SENATE ARRANGES FOR FINAL VOTES

Adjournment Is Predicted for Some Date in August.

HOUSE LEADERS UNDECIDED

Clark and Underwood Not Entirely Satisfied with Plans of the Senators—Vote on Reciprocity July 22; on Statehood August 7—This May End the Session by August 10.

The Senate reached an agreement yesterday by unanimous consent to vote on the Canadian reciprocity bill on Saturday, July 22. The bill will undoubtedly pass on that day without amendment.

On other important pending measures an agreement was reached for votes as follows: The Underwood wool bill, July 27; farmers' free list bill, August 1; Congressional reapportionment bill, August 3; resolution for Statehood for Arizona and New Mexico, August 7.

This programme contemplates that Congress will adjourn some time between August 8 and August 15.

The plans of the Senate leaders, both Democratic and Republican, contemplated earlier dates and looked to an adjournment of Congress not later than August 5. But the insurgents stood out for more time to debate the tariff question. Senator Shively, of Indiana, Democrat, is responsible for fixing a day for a vote on the reapportionment bill. He reported that bill from the Committee on Census.

Opposition to Measure.

There is a strong Republican opposition to the measure. Senator La Follette will submit a minority report. He is chairman of the Census Committee. Senators Root and Burton intend to speak against the bill and lead the fight against it.

The arrangement for a vote on the Statehood resolution was made at the demand of a number of Senators, including insurgents. It is doubtful if an agreement could have been reached if the leaders had not been willing to concede a vote on the Statehood resolution.

No provision was made for a vote on the campaign publicity bill, but Senator Kenyon of Iowa, stood out against the agreement for several hours, insisting that the publicity bill be included in the list of measures to be voted on. He finally yielded at the solicitation of some of his insurgent colleagues, but he gave notice that he would call up the publicity bill from day to day and endeavor to sandwich it in between other measures and to get a vote on it before adjournment. The leaders understand, however, that the publicity bill and the resolution for the direct election of Senators, which is now in conference between the two Houses, will both go over to the regular session.

Chided by Borah.

Senator Borah, of Idaho, who is very much interested in the direct elections resolution, made a speech in the Senate chiding the conferees because they had not been able to have a meeting. With fine irony he referred to the "insurmountable obstacle" in the way of the conference. He declared that the Senate conferees and the House conferees were confronted with the momentous question as to which set of conferees should call on the other, and being unable to settle the matter, neither side had taken the initiative. The Senator declared that the question was of such "grave import," and appreciating the difficulties in the way of its settlement by the conferees themselves, that he (Mr. Borah) might find it necessary to have the Senate take action instructing the Senate conferees as to how they might find the door leading to the House of Representatives.

Senator Borah was smiling, and his colleagues enjoyed the speech very much, but Senator Nelson, one of the conferees, was very restless, and made an explanation which indicated that there probably will be a meeting of the conferees next week.

There is a difference of opinion as to when Congress will be able to adjourn under the arrangement made yesterday. Senator Penrose remarked that Congress would be away by August 19. Other Senators fixed the date as early as August 10. Several members of the House were inclined to think that several days would elapse following the vote on the Statehood resolution before Congress could adjourn. The House leaders appear to want action on some of the other tariff bills. Then there is likely to be some delay, if the Senate should amend the Statehood resolution, as it probably will.

Factions Hobnob Together.

For nearly three hours before the agreement was submitted to the Senate by Chairman Penrose, of the Finance Committee, an interesting scene was enacted on the floor. It became known Thursday night that the leaders were a little nearer an agreement than they had been at any time since July 1. In fact, some of the newspapers published yesterday what purported to be a definite programme. This was premature and, as was shown when the actual agreement was submitted, was almost entirely incorrect as to the dates.

Senator Newlands appeared to be the only objector. He admitted that he wanted a general scheme of tariff revision carried out before adjournment.

The House Democratic leaders are undecided as to whether they will agree to an adjournment immediately upon the passage of the bills embodied in the agreement adopted by the Senate. Speaker Clark expressed the opinion that Congress would not put up the shutters until about September 1. Chairman Underwood, of the Ways and Means Committee, refused to commit himself. He seemed to be of the opinion, however, that the Democrats would not insist upon action by the Senate on the cotton revision bill, which will probably be reported next week.

DENEEN ON WITNESS STAND.

Governor of Illinois Testifies in the Lorimer Case.

The cross-examination of Charles S. Deneen, governor of Illinois, occupied all of yesterday's session of the Senate committee which is investigating allegations of corruption in the election of Senator Lorimer, of Illinois. For about six hours Gov. Deneen was grilled by Judge Elbridge G. Hanecy, counsel for Senator Lorimer.

The questions asked by Judge Hanecy were designed to break down Gov. Deneen's testimony Thursday that he regarded Senator Lorimer as the dominating power in the Illinois legislature, because of his ability to control the coalition of Democrats and Republicans which elected Speaker Shurtleff.

Judge Hanecy endeavored to show that Gov. Deneen, and not Senator Lorimer, had a predominating influence in the affairs of the Illinois legislature, and had actually deferred the election of former Senator Albert J. Hopkins because Gov. Deneen wanted the contest against his election filed by the defeated Democratic candidate settled before the United States Senator was elected. The cross-examination of Gov. Deneen will be continued to-day.

PROBERS IN ROW ON SUGAR TARIFF

Standpatters Disagree with Witness' Statements.

A sharp controversy between Representative Malby, of New York, and Frank C. Lowery, general sales agent of the Federal Sugar Refining Company, marked yesterday's session of the Hardwick sugar investigating committee. The trouble arose over the effect of the tariff on sugar. Mr. Lowery had testified that the reduction of the duty on sugar, or the admission of that product free of duty, would benefit the consumer.

Representative Malby, who is a standpatter on the tariff, submitted a long list of figures designed to show that history combats the theory that the tariff tends to increase the cost of sugar to the consumer. He pointed out that on January 1, 1909, under the terms of a reciprocal agreement made with Cuba, sugar from that island was given the benefit of a 20 per cent preferential duty. In other words, Cuban raw sugar was admitted at 1.348 cents a pound, while the product from other countries carried a rate of 1.685 cents a pound.

"Are you in favor of a duty on raw sugar in order that it may be profitably made in this country?" asked Mr. Malby.

"Not if the cost of manufacture in this country is not too high," responded the witness.

Asked if he favored the free admission of refined sugar, the witness replied:

"Not unless you give us free raw material."

Representative Fordney asked the witness if the common stock of the Federal Company, representing about two-thirds of its capitalization, was not really "water."

"I do not think so," the witness replied.

"Was not some of this common stock issued free to subscribers?" he was asked.

Mr. Lowrey replied that Mr. Spreckels would be able to give this information.

The committee may postpone its visit to New York for a day or so. It planned to meet there Tuesday. A delegation of cane planters from Louisiana put in an appearance yesterday. Their testimony may run over into Monday, in which event the New York sessions may not be begun until Wednesday.

GOING TO THE BOW-WOWS.

Senate Lacks Decorum, as All Members Sadly Admit.

The Senate is in a sad way. Its conduct has become most reprehensible. Decorum has been thrown to the winds and rough and tumble debate has succeeded the sonorous speeches and dignified deliberation that formerly marked that honorable body. Senator Bacon, of Georgia, says so, and yesterday called up his amendment to the Senate rules aimed to bring that body back to the old order of decorum.

"Jowering has succeeded deliberate discussion," said Mr. Bacon. "It has gotten so bad a Senator cannot make a statement that some other Senator does not undertake to correct then and there. Where is that decorum of former days?"

The Senator from Georgia looked around the chamber sadly. He said thoughtful men were losing their respect for the dignity of the Senate.

Senator Root expressed his deep appreciation to Senator Bacon for having brought up the unhappy subject for review.

Senator Martine, of New Jersey, one of the worst offenders in the Senate in this respect, said never a word. All the speakers professed that they themselves had been careless.

After a number of comments and suggestions had been submitted by Senators Clapp, McCumber, and others, the amendment of Mr. Bacon was referred to the Committee on Rules.

Newspaper Manager Dies.

Mount Vernon, N. Y., July 14.—Augustine P. Xavier, for a number of years business manager of the Yonkers Herald, and one of the most prominent newspaper men in Westchester County, died at his home in this city to-day.

Funeral of Wreck Victim Held.

Spencer, N. C., July 14.—The remains of A. E. Klutts, of Salisbury, who was killed in an accident at Myersdale, Pa., on Tuesday, reached Salisbury to-day and interment was at Organ Church, Rowan County. He was killed instantly by the collapse of a construction crane, with five others.

VIRGINIA, 9, F, G

TO-DAY AND SUNDAY

ADDED ATTRACTION,

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MERCHANT OF VENICE

TO-DAY AND SUNDAY

LAST APPEARANCE.

POSITIVELY NO RAISE IN PRICES. 5c 5c

SUIT OF BUILDERS ARGUED IN COURT

Claim Commissioners Are at Fault in Award of Bids.

IRREGULARITIES ARE CLAIMED

District Officials, in Reply to Injunction Petition of Melton Construction Company, Claim They Acted for Best Interests of Community in School Addition Matter.

The suit for an injunction to restrain the Commissioners from awarding the contract for the erection of an addition to Armstrong Manual Training School in the Davis Construction Company, recently filed by the Melton Construction Company, dissatisfied bidders, was argued before Justice Anderson in the District Supreme Court yesterday. At the close of the session Justice Anderson took the question under advisement.

The petition for an injunction charges Commissioner Judson with irregularities in the awarding of the contract to the Davis company, inasmuch as the latter's bid was received after the legal time limit for the offering of bids had expired.

Attorney J. Yerkes defended the Commissioners yesterday. The defendants filed an answer to the suit, denying any irregularity, and asserting the bid of the Davis company was submitted only two or three minutes late. This, according to the Commissioners' answer, was accountable to a difference of a few minutes between the watch of the agent of the Davis company and the timepiece in the District Building.

Four Minutes Late.

According to the Commissioners' answer, the decision to accept the Davis bid was arrived at the following day at a special meeting. The Davis bid was $5,162 cheaper than the next lowest bidder. Affidavits were required from the officers of the company to the effect that their bid was not affected by any knowledge of the contents of other proposals. As only one proposal had been opened when the Davis bid arrived, four minutes late, it was not believed the officer of the latter company had any knowledge of other bids.

When the Davis bid was received, however, Chief Clerk Daniel E. Garges, of the engineer department, and Dr. William Tindall, secretary of the Board of Commissioners, refused to accept it. The matter was taken up at the special meeting of the Commissioners, and the Davis bid was allowed to figure.

The Davis company's bid was $68,838. The Melton Construction Company put in a bid for $74,000.

Fred B. Rhodes, counsel for plaintiff, stated to the court that it would create a bad and dangerous precedent if the award should be permitted to stand. He said his clients did not claim the award for themselves, but merely asked the award to the Davis Construction Company be declared null and void, and that another competition be authorized.

Interests of Community.

Attorney Yerkes insisted that it was within the discretion of the Commissioners to award the bid wherever they thought the best interests of the community and taxpayers would be served. He claimed the Commissioners were not bound by law not to open the bids or to receive bids after the hour stipulated in the advertisements; that this was merely a rule of their own making, which they could alter and set aside if they saw that thereby the public interests would be the gainer.

The Builders and Manufacturers' Exchange took cognizance of the situation through its board of directors at a meeting Thursday. A letter of protest was addressed to the Commissioners on the ground that the action would establish a dangerous precedent. The letter, in part, follows:

"The attention of the Builders and Manufacturers' Exchange of the District of Columbia having been called to the controversy arising out of the letting of bids in the matter of alterations and additions to the Armstrong Manual Training School, it respectfully protests against the procedure followed in the matter of the opening and acceptance of such proposals.

"If bids which are submitted after the specified and fixed time, and when in all probability the 'delayed' bidder will have had an opportunity by some means of ascertaining the amount of the lowest bid regularly filed, are to be considered, we respectfully submit that the result will be that in most cases you will have 'delayed' bidders to a greater or less extent who, by reason of your departure from the heretofore fixed rule, will endeavor by the delay allowed them for filing their bids to obtain an advantage over honest bidders who have filed their bids in good faith, fair competition, and at the proper time, and the practice will finally result in your inability to obtain bids from reliable and competent contractors.

Fears Bad Precedent.

"Your board must know that it is the invariable practice in receiving bids for private work to require all such bids to be filed at or before a specified time, and that no bids are received thereafter, and it will be setting a bad precedent, so far as building operations in this District are concerned, if this municipality should depart from the practice which has heretofore obtained in accepting bids for this work.

"By the advertisement for bids, bidders are advised just what is required of them, and if there is to be uniformity of procedure, so that all bidders will be on an equal footing, the rule should be strictly adhered to in all cases."

Benjamin J. Pillow, of the Melton company, protested yesterday that his company was not actuated by any selfish motive in entering the fight.

"The Melton Construction Company is not making any attempt to get the award," he said. "We are not the second lowest bidders because of the striking out of alternate 'C' in the proposal. We merely want to prevent the establishment of a dangerous precedent in the handling of bids. We cannot possibly obtain the award, no matter what the decision of Justice Anderson is."

The builders and construction companies of Washington are much worked up over the situation, and are solidly behind the Melton company in its contention.

Receiver for Earl Appointed.

London, July 14.—A receiving order was issued against the Earl of Yarmouth, former husband of Alice Thaw, of Pittsburg, by the Bankruptcy Court to-day.

MYSTERY OF MAJOR RAY TO BE SOLVED

Continued from Page One.

following each other in quick succession, was approved. At one time, when he informed the department that he would be for two months in Chicago, Adjt. Gen. Ainsworth promptly reported that he stood charged with absence without leave. This indorsement, however, did not affect Maj. Ray. It came back to Gen. Ainsworth with the statement, signed by the private secretary to the Secretary of War, that "the Secretary directed me to return these papers to you for file." The constant inquiries of the Adjutant General's Office as to the "official status" of Maj. Ray form an interesting part of the printed report.

Not only this, but Maj. Ray was under charges concerning his pay accounts. The result of the investigation instituted by the department is shown in some emphatic indorsements. "The unusual and irregular transactions of Maj. Ray mentioned in the within communication," wrote Paymaster General Whipple, "are regarded by the Paymaster General as of a very serious character and as constituting a total disregard of the practices of the Pay Department, as founded on law and regulations." Brig. Gen. Bliss also sent a letter from Manila in which he concurred in the statement of the department commander to the effect that "a continuation of the ignorance, indifference, gross carelessness, and irregular methods you have displayed in this case will, in the opinion of the department commander, unfit you for the duties of a disbursing officer."

An Investigation Proposed.

The suppression of certain parts of the record sought, and known by the War Department officials to be sought, has led to a determination to investigate the whole matter by the House Committee on War Department Expenditures.

The issue of the Army and Navy Register, which will appear to-day, will contain a lengthy review of the case. "It has been determined to ascertain in the first place," says the Register, "why Maj. Ray received uncommon favors in the way of extended leaves of absence during a Presidential campaign and in the face of grave charges sustained by the investigating officers; in the second place, why disciplinary proceedings recommended were not taken, or, if taken, are not of record in the departmental reply; and, in the third place, why there has been so many conspicuous omissions of official records relating to Maj. Ray in the War Department's communication."

According to the Register, there have been few if any instances of such flagrant favoritism as was manifested toward Maj. Ray, and it adds that the army will rejoice over anything that will stop what has been going on in the War Department and at the White House in the case of Maj. Ray since 1906. It also states that the army will welcome any effort to drive politics out of the army.

Maj. Ray as a Politician.

Maj. Ray is stationed at present at Atlanta, Ga., having been transferred a short time ago from Honolulu. His army service began with the opening of the Spanish war, when he was appointed major and additional paymaster of volunteers. His appointment was charged to the State of Illinois, although he was born in Missouri. He became a captain and paymaster in the regular service on February 4, 1901, and was promoted to the rank of major on November 12 of the same year.

Maj. Ray is well known by several Senators and Representatives on account of his intimate acquaintance with certain tariff subjects. He is known as a tariff expert, and as such he was in the employ of the Senate Committee on Finance during the consideration of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill in 1909. At that time he was informally authorized leave from his army duties.

Previous to his service as an assistant to the Finance Committee, Maj. Ray had something of a careof as a politician. Through influences the exact nature of which nobody seems to have learned he had himself relieved from military duty for many months at a time during the period leading up to the nomination and election of President Taft. Together with S. M. O. Fitch, who was afterward appointed internal revenue collector at Chicago, he ran the "labor bureau" of the Republican headquarters in Chicago in 1908. It was reported that his political activities were under the direct orders of Charles P. Taft, and that the latter defrayed the expenses of his missionary work among the labor union classes.

GALLINGER NOT TO RETURN.

Senator Called to New Hampshire by Son's Death.

It was learned yesterday that Senator Gallinger, chairman of the District Committee of the Senate, who was called to New Hampshire by the death of his son, would not return to Washington during the remainder of the special session. It is very unlikely that, beyond passing the few bills on the calendar touching the District of Columbia, the Senate will attempt any more District business until the winter session.

Further action by the District Committee of the House depends upon the reassembling of sufficient members of the House to enable the committee to obtain a quorum.

Will Probe Holding Company.

It is the intention of Attorney General Wickersham to investigate the National City Company, of New York, the organization recently formed by the directors of the National City Bank for the purpose of holding the stocks of other national banks which have heretofore been held for that institution by individuals connected with the National City Bank.

CONGRESS BRIEFS.

The Senate agreed to adjourn over until Monday.

Senator Bristow's amendment to the Canadian reciprocity bill, lowering duties on refined sugar and omitting "No. 16 Dutch standard" classification, was defeated in the Senate.

Senator Kenyon, of Iowa, gave notice that he would call up from day to day and urge action on the campaign publicity bill, in the hope that he might be able to secure a vote on the measure before Congress adjourns.

Senator Bristow held the floor most of the day discussing his amendment to the Canadian bill lowering the duties on refined sugar. His amendment received only eight votes, all insurgents, while thirty-eight votes were cast.

A party of United States Senators left Washington yesterday for Fairmont, W. Va., as the guests of Senator Watson for a week-end trip. They will return Monday morning. This afternoon they will attend the horse show, at which Senator Watson will exhibit his stable of fine blooded horses. The public is invited to this exhibition.

Senator Heyburn secured the floor on a question of personal privilege and corrected a report of his "Bloody-shirt" speech published Thursday. He read a paragraph to the effect that he had said he would not even employ in the government service a horse that had been connected with the "infamous history of the Southern Confederacy." This he denied.

NEWS OF ALEXANDRIA

Moncure Is Only Candidate for State Legislature.

MERCANTILE CASE TANGLED

H. Noel Garner Expects to Make Report on Finances of Defunct Building Association Within a Short Time—One-armed Stranger Gets Thirty-eight Days in Jail.

Alexandria, Va., July 14.—So far as known, Robinson Moncure, incumbent, of this city, will be the only candidate for the State legislature to represent this city and county. The time limit for candidates who desire to enter the fight expires at noon to-morrow. Capt. Crandal Mackey is chairman of the joint committee.

In the event Mr. Moncure is the only aspirant for the office, he will be declared the nominee of the party at a joint meeting of the city and county committees which will be held Monday night at the Hotel Rammel.

Candidates who desire reselection as members of their respective committees will have until to-morrow noon in which to notify their respective chairmen. Candidates who desire to enter the fight for the Fourteenth State senatorial district have until August 8 next in which to submit names to Charles Bendheim, chairman of the senatorial committee of this district.

Within the next two weeks H. Noel Garner, special commissioner, who is engaged in making a report on the affairs of the defunct Mercantile Building and Loan Association, which institution went into the hands of receivers shortly after the collapse of the defunct Virginia Safe Deposit and Trust Corporation, expects to make his report.

The attorney general of the State will soon begin proceedings to have the bonds on deposit with the State treasurer in behalf of the Virginia Safe Deposit and Trust Corporation sold for the benefit of creditors. The bonds amount to $12,500. They are city bonds and bear 4 per cent interest, and mature in 1938, being of the 1908 issue. The Virginia Safe Deposit and Trust Corporation was on the bond of City Treasurer Thomas W. Robinson, and the State had on deposit at the time of its collapse about $18,000.

Through John D. Normoyle, real estate agent, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas C. Rawlett have purchased from Mrs. Emma Cottrell, of Fairfax County, Va., two two-story frame dwellings on the south side of Queen street, between Pitt and Royal streets. A deed of conveyance was placed on record this afternoon.

William H. Davis has purchased at private sale from Samuel G. Brent and Robinson Moncure, special commissioners of sale, a frame dwelling on the west side of St. Asaph street, between Gibbon and Franklin streets.

Claiming his rights to remain in Alexandria as an American citizen caused George Kines, a one-armed stranger, to land here under that privilege for thirty days, according to Justice Thompson's decision in Police Court this morning, for he was sent to jail for that period. The testimony was that Kines was drunk and disorderly.

Within the next two weeks a branch of the Masonic fraternity known as the Eastern Star, composed of women, will be organized here with a membership of eighty.

Mrs. Sarah McKay Jones, wife of Robert S. Jones, of this city, died yesterday in Philadelphia. Besides her husband, she is survived by a daughter, Miss Collins McKay Jones, of this city. Burial will be in Philadelphia.

Miss Rose C. Curtis, daughter of Mrs. Lucy Curtis, died at 11 o'clock this morning at her home, 723 Gibbon street, after a long illness. She was twenty-two years old.

Past Exalted Ruler Howard W. Smith, of the Elks, returned this morning from Atlantic City, where he attended the annual convention of the order.

NO ALARM CAUSED OVER MISSING MAP

Controller Bay Case Has No New Developments.

Maj. J. B. Cavanaugh, assistant to the Chief of Engineers of the Army, and Alfred H. Brooks, in charge of the Alaskan mineral resources for the Geological Survey, were the only witnesses heard yesterday by the House Committee on Expenditures in the Interior Department, which is investigating the Controller Bay land controversy.

The course that is being followed by the committee indicates that there is no present intention on the part of Chairman Graham to comply with the request of Secretary of the Interior Fisher that immediate inquiry be made into Miss M. F. Abbott's story of the now famous "Dick-to-Dick" letter concerning the Executive order issued by President Taft restoring to the public domain and throwing open to entry water front lands on Controller Bay.

Maj. Cavanaugh and Mr. Brooks were called to-day with the idea of demonstrating that Controller Bay is the logical and, indeed, the only available point for the terminus of a railroad from the great coal fields of the interior, and that this explains the activity of the Guggenheim agents in filing on these water front lands.

The committee paid little attention to a report that a map of Controller Bay, supposed to have contained tracings of the proposed Controller Bay and Navigation Company's railroad, had disappeared from the files of the War Department. Such a map already has been produced by Secretary Fisher. Maj. Cavanaugh said he thought he had seen such a map at the War Department, and that it had been brought to him some time ago by persons interested in the project. But no such map had been officially filed.

Chairman Graham asked if Richard S. Ryan, an agent of the Guggenheims, was one of the men who visited the department in this connection.

"I don't know," Maj. Cavanaugh answered, "although he may have been. I don't know Mr. Ryan and don't think I ever met him."

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½-pint Bottle..... .12
1-pint Bottle..... .18
5-pint Bottle..... .75

Amita, a greaseless cream—the best yet for the toilet; destroys odors at once.

Large Jar, 25c.

Bathing Salt, large bag—10c, 3 for 25c.

10 Sanitary Drinking Cups, 5c.

Lanasol Ointment never fails to cure Old Sores, Piles, &c. Per jar.....25c
Cuzema is your friend for Eczema, Red Skin, Prickly Heat, &c, Bottle..25c
25c bottle of Evans' Special Headache Cologne.....15c
15c bottle Evans' Special Headache Cologne.....10c

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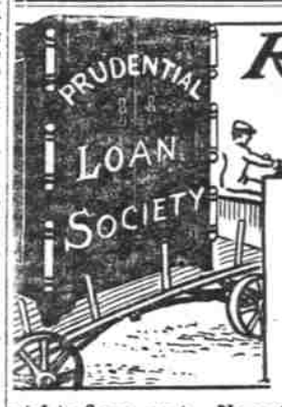

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BUILDING EXPERTS TO GIVE ADVICE

Managers of Big Structures Will Aid Government.

Hints on how to construct and manage the government's large buildings are to be tendered free of charge to Uncle Sam by an association of experts consisting of managers of some of the largest buildings in the United States. Four representatives of the Building Managers' Association appeared before the House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds at a meeting yesterday and told of how much money could be saved and greater efficiency gained should Congress and the proper officials give greater care to arranging details of the new government buildings. The House Office Building was pointed out as a building whose walls were unnecessarily thick and in which was constructed many ornamental but entirely unnecessarily recesses.

J. Knox Taylor, Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department, was present at the conference. He favored the acceptance of the offer of expert assistance which the building managers could give in the arrangement of buildings to be constructed in the future.

The managers who appeared before the committee were John C. Knight, manager of the Metropolitan Life Building, New York; John M. Walsh, manager Woodmen of the World Building, Omaha; Tyslie Thomas, manager real estate and Prudential building department, Prudential Insurance Company, Newark, N. J., and Louis L. Banks, manager Park Building, Pittsburg.

A resolution was reported from the Committee on Rules and passed retaining all the employes on the rolls of the Senate who are on pillars.

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40 Bushels Large Coke, delivered.....$3.70
60 Bushels Large Coke, delivered.....$5.30
25 Bushels Crushed Coke, delivered.....$3.00
40 Bushels Crushed Coke, delivered.....$4.50
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Ocean and Massachusetts ave., Atlantic City, N. J. Unobstructed ocean view. Elevator. Special summer rates. JACOB B. HAWK.

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