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100 Head of Horses and Mules



SPECIAL NOTICE

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M'HENRY BROS.

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will have to head of Maryland horses ready for ANY KIND of service.

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SMITH PLAYS SLAP AT CANADA

Georgia Senator Will Propose Measure for General Countervailing Duties.

POWER TO PRESIDENT

O'Gorman Also Has Amendment that Would Empower Executive to Demand Fair Treatment.

Senator Hoke Smith's plan for a system of general countervailing duties was not pressed yesterday before the Democratic caucus on the tariff bill. Senator Smith intends to offer an amendment to the administrative section of the bill, which will authorize the President to impose countervailing duties against the products of any foreign country which discriminates against the United States in regard to the like products when exported to that country from the United States. This legislation is aimed primarily at Canada.

Senator Smith advocates it on the broad general policy that there ought to be a power lodged with the President to enforce equal and reciprocal treatment from foreign countries on the products of the United States. Senator Smith's plan is not favored by all the members of the Finance Committee. Chairman Simmons expressed himself in opposition to it. He believes in countervailing duties for certain articles, but is not in favor of making the application of it general.

Senator O'Gorman yesterday expressed confidence that his plan would be adopted when it comes up in the Senate caucus in connection with the consideration of the administrative features next week.

Senator O'Gorman offered an amendment in the caucus yesterday morning authorizing the President, "in his discretion," to impose countervailing or retaliatory duties to compel fair treatment from foreign countries for products exported from the United States. There was considerable discussion of this proposal, but it was not taken up for a vote. The ground that it amounted to a delegation of the legislative power to the President, by leaving the matter to his discretion, Senator O'Gorman finally withdrew his amendment.

The caucus yesterday morning approved the agricultural schedule, including the countervailing duty on wheat and flour. Senator O'Gorman's motion to strike out this countervailing duty received eight votes, as follows: O'Gorman, Fletcher, Lea, Martine, Reed, Saulteur, Sheppard, and Vardaman.

Retaliation Made Possible.

As adopted, the clause which was recommended by the Senate Finance Committee authorizes the imposition of a duty of 30 cents a bushel on wheat and 6 cents a barrel on flour whenever discrimination is shown by any foreign country against these products when exported from the United States to that country.

Senator Newlands offered an amendment providing for retaining duties on citrus fruits and a reduction of them by a sliding scale of 10 per cent a year, but this amendment was voted down.

The caucus approved the schedule on wines, except the recommendation by the committee for a restoration of a tax of \$1.50 on brandy used in the manufacture of sweet wine. The protests from the State of California against this proposal were echoed in the caucus, and as a result this matter was referred back to the subcommittee, with a recommendation that they investigate and report to the caucus whether, in their judgment, the clause should be amended.

There was no session of the Senate caucus in the afternoon, due to the fact that the Senate was continuously in session until nearly 8 o'clock. A night session of the caucus began at 8 o'clock.

Senator Ransdell of Louisiana presided. The caucus completed the consideration of the cotton schedule. There was no controversy of importance and only a few changes. The most important change from the schedule, as it was reported from the majority of the Finance Committee, was the placing on the free list of spool thread of cotton, covered by paragraph 25. In the bill, as it was reported from the committee, this carried a duty of 15 per cent.

Action May Be Reversed.

The action of the Senate caucus was brought about by one vote and the possibility that it will be reversed today. It appeared that Senator Hughes of New Jersey submitted a proposal to increase the duties over the 15 per cent proposed by the majority of the Finance Committee. The cotton thread industry is an important one in New Jersey.

There was only a small attendance of Senators at the caucus and the low turnout seemed to be in the majority. They seemed to be resentful of Senator Hughes' effort to increase the duty, and in the course of the debate, some Senator suggested that cotton thread was a household necessity which every housewife used and a motion to free list it was made and carried.

The caucus also rejected the committee amendment reported as a substitute for the House provision, included in paragraph 25. This relates to cotton cloth, and made a slight increase in duties taken on this paragraph. The action over the House paragraph is likely to be reversed if the caucus body, according to Senators who believe that the committee ought to be sustained.

A plan for administering the income tax provision of the tariff bill was laid on by the Finance Committee, following the recommendation of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. It estimates that \$1,200,000 annually will be necessary to carry on the work of collecting this excise tax. A large number of special employes will be needed, including eighty-six deputy collectors. The committee will recommend that these be appointed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, regardless of civil service rules.

COMMITTEE WITHOUT QUORUM.

Kahn Resolution Delayed by Absence of Members.

For the second time this week a quorum of the House Judiciary Committee, which is controlled by the Democrats, failed to put in an appearance to give consideration to the Kahn resolution, calling upon the Attorney General to forward all the papers bearing on the Caminetti-Diggs white slave case. This gave rise to a suspicion that the majority was attempting to delay action on the resolution.

House leaders deny that there is any purpose on the part of any one in authority to sidetrack or defer action on the Kahn resolution. An effort will be made to secure the presence of a quorum today.

Chairman Clayton, of the committee, yesterday gave assurance that there was no effort to pigeon hole the Kahn resolution.

A motorcycle was successfully used to drive the stereotyping machinery and press in the Illinois newspaper office when a store interfered with the electric power service of the city.

CHAIR ADMIRALS' ATTACKED IN HOUSE

Georgia Congressman Says Navy Department's Policy Has Been Governed by Political Influence.

An attack on the "swivel-chair admirals" of the navy was made in the House yesterday by Representative Howard, a Georgia Democrat.

"If there is one department in the government which reeks with political influence," said Howard, "it is the Navy Department. It abounds in swivel-chair admirals. Some of these admirals have never commanded a fleet nor even a battleship. If sent to sea they would get seasick before they were two hundred yards from land."

Howard said it was entirely too difficult for country boys to enter the Naval Academy, and that they were forced to attend "spoon-fed" schools, where their whom principals had political pull at the department.

D. C. DEMOCRATS WILL WAGE FIGHT

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

years. They said that his name is not in the present city directory, and was not in that of 1910 and 1912. It did appear in the one of 1911. They likewise stated that his name for the first time made its appearance in the telephone directory several days ago, when a new one was issued. They also declared that during the past three years Newman had spent much of his time out of the city.

Attorney General's Opinion.

The point of ineligibility was brought to the attention of President Wilson some time ago when the appointments were under consideration and were referred to the Attorney General for an opinion, with the result that a decision was rendered to the effect that the newspaper man was fully qualified to serve as commissioner.

Mr. Neale stated last night that he and his brother Democrats were ready to fight this opinion, and, if necessary, to file in the courts a writ of quo warranto or some similar writ for the final determination of the point at issue by the tribunals.

Plans for a big mass meeting were discussed and Monday night was set for the date of it. The place will be announced today. Prominent Democrats will be asked to address the meeting. A formal petition will be drawn up, protesting against the confirmation of Mr. Newman, for presentation to the Senate District Committee.

Means Political Death.

"We realize that politically we are cutting our throats in opposing this appointment of the President," said Mr. Neale, "but a big issue is at stake, and we are willing to make the necessary sacrifice. The question is one of whether the people of the District are to permit a non-taxpayer, a total stranger, and an unqualified man, technically, to rule over them. This is a question which every taxpayer should rise in his indignation and demand of the Senate that this appointment be turned down."

"In appointing Mr. Newman, President Wilson is violating one of the provisions of the sacred Baltimore platform," said Bernard G. Brown, another one of the prominent leaders in the opposition movement. "The platform states specifically that all persons appointed to office in the Territories of the United States, including the District of Columbia, shall be bona fide residents of those territories. The fact that Mr. Newman is not a bona fide resident of the District, and as President Wilson is so particular in adhering strictly to the terms of that compact, it seems surprising that he should so flagrantly violate it in a vital question affecting the interests of the people of the Nation's Capital."

Among the Democrats who attended the protest meeting were Mr. Brown, Edward Mitchell, Samuel W. Cockrell, James H. England, John G. Campbell, James M. Wood, and others.

No Personal Objection.

"We have absolutely no complaint against Mr. Newman personally," said Mr. Neale. "We accept without question that he is a capable man, or else President Wilson would not have selected him. Our sole objection is that he is ineligible, because of the shortness and irregularity of his residence in the District. The violation is so manifest and so flagrantly so, that we are not prepared to give Mr. Newman, our hearty endorsement as given to Frederick L. Siddons, the other appointee, who has long been a loyal and active Democrat, and who is an excellently qualified for the position."

Another volley of opposition to Mr. Newman was fired last night by Col. Charles C. Lancaster, a local lawyer and Democrat. The colonel's speech was so effective that it is likely that Col. Lancaster will circulate a petition for formal presentation to the Senate District Committee.

"I am reliably informed," said Mr. Lancaster, "that one of the two appointees, Oliver P. Newman, is not an actual resident of the District, and, therefore, fails to qualify under the requirements of section 19 of the act of June 11, 1878."

"I understand that Mr. Newman is not a taxpayer, and has not had a permanent home or occupation in the District for the past three years or more. He has been advised that his occupation has been that of a news writer with a roving commission."

"If this be true, it is evident that the President has been misled as to his legal qualifications for this local and responsible position, and it becomes the solemn and patriotic duty of the people of the District to rectify this error by petition and to petition the Senate of the United States to investigate carefully this statutory mandate of bona fide residence to the end that this organic act may not be violated, either in letter or spirit."

Col. Lancaster Opposed.

"So far as Mr. Newman's personality in the District is concerned, he is an unknown quantity, and if we had an election here I seriously doubt if he could be elected a Justice of the peace. The selection of the chief executive officers of the District is a matter of vital interest to every resident of the Capital, and it is for that reason that I have voiced my opposition to one of these nominees."

It is probable that action by the Senate District Committee regarding the confirmation will be delayed until after the Democratic caucus has completed its consideration of the tariff bill. This will be the latter part of next week. No opposition to Mr. Siddons has yet become manifest. It is believed generally that he will be confirmed without the slightest difficulty.

John F. Costello, national committeeman from the District, said last night that the selections of President Wilson were unquestionably good ones, and that in making them the Chief Executive had satisfied the expectations of a possible number of residents of the District.

"Of course, some of the Democrats are disappointed," he said, "but the President could hardly expect to please everyone. The appointments were personal choices of President Wilson, and they should be respected by everyone, for he has undoubtedly acted in the best interests of the District at large."

Largest Morning Circulation.

COLLEGIANS TO STUDY POLITICS

Truxton Beale Gets Option on Site for Amphitheater for "College Congress."

STRUCTURE COST \$40,000

University Teachers and Students Will Gather to Discuss Present-day Questions.

Plans for a "college congress," at which university teachers and students will discuss political questions at annual conventions, were materially advanced yesterday, when Truxton Beale, former Minister to Persia, who originated the idea of the congress, announced that he had obtained an option on a site for the institution at Eighteenth and B streets Northwest.

Sixty-six thousand dollars will be paid for the property according to the plan, before November 15 next. An amphitheater, to cost about \$8,000, is to be erected for the congress. Plans for the building are being drawn by J. H. de Silhouette.

The proposal of Mr. Beale has caused nationwide comment. Former President Roosevelt, Mr. Beale said, had invited discussion of the plan at the British Embassy, and a similar congress has shown much interest in the institution, as have many colleges, chiefly George Washington University, officers of which invited affiliation to their school. Mr. Beale has been invited to attend the convention of the Progressive party, but he said yesterday that he planned not to make the institution a political platform.

Mr. Beale has conferred with Henry White, former ambassador to France, and Archibald Hopkins, Lord Eustace Peck, secretary of the British Embassy, has advocated a similar congress for England. It is thought that an international congress may result from a conference to be held with friends of the movement in England.

Beale to Give Part.

In speaking of his plans for the congress, Mr. Beale said:

"I propose to furnish a substantial part of the endowment which will be necessary to carry out my plan, and I have not the slightest doubt of my ability to raise all the funds needed among my friends."

"The flexibility is one of the virtues of the scheme I propose. After the purchase of the land we expect to turn it and the amphitheater to be erected on it over to a corporation made up of college and university presidents as a holding and operating company. The institution is to be what may be called a confederation of colleges, and I think that such an institution will have advantages over a national university, in that it will have a tendency to be less conservative and more progressive."

"Primarily such an institution will give to the brilliant young students of all the universities an opportunity to study politics at first hand, just as the young artist is taken from the drawing-room, after lessons in perspective, into the fields to draw nature, and as the young civil engineer is taken from the section room to view great engineering works like the Brooklyn Bridge."

"My scheme is that every year young students of government, politics, finance, and economics shall come to Washington and debate in this open-air theater side by side with the Congress of the United States, the most important questions on these subjects being debated at the moment by the Congress of the United States."

"For instance, if the college congress had been in session through the month of May I should have expected it to discuss the tariff and currency while Congress was doing so."

No Instruction Planned.

"I plan for no instruction. Four or five members of the faculty of each college admitted to the congress should be delegates to the congress, as well

as about ten of the most brilliant students of every senior class.

"I believe that the debates of this college congress, with such learned men as college professors and the brightest minds among the students, may have some influence upon the Congress of the United States. Such a college would be free from the fear of having been interested by lobbyists, and free from any fear of losing patronage and therefore seats.

"Such a college congress would be run as a political convention. I propose that it have a committee on credentials, committee on resolutions, elect its own chairman, and have all the other paraphernalia of a political convention."

"I would want men of theory to meet men of practical affairs, and I would ask the best thinkers among our Senators and Representatives in the United States Congress to address the students and college professors at such gatherings—debate with them, if they will."

"I have in mind a superb amphitheater, built of Travertine rock, of which the Coliseum at Rome was built, if it were possible to get it, although it is comparatively little noise, such an amphitheater would greatly serve the people of this country."

"In the future, we decided to have athletic and sport, such as water sports and track athletics, there is the Potomac River and there is Potomac Park at our doors."

OWEN'S COMMITTEE WILL HOLD HEARINGS

Chairman of Senate Banking and Currency Will Secure Views of Business Men.

Senator Owen, chairman of the Senate Banking and Currency Committee, announced yesterday that open hearings on the administration currency reform bill will be begun by his committee next week. This was taken as but another indication of the long siege awaiting Congress before a currency measure is enacted into law.

The committee plans to secure the views of business men, bankers, and students of finance from all parts of the country upon every important feature of the bill, which was introduced with the sanction of the administration. Answers to the questions sent broadcast by the Senate committee with regard to banking and currency problems have been received in large numbers, and these opinions will be digested by the committee, along with others which will be submitted verbally in the course of the hearings.

It is the purpose of the committee to go thoroughly into all the details of the measure now before Congress, with the intention not only of procuring new information as to the probable effect of the plan which President Wilson and his advisers have approved, but also of informing the general public somewhat more thoroughly as to the importance and subject matter of the proposed measure through the medium of the publicity which it is expected will be given the hearings.

That there is little probability that the administration bill in its present form will have the bipartisan support of the two leading parties in the Senate was further emphasized yesterday, when Senator Weeks of Massachusetts, a Republican member of the Banking and Currency Committee and a former member of the Aldrich commission, issued a statement criticizing certain features of the measure. Mr. Weeks was one of those Republicans who had been convinced that there was a need for immediate action toward currency revision, and he had expressed the hope before the bill was introduced that it might be possible for him and his party colleagues to support the measure without regard for political affiliations. In a statement yesterday, however, he announced his unalterable opposition to the measure, and he said that he would provide for the Federal Reserve Board, as he could not favor any provision of the currency bill which would involve the banking system in politics.

CONFERENCE REPORT ADOPTED.

Senate at Last Agrees to Report on Indian Appropriation Bill.

The Senate yesterday agreed to the conference report on the Indian appropriation bill, so that the measure is now in line for Presidential approval. This is the measure talked to death in the concluding hours of the Sixty-second Congress. It had passed the House and was pending in the Senate on March 4 when President Wilson arrived at the Senate to take the oath of office.

Changes in the measure are immaterial, but the paragraph providing for the return of the Geronimo band of Apache Indians, now at Fort Sill, Okla., to New Mexico, which was the occasion for Senator Fall springing his endless speech, has been stricken out.

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