best known members of the New Jersey bar, died at his home to-night. He was the son of James Parker, long a member of the New Jersey legislature and of Congress, and was born in Perth Amboy in June, 1818.

Mr. Parker declined several appointments and nominations to judgeships, among them judge of the Court of Alabama Claims, Minister to Russia, and Minister to Vienna.

He was sent to Louisiana in 1856 to witness the count of electoral votes and was one of the law revisors in the same year. He was a candidate for the United States Senate several times, and was a member of five general conventions of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He had been president of the American Bar Association, the State Bar Association, and the Essex County Bar Association.

TRACE FIRE TO "BLACK HAND."

Police Believe Incendiaries Caused Coney Island Blaze.

New York, July 29.—While there is no positive evidence that the fire which swept clear thirty-five acres of Coney Island, the neighborhood that Achille had complained of the poor business he was doing, and had said he intended to get rid of the store the first of the month.

Francisco Achille, a brother of the grocer, said he saw Achille at 8:30 o'clock, in front of the store, but others in the neighborhood said they were sure they saw him and his daughter there at 11:15 o'clock, not long before the fire occurred.

The total death list from the fire was nineteen, including seven men, seven women, and five children. All except one woman, who died in Bellevue Hospital, were killed outright.

HISTORIC MACE AT FAIR.

Will Be Used To-day in Celebration of House of Burgesses Day.

Special to The Washington Herald. Fort Smith, Va., July 29.—The mace presented by King George II to the Colony of Virginia, and used in the house of burgesses until the Revolutionary War, is the latest relic added to the historical exhibit at the Jamestown Exposition.

It was brought here to-day by Miss Nannie Heth, of Washington, daughter of the late Gen. Heth, of the Confederate army, and will be placed in the fire-proof history building after its use to-morrow at the celebration in the Auditorium of House of Burgesses Day.

UNCONSCIOUS WITH GAS ON.

Mary Dorsey Said to Have Been Drowned Over Lovers' Quarrel.

Mary Dorsey, twenty-three years of age, in the service of Miss Mabel Gibson, 612 I street southwest, attempted suicide late last night by inhaling gas. A lovers' quarrel is said by the police to have been the cause.

Miss Gibson detected an odor of gas and went to the girl's room, and found Miss Dorsey stretched out on the floor with one end of a rubber tube attached to the gas jet and the other end thrust into her mouth. The gas was turned on full, and the girl was unconscious. She was taken to the Emergency Hospital, where the doctors said she will recover.

Titan Pictures Discovered.

London, July 30.—The Milan correspondent of the Tribune says that two important pictures by Titian have been discovered in a church in the village of Treil, Dalmatia. One represents the Magdalen and the other the Descent from the Cross. The painter, Parmigianino, of Treviso, found them. He says they are of great value.

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FIRE EMPTIES HOTEL.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

same way, Paul Pappé, of Manhattan, a guest, and James Wall, a colored porter. There was a good deal of looting in the hotel during the fire. Many women complained to Manager Quinn that when they had got back to their rooms, after having left them in the first alarm, they found that some one had been there before them and run off with their jewels.

The Long Island Railroad sent a force of twelve railroad detectives, with revolvers and rifles, down on the first train, which reached the beach shortly after 7 o'clock. There Deputy Sheriff Coxy took command and rounded up four men who had been emptied in or around the hotel, and put them under arrest on a charge of grand larceny.

The money loss among the guests was large. The majority had considerable sums in their rooms, which were lost. Mrs. John Simpson, wife of the Park Row pawnbroker, was hysterical over the loss of jewels which she said were worth \$50,000. Mrs. R. E. Cartwright said she either lost \$30,000 worth of diamonds or that they were stolen. They were not in the room when she returned to get them.

At 9 o'clock a special train of ten coaches was sent from Long Island City. This carried away about 500 of the more helpless and unfortunate guests.

TO FIX FIRE RESPONSIBILITY.

Detectives Hunt Italian Whose Store Burned with Loss of 10 Lives.

New York, July 29.—Lieut. Petrosino and a half dozen members of his staff, together with most of the plain clothes men, were hunting to-day for Nicola Achille, proprietor of the grocery store on the ground floor of No. 222 Chrystie street, where the fire started that killed nineteen persons in the tenement house at that number late Sunday night.

Coroner Shraedy, who spent most of the day around the building with Deputy Fire Marshal Gough and the detectives, decided to-day that it was necessary to find Achille before the cause of the fire could be definitely learned. The fact that Achille failed to put in an appearance, although it was not generally known that the authorities wanted him, made the police and the coroner all the more certain that they ought to have him.

The detectives learned to-day that Achille made a business of buying and selling small grocery stores, and had started in at the Chrystie street place over a year ago, having owned it once before. They were told by Italians living in the neighborhood that Achille had complained of the poor business he was doing, and had said he intended to get rid of the store the first of the month.

Francisco Achille, a brother of the grocer, said he saw Achille at 8:30 o'clock, in front of the store, but others in the neighborhood said they were sure they saw him and his daughter there at 11:15 o'clock, not long before the fire occurred.

The total death list from the fire was nineteen, including seven men, seven women, and five children. All except one woman, who died in Bellevue Hospital, were killed outright.

WOULD-BE RESCUER KILLED.

Georgian Falls Trying to Get Friend from Car