ONE CENT

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

A PAPER OF QUALITY.

NO. 1477. WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1910.—TWELVE PAGES. ONE CENT.

GERMAN AIR MEN SET NEW RECORD

Balloon Travels 1,185 Miles from St. Louis.

LANDS IN WILDERNESS

Canada Asked to Find Three Other Pilots.

America II, Azurea, and Dusseldorf II Have Not Been Heard from Since Crossing Boundary Line—Aero Club of St. Louis Fears Racers Are in Distress in Northern Forests and Asks Government's Aid.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 21.—Capt. Hugo von Abercron and his aid, August Blanckertz, in the balloon Germania, probably have broken the world's record for distance by landing Wednesday morning at Coocoocache, Champlain County, Quebec province, Canada, 172 miles northwest of Quebec. This would bring the distance covered from St. Louis by the Germania to about 1,185 miles, two miles better than the world's record.

The German aeronauts were in the air only about forty-eight hours, and have set a new record for speed. The landing point is believed to be about 100 miles west of Kiskisink, where a balloon was sighted Wednesday. It is a wilderness of lakes and forests. This leaves three balloons unaccounted for.

The Aero Club of St. Louis is alarmed at the prolonged silence of three balloon pilots and their aids, and to-day asked the Canadian government to begin a hunt for them. It is believed that the balloons landed Wednesday night and the occupants of the three balloons are in distress in the forests of Canada.

The appeals for assistance were addressed to Lieut. Gov. J. M. Gibson, of Toronto, and Lieut. Gov. C. Alphonse Pellatier, at Quebec. The Hudson Bay Company, with headquarters at Montreal, was also asked to begin a seach for the aeronauts.

Three balloons are as yet unreported. They are the America II, the Yankee entry; Azurea, a Swiss entry, and Dusseldorf II, a German entry.

Hawley and Post Aboard.

America II is manned by Allen R. Hawley, pilot, and Augustus Post, aid, both of New York City; the Dusseldorf by Hans Gericke, pilot, and J. W. Perkins, aid, and the Azurea by Emil Messner, pilot, and Leon Gloraudan, aid.

Ottawa, Ontario, Oct. 21.—Capt. Theodore Schaeck, pilot of the balloon Helvetia, and Paul Armbruster, his aid, are now on a train from Mattawa to Montreal and say that they have broken all records for long distance.

A Cobalt special says it is probable that the balloon seen over South Lorren, Northern Ontario, was the Helvetia, as it is reported from Villemarie that the aeronauts from the balloon stopped last night at the hotel there.

ALDRICH IS BETTER.

Senator Suffering Little as Result of Accident.

New York, Oct. 21.—Nelson W. Aldrich, senior United States Senator from Rhode Island, was sitting up this afternoon after his accident.

"The only reason he won't see you himself," said Winthrop Aldrich, his son, at his apartment at 549 Park avenue, "is because of the cut on his left temple. His personal vanity forbids him to let anyone see that scar."

Dr. H. Holbrook Curtis, of 111 Madison avenue, the family physician, said tonight that there was absolutely no cause for the slightest alarm for the Senator. He said it would be a matter of a few days before he would be out again.

Senator Aldrich was out walking Thursday afternoon, and was crossing Madison avenue at Sixty-second street about 5:30 when a green taxi bore down on him. In jumping out of the way of this he got in front of a Madison avenue car. He was struck sideways and thrown two or three yards, but in such a manner as to be out of the path of the car. The car went on. The Senator walked the two blocks to his son's apartment without any assistance.

COUNTESS IS HURT.

Neither Husband Nor Father Willing to Discuss Accident.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Further mystery was added to the circumstances surrounding the accident to the Countess Irma De Beaufort when her father, Martin H. Kilgallon, and her husband, Count Mourik De Beaufort, visited her at St. Luke's Hospital this afternoon, and left together after a half hour's talk with the injured countess.

The nobleman and his father-in-law appeared worried, and neither spoke to the other as they left the hospital and entered an automobile. They declined to discuss the countess' accident or to speak of her.

Countess De Beaufort was injured while walking down the stairway in the Kilgallon residence, 3230 Michigan avenue. She fell to the floor of the hallway and is said to have been seriously hurt.

The entire case was shrouded in mystery. A negro stood guard at the Michigan avenue house and kept off all inquirers with the statement that the family left Thursday for a stay at its country home.

Frequently the count and countess have reported to have disagreed, but they always denied rumors that they were unhappily married.

The countess was descending the stairway, it is said, when she fell and was injured. It is said the count was with her at the time.

Paulhan Wins $5,000 Prize.

London, Oct. 21.—The competition for the Daily Mail prize of $5,000 for the biggest aggregate of cross-country flights for the year ended August 14 resulted in Paulhan covering 801 miles and Grahame-White 763 miles.

$1.25 to Baltimore and Return
Saturdays and Sundays, via Penna. R. R. Tickets good returning until Sunday night. All regular trains except the "Congressional Limited."

POE'S NAME NOW ADDED TO HALL OF FAME LIST

Harriet Beecher Stowe Leads Those Who Are Placed on the Roll of Honor.

New York, Oct. 21.—Dr. John H. MacCracken, chairman of the senate of the New York University, announced to-night that these eleven should be added to the Hall of Fame by the vote of the board of 100 electors:

Name.	Votes.
Harriet Beecher Stowe	74
Oliver Wendell Holmes	69
Edgar Allan Poe	69
Roger Williams	64
James Fenimore Cooper	62
Phillips Brooks	60
William Cullen Bryant	59
Frances E. Willard	56
Andrew Jackson	53
George Bancroft	53
John Lothrop Motley	51

Twenty-nine names were chosen in 1900; eleven in 1905, and eleven names in the present election, making the total now inscribed in the Hall of Fame, fifty-one.

Those failing of election by less than ten votes, were: Samuel Adams, 41 votes; Daniel Boone, 42; Patrick Henry, 44; Mark Hopkins, 45; Francis Parkman, 45; Charlotte Saunders Cushman, 45; Lucretia Mott, 41; Martha Washington, 43.

Gen. Sheridan received 33 votes and Noah Webster, 38. Dr. Morton, the reputed discovered of anaethesia, received 36 votes. William Lloyd Harrison received 35 votes and Joseph Henry, 39.

Edgar Allan Poe's vote jumped from 42 in 1905 to 69, an increase of 27. Oliver Wendell Holmes jumped from 49 to 69, an increase of 20, his competitors, Lowell and Whittier, having been removed by election. One of the surprising results of the canvass is that while the historian Motley gained 4 votes over the election of five years ago, the historian Parkman lost 23. One of the striking gains is that of Phillips Brooks, whose vote increased 49 to 60, although no competitor in the same group had been elected meantime.

The vote of Harriet Beecher Stowe of 74 is noteworthy, as no one received such a majority in the last election except Louis Agassiz, and the first election the numoer was surpassed only by fourteen names, including Washington, Lincoln, Grant, Emerson, and Longfellow.

As a result of this election the authors' corner, already the most populous with the exception of the statesmen's corner, doubles its population and goes far ahead of the statesmen in numbers, indicating the enduring quality of the authors' fame.

WEATHER FORECAST.

For the District of Columbia, Maryland, and Virginia—Showers to-day; to-morrow, fair; moderate southeasterly, shifting to southwesterly, winds.

HERALD NEWS SUMMARY.

Pages.
1—Balloon Records Broken.
Poe in Hall of Fame.
Crippen Again on Stand.
Importers Appeal to Loeb.
Want Church Conference.
Roosevelt Indorses Loeb.
2—Taft Registers in Ohio.
Naval Finding Approved.
3—Eckert Buried in Catacomb.
Divorce Record in Census.
4—Friends Release Convicted Slayer.
5—In the World of Society.
Horse Show Plans Ready.
6—Editorial.
The Big Stick.
7—Feminine Notes and Gossip.
8—Bender and Co.e to Pitch.
Giants Win New York City Pennant.
Business Loses to Tech.
9—News of the Churches.
11—Commercial and Financial.
12—Alleged Milk Trust Probed.

MOTORMAN SHOT DEAD BY BANDIT

Two Arrested as Suspects in Minneapolis Murder.

Minneapolis, Oct. 21.—James E. Alexander, a motorman on a Grand avenue car, was shot through the heart and instantly killed by a hold-up man in St. Paul about 11 o'clock last night. The man made his escape in an automobile.

After a search lasting all night the police this morning arrested two men in connection with the murder. Pending further developments Conductor W. H. Gross, who was with Alexander when the shooting occurred, was summoned to the St. Paul Central station this morning and identified the two men as having been passengers on his car at 3 o'clock Thursday morning.

Fired Second Shot.

He was not able to identify either as the man he says who shot Alexander. Gross told the police this morning that he heard the bandit scream after Motorman Alexander fired a second shot. Detectives went to the scene of the shooting this morning to search the bushes, expecting to find the highwayman dead or wounded, but their search was fruitless.

Suspecting that Motorman Alexander had been shot by a soldier of Fort Snelling, the police began a search at the post this afternoon.

The two suspects arrested this morning have accounted for their actions last night, and the police have not connected them with the crime. They are held, however. The theory that a soldier committed the crime is based on several facts. Conductor Gross is confident the men wore khaki uniforms. A high-power rifle was used.

PLANS BIGGEST SHIP.

Cunard Line Will Have Vessel 1,000 Feet in Length.

Belfast, Oct. 21.—It is stated here on what is claimed to be absolutely reliable authority that the Cunard Steamship Company has approved plans for a steamship which will eclipse the Olympic, of the White Star Line, which is at present the largest vessel in the world.

The new vessel will be 1,000 feet in length. She will have 90,000 horsepower, which will give her a speed of twenty-five knots an hour. The Olympic is 882½ feet in length.

BOMB IN PARIS.

Explosion Near Cabinet Building Puzzles the Police.

Paris, Oct. 21.—A bomb exploded and damaged a house in the Quai d'Orsai, a few blocks from the ministry of foreign affairs, to-night. An hour later the Latin Quarter was deprived of electricity. The police are puzzled.

A REMBRANDT STOLEN.

Painting of an Old Man's Head Taken from Palace.

Warsaw, Oct. 21.—A painting of an old man's head, by Rembrandt, measuring seven by nine inches, has been stolen from the palace of Count Branicki. It is valued at $2,000.

RECEIVERSHIP FOR HOFFMAN HOUSE

Famous New York Hostelry Goes Into Bankruptcy.

New York, Oct. 21.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed to-day in the United States District Court against the Hoffman House, and Judge Holt appointed Frederick C. McLaughlin a receiver. His bond was placed at $20,000, and he was authorized to run the hotel for thirty days.

The amount of the claims of the petitioning creditors is $3,201.71. The petition alleges that the corporation is insolvent and that it has committed acts of bankruptcy in transferring parts of its property to certain creditors, names not known to the petitioners, to prefer them. The amount of the unincumbered assets was placed by the petition at $20,000.

Charles A. Dards, who made the application for a receiver, said that the corporation at present has not sufficient funds to continue business pending the determination of the bankruptcy proceedings.

The corporation has had no rating at Bradstreet's for several years. The land on which the building stands is owned by the Francis S. Kinney estate, Elbert H. Gary, and the Livingston estate.

Lawyer Rosenburg said he understood the liabilities to be between $350,000 and $400,000. The trouble, he said, he thought was due to heavy rental, too great fixed charges, and a share of the cost of the rebuilding a part of the hotel two years ago.

WAGE CHOLERA WAR.

International Conference May Be Called at Paris.

Paris, Oct. 21.—The International Bureau of Public Hygiene to-day recommended the calling of an international sanitary conference to combat the cholera epidemic.

Rome, Oct. 21.—Despite the optimistic official reports, it is an open secret that the cholera epidemic at Naples is unabated, and the sanitary measures which were adopted have proved inefficient. The oyster beds along the coast of Naples, instead of being destroyed as ordered by the authorities, were transplanted at some distance from the city.

Recently twenty-six fishermen ate some of these oysters and died of cholera within a few hours. Similar cases are reported in the papers of deaths at various places from the disease, but when the news is filed for transmission abroad it is invariably suppressed by the censor.

AUTO SNAPS AXLE.

Three Other Cars Also Penalized in Richmond Run.

Special to The Washington Herald.

Staunton, Va., Oct. 21.—A bad hole in the road near Purcelville caused Washington car, No. 12, entered by the Standard Oil Company, to break an axle, thereby putting it out of the perfect score class of the Washington to Richmond endurance run. Three other cars had slight accidents. The total number of cars penalized for the day amounted to four. Griffin Halstead, driver of the unfortunate car, telephoned to Washington for a new axle, and expects to resume the journey to-morrow.

Stanley Mortimer's Buick was the first machine to be penalized. His oil feed loosened a few miles outside of Leesburg, and he was compelled to tighten it, thereby incurring a penalty of five points.

W. E. Arison, driving No. 46 Washington, was close behind Halstead, and to avoid a collision was obliged to stall his motor, for which Referee West imposed a penalty of one point.

The heavy roads for part of the distance was responsible for the little Maxwell having three points marked up against it.

Ward Angle and his Buick "Bug," another small car, are to-night charged with one black mark, due to failure of the oil pipe connection with the sight feed to remain tight.

Harry Walls and his model G Maxwell, Irving Barber, who is behind the wheel of the Parry car, Gary Carter, driving No. 5 Washington and Columbia, with Howard Wagner as the driver, still remain on the clean score side of the sheet.

The roads so far encountered have been better than expected. Postmaster S. N. Gault and the people of Scottsville have arranged to give the contestants a luncheon to-morrow.

Cotton at 30 Cents.

Davenport, Tex., Oct. 21.—Ed Fuguson, a farmer in the Red River Valley, near here, to-day sold a bale of long staple cotton for 30 cents per pound. The bale was 1¾-inch staple. Several other bales of long staple cotton were sold for 27 cents per pound.

$1.25 to Baltimore and Return
To-day and to-morrow via Baltimore & Ohio R. R.

CRIPPEN IS COOL UNDER PRESSURE

Denies He Fled in Fear of Murder Charge.

INSISTS HIS WIFE LEFT

Defendant Admits He Made No Effort to Trace Her.

Did Not Even Suggest to His Lawyers that Belle Elmore Be Located—Says It Would Have Been Difficult for Others to Have Placed Body in Cellar of His Home. Draper's Assistant a Witness.

London, Oct. 21.—There was the most intense interest in the Old Bailey this morning when the trial of Dr. Hawley Harvey Crippen for the murder of his wife, Belle Elmore, the actress, was resumed and counsel for the government began the cross-examination of the prisoner. The small court room was packed and there was suppressed excitement all through the examination.

For three hours and a half Dr. Crippen was subjected to a merciless cross-examination by Richard D. Muir, K. C., who is conducting the prosecution. Dr. Crippen, on the whole, bore the ordeal remarkably well. At no time did he hesitate or become confused. He maintained throughout the long series of questions a manner that was free of any sign of nervousness or apprehension.

Dr. Crippen began by admitting that so far as he knew nobody had seen Mrs. Crippen since the night of January 31 last. In reply to further questions by the prosecutor he also admitted that he had not made or caused to be made any inquiries in regard to her movements immediately following his disappearance nor even since his arrest. He had not even suggested to his lawyers that Mrs. Crippen should be traced. In explanation of this, the prisoner said he had not taken action of this kind because he had placed his defense entirely in the hands of his counsel.

A Mystery to Him.

Replying to questions in regard to the remains found in the cellar of his house on Hilldrop Crescent, Dr. Crippen said he did not know how they could have been placed there by others at any time during his five and a half years' tenancy of the house.

Chief Justice Alverstone emphasized this point by asking the prisoner if he wished the jury to believe that such a thing could have been done without his knowledge. Dr. Crippen replied that it was not probable. He believed, however, that it was possible, because both himself and his wife were often absent for many hours at a time.

Counselor Muir questioned Dr. Crippen in great detail about the letters announcing the death of his wife in California last March which he sent to various intimate friends.

In reply Dr. Crippen, with some show of impatience, said he had repeatedly admitted that the statements he made in these letters were all lies.

Counsel for the government asked the prisoner if he had played the role of bereaved husband well.

Dr. Crippen replied that the counselor had better question the recipients of his (Crippen's) letters on that point.

Dr. Crippen adhered closely to his story of the plot with the quartermaster of the steamship Montrose. According to this story, Crippen was to write a note indicating that he had committed suicide and the quartermaster was to secrete him in the cargo, allowing him to escape at Quebec. During the night the quartermaster was to make a splash in the water, and when Crippen's note was found it was surmised that it would be taken for granted that he had jumped overboard and no search would be made for him.

Denies He Fled in Fear.

Time after time the prisoner refused to admit that he fled in fear of a charge of murder. This was the point which the prosecuting counsel pressed hardest and longest of all, but he could not get Crippen to admit that the idea of a murder charge ever entered his mind until he was actually arrested. He explained that his flight was entirely due to the fear which Inspector Dew inspired in him that he might be kept in jail until he produced his wife. This was at the time that Inspector Dew visited the house on Hilltop Crescent after friends of Mrs. Crippen had called the attention of the authorities to her mysterious disappearance.

Dr. Crippen's story did not seem to create a favorable impression in the court room though his manner did.

At the close of his long cross-examination Dr. Crippen returned to the dock apparently as fresh and undisturbed as when the ordeal began.

The jury spent most of the luncheon hour in the judge's room making a microscopic examination of the piece of flesh taken from the body found in Crippen's house, which is alleged to contain a scar similar to the one borne by Mrs. Crippen.

During the last two hours of the session Dr. Crippen was distinctly more serious than he had been during the earlier part of the day. He was also much paler.

Girl There that Night.

When the defense had put in all its witnesses Mr. Tobin, of counsel, spoke for one hour and five minutes. He dwelt on the fact that Miss Le Neve slept in the house on Hilldrop Crescent the night after the disappearance of Mrs. Crippen. He declared that it was inconceivable that Crippen could have brought his mistress to the house after committing murder and with the body of his wife still on the premises. The chief justice allowed the prosecution to put in the witness box a draper's assistant who apparently proved that the remains were buried in the cellar of the house on Hilldrop Crescent during the time Crippen was the tenant. He pointed out that a tag attached to a portion of the suit of pajamas found with the body bore the names of Jones Brothers, Limited, and Jones Brothers, he testified, had only been a limited company since 1906. He testified further that a suit of pajamas of the same pattern as those found with the body had been delivered at the Hilldrop Crescent house either in December, 1908, or January, 1909.

The trial was then adjourned until to-morrow.

Blackistone's Special Spray, $2.
A handsome piece of work. 14th & H.

LURES HER FATHER HOME TO FACE PROSECUTION

Daughter Allows Him to Make Love, and Deserted Wife's Trap Is Successful.

Philadelphia, Oct. 21.—With the arrest of Benjamin J. Miller on a charge of nonsupport, preferred by his wife, Elizabeth Miller, of 500 Monroe street, a strange story was revealed of a daughter allowing her father to make love to her in another city so that she might entice him to this city that her deserted mother might prosecute him.

Eleven years ago Miller deserted his family, his wife says. For years nothing was heard of him. Then, through a sister-in-law, who was living in New York City, the deserted wife learned of his whereabouts.

A plan was entered upon by Mrs. Miller, her daughter Bertha, eighteen years old, and the sister-in-law in New York. It was arranged that Bertha should go to New York and the sister-in-law was to have Miller come to her home to attend a party.

The plot of the plan was that her husband should fall in love with his own daughter, whom he had not seen since she was a child, and whom it was believed he would not know. Bertha went to New York and on the night appointed Miller came to the house.

As it had been expected he did not recognize in the fascinating young woman his own daughter. The plot succeeded so well, it was said by Mrs. Miller, that the infatuated man was willing and eager to accompany Bertha to this city.

This was about a week ago, and packing up his trunk Miller came here with his daughter, never suspecting the true state of affairs. On their arrival in this city Bertha took her father to the house in Monroe street, where he was arrested and taken before Magistrate Beaton, who held him in bail.

GUILTY IMPORTERS APPEAL TO LOEB

Government Will Be Gainer, Declares the Collector.

REMIT CRIMINAL PENALTIES

Full Civil Damages Will Be Exacted and Voluntary Admissions Will Not Avail—Speedy Confessions Follow Revelation in the Duveen Case—Private Trade Invoices.

New York, Oct. 21.—Collector William Loeb, jr., upon his return to-day from the conference which he had on Thursday with Secretary MacVeagh, of the Treasury Department, said, that a course had been agreed upon for handling the unusual circumstance evolved by the voluntary admission of many importers in New York of the guilt of cheating the customs by undervaluation. Though the collector was guarded in his statements he admitted frankly that "several hundred thousands of dollars would be saved to the government by the attitude of the guilty importers."

But the collector was quick to correct an impression which arose out of Washington reports of the conference between Loeb and the Secretary and which had it that the importers in question had voluntarily confessed unsuspected thefts from the customs to the collector of the port of New York.

No Pricking Conscience.

With a grim smile of satisfaction Mr. Loeb said that there had not been any great display of pricking conscience on the part of any of the importers in the cases, they had been caught with the goods and, finding themselves caught, had volunteered to turn over all their books to the collector and thus expedite and assist in their own punishment.

Mr. Loeb said that it had been agreed in Washington that he should proceed to lay the several cases before the district attorney as he would in any ordinary case of fraud in the customs. Then the district attorney might use his discretion in giving each offender immunity on the promise that, if called upon, he would give evidence in any other case in which his testimony might be needed.

Though the criminal penalties will thus be remitted, full civil damages will be exacted in each case. Every offender will be charged full duty on the value of his goods, entered under false valuation, besides the value of the goods, which is exacted in cases of customs fraud.

"I cannot say just now how many firms have confessed to customs evasions and thrown themselves on our mercy," Mr. Loeb said to-day. "You can put it down as several, at least, and there is every prospect that more will fall into line before very long. I will say of the number there are at least four in one line of business, but I cannot tell you what that line is.

Private Trade Invoices.

"The method of evasion used in all of these cases at present under consideration was the same as one of the Duveens' methods—the filing of undervalued consular invoices and the use of private trade invoices for the squaring of secret accounts between dealer and purchaser. In cases such as these it is very difficult for the government to work up its case against any individual firm which is hostile to it, and defies prosecution, for the firm keeps possession of the private invoices, and without a quick raid upon unsuspecting officers these papers cannot be had."

The collector said that the guilty importers began to send their lawyers to him just as soon as they caught wind of investigations which had been set on foot against them. The representatives came by twos and threes, and made inquiries as to what would be the rewards of speedy confession. More will be coming very shortly, the collector thinks, because the importers who have been cheating the customs have discovered that some very relentless digging into facts have been going on and will continue.

KENYON IS IN LINE.

Likely to Succeed Late Senator Dolliver, of Iowa.

Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 21.—It is rumored to-night in political circles that Gov. B. F. Carroll will appoint W. S. Kenyon, of Fort Dodge, to succeed the late Senator J. P. Dolliver. The appointment of Kenyon is generally considered probable.

Gov. Carroll is in Jefferson to-night and has refused to comment on the situation.

Mr. Kenyon was one of Senator Dolliver's closest friends in Iowa, and had served a term or two on the district bench at Fort Dodge. Kenyon has always been classed as an insurgent, but was appointed to a position in the Department of Justice by President Taft at a time when the insurgent fight was at its height in Washington.

Aids Young Musicians.

Paris, Oct. 21.—Vicomtesse La Redorte has given $40,000 to the Paris Conservatory of Music to aid young musicians.

$1.25—Baltimore and Return, Baltimore & Ohio.
Every Saturday and Sunday. All trains both ways, both days, except Royal Limited.

WANT CONFERENCE OF ALL CHURCHES

Episcopal Gift of $100,000 with This in View.

DONOR'S NAME IS WITHHELD

Generally Understood that J. Pierpont Morgan Is Subscriber—Forty-third General Church Convention Ends Its Sessions at Cincinnati. Committee Will Prepare Statement.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Oct. 21.—Before the final adjournment of the forty-third general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church to-day an impetus was given to the serious movement toward church unity by the gift of $100,000 toward a fund for the bringing about of a world's conference of representatives of all Christian churches. Rev. Dr. William Manning, rector of Trinity Church, New York City, in making the announcement of this gift, said that the donor was a lay deputy to the convention, but wished his name withheld. However, it was generally understood that J. P. Morgan, who is a lay deputy from New York, made the gift, and this was verified in reliable quarters. Mr. Morgan is taking a great interest in this movement, which was one of the most dominant notes of the convention.

Mr. Morgan will be the financial manager of this movement. A joint commission on the world's conference was organized to-day. Bishop Charles P. Anderson, of Chicago, is president; J. P. Morgan, treasurer, and Robert B. Gardiner, of Maine, secretary. A committee on plan and scope, of which Rev. Dr. Manning is chairman, was formed to prepare a careful statement as to the objects and methods of procedure, which will be discussed at a meeting of the commission, to be called at an early date.

The committee includes, besides Dr. Manning, Bishop Charles Anderson, of Chicago; Bishop Charles H. Brent, of the Philippines; Bishop Frederick Kinsman, of Delaware; Rev. Philip M. Rhinelander, of Cambridge, Mass.; Mr. Francis Lynde Stetson, of New York, and Robert H. Gardiner, of Maine.

The convention closed at noon to-day.

J. Pierpont Morgan and his party of distinguished guests, whom he has entertained here, will leave for New York to-morrow noon over the Chesapeake and Ohio.

TRACE BOMB PLOT.

Los Angeles Detectives Have Clews to Dynamiters.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 21.—Detectives who have been probing the Los Angeles Times dynamiting, in which twenty-one men were killed, to-day indicated that they were reasonably sure of the identity of the dynamiters. At the request of the district attorney's office, Judge Bardwell summoned a special grand jury to investigate the outrage.

Earl Rogers, chief of counsel of Gen. Otis, owner of the Times, said: "We are now sure of the identity of the dynamiters, and we have evidence to convict them when captured."

The Los Angeles suit cases, in which bombs were concealed, were the property of David Capton, an anarchist and follower of Emma Goldman, who disappeared from San Francisco just after the Times outrage. Police of every city in the country will be asked to watch for Capton.

FEAR LOSS OF PORT.

French Authorities Want Concessions Made to Liners.

Cherbourg, Oct. 21.—The mayor and a number of local notables have left for Paris to ask the government to take immediate steps, such as the reduction of pilotage dues, the building of a better maritime station, and the establishment of better train service, in order to induce the North German Lloyd, White Star, and American steamship companies to use Cherbourg as a port of call.

NOBEL PRIZE AWARDED.

Prof. Kossel, of Heidelberg, Gets Medical Honors.

Stockholm, Oct. 21.—The Nobel medical prize has been awarded to Prof. Kossel, of Heidelberg.

LOYALTY IS REWARDED.

French Railroad to Give Bonuses to Faithful Men.

Paris, Oct. 21.—The Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean Railroad has issued a circular thanking the employes who remained at their posts during the recent strike of drivers and firemen. The company announces that it will give to these loyal men 3,000,000 francs extra in bonuses at the end of the year.

Popular Excursion, Baltimore & Ohio R. R., October 23.
Leave Union Station 8:15 a. m. $1.00 to Harpers Ferry and Martinsburg, $1.35 to Berkeley Springs, and $2.00 to Cumberland and return, by special train, returning same day. Splendid opportunity for a delightful outing cheap.

COLONEL INDORSES LODGE IN BOSTON

Massachusetts Praised as a Progressive State.

GETS GLOWING WELCOME

Gov. Draper Defends the State Administration.

Senator Presents Roosevelt, Who Is Cheered to the Echo—Taft's Name Also Loudly Applauded—Colonel Goes to New Hampshire To-day to Speak in Behalf of Robert Bass, the Progressive Candidate.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 21.—Those who expected that Mr. Roosevelt would say startling things in his speech for Senator Lodge here to-night were disappointed. The colonel merely gave a red hot indorsement of the Senator and asked the people of Massachusetts to return to the United States Senate a man who had always stood for progressive legislation. The colonel played safe on national issues in his speech before a great audience of 8,000 persons in the arena to-night.

They are having a lively scrap in this State over the tariff issue, and he dwelt at length on that matter. But he only repeated what he has said a good many times before. He declared that the principle of the tariff is right so far as the Republican party is concerned, but that the method has been unsatisfactory. He maintained as before that the question that must be taken up by a tariff commission is such as President Taft has initiated.

Massachusetts took kindly to Mr. Roosevelt to-night. The crowd that jammed itself into the arena yelled vociferously because they like the colonel. They appreciated his knocks upon Candidate Eugene Foss, and whooped when he rapped the Democrats. They were pleased when Mr. Roosevelt indorsed Gov. Draper for re-election. The governor was present to acknowledge the salute.

Does Not Repudiate Tariff.

The colonel set out from the beginning to make himself clear upon the issues he has been expounding ever since he started to campaign. He declared for honesty and whacked at corruption in politics. He steered clear of anything that might be taken as a repudiation of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law, for Massachusetts is highly interested in that.

Pamphlets defending the attack upon the tariff bill were distributed profusely throughout the hall. They explained that the cost of living has not been increased by the legislation of the last Congress. The colonel did not say anything about that. One of the things that Mr. Roosevelt has not heard a great deal of has been applause for President Taft. He heard that to-night. When he mentioned the name of the President the audience cheered. The colonel twice referred to the President, but he did so only in connection with the tariff commission and the maximum and minimum, which he has done heretofore.

No Reply to Ultimatum.

A good many persons in the audience were on the alert to-night to see if the colonel would make a public reply to a letter sent to him by Frederick W. Peabody, a well-known lawyer of Boston. Mr. Peabody issued an ultimatum to the colonel, stating that if Mr. Roosevelt did not tell point blank to-night whether or not he would run for the Presidency in 1912 or would support the candidacy of William H. Taft he would bolt and vote the entire straight Democratic ticket.

Mr. Roosevelt did not answer it. Neither will Mr. Peabody bolt.

In the matter of enthusiasm the colonel has met no livelier crowds on his travels than the one that gathered in the arena to-night. It was a Republican house from beginning to end.

Gov. Draper made a speech, in which he spoke of what he has done and what the Democrats will not do if elected. He was followed by Senator Lodge. Mr. Lodge praised his home State and spent most of the few minutes he occupied by saying kind things about Roosevelt. He paid high tribute to the colonel as a publicist, soldier, and "tribune of the American people." The Senator was loudly received.

Outburst of Enthusiasm.

When Mr. Roosevelt arose to speak there was a tremendous outburst of enthusiasm that swept through the auditorium for about a minute. Every time he opened his mouth the crowd yelled for "Teddy," and when he beamed upon them they whooped the louder.

Mr. Roosevelt arrived in Boston at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Mrs. Roosevelt came with him. They were met by Senator Lodge, United States Marshal Murchie, and Roger Walcott. They went to the home of Dr. W. S. Bigelow, brother-in-law of Mr. Lodge, who lives in Beacon street.

There was a dinner in the colonel's honor at the Union Club this evening, after which he hustled for the arena to speak.

To-morrow evening he will leave Boston at 9 o'clock for a day's journey into New Hampshire to stump for Robert Bass, the progressive candidate for governor. He will stop at Nashua, Concord, and Manchester, returning to this city in the evening. Mr. Roosevelt will return to New York Sunday afternoon.

PLACE FOR MRS. CLEVELAND.

Widow of President One of Managers of Woman's Reformatory.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 21.—Mrs. Frances Folsom Cleveland, widow of the former President, was named by Gov. Fort as one of the managers of the woman's reformatory, the erection of which was authorized by the last legislature. Mrs. Cleveland has taken a deep interest in charitable and correctional work among women in this State.

The other managers named were County Clerk John M. Conger, of Middlesex; Mayor Wittpenn, of Jersey City; Mrs. Caroline B. Alexander, of Hoboken, and Mrs. Lewis T. Bryant, of Atlantic City.

No appropriation has been made for the reformatory, though it was tacitly understood when the enabling bill was passed last winter that the necessary funds would be included in the appropriation bills of next winter.