

Cloudy and cool, probably showers today; tomorrow cloudy. Yesterday's temperatures—Maximum, 66; minimum, 52.

The Herald has the largest morning circulation, and prints all the news of the world, with many exclusive features.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1913.

ONE CENT.

CALIFORNIA LAND BILL IS MODIFIED AT CONFERENCE

Wording Objectionable to the Japanese Is Changed, but Spirit of Measure Same.

MAY LEASE PROPERTY

Gov. Johnson and Progressives in Legislature Discuss Proposed Law and Are Ready for Bryan.

Sacramento, Cal., April 27.—When Secretary William J. Bryan reaches Sacramento tomorrow he will be allowed to make his own plans for meeting members of the Legislature to lay before them what reasons he may have why this State should not have a law prohibiting the ownership of land by aliens.

If he wishes to meet them separately or in groups, or if it is his desire to have the two Houses called together in executive session so that the 128 members may hear him, he will be granted that privilege.

In short, there is no disposition on the part of those in authority to lay out a line of procedure for Secretary Bryan to follow.

Bryan is due to arrive at 6 o'clock in the morning. He is to be met at the depot by Gov. Johnson, and taken to the Governor's home. This will be entirely a family affair, no others besides the Secretary, Governor and Mrs. Johnson and their sons being present.

Message Eagerly Awaited.

With Bryan's arrival looming large on the legislative horizon, Gov. Johnson and his immediate advisers are eagerly awaiting the message which he is believed to be bearing from Washington.

All realize the importance and the gravity of the situation, and are keenly anxious to hear what he has to say. An evidence of this anxiety on the part of the legislators was the conference held today in Gov. Johnson's office, at which the situation was discussed in all its phases.

The final draft of the bill was gone over and dissected in detail, so that those present might be prepared to discuss the provisions with Secretary Bryan, should he care to do so.

There were present at the conference Senators Thompson, Gates, Strobridge, Kehoe, and Assemblymen Robnett, Chandler, Benedict, Smith, and Sutherland; Lieut. Gov. Wallace and Attorney General Wells.

The conference lasted for about two hours and a half, and its conclusion Gov. Johnson made this statement: "We talked about the matter generally and agreed that we would all be glad to see Secretary Bryan. We will listen to him thoughtfully and give him our closest attention."

Wordings Changed.

From members who attended the conference it was learned that the bill as now constructed avoids the use of the words "ineligible to citizenship," which seemed to be the cause of so much alarm by substituting the phrase "land shall be held only by those capable of becoming citizens." The bill has also been changed so as to allow land to be leased by Japanese for three years.

So far as the sentiment among the Progressives goes, this bill stands a fair chance to be passed, unless Secretary Bryan can show strong and sufficient reasons why it should not be passed. To do this he will either have to deny that which President Wilson has already conceded—that the State has the right to enact such a law if it sees fit—or lead the certainty of a difference between the result which is aimed at in the bill.

War Scare May Work.

One of the Progressive leaders who attended the conference with Gov. Johnson today said that he is still strongly in favor of passing a bill directed particularly against the Japanese.

"My argument by Bryan could cause you to change?" was asked.

"Well, the word from him that the situation is more serious than we know it to be, the fact that we know nothing, and if he has and will lay this information before us, I don't believe any of us would be willing to do anything to make matters worse."

There is still talk of more telegrams from Roosevelt, advising against the proposed bill, and cautioning California to go slow until the Panama Canal is completed, but Gov. Johnson declined to discuss this matter or say whether any such messages have come.

STATE DEPARTMENT DENIES THAT JAPAN HAS PROTESTED AGAIN

Not the slightest change in the attitude of Japan toward the threatened anti-alien land laws in California has taken place since Secretary Bryan has been placed in a New York newspaper that Ambassador China has reiterated in an invidious manner the displeasure of the Mikado over any alleged discrimination against his subjects were denied at the White House and the State Department yesterday.

The Japanese protest against the proposed alien land laws was made to the United States government more than two weeks ago, and no other representations have been made by Ambassador China since that time, according to Washington officials. State Department officials denied emphatically that any alarming messages were flashed either to the President or Secretary Bryan after Ambassador China's visit to the State Department Saturday.

TURKISH GENERAL PROCLAIMS SELF-KING OF ALBANIA

Essad Pasha Has Support of Balkan Allies in Claims. Troops Back Him.

AUSTRIA IS OUTWITTED

Self-made Ruler a Native and Powers Are Hopeless—Nicholas of Montenegro His Aid.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald.

Paris, April 27.—Europe has had an additional new sovereign since midday. A dispatch to the intrinsig states that Essad Pasha, Turkish defender of Scutari, declared himself King of Albania at the Tirana Chancelleries today after notifying the governments at London, Paris, and St. Petersburg in advance. This unprepared move has upset the calculations of the powers, who had agreed that the Duke of Montenegro should become the ruler of the new kingdom.

The new King of Albania has 25,000 well-armed contingents to curb him, and the Balkan allies feel favorable toward Essad Pasha. It is said that the King of Montenegro made a treaty with Essad Pasha before the capitulation of Scutari which enabled the latter to carry out his ambition.

The former Turkish general is descended from an old Albanian family which tried to throw off the yoke of Turkey in the eighteenth century. The explanation why he was willing to risk leaving Scutari to Montenegro, so that he might govern Albania with the consent of the allied Balkan states and snap his fingers at the rest of Europe. It is now evident why Essad Pasha surrendered Scutari on the condition that his troops be allowed to evacuate the city with their arms and ammunition.

Archduke Franz Ferdinand, Austrian heir to the throne, is furious because the outwitted powers cannot possibly object to a native Albanian prince.

CEREALS REPLACE PIE.

Harvard Dining Association Has Breakfast Foods at All Meals.

Boston, April 27.—The Harvard Dining Association, which operates Memorial Hall for the benefit of 1,200 college students, surprised the diners last week by serving breakfast foods for dessert at the noonday and evening meals, as well as at the dinner. The new arrangement is beneficial to the Harvard men to a higher degree of efficiency.

The presence of breakfast foods on the menus has soured the curfew people, cake, pudding, cream puffs, and charlotte russe, incidentally, for the students order their favorite meals to the exclusion of the old fourth course standard.

Now one meal can hardly be distinguished from the other. Morning, noon, and night, oatmeal, corn flakes, rice, and wheat in the various popular forms are served.

The new arrangement is beneficial to them than the old, and pie and the other favorite desserts have been almost abandoned.

SPLIT OVER HEARINGS IN THE HEETER PROBE

Citizens' Committee Divided Over the Question of Executive Sessions. Additional Charges Made.

Pittsburg, April 27.—The committee of six citizens appointed by the school board to investigate the morals of Supt. Heeter finds itself divided in opinion as to whether the school superintendent should attend all sessions and face accusations of improper conduct not only with Ethel Fisher, the nurse in his home who hailed him into court, but with another employee of his household as well, and he will also be accused of an attempted attack on a former stenographer of his.

An insistent demand for public hearings has come from the committee, but some members of the committee feel that public welfare demands secrecy in all the sessions. It is said that some members will refuse to serve unless the names of certain witnesses can be disclosed. When the committee holds its first meeting Monday afternoon the question of public or secret hearings will be the first matter taken up.

PRESIDENT RETURNS RESTED BY VOYAGE

Two Days Are Spent on the Styh Cruising the Chesapeake Bay.

President Wilson returned to Washington last night from a two days' voyage down the Chesapeake Bay on the government yacht, the Styh. He reached here shortly after 8 o'clock and went immediately to the White House for a late dinner. The President's party had consisted of his daughter, Miss Eleanor Wilson, and Dr. Cary T. Grayson, the White House physician.

THAT STYLE WILL GROW ON YOU AFTER WEARING IT A WHILE.



GARRISON WOULD MOBILIZE ARMY

Secretary of War Favors Annual Assemblage of at Least One Division.

CONCENTRATION NEEDED

Approves of Former Secretary Stimson's Attitude in Reducing the Number of Small Posts.

The annual assemblage of at least one entire army division for maneuver purposes is recommended by Secretary of War Garrison. Such a gathering, the Secretary believes, would be well worth whatever it cost as a school for the practical training of the officers of the army in handling large bodies of men, such as they would have under their command in time of war.

The Secretary deprecates the present system of scattering the army and recommends that the army be concentrated in a few large posts. He heartily approves of the step taken by his predecessor, Henry L. Stimson, in making a new tactical organization of the land forces in the continental United States, and actually entered upon the further reform by concentrating the army in larger posts.

In a statement made public, Secretary Garrison said: "Heretofore, for reasons which it is not now necessary to dwell upon, the army of the United States within the territorial limits of the country was scattered in so many small units that the training of the officers and men in anything higher than the regimental drill or maneuvering was impracticable. Various suggestions looking to a remedy of this situation have been made. Every one who has studied the question, however, has agreed upon this: That time will be saved and efficiency will be promoted by having the different units composing each larger unit assigned to a few posts, so that each company is a component part of a regiment, so each regiment must be a component part of a division, if any useful results of organization are to be attained."

MOVIES OF MARRIAGE FOR THE ABSENT KIN

Camera Men Solve Puzzle that Confronted Pair About to Wed.

Denver, April 27.—Marriages are said to be recorded in heaven, and it is well known that they are recorded on dry paper and in musty volumes. But the marriage of H. L. Rand, local manager of the Mutual Film Corporation, and Miss Helen Stanoford of Salt Lake City, is preserved in all its details through the agency of motion pictures taken by the Pioneer Film Corporation.

Due to the fact that Mr. Rand's business would not permit him to leave Denver for the ceremony, and that the business of the families of the bride and the bridegroom would not permit them to come to this city, the young couple were for a long time at a loss as to how to effect their happiness without the disappointment of knowing their parents were unable to witness the scene.

They were in a quandary until the president of the Pioneer Company offered the suggestion, "Why don't you have motion pictures made and send the films to Salt Lake?" That solved the problem, and accordingly arrangements were made for the young lady to come to Denver and marry Mr. Rand here.

From the time Mr. Rand kissed his fiancée as she alighted from the train until the happy pair left the church, every detail was recorded by the picture men, the first picture of the kind ever made in Denver.

NEW AMBASSADOR REACHES AMERICA

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice Guest of British Consul General in New York.

CONFERS WITH MR. BRYCE

Will Reach Washington in Few Days, While Predecessor Plans Trip Home by Way of Japan.

New York, April 27.—Sir Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice, who succeeds James Bryce as Ambassador from Great Britain to the United States, arrived today on the steamship Carmania. The new Ambassador was entertained at luncheon this afternoon by Consul General Bennett and Mr. and Mrs. Bryce.

The latter will leave in a few days, and they are returning to England via the West, Japan, and the Trans-Siberian Railroad.

TURKEY TROTTER GETS ANOTHER RAP FROM THE PULPIT

Rev. C. E. Granger Also Criticizes Modern Dress, Novels, and Manners.

If you are a regular turkey trotter and revel in the art night after night and neglect the duties of life, then you are a dissipated and are committing an evil. This was the statement made by Rev. C. E. Granger, pastor of Gunton-Temple Memorial Church, in a sermon last night on "Modern Dances."

At a dance until 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning is beyond all reason and morality," said the pastor. Special warning was given not to dance with any one not intimately known.

In quoting Cleero, who said that one seldom danced unless he was either intoxicated or a fool, Dr. Granger asserted that the modern dance is a bad influence, and a good dancer, when one dances modestly and legitimately, no one will question that beauty and pleasure result, commented the pastor.

Modern dress, novels, and manners also came in for a due share of censure. They all have a tendency to vulgarity and immorality, was the opinion of the pastor.

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FRIEDMANN PLAN IS AN EVASION OF INTERSTATE LAWS

Government Health Authorities Astounded at Sale of Serum.

TESTS NOT COMPLETED

Efficacy of the Remedy is Not Yet Proved, and the Report May Be Adverse.

New York, April 27.—The publication today of the new plan of Dr. Frederick Franz Friedmann to establish institutes for the curing of patients in the several States and the discovery later that it is his intention to make each distinct in itself, caused considerable surprise on the part of the Federal observers of his tests, it was learned tonight.

Surg. Arthur M. Stimson, of the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, who for six weeks past has been in charge of the observers, left hurriedly tonight to consult with his chief, Surg. Gen. Hiram W. Henshaw, at Washington, and yet the observation of the tests at Seton and other hospitals is unfinished. The final report may be adverse. Therefore the action of Friedmann and his associates in violating Federal custom, Surg. Stimson considers this distribution plan of great importance. District clinics in different States would evade Federal jurisdiction and place the regulation of the marketing of the vaccine in the hands of the State authorities.

Surg. Stimson, it is said, also learned that Dr. Friedmann plans to avoid interstate transportation of the vaccine by manufacturing the vaccine at the different institutes solely because he believes that the freshly made product is more beneficial to the patients.

"Monday night at 8 o'clock," said Dr. Friedmann, "I will make an announcement of the establishment of the institutes. Today I visited patients at Mount Sinai Hospital. On Tuesday I will go to Canada."

BLIND MAN'S MEMORY

Recalls Voice He Had Not Heard for Twenty-two Years.

Vancouver, Wash., April 27.—The ability of Fred Lester, recently stricken blind, to recognize a man by his voice, whom he had not heard speak for twenty-two years, was demonstrated here. Having lived in the city for so many years, Mr. Lester goes about by the use of a cane. His eyes look normal.

When standing at Fifth and Main streets he was addressed by G. W. Holder, who had come to Vancouver for a short visit, after being away twenty-two years. He asked Mr. Lester if the car went past a certain point, and when Mr. Lester had answered the question, he added: "And Mr. Holder I am pleased to greet you." It was not until then that Mr. Holder recognized his friend of long ago.

POLICE SAVE MILITANTS FROM DUCKING IN RIVER

Crowd Rushes Wagon Load of Suffragettes to Banks of Surpentine, When Blacocks Intervene.

London, April 27.—A wagonette loaded with suffragettes, who were addressing a "votes for women" meeting in Hyde Park today, was mobbed by youths and pushed to the brink of the Surpentine when police intervened just in time to save the speakers from a ducking. The wagonette was used in an effort to evade the police order that no suffragette meetings be held in the park.

RUSSIAN FINDS HAVEN ON UNCLE SAM'S SOIL

Ellie Kogan, Refugee and Siberian Exile, Lashed with Knout, Safe at Ellis Island.

The United States immigration authorities here have declined to deport two young Russian political refugees who have been through the horrors of a Siberian exile. One is at New York, the other San Francisco.

The Ellis Island case is that of Ellie Kogan, who was held up on the charge of being guilty of an offense involving moral turpitude. Kogan was arrested in 1905, when he was active in the anti-government political movement in St. Petersburg. He was tried on three charges—taking part in a raid on a government pawnshop, being a member of the revolutionary party, and preaching his doctrine to army recruits. On the second charge only he was convicted.

Kogan was sentenced to a term of imprisonment, but upon being caught in an attempt to tunnel out he was lashed with the knout and finally shipped to the prison at Nerchinsk in Siberia.

There, too, he made an attempt to escape, and when his term was up he was ordered into permanent exile. On a flight toward Japan, Kogan and his comrades were caught and knouted publicly. On a second flight he managed to reach Russia in Europe, cross the czar's dominion by the "underground route," and look ship at Bremen for New York, arriving at Ellis Island on April 27.

UNDERWOOD BILL MAY BE LAW BY NEW FISCAL YEAR

Measure's Progress in House Indicates Speedy Solution of Tariff Problem.

CURRENCY MAY FOLLOW

President Reported in Agreement with Representative Glass on Necessity for Action.

Democratic leaders are now pretty confident that the Underwood tariff bill will become a law on or before July 1. They base their belief upon the expedition with which the measure is being handled in the House and information that the bill will be put through the Senate in record time. Accordingly, the leaders have almost reached the conclusion that an opportunity will be afforded at this session to revise the banking and currency laws. It is the President's wish that there shall be legislation of the kind at this time. While the leaders are inclined to favor currency banking and currency revision until the regular session in December, they will fall in with any plan in this regard that may be proposed by President Wilson.

Present indications are that the Underwood bill will be passed by the House next Saturday. When Representative Underwood, the Democratic leader, first made his report to the House he made an announcement that the bill would be passed on or about May 15. Debate on the tariff has progressed to such a point in the past week that the leaders believe that it will be passed by an unexpected flare-up of the bill will be passed Saturday night and delivered to the Senate the following Monday. This would be a saving in time of nearly two weeks that the leaders did not figure on when they submitted the bill to the House.

With the Senate leaders working in close co-operation with the President the belief is quite general that if the House disposes of the tariff legislation this week the measure will be in the hands of President Wilson by July 1 or a few days later.

Between May 5 and July 1 nearly two months will elapse. The leaders believe that the Senate will not require more than that time for debate on the bill. So the outlook for the early passage of the new tariff bill is bright. The measure will be in the hands of President Wilson by July 1 or a few days later.

POLICE FIND MYSTERY IN DEATH OF WOMAN

Niece of Former Representative Victim of Hemorrhage for Which No Reason Is Given.

Colorado Springs, Colo., April 27.—Bleeding profusely from the mouth and nose, Lena Conger, aged twenty-four, of Denver, Minn., was found in a dying condition in her room at the Alamo Hotel, and circumstances surrounding the case have caused Coroner Lawrence Beyle to take charge of the body in order to investigate the cause of the death. Miss Conger was a niece of former Representative Edwin H. Conger, Minister to China during the Boxer uprising. A hemorrhage of the lungs, kidneys, and other organs is given as the cause of death, but what provoked the hemorrhage is yet to be determined.

The authorities were confused as to the identity of the young woman at first, because when she had registered at the hotel last Tuesday she gave her name as Mrs. Charles B. Hutchins, of Des Moines, Iowa.

A postal card addressed to Miss Conger, in care of Charles Hutchins, at Lamar, Colo., caused the authorities to communicate with Mr. Hutchins. It was learned that Hutchins is a brother-in-law, he having married Miss Conger's sister. Mrs. Hutchins stated that she had requested Miss Conger to travel as a married woman for her own protection.

The hotel manager asserts that yesterday Miss Conger tried to borrow \$20, but the loan was refused. She told a woman employe later she wanted to pay her doctor. Miss Conger attended the hotel dance Wednesday night and appeared to be in good health until Friday.

Friends of Miss Conger who reside in Denver say she was not tubercular, but was strong physically, as well as exceptionally attractive.

UNDERGROUND ROUTE IS USED

Two Boards of the New York Department of Immigration Decided that Kogan was Guilty of an Offense Involving Moral Turpitude and Ordered Him Deported.

Protests were carried to the Department of Labor and to President Wilson, several societies in New York having interceded themselves in the case. The immigration authorities here overruled the findings of the board, and at the same time similar action was taken in a case at California.

82 GRADUATION GOWNS

Malaga, Wash., April 27.—The sweet girl graduates of the Malaga school will wear gowns to cost not to exceed \$2 each. This has been decided by the Parent-Teachers' Club of Malaga. The girls, however, are not required to wear their own gowns. The mothers will meet at the home of Mrs. Gillespie, where the cutting and fitting will be done.