

PRESBYTERIAN ALLIANCE

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN

To-day the representatives of the 25,000,000 followers of the faith of John Calvin are gathered in New York for the ninth annual conference of the Alliance of Reformed Churches holding the Presbyterian system. They are coming from every continent, and from every principal country of the globe. Ninety different denominations, speaking a half-dozen tongues or more, will be represented.

Called the Pan-Presbyterian Alliance for short, this great association has succeeded in establishing a fraternal spirit among all churches of Calvinistic creed. It is one of the great landmarks on the road toward Christian unity, and seeks to have other great faiths united as it is. It hopes to see all followers of Wesley bound together by a similar organization, all the followers of Luther united in a similar way.

The conference will be the most important in the history of such gatherings. It will celebrate the four hundredth anniversary of the birth of John Calvin, which occurs on July 10. Many movements have been marked in the Presbyterian word-movements toward a revision of creed and toward Christian unity. There has been great unrest in the religious life of the day. And the changing fields of endeavor, changing methods of work, and widening horizon of Christian view, all call for attention by the conference.

The alliance is not a legislative or a judicial body. Its powers are simply advisory. It recommends only, and aims to shape public thought in the direction of its recommendations. Many of the great questions of theological discussion of the day will come up for consideration, and the pronouncements of the conference thereon will be awaited with keen interest. It will discuss "Our Lord's pre-existence," "His virgin birth," "His resurrection," "The newer phases of evolution," and questions about which the tides of religious controversy rage to-day.

There is any new or any old thing about Calvin and Calvinism that will not be told or retold in a remarkable circumstance, for two days will be occupied with addresses on every phase of the life and faith of the great theologian. Even the regrettable things in the career of Calvin will not be overlooked—such as his part in the burning of Servetus, accused of being a heretic.

The growth of the Calvinistic churches of the world has been remarkable. Twenty years ago there were only 25,000,000. Ten years ago their annual contributions to the work amounted to about \$30,000,000. To-day their contributions amount to about \$50,000,000. In many of the churches they have added more than 5,000 members to their number, and have practically doubled their list of communicant members. It will be interesting to many to know that Calvinism has its strongest hold in North America. Nearly 70 per cent of its contributions are received from American sources. More than half of the followers of Calvin are found on this continent, and about 60 per cent of the congregations embraced in the alliance dwell on American soil.

The story of Calvin, founder of Presbyterianism, is one of the most attractive in all the biographies of theologians. Born in Picardy, France, on July 10, 1509, he enjoyed peculiar educational advantages. At the tender age of twelve he was appointed to receive funds from the cathedral. The noble family Montmors took a fancy to him, and gave him the same educational advantages enjoyed by their own children. By the time he was twenty-seven he had two charges as curate, and resigned the last to become the curate of his younger brother. In 1533 his father changed his mind about the boy's career and decided that he should become a lawyer.

His hard study during the period that followed laid the foundation of the ill health that was afterward his lot. By the time he was twenty-five, he had written the famous inaugural address of his friend Cop upon the occasion of his election as rector of the University of Paris. His originality of thought did not impress the people, and the two had to be separated from their lives. He was called to Calvin to help him down from his window by a rope made of his bed sheets, and, disguising himself as a vine dresser, he made his escape. In 1536, at the age of twenty-seven, he published the first edition of his Institutes of the Christian Religion, one of the most remarkable productions of the reformation period. He afterward met Farel, who declared he would lay the cross on his back upon him if he did not take up the work with him.

Calvin took the call of Farel as the call of God, and at once enlisted in the work that resulted in the establishment of the Calvinistic creed. He and Farel worked together for two years, but their views so extreme in their rule of church and municipality that there was rebellion, and they were forced into exile after two years of residence. The people of Geneva very soon found out, however, that they could not get along without Calvin, stern though his rule had been, and again he was called to the work in that city. It was while here that he got into his controversy with Servetus, in which he forwarded certain documents to the Roman Catholic Church, which were identified by Servetus as his own. He was accused of heresy. Calvin did what he could to prevent the noted heretic from being burned at the stake, but was unsuccessful. To the victim's grille was attached the very manuscript which Calvin had sent. It may be said of Calvin that he was no more bitter toward Servetus than were others, even the gentle Melancthon seeking nothing but occasion for rejoicing in the fate of Servetus.

Calvin was pre-eminently the theologian of the reformation. He systematized the doctrines of Protestantism and gave it its ecclesiastical discipline. When death approached he requested that no monument be erected to his memory, preferring the monument of service rendered rather than one of stone. His wish was loyally respected, and to-day men have sought but uncertain tradition to guide them as to the exact spot where his mortal remains were laid. During the week from July 2 to 10 the city of Geneva will honor the 40th anniversary of his birth by the unveiling of a monument to his memory, a monument representing the offerings of the whole civilized world. Yet the exact spot of his burial will not be known. The chair in which he sat, and the pulpit in which he preached are preserved in Geneva, and will figure in the ceremonies of the occasion.

Calvinism had its heroic age and its martyrs in the days of the French Huguenots, the Dutch Republic, the Scotch Covenanters, and the English Puritans. Their blood was freely spilled in the cause they held sacred, and they welcomed America as a country of refuge from the relentless persecutions of Europe. The historian, Bancroft, who was not a Calvinist, declared that American liberty itself might be traced directly to the little republic of Geneva, and through it to Calvin.

The doctrines of the Geneva theologian first found footing on American soil through the Carolinas and to Florida in 1562 and 1565, through the efforts of Admiral Coligny. The Carolina project was early abandoned, and of those at St. Augustine, the Spaniards left only enough to tell the tale. The second attempt to give Calvinism a secure footing in the New World was at New Amsterdam, and in this effort the foundations of the city of New York were laid. The first congregation holding to the Presbyterian system of doctrine and polity to be organized on American soil was the Dutch Reformed Church at New Amsterdam, in 1623. Jonas Michaelis was the leading spirit of the organization. From this little church has grown the Reformed Church in America, which is said to give more money to church purposes per capita than any other church in the world. The Puritans of England became the Presbyterians and Congregationalists of America. In the parlance of that day, the Congregationalists were the "Pilgrims" and the Presbyterians the "Puritans" of America. The first presbytery organized on American soil was that of Philadelphia, in 1706, with Francis Makemie as moderator. The first synod was that of Philadelphia, with seventeen ministers, organized in 1716. The first synodical school in the Presbyterian Church occurred in 1741, subscription to the Westminster standards being the point at issue. The Philadelphia synod divided into the "New Side Synod of New York" and the "Old Side Synod of Philadelphia." Another point of difference was William Tennent's Log College, the "Old Sides" opposing its influence. The "New Sides" upheld it, and brought about the foundation of Princeton University, with the Log College as its base. The schism of the "sides" was healed after seventeen years.

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To-morrow—Co-operation Against Criminals.

CIRCUS CLOWN TO COAL BARON.

J. V. Sherry Learns His Land Is Worth Many Thousands.

Kingwood, W. Va., June 13.—Joseph V. Sherry has been metamorphosed from a circus clown to a coal baron. He arrived here with the John H. Sparks circus and discovered that on a few acres of land he purchased a few years ago coal had been discovered, and that he was being sought by a coal syndicate desirous of buying his holdings. He has quit the circus.

When he made the purchase, Sherry thought merely to establish a home to which he could retire when his show and traveling days were over. The tract was cheap. After purchasing it Sherry went on with the Barnum and Bailey circus, with which he was traveling that year. He secured the deed, and then dropped out of sight. A few months after his departure coal was discovered upon the land adjoining Sherry's.

NEWS OF LYNCHBURG.

Anti-Saloon League Holds Field Day in City Churches.

Lynchburg, Va., June 13.—The annual field day of the Anti-Saloon League of Virginia was observed here to-day with special services in many of the churches. Prominent leaders in the movement in the State being the speakers. Among them were Field Secretaries McCallister, Richardson, and Stuart, who were assisted by local ministers. Several of the churches in which special programmes were provided for before the field day was decided upon will have special addresses next Sunday.

Rev. L. C. Shearer, pastor of the Madison Methodist Church, delivered the annual sermon before the Washington Camp, No. 32, Patriotic Order Sons of America, this morning. The camp met at its room and marched to the church. The order has grown with unusual rapidity since it was formed here two years ago.

Rev. R. H. Bennett, pastor of Court Street Methodist Church, is in Dendron today assisting Rev. B. Blankenship in the formal dedication of the new Methodist church in that place.

WILL NOT BE MOVED.

Woodstock College Will Remain in Baltimore County.

Baltimore, Md., June 13.—That the celebrated Jesuit House of Studies, the College of the Sacred Heart, at Woodstock, Baltimore County, will not be abandoned, as has been generally believed, was announced to-day at Loyola College.

The announcement at Loyola College that Woodstock would not be abandoned is further strengthened by the fact that plans are being formulated for the erection of an addition to the college at the latter place. The Jesuit order has been contemplating desecrating Woodstock for many years. But shortly after the election of Rev. Franz Xavier Wernz as provincial general of the order, several years ago, the project was crystallized, and last fall a formal announcement was made that the Jesuit House of Studies would be abandoned. But a change in the plans has been made. The name Woodstock has been conferred on the straggling little hamlet by a handful of soldiers who wished to perpetuate their leader's memory, when the Jesuit superiors purchased the land in the early '60's.

Baptist Meeting Ends.

Special to The Washington Herald. Boyds, Md., June 13.—To-day ended the three days' meeting of the Baptists in the Seneca Baptist Church and in the grove. In spite of the early morning rain a large crowd attended. This annual meeting brings large audiences together, and on account of the hospitality of the people of Dawsonville the crowd becomes larger. Tables were set in the grove surrounding the church. Elder Charles H. Waters, of Washington, the regular pastor there for more than twenty years; Elder M. B. Moffett, of Paris, Ill., and Elder Edward Oliver, of Washington, preached to-day.

Sanatorium at Braddock Heights.

Special to The Washington Herald. Hagerstown, Md., June 13.—Rev. Dr. Charles F. Winblier, of Washington, has purchased six lots at Braddock Heights, on South Mountain, to erect a sanatorium and summer chalet. Dr. Winblier was for eight years pastor of the First Baptist Church, in Washington, and resigned on January 1 to take up active work in the Emmanuel Movement.

Woodmen Honor Rev. E. B. Reese.

Special to The Washington Herald. Buckhannon, W. Va., June 12.—Grafton Camp, No. 4, Woodmen of the World, today dedicated a monument to the memory of Rev. E. B. Reese, a member of the camp who died a few months ago. The trip was made in a special train. The Woodmen band went along. The address at the unveiling was delivered by Ole E. Wyckoff, an attorney of Grafton. Mayor George W. Lother, of Grafton, also spoke. Mrs. Reese was president of the Woodmen. She was a former pastor of the United Brethren Church at Grafton.

MIRANDA'S OLD FEE SYSTEM IS COSTLY

Many City Officials' Pay Double Governor's Salary.

OFFICEHOLDERS IN A TRUST

If Antiquated System Was Abolished, Taxpayers Would Save Approximately \$100,000 a Year. Some Offices Pay \$20,000 a Year.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Norfolk, Va., June 13.—Here in Norfolk greater interest is manifested in the scrabble for the fat municipal offices than there is in the contest to name a Democratic candidate for governor of Virginia, and there is a reason.

There are three city offices to be filled this year, and on account of their princely emoluments, due to the antiquated fee system which still reigns in Virginia, there is a fight to get the plums. The offices are city sergeant, the man who looks after the city jail; the city collector, the man who collects the city taxes, and the city treasurer, the man who collects the State's taxes and takes care of the city's money.

Double Governor's Salary.

The governor of Virginia receives \$5,000 a year for his work and responsibilities, yet the emoluments of these more or less minor municipal offices are double and treble the salary paid the man to guide the destinies of the State of Virginia.

The fees and allowances of the office of city collector in this city are said to be approximately \$7,500; of the city sergeant, between \$12,000 and \$15,000; of the city treasurer, between \$10,000 and \$15,000. The exact amount is not known to the outsider. There are two other city offices, city clerk of courts and the commissioner of revenue, which pay between \$10,000 and \$15,000 each annually.

In Other Cities. Norfolk has not a monopoly of these princely salaries. Other Virginia cities have them, as well as some of the big counties. The Norfolk County clerkship of court, held by Republican National Committeeman Alvah H. Martin, through a combination with Democrats, is said to pay as high as \$20,000 a year.

The fee system of Virginia is a relic of the old Underwood constitution, which was put on the State during the reconstruction days.

The Virginia was impoverished, and fees for public offices were fixed so as to net the holders thereof living salaries. In the last forty years Virginia has grown and developed, and the business through these city and county offices, handling the court business, the collection of taxes, the levying of assessments, and the care of prisoners in jails has grown proportionately, with the result that such offices must come out of the fees, but the salary of an holder is often far in excess of the amount a job of his responsibility in commercial business would pay.

It has been estimated by some that if the old fee system were abolished and the offices put on a salary basis, ranging between \$1,200 and \$2,000, Virginia taxpayers would save over \$100,000 yearly—a sum which would build twenty-five miles of good roads, or 200 miles in eight years.

Throughout the world would cross the State, or the amount offered be taken to be used in advertising the resources of the State for the purpose of attracting desirable settlers. The question arises, Will this antiquated system be abolished as the United States government abolished the fee system in the United States marshal's offices? It stands to reason that it never will as long as many of the men who hold the offices combine with other office holders, thus forming a "machine," for the purpose of controlling the offices of the State. It never will until a strong, energetic man who will carry the issue before the people.

Too Hot for Candidates.

In their discussions neither of the two candidates for the Democratic nomination for governor has touched upon this vital issue, and it is unlikely that they will. The officeholders, on account of their big salaries, are a political power in this land. It is a little dangerous to antagonize them, and to do so means the loss of many votes.

The Republicans also will dodge the matter. Like the Democrats, there are many officeholders in Southwest Virginia, the G. O. P. stronghold, who will antagonize any movement to cut down the emoluments of the offices they hold. The big officeholders are the big dogs of the political machine, Democratic and Republican. There's the reason.

Until Virginia elects a legislature, which will take up this fee system evil and adjust salaries of public officials upon an equitable basis to be studied out by the unselfish men of the State, the fee system will abide in this land.

"City Ring" for Mann.

How the gubernatorial election is going is shaping itself here. The politicians are lined up behind Judge Mann, and the politicians of Norfolk are the leading spirits in the liquor business. This fact, coupled with the fact that Judge Mann is virtually endorsed by the Anti-Saloon League, has created a feeling of doubt regarding the sincerity of the Nottoway candidate on the temperance question. This condition was increased by the failure of Judge Mann to take a hand in the Petersburg local option election.

Judge Mann is supported in this city by the "city ring" or "machine." The big officeholders and the men identified with the liquor traffic are the dominant factors in this "machine." Many believe that Mr. Tucker will receive the good government vote, which has always voted against the city "ring" or "machine."

Capt. Lee Will Speak at Luray.

Special to The Washington Herald. Luray, Va., June 13.—Russer-Gibbons Camp, Confederate Veterans, will hold its annual reunion in Luray on July 2. The occasion always brings together many ex-Confederate soldiers of Page, Warren, Clarke, Frederick, Shenandoah, and Rockingham counties. Capt. Robert E. Lee, of Fairfax county, will be the orator on the occasion.

Record in Building Permits.

Special to The Washington Herald. Roanoke, Va., June 13.—Building permits to the total of \$190,000 were issued Saturday by the city engineer. The largest is to the First National Bank for a seven-story building at the corner of Jefferson street and Salem avenue, to cost \$150,000.

DOWN'S TRIAL IN MONTH.

Steps Will Be Taken to Hasten Second Hearing. Baltimore, Md., June 13.—Downs is to be tried again within a month. So says State's Attorney Owens, and he will take steps when court opens to-morrow to have the date set.

Apparently not a bit discouraged at his failure to convict the alleged city hall thief of the charge of the larceny of the special sum of \$1,000 from the city on March 9, Mr. Owens is determined to allow no grass to grow beneath his feet before bringing the young man again to trial. He is quite sure that the State can convict Downs in trial at this term of court, probably some time early next month.

WOMEN TO SHOVEL DIRT.

Will Help Excavate for Hagerstown Church. Charlottesville, Va., June 13.—The commencement exercises of the University of Virginia began to-night with the annual sermon before the Young Men's Christian Association, delivered by Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, of New York, editor of the Outlook. A large audience was present to hear the distinguished speaker.

FINAL HOP ON WEDNESDAY

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CONFERENCE ON THE STRIKE

B. & O. Officials and Machinists Will Meet To-day. This Meeting, It Is Said, May Come to Terms Over the Pay Schedule.

Baltimore, Md., June 13.—A conference which may turn out to be of considerable importance to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad machinists who are striking is expected to take place to-morrow between the President Potter, of the Baltimore and Ohio, and a committee of representatives from the blacksmiths, boiler-makers, and steamfitters.

It is understood that the schedule governing the employment, duties, and rates of wages of the employees of the federated trades of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad system, which was the subject of discussion at a conference about two weeks ago, will again be taken up to to-morrow's meeting. It may be remembered that the nonacceptance of the schedule at the time was the immediate cause of the strike of the machinists.

The machinists attach considerable importance to the conference of to-morrow. Should the schedule be accepted, their point will practically be won, and they will have no further cause to strike. If it is not accepted, they expect that the old trade will go out on strike with them, and thus strengthen their position.

SLIDING INTO OHIO RIVER.

Ten Acres of Huntingdon Hillside Is in Peril. Huntingdon, W. Va., June 13.—The residents of a portion of the hillside here, comprising about ten acres, are moving off their property in fear of its sliding into the Ohio River. The whole tract has been sliding for eighteen months, but during the last few days conditions have become alarming.

Near the top of the hill an immense mass of earth and residents fear certain destruction in the water above and below them. The big territory forms a veritable avalanche, and it is being visited by hundreds of curious sightseers.

STUDYING ANTIETAM.

Officers Are in Camp on Historic Battlefield. Hagerstown, Md., June 13.—A hundred officers, fifty of them being student army officers, under command of Maj. Eben Swift, of the Army War College at Washington, are in camp at Snivels Ford, near Antietam, Md., and will remain there for two or three weeks. The officers are studying military tactics employed in the battle. They will also visit South Mountain and Gettysburg battlefields for the same purpose.

WIFE OFFERS REWARD.

Mrs. Pennington Believes Husband Met Tragic End. Special to The Washington Herald. Lynchburg, Va., June 13.—Chief of Police Seay is in receipt of a letter from Mrs. J. W. Pennington, of Blufffield, W. Va., in which she expresses the belief that her husband had been drowned, committed suicide, or met with foul play several weeks ago, and she offers a reward of \$50 for any information that will clear up the mystery.

Virginia Firemen's Contest.

Special to The Washington Herald. Luray, Va., June 13.—Prizes aggregating \$150 will be divided between first and second awards for the reel team securing the first flow of water and for the best reel in line in the celebration which will take place in Luray on July 5. The celebration has been widely advertised, and the indications point to perhaps the largest crowd ever assembled in Luray. In-jury has been sent to many fire companies throughout the State.

Corp. Turner Honored.

Special to The Washington Herald. Hagerstown, Md., June 13.—Company B, First Maryland Regiment, in command of Capt. George L. Fisher, this evening went to Shepherdstown and held memorial services at the grave of Corporal Harry Turner, the only member of the company who died while the company was in service during the Spanish-American war. Capt. Fisher made a short address.

New Machinery for Wachovia Mines.

Special to The Washington Herald. Cumberland, Md., June 13.—The Wachovia Coal Company, which is controlled by F. Mertens Sons, of Washington and Cumberland, will spend \$25,000 in further development of coal mines on 700 acres near Clarysville, this county, about eight miles west of this city. They will install new machinery, including a rope haulage system and air compressor.

VIRGINIA FINAL EXERCISES BEGIN

Dr. Lyman Abbott Delivers Baccalaureate Sermon.

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Exercises on Lawn. Last night, on the lawn, the annual class exercises were held. The class poem was read by J. C. Bardin, of Charlottesville, Va., and the valedictory by H. E. Widener, of Abingdon. The members of the graduating classes sang all the old college songs and drank to the pledges of each other. They marched to the lawn in cap and gown, each carrying a torch. These exercises were followed by the hot-foot coronation, which was postponed from the Easter holidays.

MONDAY, JUNE 14.

11 a. m.—Varsity players will meet at the Colonial Club to organize the "All-Star" team for the baseball game mentioned below.

Baseball Game.

1:30 p. m.—Lambeth Field. Through the efforts of a committee (Dr. William A. Lambeth, chairman) appointed by the Colonial Club, a baseball game will be played between an "all-star" alumni "varsity" team, selected from senior 19 of the best "varsity" players of all years, and the "varsity" team of 1909. For years it has been a dream of the lovers of the university and of her athletes to resemble an alumni team of this kind for such a game. That dream is to be realized this year. This game should be an attraction unparalleled for interest and excitement. It is to be held at 1:30 p. m. and promises to be one well worth crossing a continent to see.

1:30 p. m.—Cabell Hall: Phi Beta Kappa address by Prof. Bliss Perry, of Harvard University. 2:30 p. m.—Phi Beta Kappa banquet. 3:30 p. m.—Phi Beta Kappa symposium.

Tuesday, Alumni Day.

9:30 a. m.—Business meeting of alumni at Madison Hall. 11 o'clock noon—Madison Hall: address to the alumni by Dr. Hugh H. Young, of Baltimore. 12 p. m.—Alumni luncheon at the university commons. Tickets, at \$1.50 each, may be obtained by applying to the bureau of information at the university. 3 p. m.—Cabell Hall: annual celebration of the literary societies. 4:30 p. m.—Inauguration of the lawn and band concert on lawn. 9:30 p. m.—Under the management of the Colonial Club, the annual alumni picnic will be held at the university commons. Tickets, \$1.50 in advance, \$2.00 at the door. For further information write to RUDOLF, or phone to HADLEY'S RESTAURANT, N. 202.

JOEL HILLMAN.

Following is a list of the degree men in the academic and engineering departments: Bachelors of arts—Louis Joshua Brooks, Jr., of Webster Grove, Mo.; Robert Walter Claiborne, of Norfolk, Va.; Thomas Mitchell Harris, of Danville, Va.; William Giesley Dearing, of Richmond, Va.; Frank Andrews Harwood, of Richmond, Va.; James Mackintosh Hays, of Petersburg, Va.; Samuel Sullivan Hays, of Mount Airy, N. C.; Richard Potts Johnson, of Frederick, Md.; John Yates McDonald, of Charlottesville, Va.; William Gabriel Moxley, of Petersburg, Va.; Paul Micon, of Newport News, Va.; James Parish Robertson, Jr., of Charlotte, N. C.; Thomas Clifford Schwabacker, of Portsmouth, Va.; Joseph Thomas Wilson, Jr., of Palmyra, Va.; William Buck Taylor, of Mobile, Ala.; Richard Tunstall, of Norfolk, Va.; Carl Davis Tallentire, of Charlottesville, Va.; C. Robert Lleserich White, of Petersburg, Va.; Joseph Thomas Wilson, Jr., of Henderson, Ky.; William Woodruff Wood, Jr., of Charlottesville, Va.; Robert Harris Wood, Jr., of Charlottesville, Va.

Masters of arts—Albert George Adam Balz, of Charlottesville, Va.; Lewis Dabner Orsborn, of Orange, Va.; John Yates McDonald, of Charlottesville, Va.; John Yates McDonald, of Charlottesville, Va.; Paul Micon, of Theological Seminary, Va.; Benjamin Armstrong Sherman, of Roanoke, Va.; Benjamin Armstrong Sherman, of Roanoke, Va.; Bachelor of science in chemistry—Albert Ronald Metz, of Charlottesville, Va. Doctor of philosophy—James Gilbert Johnson, of Rockwell, Va. Mechanical engineer—James Vasa Brooks, of Norfolk, Va. Electrical engineer—Merritt Todd Cooke, Jr., of Norfolk, Va.; Marion Alma Eason, of Staunton, Va.; Frederick Andrew Mentrum, of Spotsylvania, Va.; Civil engineer—Marshall Goods Hornum, of Roanoke, Va.; George Frederick Radcliffe Jackson, of Washington, China; Walter Jones Latell, of Warrenton, Va.; Frederick Andrew Mentrum, of Spotsylvania, Va.; Harry Bartwell Smith, of Broad Run, Va.

Pastor of Church 35 Years. Frederick, Md., June 13.—The congregation of the Evangelical Reformed Church of this city celebrated to-day the thirty-fifth anniversary of the pastorate of Rev. Dr. Edmund R. Eschbach, D. D., who came here from the First Reformed Church of Baltimore in June, 1874. Rev. Dr. Joseph W. Santee, of Fort Washington, Pa., and Rev. S. S. Miller, of Frederick, both of whom assisted in the installation of Dr. Eschbach on June 14, 1874, participated in the services, the former preaching the anniversary sermon. Other ministers present were Dr. J. Spangler Kieffer, of Hagerstown; Rev. J. Mortimer Sander, of Edinburg, Va.; and Rev. Charles A. Santee, of Fort Washington, Pa.

Tranmen Hold Memorial Exercises.

Special to The Washington Herald. Cumberland, Md., June 13.—The Brotherhood of Railroad Tranmen held its first annual memorial services here to-day in the Academy of Music, under the auspices of Mountain Division Lodge, No. 267, and William M. McKaig Lodge, No. 466, B. of R. T., which two organizations have a membership of almost 300. F. Brooke Whiting, of the Allegheny County bar, presided at the meeting, and made a short opening address. The programme opened with a musical selection by Prof. George R. Daly's Orchestra, followed by prayer by Father Sullivan, of St. Patrick's Catholic Church. Rev. Edward Hayes, pastor of Center Street M. E. Church, was introduced and made a short memorial address. The memorial oration was delivered by Albert A. Doub, of the Allegheny County bar.

STANSON'S THE BUSY CORNER

WASH SKIRTS, Values up to \$2.00 each, 98c.

Now's the time you want them. We took yard materials bought at a great price concession and had them made up in specially selected styles—copies of genuine linens in high-priced models. Skirts of Rep. Skirts of Cannon Cloth. Skirts of Duck. Several new gored models, some trimmed with folds, some with straps and buttons. Choice of blue, tan, or white. Special sale—First floor bargain tables.

NEW YORK RESORTS.

There are 1762 of these "Thousand Islands"

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