

ALDRICH REPORTS PUNITIVE DUTIES

Committee Sends in Administrative Tariff Features.

APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT

Maximum Rate 25 Per Cent, in All Cases Except Those of Coffee and Tea, of the Value of Article Upon Which the Higher Rate is Assessed, Plus the Minimum Rate.

Amendments to take the place of part of the administrative features of the House tariff bill were reported to the Senate yesterday by the Committee on Finance by Senator Aldrich, the committee's chairman.

The amendments were adopted at a meeting of the committee held yesterday morning, at which the Democratic members were present. No opposition was made by the Democratic committee members, although it is expected they will make a fight on the floor against one provision, which fixes the maximum or punitive tariff rates at 25 per cent ad valorem, in addition to the minimum rates to be prescribed in the forthcoming law.

In the tariff bill passed by the House the maximum rates of duty to be made applicable to the products of countries which discriminate against the products of the United States are of various percentages. Upon some products the rates prescribed in the Dingley law are to be levied as maximum rates, upon other products the maximum duties are to be the minimum duties, plus 25 per cent of those minimum duties, and upon other products the maximum rates are to be the minimum duties, plus 20 per cent of those duties. In most cases in the House the maximum, or punitive, rate is an additional 20 per cent of the minimum rate.

Twenty-Five Per Cent More.

The Senate committee has provided that the maximum rate shall be 25 per cent in all cases except those of coffee and tea of the value of the article upon which the maximum rate is assessed, plus the minimum rate.

Thus, if an article valued at \$1 and assessed at 10 per cent ad valorem, or 10 cents under the minimum schedule, has the maximum rate applied to it, the maximum duty would be 10 per cent plus 25 per cent, equaling 25 cents, or 25 cents more than the minimum rate.

Should the Senate provision be adopted the maximum rates would be greatly in excess of the maximum rates provided for in the House bill. An article valued at \$1 and assessed under the minimum tariff at 10 per cent ad valorem, or 10 cents, would, under the maximum or punitive tariff of the House, be obliged to pay an additional duty of only 20 per cent of the minimum duty, which in this case would be 2 cents, making the total maximum duty 12 cents, as against 25 cents provided for in the Senate amendment. The Democrats will probably attack the Senate provision on the ground that it paves the way for the imposition of prohibitive tariff duties.

President Given Authority.

Under the maximum and minimum amendments submitted by the Senate, the President of the United States is authorized to assess the maximum rates on the products of countries which "unduly discriminate" against the products of the United States. From the date the new tariff laws will take effect until March 31, 1910, the minimum rates will be applied to the products of all countries, but after that date the President may apply the maximum rates to any country which comes within the category of having unduly discriminated against American products.

To assist the President in securing information to enable him to determine whether the maximum rates shall be imposed against any country, and to inform Congress on the subject of the tariff, he is authorized to employ persons to make investigations relating to the trade of the United States with foreign countries. For the purposes of the maximum of punitive tariff, coffee and tea, which are on the free list, in the minimum schedules, will be assessed at 5 cents per pound and 10 cents per pound, respectively, when the maximum rates are applied.

Not to Be a Club. There is no intention of using this administrative feature on coffee as a club to compel Brazil to take her duty off that product, although it is realized that a duty on coffee may be useful in obtaining concessions from Brazil. The duty on tea, it is contended, will serve a useful purpose in preventing Oriental countries from discriminating against the products of the United States.

The amendment embodying the maximum provisions of the tariff bill was submitted to the Senate shortly after that body met yesterday. Late in the afternoon, just before the Senate adjourned, the amendments offered as substitutes for part of the administrative features of the House bill were laid before the Senate by Chairman Aldrich. These amendments are intended partly to strengthen the administrative features of the present tariff law in such a way that the present loss of revenue from gross importation may be minimized.

Figure on Wholesale Price.

One provision directs that where an article dutiable in the United States at an ad valorem rate is sold abroad in the open market or its wholesale price abroad is known, the ad valorem rate of duty on that product shall be assessed on its wholesale price abroad. When an article made dutiable at an ad valorem rate under the American tariff is not sold in the open market, or its wholesale price abroad cannot be readily ascertained, the ad valorem assessment will be made on the basis of its wholesale price in the United States.

One of the amendments provides for continuing the present board of general appraisers in New York, nine in number, at the present salary of \$3,000 each, but it provides in addition that a United States court of customs appeals shall be created, to consist of a presiding judge and four associate judges, to be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the consent of the Senate, each of whom shall receive a salary of \$10,000 per annum.

The court is to hold its sessions in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, Galveston, Seattle, Portland, and San Francisco, and in such other places as it may designate. The clerk of the court, who is to receive a salary of \$4,000 a year, is to have an office in New York, and the court is to be open for the transaction of business in New York ninety days after the judges have qualified.

Decrees Final.

After the organization of the court all appeals from the board of general appraisers are to be taken to this new court, whose decrees are to be final in all cases.

The amendment provides for the creation of the offices of assistant clerk at \$2,000 a year, three stenographic clerks at \$2,500 each, one stenographic reporter at \$2,500, and a messenger at \$300.

It is also provided that the court shall have attached to it an Assistant Attorney General at a salary of \$10,000, to be appointed by the President, a Deputy Assistant Attorney General at \$7,500, one attorney at \$6,000, and three attorneys at \$5,000 each, all to be appointed by the Attorney General. These are all new offices.

ANNIVERSARY IS OBSERVED.

Oriental Council of Royal Arcanum Celebrates Thirtieth Birthday.

Oriental Council, No. 312, of the Royal Arcanum, celebrated the thirtieth anniversary of its founding last night by giving an entertainment and dance in the old Masonic Hall, Ninth and F streets northwest.

Several hundred were present. The council had as its guest George S. Britt, District grand regent of the order. A beautiful souvenir hatpin, bearing the insignia of the order, was presented to the ladies present.

Preceding the dance the following program was given: Opening address, Clayton E. Emke; duet, "I Feel Thy Angel Spirit," Miss Birch and Mr. Rodrick; baritone solo, "Leave Me Not," Mr. R. Rodrick; a few stories, Mr. F. Clyde Gideon; soprano solo, Miss Ada Birch; songs, Mr. George O'Connor, march, Oriental Council, No. 312, and accompanist, Mrs. Frank Byram.

The committee in charge of the entertainment was composed of C. B. Matthews, chairman; L. C. Morrison, vice chairman; E. B. Bateman, A. Chance, C. H. Bradley, H. H. Duffy, H. J. Davies, C. S. Jones, C. F. Cummins, and D. H. Brown.

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The Contest Manager considers it advisable to discontinue for a few days the five-vote coupon. This is done only to prevent their being confused with the ten-vote ballot, which has been discontinued altogether. The coupon will reappear in a few days.

FIRST PERIOD OF CONTEST ENDS MIDNIGHT TO-NIGHT

Vote Scale Decreases 25 Per Cent During the Next Period of Balloting.

ALL CONTESTANTS ON EVEN FOOTING

Money and Subscriptions May Be Wired to Contest Manager, The Washington Herald.

Promptly at midnight to-night the first voting period in The Washington Herald's great prize-giving contest will end, and in order to put all the contestants on an even footing, to permit them to work for subscriptions up to the last possible moment of this period, we will accept any money, and votes will be issued as per the first period vote scale, provided the money and subscriptions are deposited in the post-office in Washington or elsewhere before midnight to-night. The postmark will show the hour of mailing. Should you wish to wire money and subscriptions, you can do so. There is still ample time for every contestant to secure one or more clubs before this the first voting period terminates. Have you ever sought to estimate the vast number of subscriptions we should have to receive in order to be reimbursed for the great amount of money we have expended in the purchase of these prizes? Just figure on it a bit, and when you have found an answer, try to guess how many yearly subscriptions will be turned in by the winner. From the present prospects, it will not be a great number. In fact, you are going to be surprised when the exact number is announced at the close of this contest. Then you are going to ask yourself, "Why didn't I work harder during the first and second periods? I could have won easily." Needless to say, it will then be too late. It is best to be warned now, while there is yet time to win. It will be ridiculously easy, after the contest is over, to figure out how you might have won, but now is the time to do it, not then. If you are ever going to be interested, it should be now, while your competitors are not working hard. Put your whole soul into the work. Don't let a single opportunity escape. Every vote will count, and you really can't afford to be idle as long as there is a single friend, relative, or acquaintance whom you have not approached with your proposition. We do not believe that there is a single contestant in the race who could not have done better than he or she has done since the beginning. It is too late now, however, to regret not having done your best. Just promise yourself that you will work harder during the next period, and if you keep the promise all will be well. Remember that you are not the only one who might have done better and didn't. You have plenty of company, and although the number of votes allowed during the voting period is less than now, every one will have an equal chance, as it is a free-for-all race, and coming right down to facts, the decrease in the vote scale is small, being only 25 per cent. Where you have been putting in a couple of hours every day securing votes and subscriptions, you should now put in two and a half hours daily in order to overcome the handicap caused by this decrease. As we have often stated, the subscriptions are there if you go after them with the proper spirit and determination. All letters inclosing subscriptions which show by the post mark that they were sent before 12 o'clock, midnight, of Saturday, May 1, will be included in the first period vote scale. There are any number of contestants in the race who are unable to visit the Contest Department during the day. To accommodate these the Contest Department will be open evenings until 9. As a usual thing we are open much later than that, and any time you care to come in we shall be glad to see you.

BAPTIST UNION HOLDS RALLY.

Young People's Society Hears Address by Rev. Dr. W. R. Owen.

An enthusiastic rally of the Baptist Young People's Union of the District was held last night at the Second Baptist Church, Virginia avenue and Fourth street southeast, the meeting being under the auspices of the Young People's Society of the church. The principal address of the evening was delivered by Rev. Dr. Wilson Russell Owen, president of the Maryland B. Y. P. U., who spoke on "The dignity of selfhood." Rev. Dr. J. Compton Ball, of the Metropolitan Church, presided, and briefly welcomed the guests. Music was furnished by the church choir. Clarence Sorrell gave a vocal solo.

Charles C. Glover a Beneficiary.

Charles C. Glover, president of the Riggs National Bank, and Cora W. Smith, of 61 E street, are made beneficiaries by the will of Olive Logan, died for probate yesterday in New York. Mr. Glover is given a watch and Cora Smith a sewing machine.

McCUMBER SCORES DUTY ON LUMBER

North Dakota Senator Discusses Tariff Bill.

BORAH WILL SPEAK MONDAY

Senator Fletcher, of Florida, Asks that Duty of Two Dollars a Thousand Be Retained—Also Wants Protection on Pineapples, Long Staple Cotton and Other Products of State.

Senator McCumber, of North Dakota, made a speech in the Senate yesterday in condemnation of a duty on lumber.

He made the assertion that the wages paid employees engaged in the manufacture of lumber in the United States were smaller on an average than those paid by producers of lumber in Canada. He made a comparison of the wages and asked for the printing in the Congressional Record of tables giving comparative statements on the cost of production of lumber in the United States and Canada.

Several times Senator Piles, of Washington, and Senator Flint, of California, both advocates of a duty on lumber, tried to interrupt Mr. McCumber, but he objected to answering questions. Senator Piles managed to get into the discussion long enough to make the statement that while in the interior of Canada, where conditions were such as to prevent the bringing in of Japanese or other cheap labor, wages were high, on the coast the wages paid by Canadian employers were much lower than were paid in the like industry in the United States. Adjourns Until Monday.

Senator McCumber did not conclude until nearly 6 o'clock, and then the Senate, on motion of Senator Aldrich, agreed to adjourn over until Monday, when the speechmaking on the tariff bill will be resumed.

Senator Borah, of Idaho, is scheduled to speak Monday in defense of an income tax, and Senator Bradley, of Kentucky, and probably Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, will address the Senate on Tuesday. The indications were yesterday, from the notices given to the leaders on both sides, that all of next week would be consumed by set speeches.

The debate yesterday was opened by Senator Fletcher, of Florida, a Democrat, who spoke in favor of retaining the Dingley duty of \$2 a thousand on lumber, and who advocated protection to other industries of Florida, such as long staple cotton and pineapples.

A brief speech, devoted almost entirely to a comparison of the records of the two political parties in dealing with the duty on oil, was interjected into the debate by Senator Martin M. Johnson, of North Dakota, who succeeded Senator Hanabrough.

Praise for Bryan.

In the course of his speech he made references to the "peerless leader" of the Democracy.

"Who is the peerless leader of Democracy?" inquired Senator Rayner, of Maryland.

"It is not necessary to name him," replied Senator Johnson. "There are many men in the Democratic party, the Senator from Maryland, or the Senator from Texas, Mr. Bailey, for example, who may be wiser leaders than the man I have mentioned, but neither of them can ever hope to be a peerless leader." Senator McCumber's speech, which followed that of Mr. Johnson, evidently gave much satisfaction to Republican colleagues like Senator Nelson, of Minnesota; Senator Cummins, of Iowa, and Senator La Follette, of Wisconsin, who are leading a fight in favor of free lumber.

VISITORS UPSET SENATE RULE

Strangers Shatter All Precedent and Sit on Floor Unobserved.

All Uninvited, Occupy Seats Reserved for Those Dignitaries Whom Congress Wishes to Honor.

Two strangers in Washington yesterday for the first time in the history of Congress took for themselves privileges of entry to the Senate floor reserved to a few dignitaries, and for ten minutes sat upon a big leather couch and enjoyed the intricacies of tariff debate. When they were tired of it, they walked out as calmly as they had entered. No one molested them, but a force of anxious doorkeepers did their best to keep the incident quiet.

"Won't you come upstairs and see the Senator from the gallery," asked a reporter of one of the men.

"Guess not, thanks; think we have seen it, and we'll be going now," was the satisfied reply.

The men who unconsciously violated Senate rules and partook of the privileges which go with the formal thanks of Congress for some distinguished service to the government, were Rev. J. M. Hartzell, of Philadelphia, and T. L. Adams, of Harrington, Del. Mr. Hartzell wore the regulation clergyman's white lawn tie and black frock coat. Mr. Adams, whose ruddy cheeks told of outdoor life, was the more embarrassed of the two. Both men were entirely unconscious of having violated any rule.

"We just wanted to see the Senate, and walked in," they said.

One year ago, near the close of the regular session of Congress, a small man with a beard entirely out of proportion to his size, slipped past the doorkeepers, but he was allowed to remain in the Senate hardly long enough to get comfortably seated.

DELAY BRINGS PROTEST.

Macfarland Recommends Quicker Notification of Inquests. Delay in notifying the Commissioners of the drowning of Elmer W. Lacey, following the inquest, which was held on April 21, has drawn a protest from Commissioner Macfarland. It was five days before the verdict was delivered to the board.

"In matters of importance," says the Commissioner, "there should not be such delay. The jury recommends that the Commissioners prevent, as far as possible, the apparently common practice of resting boats to children, and recommends that the proper steps be taken to prevent a recurrence of similar accidents." In the interim, the public safety Corporation has prohibited the sailing of

TO-DAY MOTHER'S DAY Hurray!—no more mending of the children's stockings. 6 Pairs, 90c. If they wear into holes within six months, new stockings will be given, without a murmur. \$1.00 Dresses for 88c. Children's Wash Dresses, in sizes 4 to 14 years. All the new styles—best of them, or they would not be first numbered among the broken lots. Choice for 88c. \$3.98 for \$5.00 Coats. Coats of light-weight all-wool cloth; plain colors and checks. Some with velvet collars and braid trimmings; sizes 2 to 14 years. Note that picture and story books will be given to our patrons' children to-day. They help to soothe the trials incident to being fitted, making shopping pleasant for both you and us.

The Palais Royal, G St., 11th St. A. LISNER.

ORE AND ZINC METAL Senate Leaves the House Rate Unchanged. INDUSTRIAL TROUBLE FEARED Effect Would Be to Exclude the Foreign Product and Create a Scarcity in Supply for American Smelters—Danger in Imports of Sheet Zinc Is Plainly Shown.

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DIED.

- ARTH—On Wednesday, April 28, 1909, at 12 noon, at her residence, 283 P street northwest, KATHARINE, widow of Benjamin Arth, in the sixty-ninth year of her age. Funeral (private) Saturday.
AULD—On Friday, April 30, 1909, Miss SUSANNA K. AULD. Funeral Monday, May 3, at 3 p. m., from her late residence, 315 Thirtieth street northwest.
BEALL—On Thursday, April 29, 1909, at 11:45 p. m., MARGARET BEALL. Funeral from her late residence, 323 Westminster street, Saturday, May 1, at 3 p. m. Interment private.
CROCKWELL—On Friday, April 30, 1909, at Georgetown, D. C., GEORGE H. CROCKWELL, beloved husband of Mrs. M. J. Crockwell. Funeral from Harvey's undertaking establishment Saturday, May 1, at 11 a. m.
FABER—On Thursday, April 29, 1909, at 6:30 a. m., at his residence, 1707 U street northwest, LOUIS, beloved husband of Mary I. Faber, aged fifty-eight years. Funeral from his late residence Saturday, May 1, at 2:30 p. m. Interment at Glenwood Cemetery.
GLASCO—On Thursday, April 29, 1909, at 9:50 p. m., at Providence Hospital, GEORGE GUY GLASCO, husband of Alice A. Glasco, son of David E. Glasco. Funeral from 86 Twenty-third street northwest at 10 a. m. Monday, May 2. Friends and relatives invited to attend.
HEFFERNAN—On Wednesday, April 29, 1909, at 9:30 p. m., FRANK T., beloved husband of Eva Heffernan and son of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Heffernan. Funeral from the home of his parents, 1118 Twenty-fifth street, on Saturday, May 1, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment (private) at Glenwood Cemetery.
JACOBS—On Thursday, April 29, 1909, at 11 a. m., at his residence, 177 Prospect street northwest, JACOB JACOBS, beloved husband of Annie Jacobs (nee Bowles). Funeral Saturday, May 1, at 9 a. m., from St. Martin's Catholic Church.
MANGUM—On Thursday, April 29, 1909, at 4 p. m., MARY R. MANGUM, beloved wife of Albert J. Mangum. Funeral Saturday morning at 10 a. m., from her late residence, 1519 C street southeast. Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend. (Marlboro papers please copy.)
ROGERS—On Thursday, April 29, 1909, at 6 a. m., PARK AGNEW ROGERS, son of Walter G. and Mathia A. Rogers, aged two years, two months, and eighteen days. Funeral from residence, 48 Prince street, Alexandria, Va., Saturday afternoon, May 1, at 4 o'clock. Interment private.
THOMAS—On Thursday, April 29, 1909, Miss MARY THOMAS, daughter of the late Dr. John M. Thomas and S. B. L. Thomas (nee RBGOLD). Funeral services from St. Matthew's Church Saturday morning, May 1, at 2 o'clock. Interment private.
TRYCE—Departed this life April 28, 1909, at 9:45 a. m., ISAAC A. TRYCE, of 256 Sixteenth street, beloved husband of Rosie Tryce. Funeral Sunday, May 2 at 2 p. m., from Metropolitan Baptist Church.
WALLING—On Thursday, April 29, 1909, at her residence, 18 Thirty-third street northwest, MARGA J. WALLING, beloved wife of the late Charles Walling, aged fifty-nine years. Funeral services will be held at West Washington Baptist Church, corner Thirty-first and N streets northwest, on Saturday, May 1, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

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