

SURGEON WYMAN GIVES WARNING

Issues Circular To-day on Tetanus Precautions.

DANGER ON FOURTH OF JULY

Ascerts that in Five Years There Have Been 721 Deaths from Lockjaw as Result of Annual Fourth of July Celebrations—Formula of Treatment of Wounds is Given.

Believing that neglect of proper precautions against tetanus in dressing wounds resulting from the celebration of the Fourth of July is responsible for many of the deaths which follow the holiday, Surgeon General Wyman, of the Marine Hospital Service, will to-day send out a general warning in the Public Health Report.

In the last five years there have been 721 cases of tetanus as the result of the annual Fourth of July celebration, of which 721 have died, a mortality of 92 per cent. Six hundred and eight, or 89 per cent, of the cases resulted from blank cartridge wounds. The number of cases resulting from blank cartridge wounds has steadily decreased from 381 in 1903 to 52 in 1907, but the cases following other wounds have not fluctuated.

This warrants the belief that while wounds from blank cartridges are properly cared for, other hurts are not scientifically treated. The cartridges lead in the number of cases of tetanus following July 4 with 608 in the last five years. Giant crackers come next with 77, while cannon crackers are credited with 21, firearms 20, and powder 49.

Prepared the Warning. The warning, which was prepared by Passed Assistant Surgeon John F. Anderson, gives the following explanation of the origin and operation of the tetanus bacillus:

"The bacillus of tetanus, or its spore form, is found in earth, especially garden earth, stable manure, the dust of the streets, stables, and human habitations. The feces of healthy animals, such as the horse, cow, dog, and even man, may contain tetanus spores.

"When tetanus spores are introduced under the skin, they at once germinate, if oxygen is excluded, and begin to elaborate tetanus toxin. In a short time it appears in the blood, which carries it to all parts of the body, where it is absorbed by the motor nerve-endings which are bathed in the toxin-laden fluid. The nerves supplying the jaws, especially the masseteric, seem to have an exaggerated affinity for the poison, which explains the early trismus.

"The affinity of the nerves for the toxin and its subsequent binding by them explains why tetanus anti-toxin is of little value after the symptoms have appeared. Antitoxin can, however, neutralize any new toxin that may be formed in cases in which the focus has not been removed.

"Physicians often treat blank cartridge wounds as a serious character, as trivial, says T. Waning, 'contracted as trismus,' by picking out the plainly seen pieces of wad, powder, etc., and applying a dressing. In a few days the patient returns with symptoms of tetanus, and then, when it is too late, antitoxin is given, the wound is thoroughly cleaned out, and perhaps a piece of wad or clothing found in it.

"It should be an invariable procedure that all Fourth of July wounds be laid fully open under local or, preferably, general anesthesia, and all foreign material and necrotic or badly injured tissue removed, as the presence of blood clots and necrotic tissue favor anaerobic conditions, which are essential for the development of the tetanus organism.

"After the wound has been thoroughly cleaned out, it should be swabbed out with strong carbolic acid, at least 2 per cent, followed by a washing with 5 per cent alcohol, to prevent further action of the acid. Strong surgeons use peroxide of hydrogen instead of carbolic acid.

"After cauterization, by whatever method used, the wound should be thoroughly washed out with a 1:1,000 or 1:2,000 solution of bicarbonate of mercury and packed with gauze soaked in a saturated solution of salicylic or boric acid and a large wet dressing of the same solution applied. In no case should the wound be closed, but it should be allowed to heal by granulation. The dressing and packing should be renewed every day."

Treatment of Wounds.

The following treatment for Fourth of July injuries is suggested: "Incise freely every wound. "Carefully and thoroughly remove from the wound every particle of foreign matter.

"Cauterize the wound thoroughly with 2 per cent carbolic acid. "Apply loosely a wet pack of 2.5 per cent carbolic acid.

THREE NEGROES DROWN.

Two Men Slip from Dock and Boy is Seized with Cramps. Three negroes were drowned yesterday. Two were men, and were drowned while trying to jump aboard river steamers, and the third was a boy, who lost his life while swimming in Rock Creek.

Yesterday morning Alexander Fowler, fifty years old, of 99 L street southwest, a watchman employed at Riley's wharf, tried to jump from the wharf to the deck of the steamer Arrowsmith. He slipped and plunged into the water. His body was recovered and taken to the morgue.

Lewis Johnson, twelve years old, of 1218 Twentieth street northwest, was drowned at 3:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Johnson was swimming with a number of other negro boys in Rock Creek, opposite the sewer under the F street bridge. He was taken with cramps and sunk before his companions could rescue him. The body was taken to the morgue.

In trying to board the steamer River Queen, at 6:30 o'clock yesterday evening, George Ouden, twenty-four years old, of 3119 Congress alley northwest, lost his footing and fell into the river. He was drowned before assistance reached him. The body was recovered in six minutes. Dr. R. J. Yates, of the Emergency Hospital, examined the man and pronounced him dead.

BASEBALL STARS—No. 18.



GEN. JOHN M. WILSON, Substitute. Getting ready to bunt in the game for Playground Fund.

A. E. DAVIS DROWNED

Clerk in War Department Loses Life in Creek.

SWIMMING NEAR BALTIMORE

Jumped into Water from Boat and Suddenly Sank—Horace G. Seitz Almost Loses Life in Trying to Save His Friend—Supposed to Have Suffered from Cramps.

Alfred Edward Davis, forty years old, a clerk in the office of the chief engineer of the War Department, boarding at 723 Eighteenth street northwest, was drowned in Colgate Creek, near Baltimore, yesterday afternoon.

Davis, who was a member of the Washington Cricket Club, had gone to the clubhouse of the Baltimore cricket team of the Sons of St. George to participate in a game. Near the end of the contest Davis withdrew, resigning his turn at the bat in favor of a teammate, James Quinn.

With Horace G. Seitz, of 3742 Holmead place in this city, Davis hired a boat. Opposite the cricket grounds he jumped into the creek for a swim.

It is thought he was taken with cramps, for he suddenly sank. Seitz, in trying to save Davis, was nearly drowned. He was dragged from the water by a member of the Baltimore club, who had been attracted by the cries of the men and women.

An Intimate Friend.

Anthony A. Sousa, of the Post-office Department, brother of Philip Sousa, the bandmaster, left Washington late in the afternoon to take charge of the body. He was an intimate friend of the drowned man.

Davis was a widower, and left a child. He has a number of relatives living in various parts of the country. Among the letters found in the pockets of his coat was one signed "Stella Florence," giving the address of 914 West Grand street, Seattle, Wash. Another letter was from a brother, H. H. Davis, living at Colorado Springs. A letter was found from Herbert S. Davis, of the special department of the New York World, a cousin of the dead man. Herbert Davis stated in the letter that his father, Rev. Charles A. Davis, a Baptist minister, of England, would arrive in this country in July, to succeed Dr. Minnitzer as pastor of a Baptist church in Boston.

He stated further he thought it possible that his cousin, Alfred Davis, could be traced to the Harvard Laundry station, which he took the place of Dr. J. B. Muir during the month of August.

TOLD A THRILLING STORY.

Leo Hart Said to Have Confessed to a Theft. Leo Hart, eighteen years old, of 1017 North Capitol street, who was wanted by the local police on a charge of embezzling \$20 from the Harvard Laundry Company, walked into a Philadelphia police station in a half-starved and weakened condition yesterday morning and asked for funds to bring him back to this city.

Hart told Lieut. Murphy he was a driver for the Harvard Laundry Company, and on Tuesday collected \$5. When he had stashed his horse, he said, he found an office closed and started for home. His story was that while crossing Judiciary Square a highwayman jumped from a clump of bushes and pressed a handkerchief saturated with chloroform against his nose, and then went through his pockets. He said that on Thursday morning he regained consciousness in a freight car with 25 cents in his pockets.

After wandering in a dazed condition for a time, he learned where he was, and tried to get money to take him home. He spent his last quarter for breakfast, and had not eaten anything since. He was given a meal and held pending investigation.

The Washington police were notified and Capt. Boardman sent Detective Burlingame to Philadelphia. On the return trip to this city the young man is said to have confessed to having taken \$12 from the laundry company, and that the story he told the Philadelphia police was invented because he was hungry and wanted to get back to Washington.

Charge.

Hart is locked up at Station No. 1 and will be given a hearing this morning. It is said the laundry company will not press the charge.

Henry Walker Goes West.

New York, June 21.—Harry Walker, William J. Bryan's representative in this city, has left for Denver. Mr. Walker will make stops in Chicago and Milwaukee, where he intends to do a little missionary work. He will also visit Lincoln and report before he continues to Denver.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At St. Paul—First game: Toledo, 4; St. Paul, 5. Second game: Toledo, 9; St. Paul, 6. At Minneapolis—Louisville, 5; Minneapolis, 0. At Kansas City—Kansas City, 4; Columbus, 1. At Milwaukee—Indianapolis, 3; Milwaukee, 1.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Des Moines—Des Moines, 2; Omaha, 3. At Sioux City—First game: Sioux City, 1; Pueblo, 3. Second game: Sioux City, 0; Pueblo, 6. At Omaha—Lincoln, 4; Denver, 4.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

At Memphis—New Orleans, 4; Memphis, 4.

CLERGYMAN LAUDS DEAD VOLUNTEERS

Rev. Dr. R. S. Wright Principal Speaker at Service.

"PATRIOTISM" IS HIS THEME

McKendree M. E. Church Crowded with Relatives and Friends of the Survivors of the District of Columbia Volunteers of 1861—J. D. Ford Calls Roll of Departed Comrades.

Fifty members of the Survivors' Association of the District of Columbia Volunteers of 1861 assembled at the McKendree M. E. Church, Massachusetts avenue near Ninth street northwest, last evening to pay tribute to their departed brothers and to listen to words of praise by Rev. R. L. Wright, D. D., pastor.

The services were simple, but significant of the purpose for which the large audience gathered. The veterans, who were the first to defend the National Capital in the civil war, silently concurred in the praises heaped upon their fallen brothers by reverently bowing their heads.

March into the Church.

Amid the strains of "Onward, Christian Soldiers," the old soldiers marched into the church at the beginning of the services. After preliminary prayers and hymns, W. H. Braund, president of the association, made a speech, explaining the motives that prompted the memorial.

J. D. Ford was introduced to read the names of those who have died within the past year. The roll-call of those who have answered the last summons was the principal part of the ceremonies.

Rev. Dr. Wright began his sermon by welcoming the veterans to the church on behalf of the congregation. He said, in part: "We deem it appropriate that you should assemble for worship at this season of the year, when the public heart turns almost instinctively to the spot where sleeps our patriotic dead. For another winter has lifted its icy clutch from the form of nature. The warm sunshine of spring again brings joy and life into the world. The majestic mountains again wear their lovely robes of tender foliage, and the valleys wave with rich, dark grain. The songs of the birds from the tree tops fill the air with strains of sweetest music, and on every hand are the evidence of life and joy.

"But in the midst of these impressions there comes rushing in upon us the remembrance of friends, loved ones and comrades who once enjoyed these scenes with us. Their hearts once thrilled with the same impulses that stir us to-day. Could they but stand by our side tonight, their whole being would respond with the same deep, subtle, and indescribable influences that take possession of us."

"Your presence in this house of God this evening testifies that while the Grim Reaper in the last year had made vacancies in your ranks, it is not as if you were bound together by the common link of patriotism and love of country. You are still your brothers, and that you were bound together by the common link of patriotism and love of country.

Heart that Does Not Thrill.

"Dull and insensible in the extreme is the heart that does not thrill with true patriotism as we contemplate our national greatness and God's providential leadership over us. We believe our American people need but little exhortation along this line. It seems to be innate in the heart of every son of American soil. I know of no country that excels ours in true devotion to national institutions. There seems to be something in the vast cities in your territory, in the pure freedom of her very atmosphere that fills each breast with the breath of patriotism.

"Like the giant oak that covers the mountain sides and sends their roots down between huge boulders until they are fastened to the granite pillars of the everlasting hills, so the principles of patriotism have imbedded their roots in the depths of honest hearts until it is as if a bulwark against every enemy in the world. It is these principles of patriotism that have ever kept a multitude of men such as you gathered here to-night ready at a moment's notice to obey your country's call for volunteers.

"Perhaps you are safe in saying that outside of the religion of Christ, patriotism is the strongest impulse that ever takes possession of the human heart. Patriotism and the love of country are closely related to religion. The man who truly loves his country will have some just appreciation of God as the Supreme Ruler and head of the nation.

"A fountain in Pennsylvania principle. It was ascertained that the receipts of a soda fountain for one day in the excessive heat period is \$100, and that the ordinary day's sale amounts to \$25.

In the saloons it was learned there is an increase of about 50 per cent in the sale of drinks during the hot days. There is also a noted difference in the kind of drinks sold. Beer drinking noticeably increases, and whiskey drinking falls off. There is considerable demand for various kinds of punches, lemonade, and soft drinks, to the exclusion of alcoholic beverages.

Religious Patriotism.

"The patriotism held by you men here to-night was a patriotism that pressed you to the point of self-forgetfulness and self-sacrifice until you were able to confront with faces unpalated the belching fire of artillery and the blaze of musketry. That was a religious patriotism that made you fear to disregard God's truth, or rebel against His leadership. The result was victory perched upon your banners. So it was with Washington and his band of heroes who conquered the combined forces of Great Britain. That kind of patriotism, which is simply a scramble for office and spoils, which reaches the goal of selfish ambition by wading neck deep in the mire of political dishonesty, is not patriotism at all. It is a selfishness that shouts itself hoarse over the victories.

NEW DOMINICAN TARIFF.

Many of the Present Schedules Will Be Reduced. A new tariff law is being prepared for the republic of Santo Domingo, and it will be submitted to the Dominican Congress in a few weeks.

The present tariff schedule of the Dominican republic is antiquated and unsuited to the economic conditions prevailing on the island, and a revision is necessary in order to properly develop the industries of the island, as well as to provide revenue without such a burden of taxation upon the people of the republic as now exists. In many schedules the present duties will be considerably lowered.

The republic of Santo Domingo has been unusually prosperous during the last several years, since the United States has supervised the collection of the customs duties and has administered the fiscal affairs of the government. Under an agreement with the Dominican republic, the foreign creditors are being paid on the basis of 20 per cent of their holdings in cash and the remainder in bonds. Every year the sum of \$100,000 is to be set aside for the payment of the bonds as they mature.

Ocean Steamships.

New York, June 21.—Arrived out: New York, at Southampton; Caronia, at Liverpool. Sailed from foreign ports: Campania, from Liverpool.

BOYS BITTEN BY DOGS.

Three of the Canines Killed and One Supposed to Be Mad. Two boys were bitten by dogs yesterday, and three canines were killed. The intense heat was accountable for bad temper in the dogs, and only one was supposed to be mad.

George Watson, eight years old, of 1346 East Capitol street northeast, was bitten on the right leg while playing in front of his home at 6 o'clock last night. The wound was treated by Dr. Watson, father of the boy. The dog is owned by William Wilcher, of 1345 East Capitol street, and will be killed.

While playing in front of his home, 1306 Fifth street northwest, at 6 o'clock yesterday evening, Clarence Baker, a negro, six years old, was bitten on the left arm by a dog owned by P. F. Collins, of 1302 Fifth street. The boy was treated at the Homeopathic Hospital. The dog was supposed to be mad.

G. F. Hilton shot and killed a supposed mad dog at Sixth and E streets southwest yesterday afternoon. A supposed mad dog was killed by Private J. L. Farmer, of the Anacostia substation, in the afternoon, and J. T. Jackson shot a fox terrier a short time later. The fox terrier was suffering from heat, and was killed in front of 228 E street southwest.

YEAR'S LONGEST DAY

Yesterday Official Summer Was Ushered in Hot.

PECULIAR FREAK OF WEATHER

Rain Fell in Certain Sections of City, Interfering with Open-air Meetings, While in Downtown District Sun Shone—Good Days for Ice Man and Soda Fountain Owners.

In addition to the fact that yesterday was the longest day in the year it was also the beginning of "official summer." While June 21, according to the calendar, is the beginning of summer, and the longest day in the year, to-day and tomorrow will be of about the same length. The sun was up yesterday morning at 4:42 o'clock, and retired last night at 7:37 o'clock. It rises and sets at the same time to-day. To-morrow it rises at 4:43 and sets at 7:37 o'clock. It will continue to rise at 4:43 o'clock until June 23, and will set at 7:37 o'clock until June 23, and from June 23 to June 30 it will set at 7:38 o'clock.

This year June 21 was hotter than the same date in 1906 and 1907. The temperature on June 21, 1906, was 83 degrees; in 1907 it was 85 degrees, and yesterday it was 89 degrees.

Heat Felt in City.

The continuance of the hot wave, which has been prevalent throughout the country for the last week, was felt in Washington more yesterday, perhaps, than at any time.

A peculiar weather freak occurred yesterday afternoon, which, to some extent, was the cause of a slight drop of the thermometer. In certain sections of the city there was rain, while in other sections the sun shone clear and hot.

While Y. M. C. A. open-air services were being held in Franklin Park, about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the meeting was brought to a stop by a heavy shower. At the same time in Mount Pleasant the citizens were witnessing an electrical storm. Down town, in the vicinity of Fifteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue, the sun was shining. In Montgomery County, Md., there were flashes of lightning and peals of thunder, but no rain fell.

The statistician of the health department said hot waves were in the nature of calamities. His idea is that the extreme heat results in a vast increase of illness and mortality.

Conditions attendant upon a temperature of 89 to 100 degrees each day vastly increase the sale of all kinds of cooling beverages. Ice is in great demand, and the facilities for its manufacture and distribution are taxed to the utmost during the hot spell.

According to an estimate furnished by an ice man, about 2,000 tons of ice a day are distributed in Washington in the ordinary hot weather, but if the present heat wave continues, the consumption may exceed 7,000 tons a day. It is sold at an average of 35 per ton, which would mean an outlay of \$240,000 for ice alone for five days.

Peeps Soda Fountain Man.

Inquiry was made at one of the principal soda fountains in Pennsylvania avenue. It was ascertained that the receipts of a soda fountain for one day in the excessive heat period is \$100, and that the ordinary day's sale amounts to \$25.

Local Temperature.

At midnight, 74; 2 a. m., 73; 4 a. m., 71; 6 a. m., 72; 8 a. m., 74; 10 a. m., 85; 12 noon, 86; 2 p. m., 87; 4 p. m., 86; 6 p. m., 81; 8 p. m., 78; 10 p. m., 75.

Temperatures in Other Cities.

Temperatures in other cities, together with the amount of rain for the twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. yesterday, are as follows:

Table with columns: City, Max., Min., 8 p. m., Rain. Includes Asheville, N. C., Atlanta, Ga., Baltimore, Md., etc.

Tide Table.

To-day—High tide, 2:30 a. m. and 3 p. m.; low tide, 9:45 a. m. and 9:35 p. m.

Condition of the Water.

Special to The Washington Herald. Hoppers Ferry, W. Va., June 21.—Potomac clear and streambed muddy.

GOING TO THE BEACH

Street Railway Employees Plan Excursion Thursday.

MONEY GOES TO RELIEF FUND

Frolic Planned for Benefit of Association, Which Includes Nearly All of 1,000 Men Employed by Washington Railway and Electric Company—Athletic Events Arranged.

All the world loves a frolic now and then, and what is declared to be one of the most favorable occasions for such a diversion is the outing of the Washington Railway Relief Association to Chesapeake Beach Thursday.

This event will serve a double purpose. It will be a means of amusement and an outlet for the benevolent impulse, for the excursion will be in the interest of the relief association. There are more than 1,000 persons in the employ of the Washington Railway and Electric Company, and it is said that 95 per cent are members of the relief association, which exerts a wonderful influence for the general uplift of the railway workers.

The by-laws provide for dues of \$1 a month from each member. He is allowed \$2 a week and medical attention when sickened. Trains will be in the event of the demise of a member, the widow is granted \$250.

The Washington Railway and Electric Company has taken cognizance of the good work the association of its employees is capable of, and, at its own expense, fitted up and maintains handsome club rooms on E street near Ninth.

Company Entertains Men.

The railway officials also entertain the association members with six stag entertainments each year, together with a ladies' night. At Christmas time the children of the employees are given a notable Santa Claus frolic.

This relief association has accomplished a great amount of good among a great army of employees, and it is said that the traveling public each year takes a livelier interest in its affairs. It finds particular expression in the annual excursion of the association, the proceeds of which are used to replenish the employees' ready relief fund.

Fred. J. Mersheimer, of the official staff of the railway company, is again at the helm this year for the employees' outing, and the indications are that the attendance will be greater than ever.

Chesapeake Beach will be at the disposal of the railway men and their friends next Thursday. Trains will run both ways about every half hour throughout the day, and there will be amusements galore at the beach, in addition to the many and varied attractions which the resort affords.

Prof. M. A. Joyce has arranged a list of athletic events for the day that will give one another in interest, and prominent men of the National Capital, representing the official board of the Washington Railway and Electric Company, will be the judges.

Official Judges.

The officials for the athletic sports, which will be conducted under the direction of Prof. M. A. Joyce, are the following:

Judges—Clarence F. Norment, Gen. George H. Harris, Ward Thron, H. W. Fuller, W. F. Ham, J. E. Sinclair, F. J. Whitehead, J. T. Moffett, C. S. Kimball, E. S. Marlow, E. B. Burritt, C. E. Brown, H. M. Browning, and A. S. Parry.

The event has been arranged for under the direction of the employees' outing, the excursion committee, consisting of the excursion committee: F. J. Mersheimer, chairman; William N. De Neale, vice chairman; J. T. Moffett, treasurer; F. G. Whitney, secretary, and H. H. Jones, secretary.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau. Washington, Sunday, June 21, 1908. 8 p. m. Warm, except along Lake Ontario, while west of the mountains temperatures are quite low, ranging from 20 to 25 degrees below the seasonal average over the middle and northern districts.

There have been thunder showers in the Upper Mississippi Valley, the Southern Upper Lake and Western Lower Lake regions. This condition, the South Atlantic and Gulf States. Showers continued over the northern districts west of the Rocky Mountains.

Pressure is once more rising in the Northwest, while the depression over the West appears to be losing its strength. The low area will advance slowly eastward, accompanied by more moderate temperatures Monday in the Rocky Mountain region, Tuesday in the West Valley, Wednesday in the Missouri and Upper Mississippi valleys, and Thursday in the Ohio Valley.

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TO-DAY.

"Opening" the season for Sailor Hats. Note to-day's special prices: 79c for the \$1 straight-brim Sailor; 98c for the \$1.50 Mushroom Sailor; \$5.50 for the \$6.50 Panama Hat, with sash trimming.



The opening of the Sailor and the Panama season means the closing of the season for Dress Hats. Note the following finally reduced prices for all Trimmed Dress Hats:

Table with columns: Price, Hat Type. \$3.00 \$5 Hats, \$5.00 \$10 Hats, \$10.00 \$15 Hats, \$15.00 \$20 Hats.

25c for Any \$1.00 Untrimmed Hat.

Table with columns: Price, Hat Type. \$1 Flowers, 49c, 75c Flowers, 38c, 50c Flowers, 19c, 25c Flowers, 5c.

The drummers' samples of New York's leading importers are included among the flowers quoted above, and lovely specimens will be found of Roses, Poppies, Daisies, Violets, Hydrangeas, various bouquets, and foliage.

The Palais Royal, G St., 11th St. A. LISNER.

SAILORS CHEW TO TEST WEED.

Navy Department to Purchase Chewing Tobacco for Use by Tars. The Navy Department will in a few weeks purchase 100,000 pounds of chewing tobacco for the bluejackets of the navy.

A board of paymasters will be convened at the New York Navy Yard to make a scientific test of the qualities of the samples of raw plug submitted by the various tobacco manufacturers.

A board of paymasters will assist the paymasters in testing the quality of the samples submitted. The jackets will be experienced tobacco chewers, and will make a practical test of all the samples submitted.

Bluejackets in the navy like a tobacco which is sweet, and for many years a special brand has been manufactured for their use.

Tobacco chewing in the navy, however, is on the wane. Sailors seem to be turning toward cigarette smoking. The Surgeon General of the Navy, in his last annual report, said cigarette smoking in the navy was becoming so widespread that steps would soon have to be taken to restrict it.

Glick Buried To-day.

Funeral services for William A. Glick, of 49 U street northwest, who died on a train bound from Tucson, Ariz., to this city on Tuesday last, will be held this afternoon at Glenwood Chapel. Rev. N. O. Baker, pastor of the Church of the Atonement, will officiate. Interment will be at Glenwood Cemetery. The pallbearers selected are Henry Eberly, Harry Eberly, Frank Hanmon, J. Harry Glick, and James Johnson.

"Meet Me at Keane's"

It's such a cool, comfortable place to drop in for an hour's chat over a bite and a sup of the best food and drink.

KEANE'S Chop House

Downstairs, Fourteenth and F Sts. N. W.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

National Metropolitan Fire Insurance Company, District of Columbia. At