AVENUE WILL BE A BLAZE OF LIGHT

Inauguration Visitors May Marvel at Splendor.

COMMITTEES FINISH PLANS

If Money Is Provided Capital Will Turn Night Into Day and Rival Great Electric Displays at Buffalo and St. Louis Expositions—Street Decorations Take Shape.

Committees on street illumination, Bernard R. Green, chairman, and on street decorations and the court of honor, Edward W. Donn, jr., chairman, held meetings last evening at the New Willard and completed their recommendations for presentation to the inaugural committee on Thursday. The committees first met jointly and talked over the plans which concern both, and each committee held a separate session in its own behalf.

At the meeting of the committee on illumination plans were presented for lighting the Avenue, including Fifteenth street, between the two sections of the Avenue, and the treatment of New Jersey avenue, between the station plaza and the Capitol grounds. It is proposed, if the committee is provided with sufficient funds, to go into an elaborate illumination of Pennsylvania avenue from the Peace Monument to the Treasury and Fifteenth street and from south of the Treasury to the court of honor.

Plan Simple and Effective.

The general plan of illumination is simple, economical, and effective. Posts will be erected along both curbs fifty feet apart, with stout wires stretched across. On this framework will be arranged festoons of lights draping gracefully, the bulbs being placed about one foot apart. This is the ground work of the scheme.

At the Peace Monument the waters will be turned on and will fall, as originally intended, over the figures of the monument and the base. At the four corners of the base will be placed powerful electric lights of four colors which will shine upon the falling water, giving a very brilliant and pleasing effect.

Big Arch at Seventh Street.

At Seventh street the simple line of lighting will be relieved by an elaborate arch. On either side of the avenue will be erected a huge pylon fifty feet high, built large, square, and in fine proportions. The pylons will be white with green trimmings, to conform with the color scheme of the street decorations. Between the pylons an immense arch will span the Avenue, which, with the flag pole surmounting it, will be 100 feet high. From the top of the flag pole to the top of the pylons will be stretched wires carrying innumerable pennants, fluttering in the wind. The flag pole will carry, in addition to its flag, a huge banner suitably inscribed. The whole—pylons, arch, flag pole, and festoons of pennants—will be ablaze with light, and the effect will be gorgeous and blinding in its splendor.

Scheme at Treasury.

At the head of the Avenue, next to the Treasury, the plan proposes an arrangement of draped wires about a flag pole, which is of airlike design. A vast frame will be thus provided on which in giant letters will blaze the words "Taft-Sherman." The flag pole will extend about 100 feet into the air and carry a big flag. This is calculated to be one of the most pleasing features of the scheme.

At the meeting of the street decorations committee, the green color was selected, which is to form the material on the white background, composing the color scheme of the decorations, which it is proposed to have uniform as far as possible all over the city. The color is a cloth resembling the green of the palm and will match almost exactly the great volume of evergreen which it is proposed to work into the court of honor and into the decorations of public and private buildings along the Avenue.

Proposals Are Received.

Chairman Donn announced that the proposals for constructing the court of honor had been received and opened, and that the George E. Fuller Company was the lowest bidder. Contract for the work will probably be let during the present week.

One of the features of the street decorations which Mr. Donn explained last night at the joint meeting of the committees, is to set evergreens completely around the circle of the plaza at the Union Station. These will be natural trees about ten to eighteen feet high driven into the soil of the plaza and left standing nearly as possible in a state of nature. This, with the lighting scheme proposed there, will give a very pleasing effect, both by day and night.

Will Illuminate Buildings.

Part of the decorative scheme includes the illumination of the Capitol dome, the post-office, and the Treasury, as well as the Washington Monument. These buildings will be illuminated in outline by the use of electric bulbs.

A committee was provided for last night to include one merchant in each square along the Avenue, who will be added to the committee on street illumination, which will be charged with the effort to secure co-operation as far as possible and make the lighting of private buildings fit into the general plan of street lighting, so as to make the finest effect as a whole.

Much of the proposed plans of decoration and illumination depend upon the amount of money the committees may be allowed to spend, and the purpose of the meetings last night was to whip the plans into shape, with estimates, to be presented at the meeting of the inaugural committee next Thursday.

Panama Workers Will March.

It was stated yesterday that Gen. Goethals has completed arrangements whereby a representative detachment of soldiers and civilians engaged upon the work of constructing the Panama Canal shall come to Washington and participate in the parade.

Gov. Brady, of Idaho, has notified Gen. Bell that he and his staff will be present and march in the parade.

It was stated yesterday by Gen. Johnston that Maryland will be represented by the First, Fourth, and Fifth Regiments of the National Guard of that State.

At present there is a hitch in the plan to bring the midshipmen of the Naval Academy at Annapolis to the inauguration. It appears that no money is available for the purpose, but it is hoped that in some manner that difficulty may be overcome, and the middies may be seen in the parade.

The present estimate of the military division, according to Gen. Johnston, is that it will be composed of 2,800 regulars, 450 cadets from West Point, and about 2,800 sailors and marines from the navy. It is likely that this number may be increased.

It has been determined that Gov. Hughes will be in Washington at the inauguration, and will lead the State troops with his staff.

TO THE OPTIMISTS!

By THE OPTIMIST.

The contest on Hope closes to-day, and the results of this friendly competition in optimism have been most gratifying. The results will be published on Sunday next and the prizes will be awarded. Let me urge all of you not to miss the Optimist page next Sunday, because the contributions are many, and their quality of the sort to send a glow of pride to the heart of every member of The Washington Herald Optimist Club.

Our next contest shall be on the subject of Kindness. It is opened with this announcement, and it will continue until next Wednesday, February 3. The result of the Kindness contest will be published on Sunday, February 7.

I got my idea of the Kindness contest from a note I found in dear old Thackeray. He wrote:

> **Never lose a chance of saying a kind word. As Colingwood never saw a vacant place on his estate but he took an acorn and dropped it in, so deal with your compliments through life. An acorn costs nothing, but may sprout into a prodigious growth of timber.**

You will easily see how closely akin kindness is to true optimism, and what I want to get at is the thoughts of our optimistic contributors on the subject. As Henry Ward Beecher said:

> **A helping word to one in trouble is often like the switch on a railroad track—but one inch between wreck and smooth-rolling prosperity.**

Some of you can, I am sure, supply that missing inch, that word of kindness that shall cheer our fellows, help our brothers; make the world a gentler, nobler place to live in. For we may believe, with Bayard Taylor, that—

> **Kindness awakens the slumbering emotions even of an evil heart.**
> **Love may not always be answered by an equal love, but it has never yet created hatred.**
> **To be truly optimistic is to be wise, and**
> **Kindness is wisdom. There is none in life**
> **But needs it and may learn.**

I trust, then, that all the optimists will send in their thoughts on Kindness. I should like to have both prose and verse, both original and quoted sayings or verses. As an added incentive I shall award the usual prizes for your essays on Kindness:

For the best essay.....$5.00	For the third.....$2.00
For the second..... 3.00	For the next five, each.... 1.00

Other contributions received will be printed and will receive an award of honorable mention.

Contributions need not be typewritten, though they would be much better so. It is advisable that contributions be on a single sheet of paper, if possible, with the name and address of the contributor plainly written at the bottom.

The sign on the banner is KINDNESS! The duty lays upon all of us optimists to deliver a kind message to the world. Let the contributions come!

ONE WITNESS IN LIBEL SUIT

J. W. Whitley, of New York, May Close the Testimony.

His Presence Before the Grand Jury Was in Effort to Establish Relationship of Men Implicated.

J. W. Whitley, of New York, formerly a newspaperman, and now said to be a representative of William Nelson Cromwell, was the only witness who appeared before the grand jury yesterday in the inquiry inaugurated by President Roosevelt concerning certain alleged libelous publications concerning the transfer of the Panama Canal and the money paid therefor.

Mr. Whitley was before the jury about half an hour, and the jury adjourned to meet on Friday. It is believed that Whitley is the last witness, although one or two may be heard.

The object of Mr. Whitley's appearance was an effort to establish a relationship between men, who, it is alleged, tried to get money from Cromwell to suppress certain publications, and newspapers who afterward published similar matter.

It is believed the grand jury has directed District Attorney Baker to draw up indictments, and that on Friday they will be formally approved by the jury.

GIRL IS MISSING.

Scranton Police Think She Has Been Enticed to Washington.

A dispatch from Scranton, Pa., received last night, says that Mildred Emerick, aged fourteen, disappeared mysteriously from the public school there yesterday. It is suspected by her aunt, with whom she lived, and by the police that her mother, the dispatch says, enticed her to her home in Washington. Printed descriptions of the girl and mother have been sent to the police here and to other cities.

In answer to a knock on the schoolroom door Miss Emerick stepped outside and failed to return. Mrs. Emerick recently became the wife of a man named De Luzza, who is a member of the Marine Band in this city.

At a late hour last night local police officials had received no word from Scranton authorities. The communication will be in the form of a letter and will probably be received this morning.

MARRIED AT MIDNIGHT.

Young Girl Weds Youth on What May Be Her Deathbed.

Supported by the arm of her physician on what is believed will prove her death bed, Ethel D. Robertson, sixteen years old, was married to Hugh P. Donch, eighteen years old, at midnight Monday. The bride is still living.

Rev. J. B. McLaughlin was summoned to perform the ceremony at the young girl's home, 113 C street northwest, because it was feared she would die before morning. She is a daughter of Henry T. Robertson, and is a sufferer from typhoid fever.

Decision as to Automobiles.

A letter of deep interest to automobile manufacturers and dealers was addressed to the collector of customs at New York yesterday by Assistant Secretary Reynolds, of the Treasury. The letter directs that henceforth all automobiles of foreign manufacture brought here shall be assessed at the full rate of duty, regardless of whether they have been used abroad by Americans.

Over 1¼ Million Dollars Paid to Depositors in Interest.

This company has paid its customers $1,285,735 in interest, and at the same time added to its capital and surplus account for the protection of customers $3,717,124. Total assets, $12,407,298.

ACCOUNTS INVITED.
Special Department for Ladies.

AMERICAN SECURITY AND TRUST COMPANY

Northwest Corner of Fifteenth and Pennsylvania Ave.
Charles J. Bell, President.

STRICKEN WHILE AT LUNCH

William P. Duff Dies of Apoplexy in Printing Office.

Well Known in Washington, Where He Had Lived Since Boyhood. Was Unmarried.

While eating lunch at the noon hour in the Government Printing Office yesterday, William P. Duff, thirty-six years old, employed in the monotype division, fell from his stool, and died about two hours later of apoplexy.

Mr. Duff was lifted from the floor and carried into an anteroom. A physician in the building was summoned, and managed to prolong Duff's life until the arrival of a priest from St. Aloysius' Catholic Church. Last rites were ministered.

Duff had been in apparently good health, though relatives knew he was subjected to attacks of apoplexy. The body was removed to the undertaking establishment of William H. Sardo & Company, and prepared for burial. The funeral will probably be held Friday morning from St. Aloysius' Church, of which the deceased man was a member. Pallbearers have not been selected.

Duff was unmarried and lived with his father, D. J. Duff, mother, and two brothers at the family home, No. 2 M street northeast. He was well known in Washington, where he had lived since his boyhood.

Duff has been working at the Government Printing office for about ten years, and his father is a well-known employe at the Bureau of Printing and Engraving.

ARIZONA RUINS DESCRIBED.

Lecture on Ancient Indians Ruins Before Geographic Society.

An instructive lecture was given last night in Hubbard Memorial Hall in M street by Prof. F. Walter Fewkes, who addressed the members of the Geographic Society and their friends on "The ruins of old Arizona."

To illustrate his lecture, Prof. Fewkes used stereopticon views, many of which were taken from the ancient homes of the Indians, who built them centuries ago.

Although the views showed the buildings to be in a delapidated condition, a general idea of the architectural style was given.

Nearly all the views were of buildings in the southwestern part of the State.

WILL HONOR LINCOLN.

New York State Club to Hold Exercise February 12.

Exercises for the Lincoln centennial celebration will be given under the auspices of the New York State Club of Washington at Pythian Temple, on February 12.

Addresses will be given by James B. Perkins, of Rochester, N. Y.; M. E. Driscoll, of Syracuse, and William C. Connor, of New York City, who is president of the organization. A musical programme is being arranged to consist of vocal selections and selections by the club's orchestra.

Members of the New York delegation in Congress, the Lincoln Circle, and the League of State Clubs will attend. Admission will be by card, which may be obtained from the secretary, Fred E. Johnson.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

The funeral of Addison N. Smith, former resident of Washington, who died at Laurel (Md.) Sanitarium, were held at the Foundry Methodist Episcopal Church yesterday afternoon. Rev. Robert H. Moore, pastor, conducted the service. Interment was in Glenwood Cemetery.

President Roosevelt has announced he will be unable to accept the invitation from the legislature of Iowa asking him to deliver an address before that body on Lincoln's birthday. The announcement was made to Senators Dolliver and Cummings. The President will be at the Lincoln farm on February 12.

Funeral services for John T. Fleishell will be held at the residence of his brother-in-law, W. G. Young, 327 North Carolina avenue southeast, this morning at 9 o'clock. Requiem mass will be said in St. Peter's Catholic Church at 9:30 o'clock by Rev. Father O'Brien. Interment will be in Mount Olivet Cemetery.

Naming her daughter, Mary E. Harnedy, sole beneficiary, provided her husband, William Harnedy, refrains from interfering with the estate, the will of Johanna Driscoll was filed for probate yesterday. The estate consists of property and a share in a lot in Georgetown. Mary Harnedy is named executrix. The instrument is dated December 26, 1882.

MICHIGAN MEN DINED

Anuual Banquet of the Wolverines at Rauscher's.

THE TARIFF WAS A SIDE DISH

Touch of Seriousness Was Inducted Into Gathering by Representative Fordney, Who Complimented the Ways and Means Committee and the Republican Purposes.

Rauscher's resounded last night with the strains of "Michigan, My Michigan," at the annual banquet of the Michigan State Association, of Washington, celebrating the seventy-second anniversary of the admission of the State into the Union.

Senators, Representatives, and the "peepul," to the number of nearly 100, gathered about the board, which was arranged in the form of a horseshoe.

Addresses were made extolling the glories of the Wolverine state, an dealing in history modern and ancient. As toastmaster, Representative Edward L. Hamilton came out from time to time from behind a voice that was like a "call to arms," and had something apt to say about "Cycles of Cathay," and "Simple annals of the poor," before launching each new speaker. When the silver tongue wasn't caroling, music was furnished by an orchestra under the direction of Prof. Walter F. Smith, assistant leader of the Marine Band.

Touch of Seriousness.

A touch of seriousness was detected when Representative Joseph W. Fordney put in a good word for the worries of the Ways and Means Committee, of which he is a member, in its struggle with tariff revision.

"I believe the tariff bill," he said, "when presented, will be an honest revision. I have every faith in the Republican party in its intentions regarding revision. I am sure the bill will raise the tariff where protection of home industries requires it. I am sure the schedule will be lowered where our mercantile interest need it. In spite of occasional reports to the contrary, the committee is exerting every means in its power to obtain the fullest and most impartial facts to aid it in its deliberations."

Maj. Richard W. Tyler, on behalf of the society, presented a handsome cane to Judge Benjamin A. Harlan, who for seventeen years has been secretary of the organization.

Other speakers were Senator Julius C. Burrows, Senator William Alden Smith, Representatives Edwin Derby, Charles E. Townsend, Samuel W. Smith, Henry McMorran, and George A. Loud; Henry M. Rose, Assistant Secretary of the Senate; Gen. George B. Davis, Gen. John C. Black, Rev. Dr. Henry N. Couden, chaplain of the House; Capt. J. C. Wheeler, Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue; Edward B. Moore, Commissioner of Patents; Hiram Johnson, and Maj. George A. Armes.

Among the Others.

Among the others present were Representative Washington Gardner, Representative A. B. Darragh, H. Olin Young, C. O. Markham, acting president of the society; W. L. Agnew, treasurer; Col. Edwin S. Pierce, Fred G. Coldren, Seth D. Gage, Maj. Henry M. Brown, John C. Scofield, W. P. Huxford, G. C. Maynard, Col. Robert F. Hill, Alexander Grant, Alexander Scott, Dr. Thomas W. Burke, Dr. James A. Wilson, Andrew F. Dinsmore, Wells F. Harvey, Col. William B. Thompson, W. W. Baldwin, Col. J. D. Sumner, Capt. Henry Sherwood, W. R. Campbell, Ralph H. Chappell, Prof. Walter F. Smith, Burridge Wilson, L. E. Gridley, Roswell P. Bishop, George M. Buck, M. H. Pumphrey, W. T. Moore, Jason Waterman, H. V. Bisbee, B. H. Brockway, G. G. Thompson, Fayette Johnson, L. H. Wilcox, J. H. Ruckman, W. S. Ruckman, H. W. White, H. T. Newcomb, H. E. Burton, W. U. Thayer, J. M. Wolcott, L. M. Miller, Norman E. Webster, jr., Duane E. Fox, Ellas Shafer, J. R. Lott, C. M. Curtiss, M. C. Huggett, E. G. Runyan, F. G. Wixson, J. A. Fenton, A. L. Bowen, Capt. John White, C. G. Townsend, Fred A. Maynard, C. C. Billings, O. H. Simonds, and W. T. Gridley.

EARLY GEORGETOWN DAYS.

Interesting Paper Read Before Society of Colonial Wars.

Interesting facts about the early days of Georgetown were developed last night in a paper by William H. Gordon, read by Ben Miller, at a meeting of the Society of Colonial Wars in the District of Columbia at the New Willard Hotel.

Referring to a period before the foundation of the town, Mr. Miller read of the exploration of Capt. John Smith to the headwaters of the Potomac, in 1618. The first habitations, said the paper, in the neighborhood of what is now Georgetown, were located at the mouth of Rock Creek, in 1751. Georgetown was made into a town by an act of the legislature of the Colony of Maryland, and sixty acres were laid out for the purpose.

J. Burr Johnson, secretary of the society, read a paper, giving chapters in the life of a member of an old family of Georgetown. The subject was "Col. Samuel Beall—Letters from Miss Sally Somerville Mackall."

The meeting was followed by an informal luncheon.

William Van Sant Cox, governor of the society, occupied the chair. Among those attending were John D. Patton, Justice Job Barnard, David Rittenhouse, William S. Abert, Walter Clephane, Lewis Clephane, Rev. G. Freeland Peter, Alfred Horner, Robert R. Bennett, Dr. H. L. A. Johnson, H. O. Hall, Gilbert Thompson, Cyrus Root, Armistead Peter, jr., Charles Root, Joseph E. Hardie, Marcus Benjamin, Howard Clark, Robert Connell, Maj. Kendall, U. S. A., and Frank Tweedy.

Those Funds You Have Awaiting

Permanent investment will draw interest for you if deposited in banking department of UNION TRUST CO., 15th and H sts. nw. Absolute protection; interest paid on all accounts, subject to check.

Edward J. Stellwagen.....President
Geo. E. Fleming.....Secretary
Edson B. Olds.....Treasurer

Capital and Surplus, $2,200,000.

CHAMPIONS CAUSE OF THE CHILDREN

Continued from Page One.

child-saving work, and especially members of the boards of directors of institutions, save in a temper and spirit that recognized in the fullest degree the good done by those men and the good they aim to accomplish.

"Continually, as we proceed witn work for the betterment of our people we find that agencies which were the best possible agencies a decade ago, or a couple of decades ago, have been passed by; that their usefulness is greatly diminished compared to other new agencies, and we are not attacking good men and women who did so much in the past, who are engaged in trying to do good along the same old ways, when we advocate an improvement in the ways.

"Whenever I come in close contact with men and women such as these before me, one of the first things I have to find out is that the principles in which I cordially believe, because they were the principles according to which I worked 30 years ago, have been passed by.

"We were then in the muzzle-loading stage of the fight against evil. Men and women did mighty good work with muzzle-loaders, but we want to use breech-loaders now.

"It is no assault upon the captains of hundreds and captains of tens who still naturally cling to the weapons of their youth when we advocate an improvement in the instruments with which we strive to meet the evils in conditions of to-day.

"We recognize to the fullest degree the importance of all that is being done in this field of endeavor. All that we are trying to do is to lay especial stress upon the most important of the different forms of work.

Importance of Home.

"Institutions have a great part to play, but the most important of all institutions is the home; and where we have to utilize an institution as a substitute for it, it is well to make the unit of influence as small as possible—that is, to adopt the so-called cottage plan so as nearly as may be, to reproduce the conditions that make the home of such inestimable value to the growing child.

"It is not merely an evil, it is a criminal thing to permit any employe, public or private, in an institution where children are peculiarly liable to temptation, peculiarly liable to have their principles perverted, unless that employe is of a character concerning which we are absolutely certain.

"There is no excuse for having a man or woman employed in such an institution merely because there is nothing known against his or her character. There should be affirmative knowledge of the good character of every individual employed in any capacity around an institution where these children are being educated to be the citizens of the future.

"The odds are heavy enough against them any how, and we must try just so far as in us lies to minimize those odds.

Urges Expert Study.

"I very earnestly hope that the managers, the directors of all institutions, and societies throughout the United States, will carefully study the recommendations of this body of experts.

"I hope that this study will be given alike by men in public and the men in private life; that legislatures, public officials, philanthropists, will try to apply these principles in their work for children. I hope they will apply not only what is good, but what is wise in what you have recommended."

Just before the President made his address, which was entirely extemporaneous, an outline of the conclusions of the conference was read. These points were touched upon: Home care, preventive work, home finding, cottage system, incorporation of philanthropic institutions, State inspection, inspection of educational work, physical care, co-operation, undesirable legislation, permanent organization, and the Federal children's bureau.

The speakers of the evening, in addition to the President, were Miss Lillian D. Wald, member of the National Child Labor Committee; Mornay Williams, president of the Children's Village, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.; Rev. Francis H. Gavisk, member of the State Board of Charities of Indiana; Hermann A. Metz, Judge Ben B. Lindsey, and Judge Julian W. Mack.

Makes Strong Address.

Advising all charitable workers to "beware of the Greeks bearing gifts," and deprecating any alliance of insidious commercial influences with the forces of righteousness, Mornay Williams made a strong address. He said, in part:

"The dream of a false commercialism is dying; the dream of a new civic righteousness is coming into birth. The danger from child-exploitation does not cease when you and I wake up to the fact. Not a few of the commercial interests are seeking co-operation, and suggest that the methods of the so-called trust be imported into the work of the charities. But when that moment comes, you may see the death of all true work for children.

"I am convinced that the ultimate corruption is in business and not in politics. You cannot stop the exploitation of the weak and helpless if you are going to trust the wolf. The time has come when we must say what we mean. The easiest line of self deception is that which leads men to choose as leaders those whom the world has marked with its coarse thumb-mark of success. The time has come when you have got to work the commercialism out of your system.

"The great drawback has been our national self-conceit. We have been bragging all these years, not knowing the evils within our gates. But that time is past."

Reasons for Bureau.

Miss Lillian M. Wald gave a cogent statement of the reasons why a Federal children's bureau is desired, among them the fact that it was necessary to bring home to the people of the country an acute realization of the facts. It is impossible to get at the full truth now, she declared, because these are not the proper agencies for research work.

Rev. Francis H. Gavisk, member of the State board of charities in Indiana, said, in part:

"All our discords on the surface were like the Wagerian orchestrations that mount into splendid harmony. The children are the only real asset of any nation. The President has done honor to humanity, as well as to his exalted position, by coming to us. It was of these that the Master said, 'of such is the kingdom of Heaven.'"

Judge Mack's Address.

With the declaration that the keynote of child-saving was preventive work, Julian W. Mack, formerly judge of the Juvenile Court of Chicago, made a brilliant address.

"The significant thing is preventive work," he declared. "Not what we shall do for the dependent children of to-day, but how we shall prevent dependence tomorrow. Get at the causes and eradicate them. The opportunity to work, and to work at a living wage, should be given to every man who wants it; as part of his wages, pension funds should be created.

"Until we have eradicated poverty, until social justice prevails, we must keep on fighting. It is a shame on our civilization of to-day that a child must be delinquent or dependent to receive a proper education for the battle of life."

One-third in New York.

The address of Comptroller Metz, of New York, was practical, telling, and convincing. He astonished the banqueters with the statement that one-third of all the dependent children in the United States are in New York City, and appealed to all the States and Territories to share the abnormal burden.

"No condition compares with that of our city, for over 30,000 children are relying upon the taxpayers for their support. My official position often compels me to do things in direct contravention of my sympathies. I cannot spend the taxpayers' money recklessly, even in an altruistic cause. I believe that if we owe anything to any dependent children, it is to those of a parent or parents who have been sacrificed to the modern Moloch of industrialism. We are far behind European nations in providing for them.

"In Europe the law says to the workman, 'You must lay aside a fund; you must protect the widow and orphan.' We must follow in her footsteps. Under present conditions the American manufacturer can do little.

Child Labor.

"The New England manufacturer, for instance, is handicapped, not by foreign competition, but by the living fact of child labor in the South. That means cheap goods with which to undersell him. State action cannot do much good under these conditions. Child labor is essentially a subject for national legislation."

Replete with anecdotes of his experiences in Denver and bubbling with humor, Judge Ben B. Lindsey, introduced as "our indispensable Ben," shifted his audience rapidly from laughter to tears and from tears to laughter for nearly twenty minutes. James R. Garfield, Secretary of the Interior, who was to have made an address, was unable to be present.

Will Urge Legislation.

Aiming to establish a bureau in the Department of the Interior to be known as the Children's Bureau, the conference on dependent children adopted resolutions yesterday calling upon Congress to enact the necessary legislation. The action taken was unanimous.

Coincidently, a hearing before the House Committee on Expenditures of the Interior Department will be held on the bill at 10:30 o'clock this morning, and a committee from the conference will be on hand to urge a favorable report.

The resolutions committee, composed of Homer Folks, of New York; James E. West, of Washington; Judge Julian W. Mack, of Chicago, and H. Hastings Hart, of Chicago, made a number of other significant recommendations.

"The report from the commitee was said by Dr. Edward T. Devine, editor of Charities and the Commons, and professor of social economy in Columbia University, to be "exceptionally able, and a keynote of the purposes of the child labor conference such as has not been struck in many years."

Should Share Burden.

The action of some States in adopting legislation restricting the importation of homeless children into their jurisdictions was condemned. Inasmuch as some of the prosperous farming communities owe a debt to the more thickly peopled sections of the East, especially to the great centers of population where the burden of orphaned, defective, or abandoned children is greatest, it is believed that they should be willing to assume a small share of the load. The restrictive legislation in the Western States was largely due to the fact that the imported waifs frequently became public wards, but this danger has been done away with. The State from which the child is sent assumes bonds for his support.

The resolutions committee also touched extensively upon the cottage system in modern orphanages, and other institutions for the care of dependant children, and gave it a blanket indorsement. It was declared to be not only cheaper, both as regards construction and maintenance, but also superior from the sociological point of view.

The total appropriation required for the establishment of a children's bureau is $50,000, and its purposes are outlined as follows:

"The said bureau shall be under the direction of a chief, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall receive an annual compensation of $5,000. The said bureau shall investigate and report upon all matters pertaining to the welfare of children and child life, and shall especially investigate the questions of infant mortality, the birth rate, physical degeneracy, orphanage, juvenile delinquency and juvenile courts, desertion and illegitimacy, dangerous occupations, accidents and diseases of children of the working classes, employment, legislation affecting children in the several States and Territories, and such other facts as have a bearing upon the health, efficiency, character, and training of children."

Introduced by Parsons.

Representative Herbert Parsons, of New York, introduced the bill in the House of Representatives December 5 last.

Those who participated in the discussion at the two sessions yesterday included Charles W. Birtwell, of Boston, Mass.; M. V. Crouse, of Cincinnati, Ohio; Dr. E. T. Devine, of New York; Rev. J. P. Dysart, of Milwaukee, Wis.; Hugh F. Fox, of Plainfield, N. J.; Lee K. Frankel, of New York; Mrs. John M. Glenn, of New York; Dr. H. H. Hart, of Chicago; James F. Jackson, of Cleveland, Ohio; Samuel McCune Lindsay, of Philadelphia; Orwen R. Lovejoy, of New York; Dr. C. F. McKenna, of New York; Rev. Joseph Ruesing, of West Point, Nebr.; W. B. Sherrard, of Sioux City, Iowa; Mrs. Lucy M. Sickels, of Adrian, Mich.; Mrs. Frank S. Streeter, of Concord, N. H.; Henry W. Thurston, of Chicago, and Miss Lillian D. Wald, of New York.

THE PALAIS ROYAL.

TO-DAY "OPENING"

King Cotton is enthroned today, on the second floor of this establishment.

Miles and miles of the new Cotton Dress Fabrics of 1909 are on view and for sale.

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The new 12½c Ginghams, improved linen finish, are to be only 6c yard. The new 15c Organdies and Batiste, in forty-four newly beautiful effects, are to be 9c yard. The new 18c White Lawns, in pretty stripes and plaids, are to be only 11c yard.

68c quality White French Lawn, 45 inches wide..... 49c
50c quality White French Lawn, 45 inches wide..... 39c
37½c quality Fine French Lawn, 45 inches wide..... 25c
25c quality Sheer White Persian Lawn, 40 ins. wide.. 19c
$1.50 pieces English Longcloth; 36 inches wide; for..... $1.25
25c quality Fine White Dotted Swiss; 27 inches wide..... 18c
18c quality White Crepe Cloth; 27 inches wide..... 12c

The Palais Royal, G St., 11th St. A. LISNER.

FIRE IN BASEMENT.

Damage Caused by Hot Coals Falling from Furnace.

Originating in the basement of a house at 1313 K street northwest, occupied by Mrs. Joseph Cunningham, a fire caused $1,100 damage yesterday afternoon. The origin is not known but the firemen believe hot coals falling from a furnace set fire to rubbish piled near.

Smoke was seen coming from the basement about 4 o'clock and No. 1 engine company was notified by telephone. The fire burned through the ceiling of the basement and destroyed the contents of the parlor.

About 7:30 o'clock last night a fire was discovered in the home of Vincent Blovisio, 1401 Sixth street northwest. The loss is $10.

Federal Quarantine Lifted.

The Federal quarantine on the States of New York, Michigan, and Maryland, on account of foot-and-mouth disease, has been further modified by the Secretary of Agriculture by an order issued yesterday and effective to-day. Live stock, hay, straw, hides, &c., may now be shipped interstate from the States named, except from certain portions in or near which the disease prevailed.

M. Marceau's White Bordeaux Wines.

—Sauterne, $8 doz. Haut Sauterne, $12 doz. Chateau La Tour Blanche, $18. Chateau Yquem, $24 doz. bottles.

Christian Xander's Quality House
'Phone M. 274. No branch houses. 909 7th St. N. W.

DIED.

CALDWELL—On Monday, January 25, 1909, at 6:45 a. m., MARGARET L. CALDWELL (nee Hedderman), beloved wife of Joseph B. Caldwell.
Funeral from her late residence, 614 Sixth street northwest, Wednesday, January 27, at 9:30 a. m. Mass at St. Patrick's at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends invited.

CAMPBELL—On Sunday, January 24, 1909, at 7:15 p. m., MARY J. CAMPBELL, beloved wife of Frank L. Campbell.
Funeral from Mount Pleasant Congregational Church, Wednesday, January 27, at 2 p. m. Interment private.

DAVIDSON—On Sunday, January 24, 1909, at 6:45 a. m., after a brief illness, WILLIAM A., beloved husband of Annie Werle Davidson.
Funeral Wednesday, January 27, at 9 a. m., from St. Dominic's Church, where mass will be said for the repose of his soul. Relatives and friends invited. Interment private.

DUFF—Suddenly, on Tuesday, January 26, 1909, at 2:30 p. m., WILLIAM T. DUFF, eldest and beloved son of Edward J. and Rebecca Booth Duff, at the residence 2 M street northeast, corner North Capitol street, aged thirty-four years.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

EVANS—On Saturday, January 23, 1909, at her residence, 2230 First street northwest, MARIE C., wife and companion of I. C. I. Evans.
Funeral services Wednesday, January 27, at Lee's chapel, 332 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Friends invited.

FISHER—On Tuesday morning, January 26, 1909, at her late residence, 1748 M street northwest, FRANCES VIRGINIA FISHER, daughter of the late Judge and Mrs. George P. Fisher.
Notice of funeral hereafter. Interment at Dover, Del.

FLEISHELL—On Monday, January 25, 1909, at 4:45 a. m., JOHN T. FLEISHELL, beloved son of the late Jacob J. and Anna Mary Fleishell.
Funeral from the residence of his brother-in-law, W. E. Young, 327 North Carolina avenue southeast, Wednesday, January 27, at 8:30 a. m. Requiem mass at St. Peter's Church at 9 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited.

Members of Carroll Council, No. 357, K. of C., are hereby notified of the death of Brother JOHN T. FLEISHELL on Monday, January 25, 1909, at 4:45 a. m.
Members of the council are requested to attend the funeral on Wednesday, January 27, at 9 a. m., from his late residence, 327 North Carolina avenue southeast.
JOHN H. PELLEN, G. K.
W. L. FLEISHELL, F. S.

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