

# ANALYSIS OF THE WORLD'S AFFAIRS

## All That Happened of General Interest Last Week Rapidly Sketched in Precise and Illuminating Fashion.

NOTE—This feature, preserved, will make a valuable work of reference.

SUNDAY, MAY 23, 1930.  
(By the Universal News Analysts.)

### Congressional.

With set speeches from two more Republican Senators, Dewey and Sutherland, in which the view that their party was not pledged to downward revision was reiterated, the sixth week of the Senate discussion of the Aldrich bill was begun on Monday. Near the end of the previous week Leader Aldrich had given way by permitting certain reductions from the programme on certain iron products as a concession to the insurgents. This was after Senator Root, of New York, had been lecturing the Senate on its obligations to the Finance Committee. Nelson had directed attention to the understanding between Aldrich and Bailey when, after a whispered conference between the two leaders, Bailey indicated an agreement to have a vote on the bill as a whole on June 1. Nelson referred to the conference as a "sneak," saying it would not avail until the great schedules of the bill had been duly considered. Bailey indignantly denied the reference of collusion, explaining that he had told Aldrich that Republican insurgents would not vote for a Democratic amendment.

The week's talk ranged first around cutlets, and razors were bandied by Senators during the consideration of that item. While Hale, of Maine, made much of the German trade invasion as a sufficient reason for increasing the tariff on that line. Gore, of Oklahoma, made a spirited attack on the standpatters Tuesday in support of his motion to appoint a committee to investigate the manufacturing cost along with the wholesale and retail prices of commodities affected by tariff legislation. Although the Finance Committee—50 to 29—Gore was able to use it as the vehicle for a number of telling shots. The metal schedule was finished and the wool section taken up. While the rumor of a new coalition of insurgent Republicans and Democrats on an income tax compromise was in the air Wednesday it became known that Senator Aldrich would favor a plan to wait until the effect of the new tariff law should be seen and then if not enough revenue were raised to have the Judiciary Committee prepare an income tax bill which might hope to pass the Supreme Court.

Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, raised his voice against the stream of talk on Thursday, when he termed "speeches for home consumption," and his protest was welcomed by Manager Aldrich, who threatened night sessions if better progress were not made on the bill. The committee continued putting cottonseed oil on the free list, and reduced slightly the duty on white lead and on acetate of lead. Daniel, of Virginia, started the Senate by saying that he wanted to protect American interests, and he didn't care what name they called it. His object at the moment was to get a higher duty on agarbache, the chestnut bark extract produced in his State. On Wednesday Senator Bailey diverged from the technical discussion by denouncing bitterly the reported statement of Gov. Johnson, of Minnesota, charging railroad influence on Southern Senators voting for protection. He said that the governor's statement was "so utterly reckless as to show him entirely unworthy of any higher office." Senator Hale thought that the alleged splits in both parties had been exaggerated, and said that in a bill with such protection and considerable reductions would be passed. Senator Clay went after the sugar trust Wednesday.

The appropriations committees of the Senate and House have published the figures of the money bills passed at the last session of the Sixtieth Congress, the number of new offices created, and other information. The total of appropriations is \$1,944,497,857, an increase of \$2,630,000. The new offices and employments created were 10,129 in number, involving an expenditure of \$11,178,889.

On Monday the House adopted a resolution offered by Burleson, of Texas, asking the Attorney General what steps had been taken to investigate the merger of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company by the steel trust during the panic of 1927.

### Executive.

Desiring to find out independently of the revisionists in Congress what the "ultimate consumer" may expect to get from a revised tariff law, President Taft has directed the Treasury Department experts to compile for him the approximate amount of duties on articles in common use as fixed under the existing Dingley law, and as proposed in the Payne and Aldrich bills. Considering such articles as clothing, furniture, tinware, foods, coal, etc. The President asked that the duty be computed on the average retail price of the article. For example, how much duty does a \$2 pair of shoes pay in each of the systems of tariff referred to?

An Executive order issued on the 14th was found to be the first step in the policy of economy and retrenchment contemplated by the Administration. Its purpose is to systematize the purchase of supplies needed in common by two or more departments, to procure such supplies at lower and more uniform prices, and to create a general supply committee. This committee is to be made up of one representative from each department and independent bureau, and its duty will be to prepare a schedule of all supplies needed by the various departments and bureaus before the end of each fiscal year. A uniform method of advertisement, inspection, and testing is prescribed.

William S. Washburn, until recently chairman of the Philippine Civil Service Commission, and a former employee of the United States Civil Service Commission, has been appointed a member of the latter body by President Taft in place of James T. Williams, Jr., resigned. Walter E. Clark, Washington correspondent of the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, and also a member of the New York Sun Washington bureau, has been named by the President to be governor of Alaska, in place of Hoggatt, resigned.

### Political.

At Petersburg, Va., Wednesday, President Taft was the principal speaker in the dedication of the bronze monument to the memory of Gen. Hartranft and his Pennsylvania volunteers who fell in battle there. His glowing tribute to the valor of the Union soldiers was coupled with an appreciation of the bravery of the Confederates fighting under harder conditions. But the real message which the President delivered to the people of the South came in a later address in the open air at Center Hill mansion, home of Charles H. Davis. He referred to the present tariff situation in Congress as indicating that the sections of the country formerly divided are getting together. He said that if a man in Alabama was in favor of a \$2 tariff on lumber for revenue and a man in Washington is in favor of a \$2 tariff on lumber for protection, there was not a great amount of difference between them on that subject, although

# LABOR NEWS

was a religious holiday, serious riots broke out when the police tried to disperse a gathering of strikers. Troops had to be called to rescue the police from the mob, and many on both sides were wounded. The police, however, were treated the strike as a huge joke, some few warned the public that it was the beginning of a demonstration which would paralyze the industries of the nation and end the revolution.

In the House of Commons Thursday, Winston Churchill, president of the board of trade, introduced the government's scheme for establishing labor exchanges and state insurance against unemployment. The exchanges will undertake to organize existing employment and to connect demand and supply. There will be about 250 of them in various parts of the country, with committees representing employers and employees. The estimated cost of the maintenance is \$1,000,000 a year. The insurance plan will not be taken up until the next session.

### Commercial and Industrial.

In the opening session of the convention of the National Association of Manufacturers at New York, Monday, the note of intense hostility toward the present policy and leadership of organized labor in the United States was struck in the report of the committee on industrial education. That report charged that the heads of labor unions were in control of the industry and that the National Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education and that this fact accounted for its failure to accomplish results with a fixed policy. It referred to President Gompers as "defying the highest court in the land while he is under a jail sentence" and asked who would assume the task of teaching Gompers the error of his ways. It favored trade schools in which the student should become a finished workman and approved industrial education for women.

President Van Cleave on Tuesday spoke in the same vein. In extenuation of the aggressive attitude of the association he asserted that in the present and recent mood of the labor leaders "any effort at conciliation would be interpreted by them as a confession of fear on our part, and this would tempt them to further outrages." He added that some of them had been compelled to fight or surrender. The country knew that they had fought with some effect and the labor men knew it. He told how the plans of the Federation of Labor had been upset at Chicago and how its legislative plans, both Federal and State, had been blocked by the association. He said that the enemy, although beaten in the courts, had been driven from the field and would have to be beaten again hard or than before. They would try to legalize picketing and the boycott as being necessary to the existence of the unions. John Kirby, of Dayton, Ohio, was elected president of the association to succeed Van Cleave, who refused to serve again. Mr. Kirby is known to be even more pronounced in opposition to unionism under the name of Van Cleave. H. W. Miles, of Racine, Wis., was chosen vice president. Secretary Bookout, of the Anti-Boycott Association, defended the boycotts for their rulings against the labor leaders and ridiculed the attempt which he said was being made to invest the heads of Gompers and his associates with halos.

After having chosen Mr. Kirby as their new leader, the strikers gave up their presents and a check for \$20,000 to Mr. Van Cleave, the association voted to carry on the war against unionism. Kirby said that the labor leaders were trying to get their ideas on a nonpartisan and philanthropic bodies to win public sympathy. "The way to handle the animal," he declared, "is to take him by the horns and shake him until he is ready to obey the laws of the land. We temporarily argue, or compromise with the responsible leaders that direct the great mass of the usually law-abiding workingmen they will take from us little by little until we suddenly find that they have everything and that we have been hoodwinked."

The Pennsylvania Railroad has issued a statement showing that out of 141,639,543 passengers carried during 1928, not one was killed in a train wreck and only 192 were injured.

The white firemen employed on the Georgia Railroad went on strike, Monday, as a protest against the employment of negroes by the company. The railroad road said that a general fight by the unions to drive negro labor out of the railroad business was expected.

Violence appeared in the strike on Thursday, when at Dayton, Ohio, the road mobs gathered and dragged the negro firemen from the engines and beat them. One was injured so badly that he was not expected to live. The railroad people have ordered Federal authorities to prevent the interference with mail trains. The union leaders threatened to extend the strike to all Southern lines unless the negroes are taken off. They charge the company with "forcing negro supremacy."

Close on the heels of the optimistic statement made by President Corey of the steel trust, before sailing abroad last week, comes the notice that the wages of 25,000 steel workers in the West will be restored to 10 per cent on April 1 with a certainty of full time work for at least six months to come. These are the employees of the independent works of the Pittsburgh district.

Statistics published by the Department of Commerce and Labor show that the world's stock of gold has increased one-half in the last decade and one-third in the last quarter. During the same decade the stock of gold coin has increased 75 per cent. The total gold production of the world since the discovery of America is estimated at \$3,000,000,000 and the amount of gold in existence at \$1,000,000,000, while the value of gold coin extant is placed at \$7,000,000,000. Of this the United States has the largest supply, with Germany, France, Russia, and England following in order named. The United States holds second place as a gold producer, South Africa being first and Australia third.

The firm of stock brokers known as Tracy & Moore, located in the city street and branches in other cities, was forced into bankruptcy, Monday, with liabilities placed at \$1,500,000 and assets at \$500,000. The firm was heavily involved in Texaco Company. The firm was originally a Chicago one.

### Legal and Criminal.

Capt. Peter C. Hains, of the United States army, convicted of manslaughter in the first degree for having shot to death W. E. Adams on account of the latter's alleged relations with Mrs. Hains, was sentenced Monday to a minimum term of eight years in Sing Sing prison. All motions for delay had been denied by Justice Garretson, who said in imposing sentence that society could not approve the doctrine that a person may be the judge and executioner for a real or fancied wrong done to him by another.

foundations of the company and to divert business to its presumed rivals, at the same time that the salaries of the Platts, father and son, were greatly increased. Action was taken by C. E. Platts, as president of the United States Express Company; Levi C. Weir, as president of the Adams Express Company; James C. Fargo, as president of the American Express Company, and others. Another action looked toward the appointment of a receiver for the United States Express Company was begun by John L. Dudley, another shareholder, who demands an accounting from the Platt family and associates. Gross management is charged. A reward of \$10,000 has been offered for the apprehension of each of the six bandits who took part in the remarkable robbery of a train on the Great Northern Railroad near Colbert, Wash., on the 15th. The engine and mail cars were cut loose from the rest of the train, while the engineer and fireman, who were under threat of death from drawn revolvers, riddled them a few miles up the track. After rifling the mail car, the bandits started the engine and cars back down the heavy grade without control, causing them to collide with the rest of the train. Many of the passengers were injured in the ensuing wreck.

### Scientific.

How Prof. Todd, of Amherst, expects to receive messages from the planet Mars he has now told in a Boston interview. He proposes to use a balloon, instead of an attainable sent to a height of possibly ten miles next September. At the top of the gas bag will be erected the wireless antennae, which will be connected with ground wires. In the basket of the balloon will be two cylindrical tanks large enough to hold a man each, and having windows in sides and bottom of clear, thick glass. A rotary pump will be at hand to replenish the supply of oxygen. A safety valve will blow off the cylinder when the pressure gets to fourteen or fifteen pounds. The balloon will be inflated by hydrogen gas, and the fifteen pumps will be able to receive other vibrations from the far more advanced inhabitants of Mars.

"Singing sparks" is the name given to the uncertainties of wireless communication which Shady and Arco, the engineers of the German Telefunken Wireless Telegraph Company, have just announced as perfected, so as to obviate the uncertainties of wireless systems. By this new method the vibrations or waves are sent out as pure musical tones capable of being heard by the receiver, however softly uttered, and in the presence of atmospheric disturbances. Much smaller antennas would be necessary and the passage of the sparks will be noiseless.

Recent practical experiments at Greig's University, Omaha, Neb., have been conducted to test the food value of alfalfa for human beings. A number of the students consented to try a diet of this cattle forage, and with most astonishing results they grew fat on it. The tender leaves and upper portion of the plant are ground into a kind of meal which is used as any flour would be used, being cooked into various pleasing forms of bread, muffins, cakes, puddings, etc.

### Sociological.

One of the most striking addresses made at the Lake Mohonk conference on arbitration at Lake Mohonk, N. Y., Wednesday, was that of President Butler, of Columbia University, who presided. He said that the storm center of the world's weather today was to be found in the condition of the English mind. The English nation appeared to be a nation possessed with the evil spirit of militarism. In explaining the recent remarkable obsession of the British people regarding a German invasion, he said they were afflicted with a species of emotional fever which was a wrong interpretation of the readjustment of the economic position and importance of the principal nations. Germany had made tremendous gains and England had lost in some fields, but it was in no sense a cause of war. Indeed, a war would only tend to hasten the change.

The police census of Washington shows a population of 349,900, of which 5,112 are negroes. There are 15,600 more women than men.

The legislature of Wisconsin has passed a bill to prohibit the use of profanity in public places as a misdemeanor.

The police authorities of New York have begun the season by applying the Sunday blue laws to Coney Island, the same as the rest of the greater city, to the disappointment of the huge throngs of sightseers who flock to the resort by the sea and to the pecuniary loss of the amusement concerns.

### Educational.

Charles W. Eliot left the presidency of Harvard University finally last Tuesday and was succeeded next day by President Abbott L. Lowell. That evening the students assembled in front of Dr. Eliot's house and presented him with a clock in a mahogany case. After a short address the former head of the university for forty years led the students in a cheer for his successor. A retirement fund of \$25,000 has been raised for Dr. Eliot by the Harvard alumni.

With the coming college year a formal course in wireless engineering will be added to the engineering department of Ohio State University. A full equipment will be installed for the purpose of communicating with points on the lakes.

Mayor McClellan, of New York, again has vetoed the equal salary bill passed by the legislature and signed by the governor in the interest of the women employed in the public schools of the city, but the mayor has appointed a commission to inquire into the justice of the claims made.

### Miscellaneous.

The Allan Liner Mongolian, with 500 passengers aboard, while eastward bound from Liverpool and trying to make port at St. Johns, Newfoundland, was caught firmly in a great field of drifting ice, so that the passengers were in great peril. Some walked ashore across the pack. The liner eastward voyage of the Cunard Liner Mauritania was finished in 4 days 16 hours and 53 minutes, which is thirteen minutes less than her previous mark.

The National Daylight Association, recently formed at Cincinnati, has now brought its plan to have clocks turned forward two hours during the summer months to the attention of President Taft, and he has promised to take it up with his Cabinet. The object is to promote the comfort of all who work.

## EXTRA VOTE PERIOD

During which you will receive 35,000 Votes for a Club of \$18 and 80,000 Votes for a Club of \$30,

### Will Close at Midnight of June 1

(A WEEK FROM NEXT TUESDAY.)

THIS MEANS that you will have ten days in which to get these Extra Votes, and you should work like a Turk during every available moment of that time. It is no time to be dodging the issue now. The results mean too much to you. If you won't work now, when do you intend to get at it? There is many a vote to be had before this Extra Vote Period will expire, and if you are absolutely fair with yourself you will be doing your best to get every one of them you can before midnight of June 1. The prizes which we are giving away are quite enough to command the attention of every one, and the special inducement of Extra Votes should have a wondrously encouraging effect upon those who have allowed their competitors to forge ahead of them in the race. If you are one of these, now is the time to catch up with your more wideawake brothers in the field. The Special Vote offer is as simple as it is possible to make it. It merely means that you can club together any number of subscriptions, ranging from one month up to five years, so that the total amounts to either \$18 or \$30, and the votes will be issued on the amount of money, and not the length of the subscription. For instance, say that you have thirty-six one-month subscriptions. This will amount to \$18, and for this you will receive 30,000, as per the Second Period Vote scale. Besides this number you will be allowed 5,000 EXTRA votes, these to be given you at the close of the Extra Vote Period, on June 1, at midnight. The same conditions obtain in the matter of the \$30 club, save that instead of the 5,000 extra votes you will receive 12,500, which, together with the regular 67,500, will amount to 80,000. If you will stop to figure for a moment what two or three of these \$30 clubs will do for you, it will get you interested, whether you want to be or not. And any one can do it, too. All it requires is a bit of hard work, and the results obtained will be so gratifying that you will feel in a good humor with yourself for a long time to come.

## GET AT THE WORK NOW.

DON'T LET the best opportunity of your life slip by unnoticed. You have a circle of friends, as every one else has, and don't be satisfied until you have interviewed every one of them. If they won't rally to your standard, see the friends of some one else. Instead of losing friends in this contest, you can make a great many new ones. If we have not made our proposition sufficiently clear to you, you can easily find out all about it if you will communicate with the

### Contest Department, The Washington Herald.

### JEWISH FEAST AT HAND.

Class to Be Confirmed at Eighth Street Temple Tuesday.

The Jewish Feast of Weeks, or Pentecost, will begin at sundown on Tuesday. Originally an agricultural feast, when the first ripe fruits were offered in sacrifice to God, the more important giving of the Ten Commandments was later added to it as a further object of celebration.

It is the feast of revelation, of morality, and religion. In the conservative and reform congregations this feast is of special importance, and significance has been attached to it by celebrating the confirmation of boys and girls of the Jewish faith.

In the Eighth Street Temple the confirmation is particularly impressive and elaborate. This year's class of twenty-two represents the first fruits of this season's religious training. The class has been under the care of the rabbis of the congregation all year.

Services will be held at the temple on Tuesday at 7:45 o'clock, at which time Dr. Simon will deliver an address on "Childhood and religion." The ritual part of the service will be conducted by Rabbi Stern.

### AN AWARD ENJOINED.

Civil War Transaction Brought to Light in Legal Action.

A temporary injunction was yesterday issued against Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Treasury; Charles M. Treat, Treasurer of the United States, and Miss Emily E. Parish to prevent the payment of an award of \$181,263.86 found to be due the estate of Joseph W. Parish for ice furnished the United States during the civil war which had melted by reason of a suspension of contract. The injunction was issued by Justice Barnard, of the District Supreme Court.

The money was recently ordered paid to Miss Parish as executrix of her father's estate, but two local attorneys, James H. McGowan and Elijah V. Brookshire, filed claims against the fund, alleging they entered into an agreement with Parish by which they were to receive 25 per cent of the money refunded. On the strength of this, they claim, they advanced money to him. Pending a trial of the lien on the money, the attorneys ask that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the fund subject to an order of the court.

### RECOMMEND A NEW SITE.

East Washington Citizens Submit Report to Commissioners.

Declaring that the present capacity of Eastern High School will soon be surpassed by the influx of pupils, the committee on schools and libraries of the East Washington Citizens' Association has urged the use of an appropriation of \$150,000 for a site for a new building.

"Plans for a new building," says the report submitted to the Commissioners, "should contemplate a school that will accommodate all these pupils and be equipped for full courses in manual training and commercial, as well as 'academic' subjects. This is suggested as an amendment to the recommendations of the 'schoolhouse commission,' in its report to Congress, which recommends a new Eastern High School building to accommodate 600 pupils, to provide for elementary commercial courses in addition to 'academic' courses, and to cost \$320,000."

Legion Gives a Party.

The Ladies' Union Veteran Legion Auxiliary, No. 22, held a maple sugar party Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. Henry, 521 Fourth street northwest. Music was furnished by the Misses Harvey.

### PUPILS GIVE RECITAL.

Hamilton School Commencement to Be Held Tuesday Evening.

A pupils' recital was the event of interest last night at the Hamilton School, Lafayette square. Emily Campbell played the opening number, Polish air, opus 40, No. 1, (Chopin), in good style, and a vocal solo, "Beyond," (Lambert), by Miss Louise Gohke, was also acceptably rendered.

This was followed by Impromptu, C sharp minor (Reinhold), Miss Alice Butler Cherry; "Thou Art Like Unto a Flower" (Liszt), "The Rosary" (Neville) Miss Cora Martin; "Scar Dance" (Chaminade), Miss Viola Taylor; Papiilon (Dennee), Miss Lulu Clark; "The Robin Sings in the Apple Tree," and "Midsummer Lullaby" (MacDowell), Miss Emily Campbell; Mazurka (Schubert), Miss Emily Bassett; "Walk a la bien Aimee" (Schurt), Miss Nell Frew; "Last Night" (Kjerulf), "O Wert Thou in the 'Cauld Blast'" (Mendelssohn), Miss Campbell and Miss Bassett; Rondo Brillante (Mozart), two pianos, Miss Frew and Miss Cherry.

The numbers were all given in creditable manner, and enthusiastically received. This evening the baccalaureate sermon will be preached at the Church of the Epiphany, at 8 o'clock. Tomorrow evening, a programme of dramatics will be given at the school, and Tuesday evening the commencement exercises

and conferring of diplomas upon members of the senior class will be held. The graduates of 1930 are Misses Marie Thomas Barnitz, Ohio; Inez Fraw, South Carolina; Louise Chew Gohke, Texas; Irma Dorothy Grasser, Wisconsin; Evelyn Virginia Hopkins, Virginia; Cora Lamar Martin, Georgia; Sadie Hay Mullins, Virginia; Viola Rosamond Taylor, Nebraska.

### MAY DROP OFFICIALS.

General Rearrangement in Diplomatic Corps Under Consideration.

Numerous changes in the personnel of the minor offices of the diplomatic corps are under consideration by the State Department, according to an authoritative statement made at the department yesterday.

There will be a general shifting of consular officials, but whatever is done will be with the view of improving the service. The established system of appointment and promotion will be maintained.

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