Features, But No Freaks

Adhering strictly to the plans mapped out for the contents of a family paper, one that can be placed safely upon the table of any home, no matter how cultured and refined, for entertaining as well as instructive reading, of interest to all members of the household,

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

In its issue of next Sunday (January 15), will present to its steadily increasing circle of Sunday readers the following carefully selected essays and articles, with particular attention to matters of local flavor:

A Chat with Uncle Sam's Trusted Mail Service Men.

Mr. Suter gives a vivid description of the Post-office Department Museum, its contents, and especially its magnificent stamp collection, perhaps the finest in all the world. Do not fail to read the story of "Owney," the post-office dog, who has traveled almost over the entire globe.

Regulations for Depositors of the Newly Established Postal Savings Banks.

A necessary and no less instructive compilation for the benefit of those who desire making Uncle Sam their banker, published by Mr. Weed, chief clerk of the P. O. D., and secretary to the board of trustees of the Postal Savings Bank.

The Bootblack who Harnessed Niagara.

Remarkable career of Robin, who began life in this country (where he arrived from Russia as a lad) as a bootblack in New York; acquired enough of the English language by sheer persistence to become a reporter, then blossoming out into an embryo financier, climbing the ladder until he owned or controlled banks, after launching a company to derive electric power from the great falls of Niagara. Now under indictment for the alleged wrecking of a bank.

Does Prohibition Prohibit.

Royal E. Cabell, Internal Revenue Commissioner, gives The Washington Herald interesting data on the liquor traffic, saying the whisky bill in the United States for 1910 was some $192,000,000 greater than in 1909.

Hohenzollern and Romanoff.

Emperor William's attempts to alienate Russia from the triple entente said to have been foiled despite Czar's promises, made while the German Kaiser's guest recently at Potsdam. Intensity of Russian hatred for everything German.

Benefits of French Rural Banks.

Official report of the French department of agriculture about the remarkable success of the newly established "Caisse Locale"—i. e., banks in farming districts which lend money to the tillers of the soil at most favorable terms to keep them from falling into the hands of unscrupulous usurers.

DISAPPEARANCE OF THE ENGLISH MIDDLE CLASSES.

THEORIES ABOUT HEREDITY UPSET BY AUSTRIAN MONK.

STORY OF A REPORTER—"ONE OF THE NINE WHO FAILED."

AMERICAN WOMAN WHO BALKS AT BECOMING A MORGANATIC WIFE.

COUNTRY TRYING TO BUY OFF ITS PRINCESSES ROYAL.

HOW MEDICAL DETECTIVES SOLVE MYSTERIOUS MURDERS.

MISTAKEN NOTIONS AS TO THE LIFE AND CAREER OF COMEDIANS.

SUGGESTIONS FOR A NATIONAL FLOWER FOR THIS COUNTRY.

AGE OF BRIDESMAIDS IS DISAPPEARING FAST.

UNIQUE "ONION MARKET" AT BERN, IN SWITZERLAND.

And numerous other belletristic and scientific essays just as interesting, not to forget the novelette, "The Hypothesis of a Failure," an up-to-date story in four parts. The first installment appears in next Sunday's issue of

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

Do not fail to place your order for the issue of next Sunday at once, as you will also find [illegible]

CHURCH FORCES JOIN

Ambitious Programme Calls for Co-operation.

"FORWARD" THE 1911 ORDER

Big Plans for Unity Embrace the Bridging of Differences Between Various Faiths and a Combination of Religious Effort by Different Denominations in This Country.

Christian people of America have some big plans on hand for the year now just opened. The most ambitious ones refer to unity. Differences are to be buried if possible. Episcopalians have two definite plans with organizations behind them, one of them a world conference, not probably to be held this year. Both of these look to union with Catholics, both Greek and Roman, as well as with Protestant bodies. Disciples of Christ have a plan and a committee behind it, and there is a Federal council, representing officially some thirty Protestant bodies, that is working along federation lines, but working toward unity. Within these bodies co-operation and co-ordination of organizations are coming about as not heretofore. Combination is everywhere, with the trust principle left out, as is claimed. Presbyterians, Baptists, Methodists, Roman Catholics, and, indeed, all of the large bodies have had something to say about this getting together, a few against, but nearly all for unity or union. Some say there has long been Christian unity and that church union is not to be desired. Others favor one religious body, and openly declare for church union, the body of Christ on earth, a solid phalanx against sin. The year now here will witness much effort, hear many sermons, and read much in the newspapers, aiming to push on these plans.

Drifting Toward Unity.

Congregationalists will readjust their missionary machinery, and will also, if possible, remake their entire denominational system to fit new ideas put forth by the last national council, held late last year. The tendency seems to be toward centralization, if not in co-operation and doctrine, at least in aggressive and common work. Disciples of Christ will labor this year especially for better education of ministerial candidates, for college endowments, for missions, and for union. Practically the same tasks are before Lutherans, with unity emphasized and assimilations of foreign speaking Lutherans added. Presbyterians and Episcopalians are laying stress upon social service, and are entering the labor organizations, pleading for one day's rest in seven for workmen, protesting against child labor, and especially taking up the tuberculosis cause—fighting that and other disease. The feature of this year, as of many years past, will be a steady growth of the larger religious bodies, and the going to the wall of the smaller ones. An exception to this rule is the Christian Science, whose future, in the hands of a male board of directors to administer a cult founded by a woman, will be tested in some measure during the year. The prevailing opinion seems to be, inside and outside of the cult, that rows will be rather less frequent than they have been, the founder being gone. None of the small bodies has on hand anything that now seems likely to loom up into a national religious movement during the year.

"Men and Religion Movement."

One of the large religious undertakings for 1911 is the one in which ninety-seven men, nearly all laymen, have joined. They call it a "Men and Religion Forward Movement." Between now and September next, campaign preparations are to be made, and then, from September, 1911, to May, 1912, the committee will hold the biggest meetings in no fewer than ninety principal cities ever held in any country in the interest of the Christian religion. The ninety-seven men include George Wharton Pepper, the Philadelphia lawyer and foremost Episcopal leader; Hon. William Jennings Bryan, of political fame; Mr. James G. Cannon, the New York banker; Mr. C. S. Holt, of Chicago, president of the Presbyterian Brotherhood; Mr. H. D. W. English, president of the Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburg; Mr. R. A. Long, the Kansas City lumberman; Judge Selden P. Spencer, of St. Louis; Mr. Marion Lawrence, secretary of the International Sunday School Association, and Lieut. Gov. Wallace, of California.

On Thursday of last week, Fred B. Smith, of New York, who is general executive secretary of the movement, was the guest of Alvin M. Lothrop, at his new Connecticut avenue residence, and to a Herald representative he explained in some detail just what this "Men and Religion Campaign" proposes to accomplish. Said Mr. Smith:

"This men and religion campaign is made up of the Young Men's Christian Associations, the brotherhoods which are now found in almost all religious bodies, and the International Sunday School Association, the one that publishes the great Sunday school lesson series. Its aim is to further the Christian life of the men and boys of North America, and its method is to hold in ninety cities conferences lasting a week each, that are of such size as to challenge the attention of the public.

"That up-to-date methods or systems are to be employed is shown by the fact that search is now making for men to form teams of specialists, the members of which shall give eight months to the campaign. Each of the teams is to contain six men, an expert in Bible study work, one in evangelistic speaking and preaching, a third in religious work for boys, a fourth in social service, a fifth in shop and factory meetings, and a sixth a singing evangelist. These teams are to go from city to city, losing practically no time between conferences.

"Use is to be made by the campaign of students in colleges identified with the Young Men's Christian Association, railroad men in the railroad association branches, the Brotherhood chapters, the men's clubs in the churches, and Bible classes in Sunday schools. It is suggested by the committee, which has just issued its first literature, that part of each convention be a street parade of all of these men, and as far as possible of all men in all churches."

This forward movement gives as its objects: 1. To devise for all organizations workable plans for specialized effort for men and boys. 2. To publish a statement of the most approved methods of religious work for men and boys. 3. To set into the churches by May, 1912, the largest number of men and boys. 4. To increase enrollment in Bible classes. 5. To increase missionary gifts. 6. To teach men how best to devote money to the service of others. 7. To improve the social, political, commercial, and physical life of all the people. 8. To exalt the spiritual power of the public worship of God. The committee states that in North America 36 per cent are in Protestant churches, 12 in Roman Catholic churches, and 52 per cent go to church at all.

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CATHOLIC CHURCHES.

Reports have just been made to Cardinal Gibbons, coming by the way of Rome, concerning progress of the Catholic Church in the Philippines. Soon after adjustment of the friar difficulties in the islands American priests were selected, in part upon the advice of Cardinal Gibbons, and consecrated for practically all of the Philippine dioceses. The number included the late Bishop Rooker, who died at his post. He had seen long service as undersecretary in the apostolate at Washington. These bishops took with them upon American advice a considerable number of American priests who are still in the islands. But they introduced the policy, it is said, of encouraging Filipinos, as far as competent, to enter the ministry and take charge of congregations. The reports now in hand are to the effect that the money, some of it received from the United States government in payment for friar lands, and according to stipulation by our government required to remain in the islands, has been used to successful effect. Churches have been rebuilt and enlarged, and the number of parochial schools multiplied eightfold. Academies have been founded in almost all dioceses, and in some schools for the training of teachers have been established. The native ministry has increased in marked degree, and within the comparatively short time since American occupation progress has been made exceeding that of many generations under Spanish rule. It is stated that the Pope is extremely gratified at the results thus far shown, and has taken occasion to inform American Catholics to that effect.

The able paper by the Jesuit provincial of Portugal, protesting against the expulsion of the clergy from that country, has received marked attention from the Catholics of Washington and Baltimore. At various services last Sunday in many leading Catholic churches of this city, the pastors read the announcement circulated by the Aloysius Truth Society of Washington, and urged the congregations to read that day's edition of The Washington Herald, in which the article appeared exclusively.

Especially strong announcements were made at the six masses in St. Aloysius' Church, in which parish the truth society's headquarters is established. In the neighboring parish of St. Martin's, Rev. Eugene A. Hannan, the pastor, spoke at the four masses in his church, and in connection with the announcement concerning the article on Portugal, took occasion vigorously to urge the support of a clean, able, fair, and well-edited paper such as The Washington Herald.

St. Martin's branch of the Holy Name Society held its regular monthly meeting Sunday evening, and the protest of the provincial was discussed by the members. Resolutions pledging the moral and financial support of St. Martin's Holy Name Society to the work of the Aloysius Truth Society of Washington in defense of religion and morality were unanimously passed.

At St. Ignatius' Church in Baltimore, the pastor, Rev. F. X. Brady, S. J., arranged that a number of newsboys would have The Washington Herald on sale outside of the church, and at the services the congregation was told that The Herald, containing exclusively the protest referred to, could be purchased directly outside the church doors.

An illustrated lecture entitled "The truth about the revolution in Portugal" will be given in Gonzaga Hall to-morrow night at 8:30 o'clock, by Rev. Augustus J. Duarte, S. J., of the Gonzaga College faculty, and president of the Aloysius Truth Society of Washington. The lecture will be under the auspices of the Aloysius Club. As the purpose of the lecture is the dissemination of truth, there will be no charge for admittance, and an invitation is extended to all who are desirous of hearing the facts concerning Portugal from one who has given the subject careful investigation.

A great mission will be given in St. Aloysius' Church by fathers of the Jesuit Missionary Band, commencing Sunday, January 22. The mission will last two weeks, the first week being exclusively for women, the second week exclusively for men. The order of exercises during the mission weeks will appear in this column next Saturday.

The Aloysius Truth Society of Washington has pledged its support to The Washington Herald in its courageous stand against indecent theatrical performances. The dramatic editor, Mr. Fuller, has been highly praised by the society for his consistent and laudable work toward elevating the stage.

At St. Patrick's Church there will be high mass Sunday at 11 o'clock, Father Carroll being the celebrant at mass and Father McGuigan preaching the sermon. The Children of Mary will meet at 4 o'clock in the afternoon for the recitation of their office. At 8 p. m. the League of the Good Shepherd will meet, and Father Russell will answer the questions that have been placed in the question box.

The Holy Name Society of St. Matthew's parish will celebrate the feast of the holy name to-morrow. The members of this society will receive holy communion in a body at the 7 o'clock mass, and the annual meeting of the society will be held at Rauscher's, Sunday evening, at 8 o'clock.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

The Endeavorers of the city are planning a farewell reception to President E. P. Gates, of the District Union, who will depart on January 25, to begin his work as general secretary of the Illinois Christian Endeavor Union. The reception will be held on Monday, January 23, and will give to Endeavorers an opportunity to express their appreciation of the large work Mr. Gates has accomplished in his present office.

The Christian Endeavor topic for to-morrow's meeting is the first of a series of twelve on "Lessons from Great Lives;" it is said these topics were selected by ministers and laymen on their way to the Christian Endeavor convention at St. Paul in July, 1909. Abraham is the first character to be studied and the Bible reference for to-morrow is Gen. xxii:1-18.

Rev. George E. Miller will preside at the meeting of the Alpha Christian Endeavor Society of Ninth street Christian Church. At First Congregational Church the meeting will be in charge of the citizenship committee, of which Mr. E. V. Griggs is chairman.

Calvary Baptist Intermediate Christian Endeavor Society has installed as its officers for 1911, William E. Brooks, president; Miss Edna Morgan, vice president; Miss Virginia Gardner, corresponding secretary; Miss Helen Harris, recording secretary; William T. Gill, jr., treasurer; Grady P. Oakley, union delegate. Mr. Owen P. Keller acts as adviser to this society.

A Junior Society of Christian Endeavor was organized last Sunday at the Takoma Park Presbyterian Church, with 37 charter members. The officers elected were Ruth Hedgcock, president; Willie Kroll, vice president; Gertrude Lewis, secretary; Melvin Miller, treasurer. Members of the senior association of the Young People's Society will direct the work of the Junior.

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The Revolution

in baking methods which gave the world Uneeda Biscuit also resulted in a

Revelation

in soda cracker quality. You realize this the moment you open the royal purple package and find soda crackers so tempting and good that they cannot be resisted.

5¢ a Package (Never sold in bulk)

Uneeda Biscuit

Uneeda Biscuit

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

the early part of the evening four new members were admitted to the society and arrangements were made to secure committee report blanks for use of chairmen of committees. Rev. Earle Wilfley spoke briefly to the young people at the conclusion of the business meeting. The annual banquet of the society will be held in February, the arrangements for which are in charge of a committee led by Mr. J. M. Pickens; Miss Bertha Dew and Mr. A. G. Grinnell are chairmen of subcommittees.

The supplies department of the District union is now in charge of Mr. W. P. Greenwald, one of the Mount Pleasant Congregational Church.

The Rhode Island Avenue Methodist Protestant Senior Christian Endeavor Society has chosen as officers for the year the following: S. W. Finch, president; R. T. Ballard, vice president; Mrs. O. L. Pitman, recording secretary; F. J. May, corresponding secretary; Miss Lucy Beale, treasurer.

NOT VITAL TO CHURCH.

Outcome of Eddy Will Suit Is Immaterial, Says Writer.

Editor The Washington Herald:

The announcement in to-day's Washington Herald of the filing of a suit to nullify the desire of Mrs. Eddy as to the disposition of her property contains statements that are worthy of consideration. In that article it is assumed that the fate of the Christian Science Church depends on the outcome of this suit.

In our matter-of-fact way of looking at things, it is natural to take such a short-sighted view. But it may be well to pause a moment and inquire what is the significance of the organization called the church. Clearly it is the acknowledgment of a Supreme Being operative in human affairs. If there be no such recognition of a Supreme Being there is no reason for the existence of a church.

This being admitted, it can easily be seen that the outcome of this suit is in no way vital to the Christian Science Church, for if there be no divine power sustaining it, all the property on earth cannot give it vitality, whereas if it is ordered and directed by a power above and beyond the human, then it will stand, regardless of the result of this "friendly suit."

The leading counsel who was instrumental in filing this suit admits in his published statement that the power of this religious movement is "already marvelous," and that if the suit which he has instituted is lost "Christian Science can count upon a future growth and expansion beyond all the other religions in the world." It is interesting in this connection to inquire whether the gentleman assumes that he is working with or against divine power in the position he is taking.

In the early history of the Christian church a great deal of effort was directed toward stopping its growth, but to no avail. The early church was faithful to the charge given it to "preach the Gospel, heal the sick," and it is generally admitted now that this is what the Christian Science Church is doing. The advice of Gamaliel, "a doctor of the law," may well be heeded by our doctor of the law in this case. It is given in the book of the Acts, as follows: "If this work be of men, it will come to naught; but if it be of God, ye cannot overthrow it, lest haply ye be found even to fight against God." WILLIAM S. CAMPBELL.

Washington, Jan. 13.

NO SUCCESSOR TO GOULD.

New York, Jan. 13.—The presidency of the Missouri Pacific was recently offered to William H. Truesdale, president of the Lackawanna. Mr. Truesdale declined the offer, giving as his reason, it is said, that he was unwilling at his time of life to take up the responsibilities of developing what was, to him, an unknown property.

No successor to President Gould has yet been selected. In one quarter it was said that Mr. Gould wanted a man who would take the field and spend five years in a work car if necessary. Mr. Gould is to remain on the directorate, but it is not likely that he will act as chairman of the board.

THE PANAMA CANAL!

The Panama Canal must be
A highway for the brave and free
From every land and every sea
Who believe in law and liberty!

The greatest work of human art
Where Uncle Sam must play the part
Of World Peace o'er the sea-tossed
With brilliant brain and generous heart!

From every land and many shore,
All nations, in their peace or wars,
Then unite plan to build the
Shall feel the way through this and that

And when the work has been and passed
Each nation of earth [illegible]
[illegible]

MAJ. GEN. DUVALL RETIRES

Reaches Age Limit After Long, Active Service in Army.

Two Promotions Follow His Leaving the Service—Brig. Gen. Hodges His Successor.

Maj. Gen. William P. Duvall, a native of Maryland and a graduate of the Military Academy, class of 1860, yesterday passed from active service to the retired list by reason of age limit. With his relinquishment of the command of the Philippines Maj. Gen. Duvall closed a military life of marked service.

After graduation, he entered the artillery branch of the service, where he remained until the Spanish-American war broke out. In May, 1898, he was transferred to the Inspector General's Department of the volunteer army. He passed through the grades of chief ordnance officer, lieutenant colonel of the Twenty-sixth United States Infantry, and colonel of the Forty-eighth United States Infantry.

The greater part of his volunteer service was in the Philippines. In 1906 he was promoted from the rank of lieutenant colonel of artillery to that of brigadier general. In October, 1907, promotion came to him again, when he was made major general.

Two important promotions follow the retirement of Maj. Gen. Duvall. Brig. Gen. Charles L. Hodges, a native of Rhode Island and a veteran of the civil war, will take the rank of major general. The vacancy created by the promotion of Brig. Gen. Hodges will be filled by the promotion of Col. Robert K. Evans, who is a graduate of the Military Academy of the class of 1875.

FLORIDA FAVORS STATE BUILDINGS

Business Bodies May Send Delegates Here.

It is probable that the business bodies of Washington may act upon a suggestion from the president of the Jacksonville Board of Trade, Francis P. Conroy, and invite commercial bodies throughout the United States to send delegates to Washington next May to consider the erection of permanent State buildings here for exhibit purposes.

This feature forms a part of the celebration proposal by the Chamber of Commerce and the Board of Trade to open officially the Panama Canal in 1915. This is embodied in the programme that was presented to Congress yesterday.

Lindsay S. Perkins, of Baltimore, who has just returned from Florida, says that the sentiment in parts of that State is very strongly in favor of the erection in Washington of permanent State buildings, in which the resources and natural productions may be arranged for display.

He spoke particularly of the strong feeling in Jacksonville and Orlando. When he went South he carried letters of greeting from the Board of Trade president, Gen. George H. Harries, to the presidents of the boards of these cities. Mr. Conroy and W. R. O'Neill, secretary of the Orlando Board of Trade, expressed themselves unmistakably on the good that their towns would derive if permanent exhibits were established by Florida in Washington.

SUBSIDY ON THE PACIFIC.

Canada Will Seek to Extend Trade with the Orient.

Ottawa, Jan. 13.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier announced in the House of Commons to-day that the ministry had decided upon granting a subsidy of 35,000 pounds sterling annually for steamship service between ports on the Pacific coast and China and Japan.

The subsidy is to run for a period of not more than ten years. Sir Wilfrid announced that he would bring up the matter, [illegible] in the House of Commons [illegible] the government [illegible]

TAKES HER LIFE WITH ACID

Phoebe Hartley Swallows Nearly Two Ounces of Poison.

Fifth Precinct Police Puzzled for Motive of Domestic's Suicide.

Her motive a mystery, Phoebe Hartley, twenty-six years old, a domestic, yesterday afternoon committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid in her room at 434 Eleventh street southeast, where she had been employed for four years. She was discovered lying on a bed unconscious, and died two hours later without regaining her faculties. Her lips and mouth were badly burned, and physicians believe she swallowed nearly two ounces of the acid.

Police of the Fifth precinct investigated the case, but were unable to gain an inkling concerning the cause of the woman's apparent despondency. So far as has been learned, she was in good health and in an optimistic frame of mind a few hours before her death. She had not intimated a desire to die, it is stated, and to her employers appeared to be cheery and contented with her lot.

The woman was employed by Josiah White, who lives in the house with his daughter, Miss Ethel White, a schoolteacher. When Miss White left the house in the morning the housekeeper was laughing and talking gayly. A short time later Phoebe Hartley donned her hat and coat and left the house. Josiah White, who is somewhat deaf, was left alone. He did not hear the servant when she came back, and the unconscious woman was not discovered until Miss White returned.

Miss White administered antidotes and tried to restore the housekeeper while awaiting the arrival of an ambulance. The patient was removed to Casualty Hospital, where death occurred at 6 o'clock. An inquest will be held this morning at the District morgue.

SEEKS WORLDWIDE UNITY.

Orient-Occident Society to Begin Campaign.

Plans for the organization of the Orient-Occident Unity, a society to bring the eastern and western hemispheres into closer communication, are being completed by a committee headed by Charles M. Remey, Mirza Ahmad Sohrab, Joseph H. Hannen, and Claudia S. Coles, of this city. The organization meeting will take place in May in this city, when representatives of nearly every government will be present.

According to the plans as outlined by the committee in its tentative constitution, aid will be sought from the Carnegie Institute. It is the argument of the directors of the new society that universal peace cannot become a reality except through universal education, one of the objects of the organization.

It is proposed to erect a suitable home for the union in Washington, where all nations will have representation. It is proposed to make the home along the lines of the Pan-American Union Building, except that it will be much wider in scope.

JUDGE CLEMENTS NAMED.

Elected Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Judson C. Clements, a Democratic member of the Interstate Commerce Commission, was yesterday elected by his colleagues as chairman of the commission. Judge Clements' election marks a new method in the selection of chairman in that it has been definitely decided that the commission will each year select a new chairman by the rule of seniority.

Judge Clements succeeds Martin A. Knapp of New York, who recently resigned to become presiding judge of the newly created Commerce Court. Judge Clements was appointed a member of the commission by President Harrison, February 13, 1892, and was successively reappointed by Presidents Cleveland, McKinley, and Roosevelt. His term will expire December 31, 1913.

Refuge Bank Alleged Forger.

London, Jan. 13.—Morris Klugman, who is under indictment in New York for forgery while bookkeeper for the firm of Goldwater Bros., cloak manufacturers in that city, and a warrant for whose arrest was issued on December 31, sailed for New York on the steamship Adriatic to-day of Lloyd Brian, of the New York [illegible]

[illegible]