PRELATE IS HONORED

Citizens Give Reception in Honor of Bishop Harding.

ALL CHURCHES REPRESENTED

Brilliant Scene Is Presented in the Red Room of the New Willard, Where Five Thousand Bid the Former Rector of St. Paul's Church Godspeed in His High Office.

Sweeping aside all distinctions of creed and class and all the petty cleavages of the secular life, the citizens of Washington flocked to a reception in honor of the second Bishop of Washington and Mrs. Harding last evening. The red room of the New Willard presented a brilliant scene from 8 o'clock until a silken rope was finally thrown across the threshold three hours later.

The reception came at the close of the greatest day in the life of Bishop Harding. In the morning the solemn ritual of consecration was carried out, when the church bade him assume the episcopal habit. Scarcely was this splendid ceremony of the priesthood over, making its heavy demand upon the physical as well as the spiritual resources of the one thus honored, when the new bishop was called upon to undergo a severer but none the less indespensable ordeal—that of receiving a tribute of affection from his fellow-citizens of this Capital.

Bishop Harding Grateful.

"I am deeply grateful to all my fellow-citizens," said Bishop Harding last night. "It has been a notable evening, and a real spiritual uplift. I particularly desire to thank the clergymen of other denominations who honored me by coming to this reception. Hundreds of those who came had neither churchly nor personal relations with me, and it is their tribute I appreciate most, for I know that their support in many an effort for the moral and spiritual upbuilding of this city will be extended to me."

When the doors swung open at 8 o'clock, "Peacock alley" was flooded with dazzling color and jammed with hundreds eager to reach the bishop's side. The spectacle was enhanced by the masses of smartly frocked women waiting upon the steps that lead to the north entrance. Gay, alluring music echoed about the corridors, laughter rang about, all was in the spirit o a brilliant social function. Young girls, all charmingly dressed, ruled the scene at the outset, and the elders gave way to their ardor. They were the first to extend their blushing congratulations to the new bishop.

St. Paul's pride in its former rector was plain to be seen. All the Episcopal churches of the city were strongly represented, but none hovered about the prelate with such affection and with such welcome to the stranger as did his former parishioners. Bishop Harding and his wife stood in a bower on the east side of the red room, and to all who came aimed to give a real message of greeting far beyond the commonplaces of the formal reception. In this the prelate succeeded. He threw himself into the spirit of the thing unreservedly, and a spiritual glow was in his eye and in his hand-shake. Mrs. Harding was in equally good spirits.

Five Thousand Present.

The stream of visitors rose to the flood at 9:30 o'clock, when the red room was a dense mass of humanity. Bell hops cried vainly, "The right entrance out, please," but all attempts to break up the crush failed. It is estimated that at least 5,000 persons attended the reception. At Bishop Harding's side stood another noted prelate, Bishop Walker, of Western New York, who has made many warm friends in his short stay here.

From the clerical point of view the scene was rich in contrasts. Young students from the theological seminaries touched elbows with grave bishops, who had acted as co-consecrators; lay readers, assistant rectors, and a multitude of smaller differences within the theological pale were to be distinguished.

But it was not the clerics, but the laymen, who were in the ascendant. The tribute came not from churchmen, but from the citizenship of Washington. It was an outpouring bent on doing honor such as the highest may have been proud to receive, and the second Bishop of Washington was not slow to discern its spiritual significance, nor the prophecy it gave of a splendid future in his office.

Committee on Arrangements.

Members of the Churchmen's Guild, who managed the event, included Dr. A. B. Young, Col. George Truesdell, E. Looker, A. K. Parris, B. Adams, W. B. Dent, A. S. Brown, R. Chew, John Weaver, A. M. Poynter, F. W. McReynolds, and Z. D. Blackistone.

Washington bids Bishop Harding Godspeed, serenely confident that he will maintain the traditions of his seat established by his saintly predecessor, Henry Yates Satterlee.

CABLES $200,000 TO ITALY.

Half of Funds Are for Helpless Widows and Children.

The National Red Cross Society cabled $200,000 yesterday to Ambassador Griscom for the Messina earthquake sufferers. The transfer was made through the State Department.

It was directed by the Red Cross that one-half of this money be delivered to the Queen's orphanage fund for the aid of the helpless widows and children and the rest to the professional men's rehabilitation fund.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

By the terms of the will of Joseph H. Painter, filed for probate yesterday, his entire estate goes to his only sister, Lillian Sharpless Painter. The document is dated June 19, 1906.

The will of Melville Emory Dayton, dated June 1, last, and filed for probate, bequeaths his law books in his former office, 918 F street northwest, to his friend, Howell Bartle, and the remainder of his property to his wife, Fanny Elizabeth Dayton.

The will of Timothy John O'Connell, dated January 26, 1906, was filed for probate yesterday. All the real estate of the testator goes to Stephen and Mary Tobin, and all the personal property to the mother, Honora Mohony. James Mohony is named executor, without bond.

The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Bayard, who died at her residence, 1229 Connecticut avenue, will be held this morning from the residence of her sister-in-law, Mrs. J. H. Smith, 1224 Connecticut avenue. Rev. George B. Stone, of St. James' Episcopal Church, will officiate. The interment will be in Rock Creek Cemetery.

Eleven children of the late Elizabeth Harper are made equal beneficiaries by the terms of her will, dated November 11, 1904, and filed for probate. The testator died December 29, last. The children are Joseph G., John W., Benjamin P., Samuel A., Lucy A., Catherine E., Mary E., Charles E., Clare V., and George T. Harper. George Harper is named executor.

Mary I. Hanson, by the terms of her will, filed for probate yesterday, bequeaths to her daughter, Susan B. Hanson, the proceeds of the recent sale of the property at 1228 Massachusetts avenue northwest, together with all the furniture in the house. The remainder of the estate is divided equally between Susan Hanson, who is named executor, without bond, and another daughter, Eleanor Grafton Miller. The document is dated October 31, last.

EPIGRAMS FROM BISHOP WOODCOCK'S SERMON.

Fidelity as a Christian does not impede the action, liberty, and obedience of a citizen.

No nation will long survive whose people have lost their veneration for the past and their reverence for the present.

If there be any nation in all the world that is without sin, let her be the first to cast a stone at America.

This is not so much an age of corruption as it is an age of exposure.

Respect for law boasts of no skill to drive a four-in-hand through any statute.

The image of Caesar is stamped on a coin, the image of God is stamped on the soul.

DR. HARDING DONS EPISCOPAL ROBES

Continued from Page One.

church, or what he shall "render to God." He gave a convincing differentiation of the two duties, explaining that they were complimentary and not antagonistic.

Congregation Attentive.

His peculiarly clear and musical voice, combined with his splendid oratory, kept the congregation in a state of rapt attention during the entire sermon.

Bishop Woodcock defined two duties to the State, pride of citizenship and obedience to law, and named two duties to the church—love and service.

Christianity and Politics.

He said, in part:

Political obligations must arise where political rights are enjoyed. These have a claim upon us from which there is no escape save through dishonor. But while they have high claim upon us, they are not the only requisites nor the highest demands. Caesar assesses us, God claims us. Thus, while the secular and spiritual, perforce, ever must be in contrast, it is man, and not God, who puts them in conflict.

Obedience to duty need not, and, rightly understood, cannot lead to a clash of duties. Loyalty as a citizen in no way interrupts or inhibits faithfulness as a Christian. Nor, conversely, does fidelity as a Christian impede the action, liberty, and obedience of a citizen. Tribute is paid to Caesar, worship rendered to God—these duties are not identical, neither are they antithetic, nor antagonistic. The one is the compliment of the other, their unity is in co-ordination, yet are they forever divisible; for in no instance may one duty be offered as an equivalent, nor as a substitute for the other.

What is the character of a nation? It is the combined or composite character of all its people. The call to manhood is the cry of every age, and the pride of citizenship is the justification of that manhood. So important is this trust as to determine the civilization of a nation by the character of its people. "The true test of civilization," says Emerson, "is not the census, nor the size of cities, nor the crops—no, but the kind of man the country turns out."

Into Living Thought.

No nation will long survive whose people have lost their veneration for the past and their reverence for the present. We are told that "recollection is the basis of national greatness." If this be true, then there is also a present day truth, that traditions, worthy of preservation, must be capable of translation into the living thought of to-day.

In the face of all this, shall we pause to inquire, is American manhood declining? Is the sense of honor and fair-dealing less keen and alert? Is the modern type of citizenship less heroic, virile, and patriotic than that which graces the annals of the past? Such charges have been frequently intimated. Against their sweeping inclusiveness it is not untimely nor out of place to enter our protest and dissent.

Furthermore, we are told by those to whom the telling of it is like a sweet morsel rolled under the tongue that we cannot much longer maintain our institutions; that commercialism runs riot in the United States—a commercialism that denotes tendencies toward hard and crafty selfishness, toward greed and infamous chicane, and the deliberate sacrifice of the rights of others. We are informed that we look upon money as king, and that the money kings are casting a blight on the morals of public servants and creating all manner of temptation and jobbery. We have read, "You Americans are not to be trusted. You water your stocks, you embalm your beef, you adulterate your food." And, as a further indictment, we are said to entertain a cynical contempt for our Constitution.

Indictment Not True.

Candor compels us to admit that in some instances these arraignments have been established as true. But all these accusations are not true, nor are any of them true of all our citizens. Honesty should compel the pessimist at home or abroad to admit that these indictments are not true of all Americans, and that they are by no means confined to America. If there be any nation in all the world that is without sin, let her be the first to cast a stone at America. We cannot answer a sneer; neither can we hope to appease an evil spirit of envy; nor satisfy an attitude of incurable suspicion.

As a people, we have no shame for the past; neither have we fear of the present, nor misgiving for the future. The spirit of our fathers has not died out within us, for we recall "the rock whence we are hewn, and the pit whence we are digged."

The present day has been characterized as an age of corruption, an era of greed, of graft, and of grossness, with its attendant disrespect for law and lack of moral integrity. The superlatives of criticism and hyper-criticism have been exhausted. We should be blind, indeed, if, in individual cases, we could not appreciate that flagrant disregard of law and morality have justified honest and competent judgments against them. Notwithstanding, this is not so much an age of corruption as it is an age of exposure, which, if the signs fail not, will merge into an age of reform. We are living in times when men are insisting upon the invincibility of truth, obedience to law, and the authority of State. This in an age when justice is not blind, and where law is sufficiently strong to see that no guilty man dare put himself above law.

Speaking for respect for law, Bishop Woodcock continued:

Respect for law takes no advantage of the mistakes of law. It boasts of no skill to drive a four-in-hand through any statute. A good citizen is more concerned with observance than with questions of law. He holds, with O'Connell, that "nothing is politically right which is morally wrong."

Not with Gold.

If we would endow this country, but not with gold; if we would make her strong, but not with army and navy alone; if we would give her honor in the eyes of all the nations, but not because of her size, her resources, and her material success; then let us teach and live and illustrate an allegiance that is not ashamed of obedience to and respect for law. Let this become a land where politics shall become a vocation; a land where public service shall be esteemed a personal honor; a land where all this is tricky, veneered, and corrupt shall be thrown to the moles and the bats; a land where the poorest may have their full rights and the rich suck thereout no advantage; a land where the life of man is safe and the honor of woman revered—and that land is our land, for, God bless her, it is America.

In the next place we turn from the things that are Caesar's to the things that are God's. Who is God and what does God demand? Something more than can be satisfied with the currency of Caesar, yet something which every man owes God, else would it not be a duty. You can satisfy Caesar with what you have; you can satisfy God only with what you are—a coin for Caesar, a character for God. What does a man owe to God? What is the nature of this obligation? While it is truly a debt, yet it reaches its perfection only when it becomes a free-will offering. The image and superscription of Caesar are stamped on a coin; the image and superscription of God are stamped on the soul.

Of the Cathedral.

Speaking of the national cathedral which will stand on Mount St. Alban, he said:

The church, for love of God and as a free-will offering, is inspired to build here at the nation's center a temple to the glory of God. Here, where men come to make the laws of Caesar, shall daily be heard the laws of God.

If men have ears to hear, then will the laws of Caesar require less amendment because of the knowledge of the laws of God, which are incapable of restatement. The temple of Caesar and the fane of God, ever within sight, stand for two immutable principles—man's duty to man and man's duty to God. One is not complete without the other; each has its sphere without clash or contradiction.

Here, then, will stand the city of God as a beacon on a hill, not to look down upon the things of man, but to teach men to look up into the face of God; to teach them that humanity has its only true interpretation in Jesus Christ; to admonish them that "righteousness exalteth a nation."

Bishop Woodcock paid a beautiful tribute to the late Bishop Satterlee when he said:

It is not in parenthesis that we would at this point laud and commemorate the titanic labors of him who, under God, was inspired and instrumental in laying this cathedral foundation on broad and sure lines. The late and widely beloved Bishop of Washington had a vision—a vision that was a revelation. With a faith that never faltered, with a courage that never wearied, with energy unabated, he "rendered unto God the things that are God's." Truly, indeed, we may say of him, "Though full of cares and full of years, of neither weary, but full of hope and full of Heaven. May light perpetual shine upon him!"

To Bishop Harding.

Turning to Bishop-elect Harding, who had kept his eyes riveted on the speaker, Bishop Woodcock said:

My brother, you have been chosen to the highest office within the gift of the church. Men rightly esteem this office to be an honor—an honor which no man taketh to himself. The honor of the office, however, weighs but little compared with its responsibilities. You will have cares which no one can share; you will have duties which may not be delegated; you will have to exercise discipline; to dare, when necessity arise, to be unpopular, for God and the church's sake. You will miss many of the intimate associations and close pastoral relations of the parochial life.

You will have hours when there is just a great human loneliness in a life separated, not from your brethren, but for your brethren. Your associations with all men will broaden, and your associates for companionship and sweet converse sake will decrease. This is not their wish nor yours; it is a necessity and a sacrifice made in the peculiar work of this office. But despite the interruptions which occur and the less frequent intercourse with those whom you have learned to love, the joy of service will be your compensation for all the sacrifices required in entering upon your new field.

God's Will All Powerful.

Here at our National Capital you have a unique, strategic position, requiring the faithfulness of one who realizes that his call is to serve the Lord Christ. If God be for you, who can be against you? Spiritual leadership will count for more than worldly wisdom. Preach Christ and His cross, though to some they be a stumbling block and to others they seem but foolishness. The power of God will confound the wisdom of the world.

You have been chosen by your own people out of your people, and you have taken just as much risk as they. You, as well as the whole church, are entitled to believe that you will have all the prayers, the loyalty, and the co-operation to which the clergy and laity of this diocese are committed by their action in electing you their chief shepherd. Never let your faith waver in the confidence that this will be yours in rich abundance. We have come to elevate you to this high office and to wish Godspeed in your many and great labors. To you and your people may God give His blessing and that "peace which the world cannot give."

Conducted Into Chancel.

On the conclusion of the sermon the two attending presbyters, Rev. Mr. Mitchell and Rev. Mr. Craighill, chosen on account of their many years of service, conducted Bishop Harding into the chancel from his place near the litany table. Simultaneously a hymn was sung that Bishop Harding had chosen, containing the lines:

Go forward, Christian soldier,
Beneath His banner true!
The Lord Himself, thy Leader,
Shall all thy foes subdue.
His love foretells thy trials;
He knows thine hourly need;
He can with bread of heaven
Thy fainting spirit feed.

The presentation of the candidate was the beginning of the consecration service proper. The candidate was met by Bishops Ethelbert Talbot and William A. Leonard, the presenters, who introduced him formally to the presiding prelate, Bishop Tuttle.

The chair on which the latter sat, on the left of the chancel, was used by Bishop Cox, of Western Pennsylvania, in the consecration of Bishop Satterlee. Beside Bishop Tuttle sat the other two consecrators, Bishop Scarborough and Bishop Whitehead. Following the presentation, in the words: "Reverend father in God, we present unto you this godly and well-learned man to be ordained and consecrated bishop." The candidate's testimonials were read to Bishop Tuttle.

Rev. Arthur S. Johns, secretary of the diocese, read a certificate showing that Bishop Harding had been duly elected to the office of bishop.

Offered by Gen. Wilson.

The "canonical testimonial" was offered by Gen. John M. Wilson, U. S. A., retired, lay deputy in the diocesan convention. The paper was signed by 160 names. A document telling that the candidate had held the offices of deacon and priest was read by Rev. Richard P. Williams, Archdeacon of Washington and secretary of the diocesan standing committee. Rev. Dr. R. H. McKim, president of the standing committe, reported the consents of the standing committees of other dioceses.

The examination of the candidate followed. He avowed his belief in and fidelity to the doctrines of the Protestant Episcopal Church, the queries being put by Bishop Tuttle.

Puts on Robes.

The candidate then left the chancel and put on the chimere, the outer robe of the episcopal garb. In the interim the choir sang the anthem, "How Lovely Are The Messengers," from Mendelssohn's oratorio "St. Paul." This was followed by the recitation of the hymn, "Veni Creator Spiritus," used for centuries in the consecration of bishops.

This recitation, the "laying-on of hands" and the delivery of the Bible to the new bishop constitute the three most important rites in the consecration ceremony. The Bible was the gift of Mrs. Satterlee. When the candidate arose from his knees with the book in his hand, he arose as the second bishop of the Diocese of Washington.

From that point the service was the ordinary communion service. The offering, according to custom, went to the new bishop for church work in the diocese. The offertory anthem was especially beautiful.

It was Sir George Martin's "Whoso Dwelleth Under the Defense of the Most High," the words being from the ninety-first Psalm. The communion hymn was No. 228, "And Now, O Father, Mindful of Thy Love." The recessionals were "The Son of God Goes Forth to War" and "O Mother Dear, Jerusalem."

As the procession marched out, Bishop Harding took precedence over all other bishops with the single exception of Bishop Tuttle.

Final Procession.

The final procession was in three parts. The first was led by St. Paul's choir, followed by forty-five students from the Virginia Theological Seminary, the lay delegates to the diocesan convention, and the lay members of the cathedral council.

The second section consisted of the lay readers of the diocese, the visiting clergymen, the faculty of the Virginia Theological Seminary, the standing committee of the diocese, and the Washington clergymen.

The final section was led by the Cathedral Chapter, preceded by the silver mace, and included the attending bishops, the two attending presbyters, the preacher, the presenters, and the consecrators.

DAILY COURT RECORD

(Monday, January 25, 1909.)

Supreme Court of the United States.

Present: The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Harlan, Mr. Justice Brewer, Mr. Justice White, Mr. Justice Peckham, Mr. Justice McKenna, Mr. Justice Holmes, Mr. Justice Day, and Mr. Justice Moody.

Myron L. Learned, of Omaha, Nebr.; Percy R. Wilson, of Los Angeles, Cal.; Charles R. Carruth, of New York City; Robert Lee Clinton, of Butte, Mont.; Robert Evans Davis, of Gainesville, Fla.; Joseph J. Russell, of Charleston, Mo.; Lindorf O. Whitnel, of East St. Louis, Ill.; Irvin G. Herman, of Baltimore, Md.; George W. Case, jr., of New York City; John Q. Dier, of Denver, Colo.; William S. Kenyon, of Fort Dodge, Iowa, and John W. Dorsey, of San Francisco, Cal., were admitted to practice.

No. 51. Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Central Stock Yards Company; in error to the Court of Appeals of the State of Kentucky; judgment reversed with costs and cause remanded for further proceedings not inconsistent with the opinion of this court. Opinion by Mr. Justice Holmes. Dissenting: Mr. Justice McKenna, Mr. Justice Harlan, and Mr. Justice Moody.

The Chief Justice announced that the court will take a recess from Monday, February 1, to Tuesday, February 23 next.

The Chief Justice also announced the following orders of the court:

No. 626. William Hepner vs. The United States; order of submission set aside and case restored to the docket for oral argument and assigned for February 23 after the cases already assigned for that day.

No. 241. George D. Collins, plaintiff in error, vs. Thomas F. O'Neil, sheriff of the city and county of San Francisco, et al.; motion to amend writ of error granted.

No. 241. George D. Collins, plaintiff in error, vs. Thomas F. O'Neil, sheriff of the city and county of San Francisco, et al.; and

No. 339. George D. Collins, appellant, vs. The Sheriff of the City and County of San Francisco et al; motions to advance granted and cases assigned for argument on Monday, April 5, next, as one case.

No. 310. The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. K. P. Plowman; motion to advance denied.

No. 533. The Interstate Commerce Commission, appellant, vs. A. B. Stickney et al., receivers, et al.; motion to advance granted and cause assigned for argument on the first Tuesday of the next term (October 12), but case will be taken on printed briefs on or before April 5 if counsel shall be so advised.

No. 592. Southern Pacific Company et al. vs. Interstate Commerce Commission; motion to advance granted and cause assigned for argument on the first Tuesday of the next term (October 12), after the case heretofore assigned for that day; but the case will be taken on printed briefs on or before April 5 if counsel shall be so advised.

No. 675. William Crozier, petitioner, vs. Fried Krupp Aktiengesellschaft; petition for a writ of certiorari to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia granted.

No. 683. Joseph N. Carpenter et al., petitioners, vs. David J. Winn; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit granted.

No. 9, Original. The People of the State of New York, complainants, vs. State of New Jersey et al.; leave to the United States to intervene herein granted, without prejudice.

No. 322. Spokane Valley Land and Water Company, plaintiff in error, vs. R. Madson and Anna C. Madson, his wife; and

No. 231. Spokane Valley Land and Water Company, plaintiff in error, vs. R. Madson and Anna Madson; in error to the Supreme Court of the State of Washington. Per curiam: Writs of error dismissed for want of jurisdiction. (Hardin vs. Shedd, 190 U. S., 508; Mutual Life Insurance Company vs. McGrew, 188 U. S., 291; Hulbert vs. City of Chicago, 202 U. S., 275; Spokane Valley Land and Water Company vs. Madson, 49 Washington, 414; Same vs. Same, 91 Pac. Rep. 7).

No. 298. Sam Freshman, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States; in error to the District Court of the United States for the Northern district of Texas. Per curiam: Writ of error dismissed for want of jurisdiction. Adams vs. New York, 192 U. S., 585; Radford vs. United States, 129 Fed. Rep., 49; McGregor vs. United States, 134 Fed. Rep., 187.

No. 85. Goon Shung, alias Ng Shung, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States; in error to the District Court of the United States for the district of Massachusetts. Per curiam: Judgment affirmed. (Act of September 13, 1888, 25 Stat., 476, sec. 13; act of May 5, 1892, 27 Stat., 25, sec. 3, 6; act of March 3, 1893, 28 Stat., 7, sec. 1; treaty of 1904, 33 Stat., 2215; act of April 27, 1904, 33 Stat., 394; United States vs. Lee Yen Tai, 185 U. S., 213; Chin Bak Kan vs. United States, 186 U. S., 193; Liu Hop Fong vs. United States, 209 U. S., 453; Fong Yue Ting vs. United States, 149 U. S., 698.)

No. 75. Theodore R. Converse, receiver, &c., plaintiff in error, vs., Aetna National Bank; and

No. 76. Theodore R. Converse, receiver, &c., plaintiff in error, vs. First National Bank of Suffield; in error to the Supreme Court of Errors of the State of Connecticut. Per curiam: Judgments reversed with costs on the authority of Burnheimer vs. Converse, 206 U. S., 516, and cases remanded for further proceedings in conformity to law.

No. 647. The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. William R. Mason et al.; motion to advance submitted by Mr. Solicitor General Hoyt for the plaintiff in error.

No. 698. James Rudolph Garfield, Secretary, &c., petitioner, vs. The United States ex rel. Harvey Spalding;

No. 699. James Rudolph Garfield, Secretary, &c., petitioner, vs. The United States ex rel. James H. Spalding; and

No. 700. James Rudolph Garfield, Secretary, &c., petitioner, vs. The United States ex rel. Edwin W. Spalding; petition for a writ of certiorari to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia submitted by Mr. Solicitor General Hoyt for the petitioner.

No. 594. Hugh R. Healy, petitioner, vs. The Sun Company, owner, &c.; petition for writ of certiorari to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second circuit submitted by Mr. Frederick M. Brown and Mr. William J. Wallace, for the petitioner, and by Mr. J. Parker Kirlin for the respondent.

No. 544. The Noble State Bank, plaintiff in error, vs. C. N. Haskell et al.;

No. 648. The State of Oklahoma ex rel. Charles West, attorney general, &c., plaintiff in error, vs. The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company; and

No. 649. A. H. Huston, judge, &c., et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The State of Oklahoma on the relation of C. N. Haskell, governor; motions to advance submitted by Mr. E. G. Spilman in support of motions.

No. 501. The Interstate Commerce Commission, appellant, vs. The Chicago and Alton Railroad Company; and

No. 502. The Interstate Commerce Commission, appellant, vs. The Illinois Central Railroad Company; motion to advance submitted by Mr. William S. Kenyon for the appellees; motion for leave to intervene on behalf of Horace Lowry et al., receivers of the Illinois Collieries Company, and to file a brief and make oral argument herein submitted by Mr. Frederic D. McKenney in behalf of counsel.

No. 684. Timothy McCarthy et al., petitioners, vs. The Bunker Hill and Sullivan Mining and Concentrating Company et al.; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit submitted by Mr. Frederick S. Tyler in behalf of Mr. W. T. Stoll and Mr. W. C. Jones, for the petitioners, and by Mr. C. W. Beale for the respondent.

No. 361. William Notley et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Cecil Brown et al.; motion to dismiss or affirm submitted by Mr. Alexander Britton, Mr. A. B. Browne, and Mr. W. L. Stanley for the defendants in error in support of the motion, and by Mr. Robert M. Morse and Mr. William M. Richardson for the plaintiffs in error in opposition thereto.

No. —, Original. Ex parte: In the matter of the Dowagiac Manufacturing Company, petitioner; motion for leave to file a petition for a writ of mandamus submitted by Mr. L. P. Whitaker in behalf of counsel for the petitioner.

No. 679. J. A. Scriven Company, petitioner, vs. Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company;

No. 680. J. A. Sciven Company, petitioner, vs. Premium Manufacturing Company; and

No. 681. J. A. Scriven Company, petitioner, vs. The Ferguson-McKinney Dry Goods Company; petitions for writs of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth circuit submitted by Mr. Frederic D. McKenney in behalf of Mr. Arthur von Briesen, for the petitioner, and by Mr. Montague Lyon and Mr. Frederick W. Lehmann for the respondents in Nos. 679 and 680, and by Mr. Samuel S. Watson for the respondent in No. 681.

No. 98. Lathrop Shea & Henwood Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Interior Construction and Improvement Company; passed on account of sickness of counsel, subject to the provisions of section 9, rule 26.

No. 87. The Steam Tug Eugene F. Moran vs. The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company et al.; and

No. 88. The Henry DuBois Sons Company et al. vs. The Steam Tug Charles E. Matthews et al.; argument continued by Mr. Frederick M. Brown for the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, and concluded by Mr. James Emerson Carpenter for the Henry DuBois Sons Company.

No. 89. The Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Emma R. McCabe, administratrix, &c.; argument commenced by Mr. E. L. Worthington for the plaintiffs in error, continued by Mr. Allan D. Goe for the defendant in error, and concluded by Mr. E. L. Worthington for the plaintiffs in error.

No. 90. The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. National Exchange Bank of Providence; argument commenced by Mr. Theodore Francis Green for the defendant in error.

Adjourned until to-day at 12 o'clock.

The day call for Tuesday, January 26, will be as follows: Nos. 90, 91, 93, 95, 96, 97, 99, 101, 102, and 103.

DISTRICT COURTS.

Court of Appeals.

Adjourned from day to day.

Equity Court No. 1.

JUSTICE BARNARD.

No. 28252. Clarke vs. Clarke et al.; order appointing receiver; bond, $1,000. Attorneys, J. E. Pottbury and W. H. Sholes—W. E. Ambrose.

No. 28258. Anderson vs. Capital Auto Sightseeing Company; rule to show cause. Attorneys, R. B. Behrend—L. H. David.

No. 28068. Corea vs. Fleming et al.; auditors' report confirmed and reducing amount of trustees' bond to $40,000. Attorney, C. M. Stadden.

No. 28245. Kumke vs. Prudential Insurance Company; rule to show cause. Attorneys, W. G. Gardiner and E. N. Hopewell—Thompson & Laskey.

No. 28099. Rhine vs. Rhine; leave to dismiss bill. Attorneys, E. L. Giles—F. E. Mitchell.

Assignment for to-day:

No. 463. Harrison vs. Harrison. Attorneys, L. C. W. Williamson and T. L. Jeffords—J. E. Laskey and W. W. Douglas.

Equity Court No. 2.

JUSTICE WRIGHT.

No. 28279. Webel vs. Lanhan; rule to show cause. Attorney, W. H. White.

No. 28275. Dirickson vs. Guth et al.; receiver authorized to employ counsel. Attorney, W. E. Ambrose.

Assignment for to-day:

No. 27792. Mead et al. vs. Macfarland et al., &c. Attorneys, Birney & Woodard—E. H. Thomas.

Circuit Court No. 1.

JUSTICE STAFFORD.

No. 50017. Johnson County Savings Bank vs. Hill; on trial. Attorneys, T. L. Jeffords—W. H. White.

No. 49924. Apple, administrator, vs. Capital Traction Company; motion for new trial. Attorneys, Leckie, Fulton & Cox—R. R. Perry & Son and G. T. Dunlop.

Assignments for to-day:

No. 137. Johnson County Savings Bank vs. Mendell et al. Attorneys, T. L. Jeffords—W. H. White.

No. 139. Same vs. Butler et al. Attorneys, the same.

No. 141. Same vs. Rennsburg. Attorneys, same.

No. 143. Same vs. Hill. Attorneys, same.

No. 145. Same vs. Kloezeski. Attorneys, same.

No. 147. Stauffer vs. Pond. Attorneys, same.

No. 225. Vispi vs. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. Attorneys, J. McD. Carrington and J. E. Pennebaker—G. E. Hamilton.

No. 153. Abilene National Bank vs. Golden & Co. Attorneys, G. E. Hamilton—A. S. Worthington and S. T. Thomas.

No. 241. McNulty vs. R. S. Blouse Company et al. Attorneys, Wilson & Barksdale—Baker, Sheehy & Blair.

No. 273. Sweeney vs. Ewing. Attorneys, L. A. Bailey—A. S. Worthington.

No. 201. Wines, administrator, vs. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. Attorneys, Leckie, Fulton & Cox—G. E. Hamilton.

Circuit Court No. 2.

CHIEF JUSTICE CLABAUGH.

No. 51262. Kokones vs. Kavakos; judgment by default. Attorney, W. W. Edwards.

No. 47505. Hawkins vs. Brown; on trial. Attorneys, A. S. Worthington—Tucker & Kenyon.

No. 49927. Crump vs. Capital Traction Company; bill of exceptions presented. Attorneys, C. J. Murphy, R. W. Wells and H. H. Glassie—R. R. Perry & Son and G. T. Dunlop.

No. 51342. United States, ex rel. Shaddy, vs. Secretary of the Interior; rule to show cause. Attorney, G. T. Howell.

No. 49917. Lyon vs. Boyd; verdict for plaintiff for $165.73. Attorneys, I. S. Lyon—E. B. Kimball.

Assignments for to-day:

No. 194. Jennie Moss vs. National Savings and Trust Company. Attorneys, E. L. Giles—G. F. Williams.

No. 74. Hill vs. Great Falls and Old Dominion Railway Company. Attorneys, Leckie, Fulton & Cox—Lambert, McLean & Yeatman.

No. 216. Bean vs. Washington Times Company. Attorneys, J. S. Easby-Smith—W. J. Lambert.

No. 186. Deeble et al, executors, vs. Cobb. Attorneys, Tucker & Kenyon and E. S. Bailey—Leckie, Fulton & Cox.

Criminal Court No. 1.

JUSTICE GOULD.

United States vs. William H. White; assault dangerous weapon; verdict guilty.

United States vs. Margaret Smallwood, Henry Smallwood, and John M. Whittaker; murder second degree; motion to quash indictment overruled; on trial.

United States vs. Arthur Scott; assault dangerous weapon; motion for new trial filed.

United States vs. Howard G. Wagner; embezzlement; recognizance in $1,000 taken.

Assignments for to-day:

United States vs. James Sullivan.

United States vs. George Wayne.

Criminal Court No. 2.

JUSTICE ANDERSON.

United States vs. Mary Simms; larceny; verdict guilty.

L. C. Smith Typewriter Company vs. N. M. Minnix Company; bill of exceptions signed.

United States vs. Charles V. Ritchey; on trial.

Assignments for to-day:

United States vs. Charles V. Ritchey.

United States vs. John Jackson and Warren Rolls.

Probate Court.

JUSTICE WRIGHT.

Estate of James Westerfield; motion for leave to withdraw caveat.

Estate of John A. O'Brien; order granting letters of administration; bond, $2,000. Attorney, W. P. Plumley.

Estate of Maria Ingle Hanson; petition for letters testamentary. Attorney, H. R. Webb.

Estate of Brower F. Spransy; order instructing executor. Attorney, J. J. Darlington.

In re Hilda P. Baldwin; order appointing guardian; bond, $2,000. Attorney, W. J. Lambert.

Estate of James K. Forrest; answer to rule to show cause.

Estate of Patrick Casey; order to settle claim. Attorney, J. A. O'Shea.

Estate of Ida J. Johnson; order granting letters of administration; bond, $200. Attorneys, W. C. Martin and T. L. Jones.

Estate of Clayton E. Simms; petition for probate and record of will and letters testamentary. Attorneys, Gordon & Gordon.

Estate of Timothy J. O'Connell; will dated June 26, 1906, filed.

Estate of Lawrence O. Posey; order continuing rule. Attorneys, Birney & Woodard.

Estate of Melville E. Dayton; will dated June 1, 1908, filed.

In re John T. T. Ellis; petition for appointment of guardian. Attorney, G. M. Calvert, jr.

Estate of John C. Ellis; petition for letters of administration. Attorney, G. M. Calvert, jr.

Estate of Edwin C. Donighan; petition for probate of will. Attorneys, Wolf & Rosenberg.

Estate of Timothy J. O'Connell; petition for probate and record of will and letters testamentary. Attorneys, Huffy & Hufty.

In re Edith Blair et al.; petition of Montgomery Blair for appointment of guardian; order appointing Montgomery Blair guardian; bond, $10,000. Attorney, Montgomery Blair.

Bankruptcy Court.

JUSTICE BARNARD.

No. 544. In re Harry E. Rupprecht; No. 543, in re Davenport, and No. 553, in re William A. Darling; discharge ordered.

Equity Suits.

No. 28279. Edward Webel vs. Benjamin T. Lanham; dissolution of partnership. Attorney, W. H. White.

No. 28286. Lillie K. Hedrick vs. William P. Hedrick et al.; divorce. Attorney, G. F. Havell.

No. 28281. Martin F. Morris vs. Metropolitan Surety Company et al.; to establish lien. Attorneys, J. J. Darlington and M. J. Colbert.

No. 28282. Charles W. Butterfield, administrator, vs. Ulysses G. Lyons et al.; bill of interpleader. Attorney, F. B. Rhodes.

Lawsuits.

No. 51347. Lewis Cifala & Bro. vs. Royal Insurance Company; policy, $1,000. Attorneys F. S. Paladini and C. S. Hillyer.

No. 51348. United States ex rel. Alsop Process Company vs. Secretary of Agriculture; mandamus. Attorneys, B. S. Elliott and G. W. Rea.

No. 51349. W. Stephen Bush vs. Louis J. Simms; certiorari. Defendant's attorney, G. S. Hillyer.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Lanier Heights—George S. Rees et ux. to Susie E. Cissel, lot 193, $10.

Takoma Park—Frank T. and Richard G. Rawlings, trustees, to Saulsbury Brooks, lot 47, block 14, $400. Saulsbury Brooks et ux. to Frank S. Collins, same lot, $10.

Fourteen-and-a-half street northeast, between C and D streets—Wilton J. Lambert and Louis P. Shoemaker, trustees, to Angelo Chicca and Joseph Cuneo, lots 139 to 139 and 164 to 167, square 1054, $1,050.

Le Droit Park—Emma Schnebel et al. to Samuel W. Rutherford, lot 26, block 3, $10.

Ivy City—Alice P. Shadd, executrix, &c., to John W. Glennan, executor of Beverly Jackson, parts lots 10 and 11, block 2, $10.

Sherwood's Addition to Brookland—Edward J. Walsh and J. L. Kolb, trustees, to James M. Drysdale, lot 4, block 10, $300.

North Randle Highlands—American Security and Trust Company, trustee, to Frederick Schnitzlein, lot 74, block 5454, $10. Same to Frank P. Stearns, lots 66 and 67, block 5454, $10.

Fifteenth and A streets northeast—Kennedy & Davis Company to Ara L. and Alvira S. Vandercook, lot 89, square 1056, $10.

East Deanwood—Frank T. Rawlings et ux. to Edward L. Williams, lot 19, block 15, $10.

Columbia Heights—John Brennan et ux. to Franklin T. Sanner, lot 3, block 32, $10.

Whittingham—M. Elizabeth Browning et vir, John W., to William C. Jackson, lots 64 and 65, $10.

Ninth and C streets northeast—Ira C. McMillan et ux. to Harry Perrin, part original lot 1, square 923, $10.

Cleveland Park—Andrew J. Browning to William L. Browning, part, $10.

Massachus