

MISSING CONSUL REPORTED HELD HUERTA HOSTAGE

Silliman Is Held Prisoner by Federal General at Saltillo, State Department Hears.

MAY RESULT IN INVASION

Refugees from Tampico Condemn Failure to Protect Their Land.

BRING DATA ON ATROCITIES

Secretary Lane, Chief Justice White, and Justice Hughes Likely to Represent U. S. Before Mediators.

Several developments adding to the perplexities of this government in the Mexican situation came yesterday.

Foremost in the pressing incidents that have placed this alternative before the President is the disappearance of Vice Consul John R. Silliman, believed to have been taken prisoner by Federal Gen. Maas.

"There is going to be war in Mexico unless Silliman soon is found," was the way a high government official summed up the situation last night.

He says every effort to locate Silliman, has failed and that the gravest fears are entertained for his safety.

Held Huerta Hostage?

It has been suggested that he is being held hostage by Gen. Huerta's commander at Saltillo under the direct orders of the Mexican ruler.

A dispatch was received by the French ambassador here yesterday from the French charge in Mexico City, saying that Huerta had assured him that orders would be given to the federal commanders to protect Mr. Silliman in every way possible.

The Brazilian minister at Mexico City, sent word to the State Department, that he was continuing his efforts in behalf of Consul Silliman and other Americans, said to be imprisoned at Saltillo, but the probability of attack by the rebels upon Saltillo and the interruption of communications have so far rendered the instant and urgent orders of the government without result.

Constitutionalist officials here in Washington said last night that if Consul Silliman was in Saltillo and in prison that such a condition would endure only for two or three days as the rebel army was preparing to attack the city and as soon as they had captured it they would release Silliman and all other Americans.

Refugees Are Awaiting

A delegation of Americans who have property in Tampico arrived in Washington yesterday for the purpose of making vigorous protests to United States officials over the treatment they had received. They complained not only because they had to depend upon British naval vessels to take them from Tampico, but were wrathful that they had been compelled to leave their properties in Mexico without any protection from American forces. It was apparent that they intend to urge this government to give their property rights some measure of protection.

American Is Murdered.

Of more immediate effect upon the Mexican situation, though, was a message delivered to the State Department by Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador. He informed Secretary Bryan that the British Embassy here had received word from the British Minister in Mexico City that one American had been killed and seven were being held prisoners in a mining district near Guadalajara, in the state of Jalisco. The British Ambassador added that two Englishmen also had been killed, and another was held with the Americans.

The note from the British Embassy was a reminder that the Great Britain would expect the United States to take steps to clear up this new development. Investigations already have been set on foot by Great Britain and the United States. It is possible that the landing of a joint armed force from the ships on the West Coast may be necessary in order to protect the lives of those still remaining in the hands of the bandits.

While these developments were adding to the worries of the United States officials, they continued their efforts to select American representatives in the mediation conferences. The mediators themselves were marking time, pending the arrangements for the formal conferences at Niagara Falls.

Lane May Head Mediators.

Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, almost certainly will head the American representatives when the board convenes on May 18.

President Wilson has practically decided upon the appointment of Lane to the head of the American commission. It was learned at the White House yesterday.

The other two American representatives probably will be Chief Justice White and Associate Justice Hughes, of the United States Supreme Court.

Chief Justice White's appointment is practically certain, and it is probable that Justice Hughes will be named as the third member of the board, though Justice Lamar and Richard Olney, of Boston, both are mentioned for the place.

Indications were tonight that the committee of refugees which has come to Washington will make trouble for the administration. It has been intimated that they are authorized to speak not

TO REORGANIZE LORDS.

Premier Asquith Announces Plans for This Session.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald. London, May 7.—Proposals for reconstruction of the House of Lords will be introduced by the government at this session of Parliament. Announcement of this effect was made in the House of Commons this afternoon by Premier Asquith.

The proposed reformation of the House of Lords, was due to the attitude which that branch of Parliament has taken on the home rule for Ireland bill.

The Premier also announced that on Tuesday he will move a procedure resolution to fix a time table for future parliamentary action on the home rule measure. This is expected to be taken up by the Lords next week.

FUNSTON REPORT CREATES FURORE

Army Officers Called from Homes to Conference at Department.

GARRISON IS SILENT

Refuses to Tell Contents of Long Dispatch from Commander at Vera Cruz.

There was sudden activity in the War Department late last night following the receipt of a long bulletin from Brig. Gen. Funston at Vera Cruz.

The greatest secrecy surrounded the contents of the communication. Secretary of War Garrison hurriedly called into conference Gen. Winterspoon, Chief of Staff of the army, and the entire corps of the General Staff. They were closeted behind closed doors and great excitement prevailed, pending the disclosure of the contents of the message.

Afterward Secretary Garrison left for home, refusing to comment on the situation.

It is believed that startling information has been received, officers of the army, and War Department officials being called from their clubs and homes to attend the conference.

VETERANS OF GRAY WOULD FIGHT MEXICO

Forrest's Corps Adopts Resolution Offering to Organize Company of 100 Men.

Special to The Washington Herald. Jacksonville, Fla., May 7.—Forrest's famous cavalry corps adopted a resolution at today's session of the United Confederate Veterans expressing indignation at the "repeated insults offered to American people and the flag by Mexicans," and pledged President Wilson, if called upon, a company of 100 men to be selected from the corps, "every man to be fully able to perform the duties and hardships required of the regular soldier."

The resolution concludes as follows: "We hereby guarantee to be among the first to plant the American flag on the battlements of the city of Mexico or any other fortress within her bounds."

Seymour Stuart of St. Louis was this afternoon elected commander in chief of the United Sons of Confederate Veterans. He succeeds W. W. Old, Jr., of Norfolk, Va.

MADOO TO RESIGN, IS REPORT.

President's Son-in-law, It Is Rumored, Will Be Ambassador.

New York, May 7.—A Washington dispatch to the American says: "Secretary McAdoo, who today became the son-in-law of President Wilson, will retire from the cabinet and become Ambassador to France. This is the report here tonight, which also names Representative Palmer, of Pennsylvania, candidate for United States Senator from that State, as his successor in the event of the latter's defeat in November."

"Secretary McAdoo's position as the son-in-law of Mr. Wilson becomes delicate, and it is believed that he will go to France or he may become head of the new Federal Reserve Board."

NEW GOVERNOR FOR CANADA.

London, May 7.—King George this afternoon approved the appointment of Prince Alexander of Teck as governor general of Canada to succeed the Duke of Connaught, who has been seeking for some time to relinquish the office.

DIGGS HELD NOT GUILTY.

San Francisco, May 7.—Maury I. Diggs, former State architect, this afternoon was adjudged by a jury not guilty of the charge of assaulting Miss Ida Patterson, an eighteen-year-old girl. Diggs several months ago was found guilty of violating the Mann white slave law in transporting Martha Warrington and Lola Norris from one State to another for immoral purposes and was sentenced to eighteen months imprisonment. He is free on bail pending appeal.

White House Couple, Wedded, Start For New York City on Honeymoon

Destination Unknown, but Objective Point Is Supposed to Be Bridegroom's Country Home on Hudson.

FOURTEENTH MARRIAGE IN EXECUTIVE MANSION

Guest List at Ceremony Includes 100—Democratic Note Marks Reception to Favored Notables.

Miss Eleanor Randolph Wilson, youngest daughter of the President and Mrs. Wilson, was married in the Blue Room at the White House at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon to William Gibbs McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury.

Their honeymoon began with a mad automobile dash through Washington and over nine miles of indifferent Maryland roads to catch a railway train.

Piece to Waiting Train.

While the wedding supper was in full swing, the start was made from the White House. One of the big limousines of the White House garage was used, with the same daring chauffeur who guided Mr. and Mrs. Sayre over the first few furlongs of the pathway to happiness at the wheel. Only the bride and bridegroom were in the big machine but behind it trailed the speedy touring car used by the United States Secret Service bodyguard of the President with two of the operatives sitting in the tonneau and a third guiding the vehicle.

With as near an approach to silence as can be accomplished by a speeding motor through city streets, the great car chugged and honked its way, making use of the shady roadways of the park system wherever possible. At the edge of the city it turned into the Bladensburg road and in ten minutes was scudding through Maryland suburbs, rousing the sleeping watch-dogs' wrath and leaving in its trail a cloud of gritty dust.

On through Bladensburg, Hyattsville and Riverdale, the manor of the Lords Bal-

timore, into the little town of College Park it sped.

Sleuths Guard Couple.

There standing upon a railway siding was the private car Philadelphia. Through College Park runs the main line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. It was past 8 o'clock and the Philadelphia express, which leaves Washington precisely at 8 was due in a few minutes. Secretary McAdoo assisted his bride to alight and the secret service men helped by standing about and looking cross at the few country folks and suburbanites, who lounged up to stare in wonderment. No express train had ever stopped at College Park before unless it had leaped the rails and the occasion was accepted as one of importance.

Then out of the Southwestern darkness appeared the bright bull's-eye of a locomotive headlight. There was a grinding of brakes and a hissing of the exhausting air as the train slowed down. Meanwhile, the bride and bridegroom had entered their private car. The express with a blind baggage car at its rear end slipped back down the siding. The couplings crunched, the air-tubing was clicked home and in a few seconds the big engine was puffing sturdily back into full speed ahead.

Bound for New York City.

The Philadelphia Express does not run through to New York, although the Metropolis is known to be the destination of the newly-wedded pair. It was due to arrive in Philadelphia at 11:10 p. m., and much speculation was indulged in here as to whether the "Philadelphia" would be attached to another train at Twenty-fourth and Chestnut Street Station and proceed to New York over the tracks of the Reading and Central Railroad of New Jersey, or the bridal pair would disembark at Philadelphia.

Just where the honeymoon will be

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DONOR OF \$500,000 REVEALED BY BISHOP

Mrs. Archibald Douglas Russell, of New York, Contributor to Episcopal Cathedral Fund.

GIFT OF \$25,000 ANNOUNCED

Mrs. Archibald Douglas Russell, of New York, was the anonymous philanthropist who made a gift of \$25,000 to the fund for building the Episcopal Cathedral at Mount St. Alban's.

The identity of the mysterious donor had caused discussion for months in Episcopal church circles. Names of all millionaires who had visited Washington in recent months were mentioned as the possible givers.

Right Rev. Alfred Harding, Bishop of Washington, was the only Washington churchman who knew the name of the person who made the gift. The announcement yesterday, just at the close of the diocesan convention at St. Margaret's Church, Columbia road and Bancroft place, was a surprise. It had been announced that the name of the donor never would be published.

The money will be used in building the cathedral, on the main floor of the building, over the present church. The roof of the cathedral, through the munificence of Mrs. Russell, will be as high as the Washington Monument.

An anonymous gift of \$25,000, to be used in obtaining the services of a noted architect to draw and classify plans for the cathedral, was announced. The gift will enable those in charge to know even how many stones are to be put into the building, it was announced.

HALF-HOLIDAY RULING DEPENDS ON BUSINESS

Unless Work Accumulates, Government Clerks Will Get Off Early Saturdays as Heretofore.

Within the last few days The Washington Herald has received numerous inquiries regarding the status of Saturday half-holidays in the District.

Unless public business in the government departments accumulates to such an extent during July, August and September, the Saturday half-holiday rule will apply during those months as it has in former years. This statement was made yesterday by the Civil Service Commission.

Notwithstanding the fact that Congress passed an act making Saturday a legal half-holiday in the District, the year-round, the Civil Service Commission and the various chiefs of the departments are permitted under the act to "further extend the hours of any clerk or employ in their department," provided they issue a "special order stating their reasons."

It is held by the chiefs that this special order may be directed to the chief clerks of the departments, and the reason stated may be the necessity of reasonably disposing of important business concerning the welfare of the government.

It is not regarded as necessary that an order of this kind be issued every Saturday throughout the year as the custom established since the act was passed in extending the Saturday half-holiday in July, August and September, is regarded as a precedent.

COLONEL WILL NOT RUN ON REPUBLICAN TICKET

If He Seeks Presidential Election in 1916 It Will Be as Progressive, He Asserts.

MOOSE TO BE IN THE FIELD

Para. Brazil, May 7.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt will not run for President on a Republican ticket in 1916. He made this clear today when he declared that although he had not yet considered being a candidate in that year, if he did decide to run it would be on a Progressive ticket.

"I can't swallow the Republican boss," he said.

Col. Roosevelt intends to take an active part in the fall campaign, but he will not run for any office in New York State. His activity in politics will be resumed after the wedding of Kermit Roosevelt in Spain. In the meantime the colonel will recuperate from the effects of his journey of exploration in Brazil.

The colonel was still weak when he embarked on the Aidan for New York today, but said he was hopeful that the sea voyage would restore him to health.

"The trip along the Duvida river nearly cost me my life," said the colonel, "but I am glad I made it, even though ill and many times on the verge of starvation."

New York, May 7.—George W. Perkins, national chairman of the Progressive party declared today that the party would place a presidential ticket in the field in 1916. He made this statement after reading the dispatch from Para. Brazil, quoting Col. Theodore Roosevelt as refusing to consider a nomination by the Republicans, and saying that if he became a candidate it would be only on the progressive ticket.

CLUBWOMEN RUN STREET CARS.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 7.—Four hundred members of women's clubs acted as street car conductors in the rain today, a percentage of their collections being donated by the electric railway company to women's charitable associations.

50,000 ON STRIKE IN RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, May 7.—Fifty thousand Russian workmen went on strike today as a protest against the suspension of members of the Duma for rioting during debate on the budget.

They paraded the streets with banners and the demonstration finally became so hostile that the police drove the strikers to their homes.

THREE KILLED BY BANDITS.

American and Two Englishmen Slain and Fight Held Captive.

An American was killed and seven are held prisoners in the mine district near Guadalajara, in the state of Jalisco, the British Ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, yesterday informed the State Department, in a note transmitting a message received from the British Minister in Mexico City.

Two Englishmen also were killed and one is in custody with the Americans, the note stated.

Only fifteen Americans remain in the state of Jalisco now, and the portion of it near Guadalajara is under the control of bandits acknowledging neither the British nor the United States governments immediately set on foot investigations, and it is possible that a joint armed force will be landed from the ships on the west coast and marched inland to the scene of the bandits' murders.

Alice E. Malone Still in Hiding

Mystery of Her Whereabouts Deepens with Arrest of Sidney B. Harrison.

POLICE FEAR SUICIDE

Broker's Clerk Tells Police He Has Not Seen Woman Accomplish Since December 19.

Where is Miss Alice E. Malone? The mystery of the whereabouts of the young woman who disappeared with Sidney B. Harrison from the brokerage offices of N. L. Carpenter and Company of this city, it is alleged, with about \$2,000 worth of bonds, last December, only deepened with the arrest early yesterday morning of Harrison at the home of a friend near Rosslyn, Va. Both were employed by the firm.

Harrison told his captors that he had not seen Miss Malone since they walked together out of the brokerage office on December 19. All these months the authorities had proceeded in their hunt on the theory that the two were still together. Miss Malone was indicted here on the charge of embezzling \$3,000, and Harrison, for embezzling \$24,000.

Police Fear Suicide.

The Washington police now believe Miss Malone is hiding somewhere, waiting only for a settlement with the firm. Some think she is in a religious institution, as she was a constant contributor to the church. Now that Harrison is in the toils others think she may be tempted to give herself up.

Harrison was taken before Justice Barnard and released on \$5,000 bond furnished by Dr. W. W. Stewart. He at once sought his wife and children.

Early yesterday morning Night Chief of Detectives Hartley received a tip that Harrison was stopping at the home of a friend. Tench T. Mayre, a Washington lawyer, near Rosslyn, Detective Evans, and Precinct Detective Wainwright drove to the Alexandria County jail and arrested Jailer and Deputy Sheriff Johnson. The three surrounded the Mayre home. Mr. Mayre answered a ring of the door bell and admitted that Harrison was his guest.

Measurements Are Taken. Harrison at first objected to accompanying the officers out of the State, but after a talk with his counsel, Raymond B. Dickey, over the telephone, consented to come to Washington with them. He was locked up at the First precinct until court convened. First he was taken to detective headquarters and his Bertillon

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CONGRESS IN BRIEF.

SENATE.

Speeches in opposition to the repeal of the free tolls clause of Panama Canal act, were delivered by Senators O'Gorman and Brewster.

Joint resolution authorizing President in time of stress to suspend present legal limit on strength of line of the regular army, was introduced by Senator Chambliss, chairman of Military Affairs Committee.

Substitute for Simmons' amendment to the free tolls bill, reserving to United States, right to grant free tolls in future, was offered by Senator Works, of California.

House resolution calling for sending of delegation to New York to meet returning remains of marines and sailors killed at Vera Cruz, was sent to committee.

Adjourning to meet today at noon.

Continued debate on naval appropriation bill holding late session in order to reach vote. In Committee of Whole indicating favorable action on final passage, two battleship program including six torpedo boat destroyers and eight submarines, was approved.

Heflin resolution providing recognition for Mothers' Day, by President and Congress, was adopted.

Interstate Commerce Committee reported administration bill giving Interstate Commerce Commission control over issuance of railway stock and bonds, and providing advance publicity for such issues.

Elections Committee, No. 2, reported Representative Dyer, Missouri, Resolution is not entitled to his seat, because of election irregularities and that the contestant, Daniel J. Gill, Democrat, should be seated.

Committee on Agriculture continued hearings on federal grain inspection bill. Representative Cary introduced resolution to investigate alleged misleading reports of certain chiefs of ordnance bureau which he claimed favored armor plate trust.

Adjourning until noon today.

8:15 to Baltimore and Return Every Saturday and Sunday, Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets good to return until 9 a. m. following Monday—Adv.

NURSE AS SOURCE OF TUBERCULOSIS

Experts Give Warning that Children Often Become Infected at Birth.

CONVENTION IN SESSION

Noted Specialists Discuss Prevention and Cure of White Plague at Annual Meeting.

The value of systematic examination of employees with a view of stamping out all diseases as shown by the results of experiments in big mercantile establishments in Chicago and elsewhere, was accentuated in papers read by Dr. Theodore B. Sachs, chairman of the committee on factories of the Chicago Tuberculosis Institute; Dr. Harry E. Mock, of Chicago, and Dr. James B. Kirtton, of the same city. Dr. Mock is a physician employed specially by a big Chicago concern, and Dr. Britton is employed in a similar capacity by another corporation. Both have been experimenting by keeping employees under strict medical supervision and with surprising results.

The result of medical experiments among employees of Swift & Co., in their Chicago packing house, is the subject of an interesting paper written by Dr. W. H. Lipman, the physician engaged by the company for the purpose. In the early nineties this firm retained a physician to give the whole of his time to its employees. At present there are four physicians and a nurse in the corps. A first-class hospital has been built and equipped on the premises. A medical examination is required of all applicants for positions and disease has been reduced to a minimum.

President Lowman's Subject. The welfare of the family as against the diseased individual was discussed by Dr. John H. Lowman, of Cleveland, president of the association. A review of ten years' work in the anti-tuberculosis campaign of the United States was one of the most significant features touched upon in the report of the executive office at the opening session. When the national association opened its office, in the winter of 1905, there were less than 150 agencies engaged in anti-tuberculosis work in the United States. After ten years of work there are today over 1,500 such agencies, including over 100 tuberculosis sanatoria and hospitals, 419 dispensaries, nearly 1,300 anti-tuberculosis associations, and fully 500 open air schools and fresh air classes, besides a considerable number of boards of health and other agencies that are taking an active part in this campaign.

Nurses and midwives as sources of tuberculosis infection among children was the subject of an interesting discussion at the opening session of the tenth annual convention of the National Association for the Study of Prevention of Tuberculosis yesterday afternoon, at the Willard.

This discussion followed the reading of a paper by Dr. William Charles White, medical director of the Pittsburgh Tuberculosis League, on "Frenatal and early childhood problems of tuberculosis." Dr. White made the startling assertion that "practically all of our children in many of the crowded centers of population are at fourteen years of age the seat of tuberculous infection."

Become Infected at Birth. That many infants are infected at birth by tuberculous midwives and nurses was the consensus of opinion among experts present. It was declared that especially south of the Mason and Dixon line infection by nurses exceedingly common. This was attributed to the large number of nurses employed as nurses for infants, and the high rate of tuberculous infection among the race in that section.

On this account several physicians of national repute advocated examination of all nurses and midwives with a view of eliminating from the profession all who are infected with the disease.

Dr. White said that school children who are taught in fresh-air classrooms advance more rapidly in their studies and make greater improvement in weight and strength than children in regular classrooms. It is a conclusion that was demonstrated by Frank H. Martin, New York.

Mr. Mann reported on a series of experiments carried on jointly by the New York committee on the prevention of tuberculosis and the board of education in which three groups of children were studied to note the effect of fresh air upon them. The results from September to June showed that all of the poorly nourished and anemic children in the fresh-air classes gained in weight, red corpuscles in the blood, general nutrition, and physical tone.

CHINESE PIRATES CAPTURED.

Liverpool, May 7.—A commercial cablegram received this afternoon from Canton, China, states that the 119 pirates who looted the Norwegian steamship Childa have been captured by Chinese soldiers in their stronghold near Swatow. Two of the pirates were killed while resisting capture.

NO CHANGE IN HOME RULE.

London, May 7.—John Redmond today issued a statement denying knowledge of renewed conferences on or any personal consultation with Premier Asquith concerning the home rule bill.

He says he is confident that the measure in its present shape will reach the House of Lords before the Whitsunday recess.

SEIZE MEXICAN ISLANDS.

San Diego, Cal., May 7.—The United States flag floats over the Coronado Islands which up to yesterday were Mexican soil. Several Americans went out to the islands in a yacht and claimed them "by right of conquest."

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