

HELP WANTED  
NEW WARRIORS

Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society's Charity Is Wide.

CRED NOT CONSIDERED

Organization Has Donated Clothing, Food, Lodging, Advice, and Education to Immigrants.

During the year 1913 the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society kept a record of 16,239 Jewish immigrant arrivals at the ports of New York, Baltimore, Boston, Galveston, and Philadelphia. With the exception of those who arrived via Galveston it has been of service in one way or another direct or indirect to every one of these immigrants. It has given food for an average of five days to 11,717 immigrants. It has given shelter for an average of five days to 1,877 immigrants. It has found employment for and placed 2,196 immigrants.

Three hundred and fifty out of the 1,230 immigrants had been placed by the society in ninety-five cities of eight States and in one city in Canada.

Campaign of Education. It has met, guided, and directed 23,309 Jewish immigrants in the United States. One thousand and one hundred and seventy-nine of the 23,309 have been guided, directed, and distributed in 26 cities of thirty-six States and two cities in Cuba and Panama.

The bureau of information dealt with 2,256 cases. The bureau of foreign relations dealt with 1,130 cases involving correspondence to and from seventy-four cities in fourteen foreign countries.

It has followed up 21,765 immigrants in 21 cities and forty-seven States and Territories.

It has conducted a campaign of education through five traveling representatives, men of ability and education, for the purpose of enlightening the Jewish people upon the immigration laws and of interesting them in immigrant aid work with a view of preventing Jewish immigrants from becoming public charges.

It has assisted 187 delinquent immigrants to return to the old country free of the purpose of preventing their deportation as public charges.

Helped at Quarantine. It has saved 2,456 immigrants from deportation by filing appeals and obtaining releases for them at Ellis Island.

It has extended a helping hand to the 1,190 unfortunates who were debarred from entry at Ellis Island, some were assisted with a supply of clothing and food, others with friendly advice and a kind word.

It has comforted the sick at the Immigrant Hospital through visits by its representatives.

It has established communication between thousands of temporarily detained immigrants and their relatives everywhere.

It has held ninety-five naturalization meetings in New York, Brooklyn, and Newark, attended by 5,714 aliens.

It has directed hundreds of immigrants to English classes at the public evening schools.

It has conducted English classes at its Immigrant Home for twenty-four weeks.

It has held illustrated lectures, at its home every Sunday evening on "Opportunities in the West," "Evils of Congestion," etc.

It has circulated 23,309 newspapers and periodicals among detained Jewish immigrants at Ellis Island.

It has supervised and contributed toward the expense of the Koster kitchen at Ellis Island.

Issued Monthly Magazine. It has contributed two-thirds of the expenses for the port work at Boston.

It has contributed more than one-third of the expenses for the Philadelphia port work.

Beginning December, 1913, it has defrayed all of the expenses for the port work at Baltimore.

It has taken care of all the Volturno survivors immediately upon their arrival at New York, Baltimore, and Philadelphia, and has provided shelter, food, and clothing as well as all other necessary service for 24 of these survivors.

It has published monthly magazines—the Jewish Immigration Bulletin, and circulated it among members of Congress, State officials in every State of the Union, colleges, and libraries as well as to members paying annual dues of \$5 upward.

Having no endowment fund nor any other fund, the society has labored simultaneously to raise subscriptions in support of the work, among individuals and organizations throughout the country, thereby increasing its membership from 8,230 to 12,227.

WEDDING OF NIECE OF SULTAN UNIQUE EVENT

Ceremony Proper Consists in Groom Handing Bride Gift Called "Yous Gheurmlujen."

TROUSSEAU IS MAGNIFICENT

Constantinople, April 7.—Ever Pasha, the brilliant young Turkish leader, is now the husband of a niece of the Sultan. The quaint wedding ceremonies are attracting much interest among Europeans and Americans here.

The wedding ceremony proper consisted of Ever presenting to his bride the gift called "Yous Gheurmlujen," which is supposed to pay for the privilege granted to him by her of unveiling her face. It is at this point in the ceremony that they are considered to become man and wife.

On the invitation cards sent out from the Turkish imperial harem for the wedding, the names of the bridegroom was not mentioned at all. The wedding was as follows: The marriage of her imperial highness, Nijeh-Sultan, will take place on the 8th Rebi-ul-Ahri (March 5), 1332, at 4 o'clock, Turkish time (about 10 in the morning).

The bride's trousseau is magnificent, and combines all the exquisite elegance of Western European workmanship, with the dazzling richness and brilliancy of Oriental skill. All are gifts either of the Sultan himself or of the numerous ladies of the harem. The wedding dress was literally covered with gold and pearls and diamonds. No fewer than twenty-five magnificent robes, each costing thousands of dollars, were presented to the bride.

The princess is to wear on each of the ten days following the marriage a different dress. The color and design must be entirely different on each occasion.

Gen. Coxe Scores I. W. W. "BANKERS BLUFFED MR. WILSON" Gives Views on Currency



GEN. JACOB S. COXE.

By MILDRED DILLON. "The I. W. W. is the carbuncle on the body politic. My army is not of that dangerous type." "Gen." Jacob Sechler Coxe declared to me last night.

This veteran of many labor crusades will lead a vast army of the unemployed that will invade the National Capital May 21. The army will organize, of forces from all over the country, at Massillon, Ohio, April 18, on the sixtieth birthday anniversary of the "general."

"My army will represent peace," Mr. Coxe said. "A large per cent of the 5,000,000 unemployed in the United States will compose it, but I do not want the public to become alarmed over its coming."

"Yes, the I. W. W. is the carbuncle on the body politic," he repeated as though he were especially pleased with the metaphor. "And there are two other troublesome elements," he continued. "I call them 'boils' and 'pimples.' The boils represent the labor union leaders who play 'trick' with the masses in a labor element and thus push down the price of labor."

"The 'pimples' are equally as dangerous to designate who the 'pimples' were. "The Administration and Congress will not believe that such conditions exist until I bring the men here as evidence to prove it. I have sent a detailed statement to the President, to Congress to the members of the Cabinet and to the Supreme Court Justices, stating just what the conditions are, what has caused them, what we demand from these bodies and what we propose to do. Though I previously warned them of these conditions when I appeared before the Banking and Currency Committee, October 23, 'speaking of the banking and currency mousie me think how President Wilson was 'bluffed' by the bankers of this country in the passing of the last currency bill," the "general" laughed goodly. "Why, then, never was a President before so easily 'bluffed' as the bankers did Mr. Wilson. They made it appear as if they were horrified over the new currency bill as introduced in Congress, when all the time they were back of it, but didn't dare let on for fear the Administration would back down on it."

"However," I think the President is a magnanimous gentleman and with Congress, sooner or later, will accede to one demand. I have written three demands that I will make upon them and will not, without a strong skirmish, see my army and its ideals defeated. The measures we hope to have enacted are:

"First—An act of Congress to issue legal-tender money and establish a Federal bank in every community to loan the money on real estate and chattel property at its assessed value at 2 per cent tax, instead of interest.

"Second—An act of Congress to issue legal-tender money and to permit companies to issue noninterest bonds, borrow money on them from the United States Treasury, hire the unemployed in road building and other work, for purchase and supplying other public needs, and to repay such loans without interest in twenty-five annual installments.

"Third—An act of Congress to issue legal-tender money to buy the railroad pipe lines, telegraphs and telephones at their physical values, and to operate them at cost.

"And a written pledge should be obtained," he continued, "from each candidate running for a seat in the House or the Senate, by his supporters, promising that he will vote for and exercise all his political power to have enacted these three measures into law."

William Banks, aged eighty-seven, took a fifteen-mile walk near Greenwich, Conn., the other day just to attend a dinner party.

Get Rid of Those Pimples

Cuticura Soap and Ointment

Will help you when all else fails. Unsightly complexion are often a bar to social advancement and business success. Start life with a clear skin and good hair.

Samples Free by Mail

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 25-cent book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 1022, Boston.

HELP FOR BLIND TO BE DISCUSSED

Workers for the Sightless Will Hold Convention Here This Month.

SESSION TO BE BUSY ONE

Many Important Topics on the Program—President Wilson to Receive Delegates.

For the first time in the history of work for the blind in America a conference devoted exclusively to a consideration of the problems of those concerned with the education and training of the blind and the prevention of blindness, is to be held in Washington.

The headquarters of the convention are to be at the New Ebbitt, where several of the meetings will be held. On the opening evening, Thursday, April 16, a general meeting will be held at the Public Library, to which the public is cordially invited.

For upward of fifty years workers for the blind have met in conventions in all parts of the United States and Canada, but the Capital has not been visited. The reason for this is doubtless because in the past such gatherings have taken place at residential schools for the blind, where the delegates were the guests of the officials of the schools. It is coming to be recognized now that in some States some group of people interested in any humanitarian endeavor wishes to reach the ear of the American public, they can find no better place than the National Capital from which to proclaim their message.

In many parts of this country there are institutions for the blind that have no equals in any other country, but it is equally true that in some States some phases of work for the blind, and particularly the prevention of blindness, are neglected.

Many Needlessly Blind. There are in the United States at least 300,000 blind people, and of this number probably 40,000 are needlessly blind. The cost to individuals, cities, and States to care for the dependent blind runs into large figures annually.

It is but natural that one of the most important topics to be discussed at this convention will be "The Prevention of Blindness."

The education of blind children in America was begun about 1830, and has been developed with wonderful success to the present date. Strange as it may seem, however, Statewide organized efforts to be of service to those who lose their sight when too old to go to school for blind youth, without enrolling them in those schools (as was done in the earlier institutions) did not become operative until this century.

Despite much publicity in recent years, it is not yet generally known that nearly 75 per cent of those who are blind lost their sight after twenty years of age. This means that the problem of helping the blind is much more largely a problem of aiding adults than of training blind children. In spite of this, millions have been spent in America for the erection and maintenance of magnificent educational plants for the small minority who become blind in youth. Another topic that therefore commands serious attention on the part of all workers for the blind will be a consideration of the efforts being made to help the blind

who lose their sight too late to enter schools for the blind. Question of Employment. To provide employment for the adult blind and to prevent unnecessary blindness is the twofold function of State commissions of the blind, and the consideration of the different problems connected with such work is the chief reason that prompted the Ohio State Commission for the Blind to suggest to commissions and organizations in other States to come together in Washington for this, the first conference devoted exclusively to the problems of workers for the blind, to be held at the National Capital.

The program is proving to be of such interest that workers for the blind of many States are planning to attend. Of course, the local institutions for the blind will be visited, and President Wilson, who as governor of New Jersey, took a practical interest in work for the blind in that State, has consented to receive the delegates at the White House.

While the Ohio State Commission for the Blind originated the idea of holding this Washington conference, and its secretary has been making the arrangements, the success of the conference would have been impossible but for the cordial cooperation extended by Herbert Putnam, Librarian of Congress, and Mrs. Gertrude T. Rider, who have donated the dining room for the blind at the Congressional Library.

DIAMOND TRADE GOOD; NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

American Demand Causes Foreign Syndicates to Prepare for Another Boost in Prices.

Paris, April 7.—Thanks to a gradual revival of the American demand, the diamond trade is again on the eve of a boom, according to a leading English diamond merchant now in Paris after a European tour of investigation.

"Prior to the enforcement of the Underwood tariff," he said, "American buyers in America laid in a very large stock of diamonds in order to escape immediate payment of the new 20 per cent duty. The result necessarily has been a slack American demand, which has made the world's diamond market quiet."

"But now the old stock is becoming exhausted, and American buyers are again in the market. The present year's prospects are excellent. This means that diamond prices are likely to rise in the immediate future."

"They now constitute the soundest possible investment, because the world's available supply is controlled by two syndicates, forming the most efficient trust in the world."

"Paris and colored gems are yearly growing less attractive as investments, because nowadays only experts are able to tell the difference between good artificial and genuine stones, and the demand for good imitations is growing. This never will be the case with diamonds, because they cannot be produced artificially."

"Radium banks" have been established in a few European cities. These banks possess a few milligrams of radium. They lend their radium for one day for \$50 for surgical or other use. Radium salts, it is said, may be repeatedly used without losing any of their properties.

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Porch Curtains \$12 Refrigerators, \$8.50 Let Us Submit Estimates On Your Windows and Screen Doors

Heavy German Imported Porch Curtains—all sizes up to 12 feet wide—sunproof and waterproof, at the very lowest prices.

Summer Portieres All colors and designs. We now have a complete stock. Red, green, brown, and combination colors.

\$2.00 Curtains..... \$1.29  
3.00 Curtains..... 1.69  
4.00 Curtains..... 2.39  
6.00 Curtains..... 3.98

2,000 yards Bordered Jasper Scrim, for summer draperies; all colors; 36-in. wide; 45c per yard, now 22 1/2c.

We carry a full stock of Ready-made Window Screens and Doors; all sizes and prices. Special this sale:

Extra Heavy Sliding Screen, 28-in. high or 30-in. high. Special, 39c each.

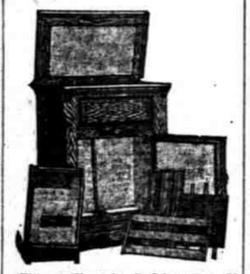
Extra Quality Rope Portieres Plain red and green only. Special, to close these \$4.00 values, \$2.35 each.

Curtain Screens; plain colors; Arab and ivory double border:

35c quality..... 22 1/2c per yd.  
50c quality..... 32c per yd.  
60c quality..... 38c per yd.

The New Summer Curtain Material.

LANSBURGH FURNITURE CO., 512 NINTH ST.



This well-made Refrigerator—30 lbs. net weight—will save you \$12 in saving of ice. Reduced from \$12 to \$8.50.



\$15 Go-Carts, \$10.90

Reed Body Go-carts—white or brown—top of Panatosa. Reduced from \$15 to \$10.90.



A postal or phone call will bring our representative, who will take measure and submit estimates. We use only the very best materials—the best 14-inch mesh wire in either black or "Galvanoid"—both rustless. We promise quick delivery.



Slip Covers to Order We use only the very best Belgian Linen, in the newest designs. Allow us to send our representative to take measures and submit samples and estimates.

Advertisement for Ridgways Tea, featuring an illustration of a woman and the text: "All the cheering refreshment that tea ever brought to womankind is blended in Ridgways Tea."

Advertisement for The Ben Franklin Quiz Corner, featuring two portraits of Ben Franklin and the text: "The Ben Franklin QUIZ CORNER \$3,500 in Cash Will Be Given to Successful Quizzers By THE WASHINGTON HERALD"

TELL YOUR FRIENDS ABOUT THE QUIZ They Also Will Be Interested and This Will Work to Your Advantage, Too. IT IS NOT TOO LATE TO START

After the Quiz, you will be glad to add Poor Richard's Almanack to your library.

What Says Ben Franklin Today? Photograph No. 18. April 8, 1914.



BEN FRANKLIN SAYS: Name: Address: (Clip Coupon Around Black Rule.)

Advertisement for Question Box and Cash Awards, including a list of prize amounts: "1st Award..... \$1,000 in Gold 2d Award..... \$500 in Gold 3d Award..... \$250 in Gold 4th Award..... \$100 in Gold 5th to 9th Awards, each \$50..... \$250 in Gold 10th to 19th Awards, each \$25..... \$250 in Gold 20th to 69th Awards, each \$10..... \$500 in Gold 70th to 169th Awards, each \$5..... \$500 in Gold 170th to 350th Awards, Yearly Subscriptions to Sunday Washington Herald. 351st to 500th Awards, each \$1..... \$150 in Gold"

Advertisement for The Record Book and Poor Richard's Almanack, including the text: "The Record Book permits an entrant to submit as many as six solutions to each pictograph without purchasing coupons for each solution. It is also a convenient way to send in your solutions. On sale only at The Herald office, 65 cents, 70 cents by mail. Poor Richard's Almanack, 55c. Record Book and all back pictographs, 70c. Back pictographs, No....."

Advertisement for The Washington Herald, including the text: "Dept. Q. The Washington Herald, Washington, D. C. Date..... 1914. Inclosed is \$..... for which send me the item marked below. Name: Address: Send money in stamps, postal or express money order."