Fair today and probably Friday; light to moderate winds.
Yesterday's temperatures—Maximum, 74; minimum, 55.

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

The Herald has the largest morning home circulation, and prints all the news of the world, with many exclusive features.

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HUERTA BACKS CASTING BLAME ON ASSISTANT

No Reply to Bryan Note Formulated, and It May Be Ignored.

MOHENO IS CRITICISED

Foreign Minister Blamed for Embarrassing Administration by Predicting Sharp Answer.

Mexico City, Oct. 15.—No answer to the Bryan note has yet been formulated, and it is extremely doubtful now if the note will be answered at all. In any event, it is certain that the reply will not be made public here.

The attitude of the government has undergone a decided change since last night. At last night's cabinet meeting the advisability of giving Charge d'Affaires O'Shaughnessy his passports was seriously discussed, but wiser councils finally prevailed, and it was decided to withhold any reply to the Bryan note for the time being and to try to hush the matter up as much as possible.

Foreign Minister Moheno is reported to have been severely censured for commenting on the note delivered by Mr. O'Shaughnessy before it had been discussed by the Cabinet and putting the government in the humiliating position of having to back down after he had declared that the note would be answered vigorously and in a way to emphasize the dignity of Mexico.

Another Deputy Arrested.

Enrique Enrile, one of the Catholic Deputies who were not arrested on Friday when the Deputies of all other parties were jailed, was arrested today and imprisoned in the penitentiary on the charge of having been connected with the alleged revolutionary plot for which eighty-three other Deputies are to be tried.

Reports continue to be circulated that Frederico Gamboa has withdrawn his candidacy for the Presidency on the Catholic ticket, but the report is being denied every day. It is certain, however, that strong pressure is being brought upon Gamboa to induce him to retire, but he and his friends anounce that he will make the race as planned.

A thousand more troops were sent North today to take part in the movement to recapture Torreon. The rebels are fortifying the city and preparing for a desperate seige.

The government organs are now denying the slightest friction with the United States or any European power. It is also declared that all foreign countries approve the acts of the Huerta government.

Heeds Wilson's Warning.

The Mexican government will heed the American warning to grant justice to the Deputies arrested on charges of sedition. Thirty have been released, but an attempt will be made to prove that eighty-three had conspired to overthrow Huerta. Huerta is said to have secured a "confession" from one of the released Deputies. Friends of the men still in prison declare that if any "confession" was secured it was obtained by threats of death.

In the instructions to American Charge d'Affaires O'Shaughnessy to be delivered to the Mexican government in explanation of the attitude of the United States, President Wilson declared himself deeply shocked at Huerta's assumption of dictatorship and "finds it impossible to regard it otherwise than as an act of bad faith toward the United States."

Protests Huerta's Course.

The instructions go on to say: "It is not only a violation of constitutional guarantees, but destroys all possibility of a free and fair election."

President Wilson believes that an election now would not represent the will of the Mexican people, and declares he "would not feel justified in accepting its results or in recognizing the President chosen."

For the purpose of protesting against the dissolution of the Mexican Congress and the dictatorship assumed by Provisional President Huerta, the Spanish Minister today called a conference of all the foreign representatives in the Capital.

TWO GERMAN WARSHIPS HEADING FOR MEXICO

Berlin, Oct. 15.—The protected cruiser Vineta was ordered today to proceed to Mexican waters to protect German interests in the republic. Another German cruiser already is on the way to the Gulf of Mexico from Halifax.

Federal General Nabbed.

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 15.—While en route to Piedras Negras and Nuevo Laredo, Joaquin Maass, Mexican Federal general, was arrested here today by United States authorities. Maass was riding in a special train when he was apprehended by the authorities.

FORTUNE FOR BRIDAL COUPLE.

Steel Magnate Gave Son and Bride $14,000,000, Is Report.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 15.—That kingly gifts reaching the sum of $14,000,000 were conferred by Henry Clay Frick, the Pittsburgh and New York multimillionaire, on the occasion of the marriage of his son, Childs Frick, to Miss Frances Shoemaker Dixon, of this city, was learned upon excellent authority today.

Before the marriage ceremony was performed the father of the bridegroom is stated to have settled $12,000,000 absolutely upon his son.

Immediately after the ceremony was performed, and before the couple went on their honeymoon, the elder Mr. Frick passed an envelope to the bride. This, it was learned, contained a check for $2,000,000.

LAST TRIBUTE TO WOODRUFF.

More Than 2,000 Attend Funeral of Former Lieutenant Governor.

New York, Oct. 15.—More than 2,000 persons attended the funeral of Timothy L. Woodruff, formerly Lieutenant Governor of New York, in Brooklyn today.

So numerous were the floral tributes that the pulpit was covered and only the head of the minister, the Rev. Sparks Caldeman, could be seen. Delegations were present from the Assembly and the Senate and all other bodies in which Mr. Woodruff has served.

Matinee, Lina Abarbanell, Red Canary, Today, 2:15 Columbia Theater, 50c to $1.—Adv.

SAYS GOULD TRIED FRAUD.

F. Augustus Heinze Files Reply in $2,000,000 Suit.

New York, Oct. 15.—The answer of F. Augustus Heinze to the suits brought against him in the Supreme Court by William Nelson Cromwell, Edwin Gould, and others, for the payment of approximately $2,000,000 on promissory notes was filed today. Heinze declared that the notes were given as part payment for stock of the Mercantile National Bank. He says he declined to pay them because of fraud and misrepresentation.

The answer sets forth that Edwin Gould "wilfully conceived the design of cheating me out of my moneys and property for the purpose of selling and unloading upon me a large block of stock owned by Edwin Gould and his associates."

Heinze says that Gould's agents, Charles W. Morse and the late Miles M. O'Brien, called upon him and represented that the Mercantile National Bank stock was a great bargain. He asserts that subsequently he found that the statements were misleading.

HUERTA PUTS ON "SOFT PEDAL"

Intimation He Was on Warpath Said to Have Been "Misinterpretation."

NOT IN DEFIANT MOOD

No Response Received to Notes Sent by Wilson—Importance Attached to Conference of Diplomats.

By JOSEPH P. ANNIN.

Though somewhat less strained, the Mexican situation remained quite as badly muddled yesterday as the day before. Apparently Gen. Huerta, in the present crisis, is adopting the same tactics he used so successfully when Gov. John Lind first was sent to Mexico by President Wilson. He is using his Minister of Foreign Affairs and the press of Mexico City to keep the administration at Washington on tenter hooks as to his plans.

After one of his cabinet had given the press in Mexico City a distinct impression that the two notes from Washington had put Gen. Huerta on the war path, the Mexican dictator yesterday descended from his high horse and swallowed a lot of salt water. A statement by one of his ministers, according to dispatches from Mexico City last night, deprecates a "misinterpretation" of a previous statement and declares that the Mexican government has no intention of assuming a defiant attitude toward the United States as a result of the two notes from President Wilson.

Case of "Cold Feet."

In the face of the publication yesterday of the text of President Wilson's second note, in which the arrest of the Mexican Deputies and the establishment of a dictorship by Huerta is baldly characterized as an act of bad faith toward the United States, Huerta's changed attitude may be looked upon as a case of "cold feet." At the same time the similarity between this incident and one which occurred immediately after the announcement of the Lind mission leads to the belief that Gen. Huerta has distinct method in his madness.

The State Department yesterday was without additional light on Gen. Huerta's probable future movements. No responses to the two American notes was received, and it was intimated that this government would not be greatly surprised if no response were sent from the Mexican Capital in the near future.

Great importance seems to be attached to yesterday's conference between diplomatic representatives in Mexico City, which the Spanish minister called as dean of the diplomatic corps. This conference was expected to voice a protest against the dissolution of Congress by Huerta and to indicate the attitude which the governments represented intend to assume toward any administration elected by the Huerta-dominated elections of October 26.

Bryan Silent on Conference.

Secretary of State Bryan refused to comment on this conference yesterday or to say what instructions, if any, the American Charge d' Affaires, Nelson O'Shaughnessy, received. It is not known whether Mr. O'Shaughnessy was invited to the conference or not. Mr. Bryan said that in the absence of official notification of the conference, he did not desire to comment on it. Special Envoy John Lind remained at Vera Cruz.

Dispatches from Mexico City last night indicate that Huerta's pacific mood will extend to his attitude on the question of retaining American warships in Mexican waters after October 27, when the legal limitation fixed by the Mexican Congress expires. It was reported Tuesday night that Huerta contemplated demanding the withdrawal of the ships after that day in his reply to the first American note. Secretary of the Navy Daniels yesterday denied that the change of battleships contemplated for the 27th is anything more than a routine movement of vessels.

Text of Second Note.

Following is the text of President Wilson's second note to the Huerta government:

"The President is shocked at the lawless methods employed by General Huerta and as a sincere friend of Mexico is deeply distressed at the situation which has arisen. He finds it impossible to regard otherwise than as an act of bad faith toward the United States General Huerta's course in dissolving Congress and arresting the Deputies.

"It is not only a violation of constitutional guarantees, but it destroys all possibility of free and fair elections. The President believes that an election held at this time and under conditions as they now exist would have none of that sanction with which the law surrounds the ballot, and that its result, therefore, could not be regarded as representing the will of the people. The President would not feel justified in accepting the result of such an election or in recognizing the President so chosen."

Big Fire in Pennsylvania Town.

Pottsville, Pa., Oct. 15.—Twenty buildings, including business houses and residences, today were burned in Mahonoy City, Pa., thirteen miles from here. Some of the business houses had living quarters in the upper floors, so that the fire made about twelve families homeless. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

$1.25 to Baltimore and Return
Every Saturday and Sunday, Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets good to return until 9:00 a. m. following Monday.

WIDOW OF ADMIRAL CONFIDENT OF ACQUITTAL.

Accused Wife of Admiral Eaton and Her Daughters, Mrs. June Keyes, at Left, and Miss Dorothy A. Eaton, at Right.

Boston, Oct. 15.—Mrs. Jennie May Harrison Eaton, now on trial to answer to the charge that she killed her husband, Rear Admiral Joseph Giles Eaton, is very optimistic regarding the outcome of her trial. Mrs. Eaton seems to feel sure that there can be only one verdict rendered by the jury, and that it will be for her acquittal. She is being assisted in her fight for freedom by her two daughters, Mrs. June Keyes and Miss Dorothy Ainsworth Eaton.

HEROIC PAIR LED TO RESCUE

Capt. Inch and Second Officer Showed Way to Others.

105 SURVIVORS LAND

German Liner Grosser Kurfuerst Brings Passengers of Ill-Fated Steamer to Port.

New York, Oct. 15.—It was Capt. Inch, blindly fighting in the flames, and Second Officer Edward Lloyd at the oar helm of a rudderless boat who taught heroism to the rescue fleet that hovered, hesitant, for hours around the burning Volturno.

By the thrilling testimony of the passengers of the North German Lloyd steamship Grosser Kurfuerst, which arrived today with 105 survivors, it was Lloyd's magnificent feat of daring in forcing a boat two miles over that raging sea, which nerved the men of the other ships to go to aid of the 540 imperilled lives.

Capt. Inch, with his left eye seemingly burned away and his right eye bulging, after an all-day fight with the flames, had succeeded in quieting the terrorized passengers. The wireless was flashing his last appeal. The gray hulks of six ships were tossing on the waves within a radius of a mile or two, but no boats had come from them. Lloyd, just recovered from a heavy fall, moved to his captain's side.

"What are they doing?" asked Inch. "I can't see, Ed."

"Nothing," said the stolid Welshman. "Just nothing."

Show Boat Can Live.

The captain caught the meaning in Lloyd's tone. "We've got to show them how it can be done, Ed. Will you try it?"

Lloyd didn't answer. But in three minutes he had secured two seamen, a stoker, and a steward, and they got off in a boat for the Grosser Kurfuerst. It was the last able boat on the Volturno. It had no rudder, but with an oar Lloyd steered for the Kurfuerst.

The almost superhuman feat was accomplished. The boat, half full of water, sank as Lloyd, the last to leave it, was hauled aboard the Kurfuerst. But they had shown that it could be done.

As Lloyd sank on the deck of the steamship Capt. Spangenberg shouted an order for "all men to the boats."

They manned them. The rescue began there.

Second Officer Lloyd's own version of the disaster is follows:

"It was about 6 o'clock Thursday night, when the fire began to work its way back toward the after holds, that Capt. Inch and I looked over the life-saving apparatus remaining on the Volturno. We found only one lifeboat which was seaworthy. Capt. Inch asked me if I didn't think it better to try reach one of the ships standing by us and this prove that a boat could live in the sea. I was more than willing to try, and we called for

CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE.

$1.00 to Harpers Ferry, Charlestown, and Winchester and Return
Sunday, October 19, Baltimore and Ohio from Washington at 8:00 a. m. Returning same day.—Adv.

MRS. EATON LOSES CALM AT TRIAL FOR MURDER

Jury Visits Home of Late Naval Officer, Whose Widow Is Accused of Poisoning Him.

Plymouth, Mass., Oct. 15.—When the trial of Mrs. Jennie May Harrison Eaton for the murder of her husband, Rear Admiral Joseph Giles Eaton, retired, opened here today, Mrs. Eaton had lost the calm, deliberate manner which has characterized her during the events leading up to the trial. When the clerk read the indictment, charging Mrs. Eaton with putting arsenic in her husband's tea, the prisoner clinched the arms of her chair, and, as a pallor spread over her face, she bit her lips until they were purple.

After the preliminaries had been finished, court adjourned and the jury was taken to Assinippi to view the Eaton home. This occupied the better part of the day. In the meantime Mrs. Eaton was returned to her cell in the Plymouth jail.

District Attorney Barker will make the opening argument for the prosecution tomorrow morning. He will be followed by William A. Morse for the defendant. The arguments concluded, the first witness will be called.

M'ADOO RECEIVES ANNUAL ESTIMATES

Secretary of the Treasury Given Statement of Amounts Necessary to Run Several Departments.

Estimates of the cost of running the government during the fiscal year 1915 yesterday were placed in the hands of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo.

These estimates already have been slashed considerably, and McAdoo may cut them further. Fear that the new tariff law will not develop all the revenue expected is given as the reason for the rigid economy being exercised in the government departments.

Congress probably will appropriate between $1,100,000,000 and $1,200,000,000 at the next session. The estimates will run much lower, probably less than $900,000,000. The estimates will not be made public until presented to Congress in December.

MRS. MACKAY DENIES MRS. BLAKE'S CHARGES

Wife of Telegraph Magnate Charges "Ungovernable Jealousy" of Physician's Spouse Is to Blame.

New York, Oct. 15.—Mrs. Katherine A. D. Mackay, wife of Clarence H. Mackay, today filed in the Supreme Court her answer to the suit filed yesterday by Mrs. Catherine Ketcham Blake, wife of Dr. Joseph A. Blake, in which Mrs. Blake seeks to recover $1,000,000 damages for the alleged alienation of Dr. Blake's affections.

Mrs. Mackay absolutely denies all of the allegations contained in Mrs. Blake's complaint and charges that Mrs. Blake "during the year 1905, and repeatedly thereafter, threatened to kill her husband."

The counter charges contained in Mrs. Mackay's answer are, that Mrs. Blake destroyed the love and affection of her husband by her "ungovernable jealousy," and since 1906 the Blakes have lived apart and since 1908 they have maintained separate establishments.

Reduced Rates via Ches. & Ohio Ry.
to Indianapolis and return, $21.75. Tickets on sale October 24-27.—Adv.

OUTLOOK GROWS DARK FOR SULZER

Vote for Conviction Is Forecasted by Test Ballot on First Article.

TANGLE IS UNRAVELED

Court Decides No Amendment to Impeachment Papers Is Necessary to Admit Peck Testimony.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 15.—The final vote on the fate of William Sulzer was sharply foreshadowed late today, when thirty-nine members of the impeachment court, speaking informally in secret session, indicated their belief that he should be convicted on the first article of impeachment. This charges violation of the corrupt practices act in filing his statement of campaign contributions. Eighteen members, including three judges of the Court of Appeals, disagreed. The first article was the only one considered. No vote was taken, and the expression of opinion was merely preliminary to the taking of one tomorrow. Thirty-eight votes are enough for conviction.

Adjournment was taken immediately following this action, about which the utmost secrecy was thrown. The court had been at work behind closed doors all day, and after much discussion had decided three important matters.

Court Unravels Tangle.

First—That it was not necessary for the court to take any action to straighten out the tangle in Article 4, which charges suppression of evidence. This relieved the Assembly from meeting to correct the article, and saved at least twenty days' delay. The vote on this, according to reports, was 46 to 11.

Second—That Article 4 as it stands is broad enough to admit the testimony of Duncan W. Peck that Sulzer told him to "deny giving him a campaign contribution." This decision was announced in open court. The result of that vote, which was not announced, was reported to be 39 to 18.

Third—That Articles 1 and 2, which charge violation of the law in filing his statement as perjury in swearing to it, and Article 6, which charges larceny in misappropriating campaign funds, must be considered. On this point the vote was 41 to 16.

So determined were the members of the court to clear away all the obstacles to a speedy conclusion of the case that they ignored the usual hour of adjournment—1:30—and remained in session till shortly after 7.

Predict Conviction.

It is the hope and belief of every member of the court that the whole matter will be ended tomorrow.

The Tammany men openly announced this evening their belief that the Governor will be convicted, and this opinion is general throughout Albany tonight. It had been believed up to this evening that articles one, two, and six, all alleging acts committed before Mr. Sulzer became Governor, would be thrown out, thus rendering useless all the mass of testimony regarding campaign contributions.

Laurel, Md., Races—Special Trains Baltimore and Ohio
1:10 and 1:30 p. m. week days, returning after races. Also splendid regular service. Round trip, 50 cents.—Adv.

NIP PLOT TO SLAY RULER.

German Police Arrest Would-Be Assassin of King of Saxony.

Dresden, Oct. 15.—The police today nipped in the bud a plot to assassinate the King of Saxony and Grand Duke Cyril of Russia. A man, supposed to be a German, had engaged a room next to the suite in the hotel where the royalties were expected today.

The police, becoming suspicious, searched the man and found him a walking arsenal, bringing to light several revolvers and daggers.

LAMAR FORFEITS BAIL.

"Wolf" Fails to Appear to Answer Indictment.

New York, Oct. 15.—David Lamar, "the Wolf of Wall Street," failed to appear in the Federal Court here today to answer to an indictment charging him with impersonating Congressmen, and his bail bond of $2,000 was ordered forfeited by Judge Hunt.

DELEGATES URGE CHURCH UNITY

Remarkable Progress Is Reported by Episcopal Conference Committee.

BELIEVE PLAN FEASIBLE

Cardinal Gibbons and Prelates of Other Denominations Reported as Interested.

New York, Oct. 15.—Unity of all Christian churches was the leading topic discussed at today's session of the general convention of the Episcopal Church. The report of the joint committee appointed in 1910 to discuss the subject was presented by the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church. Remarkable progress was reported and the House of Deputies voted to instruct the commission to continue its work.

Francis Lynde Stetson, counsel for the late J. Pierpont Morgan, announced that he had on hand $90,000, a donation given for the support of this commission by "a beloved friend, who no longer sits in the house."

Dr. Manning declared that church unity was both possible and desirable, and expressed the conviction that more points of agreement than of divergence would be found. Thirty-four denominations already have appointed commissions and stand officially committed to a conference on church unity. A conference of this sort held in May selected delegates to visit Great Britain and arrange for a conference of non-Anglican churches.

Cardinal Gibbons Interested.

Cardinal Gibbons is referred to in the report as having "expressed friendly interest in the subject, a desire to be kept informed of the progress of the movement, and a conviction that clear statements of position would show them to be nearer together than had been supposed, and that only good could come of the effort to promote the spirit in which such a conference should be undertaken."

Cardinal Farley and a number of other Roman Catholic prelates, it was stated, had expressed similar sentiments.

The resignations of three members of the House of Bishops were accepted today. The Rt. Rev. Dr. Lemuel H. Wells, of Spokane, and the Rt. Rev. Dr. William Crane Gray, of Southern Florida, retired because of age. The Rt. Rev. Dr. Albion Knight, of Cuba, retired to become vice chancellor of the University of the South at Sewanee, Tenn.

A resolution protesting against the "blood ritual" trial at Kieff, Russia, was unanimously adopted.

COURT REJECTS PLEA OF MULTI-MURDERER

Directs Spencer to Plead Not Guilty and Appoints Counsel, Despite Slayer's Objections.

Wheaton, Ill., Oct. 15.—Henry Spencer was arraigned today for the murder of Mrs. Mildred Allison Rexroat. Following the reading of the charge, he pleaded guilty, but Judge Slusser refused to accept the plea and ordered him to enter a plea of not guilty. Spencer informed the court that he had no counsel; that he wanted none; that he was guilty of the crime and desired to pay the penalty as soon as possible. Judge Slusser, however, appointed counsel and Spencer was returned to his cell, where he broke out in a tirade against the court.

"They just want to string out the red tape so people will say they are careful in dealing out justice," he declared. "I've confessed my crime and there's no defense. I suppose I'll have to prove my case again to the lawyers appointed by the court, the same as I had to prove to the Chicago police that I was telling the truth when I told them of my crimes."

No date was set for the trial.

HAWTHORNE DENOUNCES FEDERAL PENITENTIARY

Atlanta Prison a "Living Hell," Says Writer—Not Enough to Eat.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 15.—The Atlanta Federal Prison was characterized as "a living hell," and Warden Moyer as "unfit" by Julian Hawthorne, the writer, who today was released from the prison, after serving a sentence for fraud in connection with the sale of mining stocks. He also arraigned conditions in the penitentiary as "repressive, cruel and equal of the most lurid description in fiction."

"They are starving men in the name of economy," Hawthorne declared. "You hear of the clean cells in which the prisoners sleep. But you never hear of the 'hole' do you? For the slightest fault, sometimes for breaking a plate, sometimes for a little less, a prisoner is sent to the 'hole,' a place under the main building for solitary confinement."

W. J. Morton, of New York, who also was released after serving a sentence for the same time, was equally emphatic in his denunciation of the conditions at the Southern prison.

"Prisoners are subjected to treatment that is nothing more than slow murder," Dr. Morton declared. "There is never enough to eat. The warden tries to feed strong men on 9 cents a day, and when he succeeds, he brags about it."

SOCIAL SERVICE ITEMS LEAD IN DISTRICT BUDGET

Sums Asked Are Mainly for Moral and Physical Betterment of People.

TOTAL OF $14,000,000

Increased Appropriations for Schools, Public Library, Health Department, and Playgrounds Included.

That the ideals of society are to be leading factors in the administration of District affairs by the new Board of Commissioners, became evident with the completion of the annual estimates yesterday. The new budget is a decided departure from all former ones. It is, in effect, a comprehensive program for social betterment. Work of beautifying the Capital is halted, and attention turned to the social, moral, and physical conditions of all the people.

Municipal social service is so plainly the object of the new budget as to carry with it the declaration that such service will be the keynote of the Commissioners' policy.

Larger appropriations have been asked for the Board of Education, for the Public Library, the Health Department, and the Department of Playgrounds. The functions of all these divisions of the local government are to be expanded. More schools, mort books for circulation, more adequate sanitary inspection service, and improved and greater facilities, for child recreation are a few of the important accomplishments aimed at in the new estimates.

Few Salary Increases.

Approximately $14,000,000,000 is carried by the budget, which was submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury yesterday. It contained practically no items for increase of salaries, enlargement of the personnel of the local government or extensive improvements of a physical character. Items for improvements chiefly decorative in character, it is understood, are conspicuous by their absence, when this budget is compared with former ones.

President Wilson is understood to thoroughly approve the policy shown in the new budget. It is unique among District budgets, and furnishes an interesting commentary upon what is meant by the Commissioners in their promise to make Washington the model municipality of the world.

Most of the larger items asked by the Commissioners in their estimates are for the accomplishment of things of equal interest to the people of all sections. About $1,000,000 has been asked for the development of the water power of Great Falls, a project for which District residents long have asked in vain. Provisions are contained for a new municipal hospital, for a new municipal lodging house, for a hospital for inebriates and more than $100,000 has been asked for the purpose of making the work of the Public Utilities Commission effective in obtaining the best service, at the fairest prices from the public utilities corporations.

Statement of Mr. Newman.

As the law forbids making the budget public prior to its submission to Congress, the statement issued by Commissioner Newman, announcing the completion of the task merely made mention of the aims and hopes that the board brought to its work. The statement was as follows:

"I am glad to be able to state that the big annual job of preparing estimates for the appropriation bill has been completed well within the time allowance and within the estimated revenues. In view of the fact that all three members of the present Board of Commissioners are new at the work, the budget is not in all respects what we would have made it if we had had more time or if we had had a longer experience upon which to base our recommendations. In many respects, however, we feel well satisfied with our work and are confident of the soundness and justice of the program contemplated by the estimates.

"The Commissioners are prohibited by law from publishing their estimates in

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

JUDGE IS TARGET OF OVERRIPE EGGS

Militant Sharpshooters Hurl Rotten Fruit at Jurist, Who Sends Two to Jail.

Glasgow, Oct. 15.—Women pelted the presiding magistrate with rotten eggs and fruit today when two suffragists, Mrs. Smith and Miss Morrison, were sentenced to eight months' imprisonment for attempted arson.

Their sympathizers sang "The Marseillaise" while many arrests were being made.

Cambridge, England, Oct. 15.—A stern rebuke accompanied a sentence of eighteen months when Miriam Pratt, a militant convicted of arson, was arraigned in court today. The judge declared that she and her kind would ruin England if allowed to vote.

Liverpool, England, Oct. 15.—Suffragists went upon a rampage here today, destroying a number of letter boxes with their contents, causing heavy loss. They escaped.

CONGRESS IN BRIEF.

Senate.

Not in session; meets today at noon. Banking and Currency Committee held hearings.

House.

Although without a quorum, Republican Leader Mann raised his parliamentary ban on business long enough to allow Speaker Clark to sign enrolled copy of urgent deficiency bill and measure was sent to the President.

Representative Adamson of Georgia introduced bill for improvement and extension of post roads at rate of $15 per mile per annum.

Representative Crisp of Georgia introduced resolution providing for abolition of the pair system.

Representative Edwards of Georgia introduced bill for improvement and extension of postoffice at Savannah, Ga.

Adjourned to meet at noon today.