

THE HERALD guarantees full money's worth to the purchasers of articles advertised in the display columns of this paper by any Washington merchant, as first announced January 1, 1916. (Circular Furnished Upon Request.)

# THE WASHINGTON HERALD

ONLY 11 SHOPPING DAYS BEFORE EASTER.

NO. 3463.

WEATHER—FAIR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 11, 1916.

ONE CENT.

## 200,000 MEN HURLED UPON VERDUN LINE

### Fiftieth Day of Battle Sees Most Furious Attacks of Invasion.

## FRENCH HOLDING FAST

### Front Remains Unbroken Despite Desperate Assaults of Crown Prince.

## GERMAN LOSSES ARE HEAVY

### Tactics of Invaders Are Altered and Drive Is General Over Sector of More Than Ten Miles.

(By International News Service.) Paris, April 10.—This is the fiftieth day of the battle of Verdun, and the French troops are withstanding the fiercest and most persistent onslaught made by the Germans since the war began.

The latest assault was delivered by some 200,000 men. Still the French line is not only unbroken but unchanged; still the Germans are battering the outer line of defenses, and still as far as ever from the only French positions protecting Verdun that are really essential.

Tonight's communique announces that the battle is proceeding with unabated fury, and with a bombardment of increasing intensity west of the Meuse.

Fierce German attacks against the French line south of Forges Brook are also reported.

## GERMANS SUFFER HEAVY LOSSES.

It is asserted that the Germans suffered serious losses between Mort Homme and Cumieres village without boding the French defenses.

The Germans yesterday made a gigantic effort. The crown prince this time altered his tactics, and instead of delivering a violent local blow, attacked generally along an extended sector from north of Avocourt to just over the right bank of the Meuse, some ten miles.

The main attack was delivered from Haucourt with a division and a half, the objective being Hill No. 204. The Germans advanced three times to within 100 yards of the French lines, each time being repulsed with fearful losses that were inflicted chiefly by the French machine guns.

This was the central attack, but other attacks combined with it were simultaneous. On the French left the Germans threw a brigade against the Avocourt woods, recaptured lately by the French. They took a small portion of some trenches, but were soon driven out. The object of this assault was a flank movement upon Hill No. 204 from the west.

## OTHER ATTACKS MADE.

A simultaneous attack was being made from the north. Meanwhile, another attempt was being made on the French right from Bothincourt towards Mort Homme (Dead Man) which the Germans have been battering for weeks.

Combined with this attack was an effort to advance up the Meuse valley by Cumieres village along the railway on the flank of Mort Homme, and a few incursions also were made across the River Chamoneville.

In this third section of the battlefield the French held their own with the same indomitable doggedness and repulsed the Germans with the same slaughter.

The Germans sent in two fresh divisions which fought in vain against the wall of French defenses and men. Adequate tribute cannot be paid to the French defenders of Verdun, who, against strong attacks, never faltered.

## Woman Detective Rescues Lunatic

### Leaps Into Icy Waters of River and Brings Maniac to Shore.

Hackensack, N. J., April 10.—Miss Constance Kopp, girl detective and under sheriff, is recovering from a severe shock suffered early today when she jumped into the icy Hackensack River and rescued a lunatic, who struggled frantically to drown himself.

Miss Kopp earned her position as under sheriff by her daring and shrewdness as a detective. She was helping Sheriff R. N. Heath late last night to take Tony Hajnacka, of Wellington, who was yesterday declared insane, to the asylum at Morris Plains. Mrs. Heath accompanied her husband and he was further aided by Deputy Nicholas Dunn.

Near the Hackensack jail, Hajnacka jumped out of the automobile and started on a run for the river. The lunatic yelled and plunged into the river. Miss Kopp dived after him, and caught him by the back of the collar.

## Morgan Art Objects Sold for \$2,000,000

Special to The Washington Herald.

New York, April 10.—J. P. Morgan has made another important sale from the great collection of art objects gathered by his father.

All of the tapestries lent to the Metropolitan Museum by the late J. P. Morgan have been sold to P. W. French & Co. for a sum somewhat greater than \$2,000,000.

The sale is by far the most important that has yet been made by Mr. Morgan from the collection which is generally supposed to have cost the late Mr. Morgan \$75,000,000.

There are other portions of the Morgan art treasures on view in the Metropolitan Museum that may have made a more popular appeal, but there was nothing finer or more intrinsically valuable to art lovers than the tapestries.

## "T. R. ENEMY OF REPUBLIC"

### Barnes Makes Scathing Attack Upon Colonel and His Aims.

## PUTS FORMER PRESIDENT IN CLASS WITH BRYAN

### New York Leader Repudiates Story of His Alleged Pledge of Support to Mooser's Nomination.

Special to The Washington Herald. New York, April 10.—"Mr. Roosevelt is an enemy of the American republic, and the most pernicious influence in this country upon the public mind—not even excepting Mr. Bryan."

That is the answer of William Barnes to the story circulated in Boston shortly after the arrival there of Col. Roosevelt on Sunday night, to the effect that Mr. Barnes believed that the Colonel would be nominated for the Presidency by the Republicans, and would support him if his belief turned out to be well founded.

Mr. Barnes went farther than that. In a characteristic statement, he left no doubt of his belief that Col. Roosevelt himself had inspired the story that Mr. Barnes had talked of the Colonel's chances of being nominated at a recent gathering of Harvard men. He gave to reporters the names of men who were at the dinner, so that his denial of the Boston story could be confirmed. This is the statement of Mr. Barnes:

"This year the periodical candidacy of Mr. Roosevelt for President is based upon 'Americanism,' and such sporadic support as he is receiving comes from his declaration in behalf of proper national defenses.

"Mr. Roosevelt is not responsible for any natural phenomenon, nor has he a patent on the obvious. That this country should be properly defended—as it is not defended now—is not open to debate.

"Mr. Roosevelt is an enemy of the American republic, and the most pernicious influence in this country upon the public mind—not even excepting Mr. Bryan."

## Guacharo Ditched By Col. Roosevelt

### Former President Denies He Ever Said He Discovered West Indian Bird.

Special to The Washington Herald. Boston, April 10.—The Colonel is still here, and so far as is known, there has not been a single politician among the many persons he has seen since his arrival.

It was a busy day for Mr. Roosevelt, and his most important utterance was an announcement that he did not discover the guacharo, that now well-known West Indian bird. The Colonel, laughing, said: "Those fellows who write the headlines in the newspapers credited me with saying I was the discoverer."

Mr. Roosevelt merely made an intimate study of the bird's habits while in Trinidad, and found there were two species, one of them resembling a big whippoorwill and the other being something like the stormy petrel.

## TELLS OF WOMAN ENGINEER.

Countess Featetics Explains Attitude of Fair Sex in Nassau.

New York, April 10.—Countess Eila Featetics, daughter of the late James E. Haggin, millionaire turfman, returned today on the steamship Mexico of the Ward line from a month's visit at Nassau. While there, she interested the women in preparedness and succeeded in enrolling 4,000 of them.

"The women of Nassau are prepared now to replace the men in any line of industry," said the countess. "One woman even qualified as a locomotive engineer."

## Attack on American Flag By "Pennsy" Labor Leader Arouses Widespread Wrath

Special to The Washington Herald.

New York, April 10.—The attack on the flag made by James H. Maurer, president of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, in a speech before the Labor Forum at Washington Irving High School Sunday night, is to be made the subject of an official investigation, and may result in the prosecution of the offender. In the course of his address, Maurer shouted, "To hell with the Stars and Stripes."

The initiative in the movement to investigate was taken by Mayor Mitchell, who sent the following letter to President Wilcox, of the Board of Education, tonight:

"Sir—May I suggest to you that you cause an investigation to be made of the reports in this morning's newspapers of an attack on the flag, which was made by a speaker in the Washington Irving High School last night? It seems to me unpeppery that there should be heard in a public school in this city such utterances as I understand were made. I quote from Section 1435, of the Penal Law of the State of New York, subdivision 16, which provides that any person who shall

## Slaughter of Dogs Fails To Save Starving Warsaw

Special to The Washington Herald.

Chicago, April 10.—A Chicago Daily News staff correspondent cables today from Warsaw, Poland (via Amsterdam and London, April 10): The people of Warsaw are facing starvation. Only the German military forces in this great city are provided with sufficient food. Public announcement has been made of the prices charged for the slaughter of dogs and horses for food purposes. Business men, professional men, clerks and students are among those standing in the long lines waiting for food at the charity kitchens.

Children suffer the most, and each day many of them die for want of proper nourishment. Funerals are so numerous that coffins are carried on the shoulders of men instead of in hearses. The facts in the situation surpass in gravity anything described in fiction, or imagined by man. Warsaw is a homeless city.

Hernando DeSoto, the American consul in Warsaw, has asked me to suggest to John F. Smulski, the Chicago banker, that he, through the American State Department, cause the remainder of the money in the consul's hands belonging to the Warsaw-Polish-American Hospital, to be turned over to the archbishop of Warsaw for use in buying food for starving children in this city.

## U. S. RECEIVES BERLIN DENIAL

## Teutons Formally Disclaim Responsibility for Disaster to Liner Sussex.

Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, yesterday communicated to Secretary of State Lansing German's official disclaimer of responsibility for the disaster to the cross Channel liner Sussex.

Despite the evidence which the United States has collected tending to show that a submarine attacked this ship, Germany now considers the incident closed.

Germany's official note, backed by a determination not to yield to any further modification of submarine warfare, has at once made the issue clean cut and well defined between the two governments. President Wilson must press his case or drop it. Germany holds out no promise of compromise. Great pressure is already being exerted upon the President to stand firm and see the matter through.

His advisors, including Secretary Lansing, are in favor of basing the administrative attitude on the accumulative evidence of German submarine attacks which have jeopardized the lives of Americans on the high seas, and news comes from authoritative sources that the likelihood of the President's taking the matter up with Congress is not remote.

Count von Bernstorff is ready to do his best to prevent a diplomatic rupture, but he is not ready to make apologies or further concessions.

Germany's position, as it is now outlined to Secretary Lansing, holds that the United States government has no justification whatever for taking Germany to account for the attack on the Sussex or the attacks on the Manchester Engineer, the Englishman, the Eagle Point, or the Berwindale.

## JUDGE CHIDES WIFE.

### Tells Court's Spouse She Is Well Off and Don't Know It.

New York, April 10.—"When a husband gives his \$100 a week with which to keep up a three-room apartment and \$5 a week 'pin money,' the wife is very foolish if she gives up such a sinecure because of family quarrels."

This was the opinion of Justice Newburger today, in dismissing an action for separation brought by Mrs. Nellie Harder Rosenbaum against Count Eugene Raven Rosenbaum.

## Rioting in Amoy, China.

Amoy, China, April 10.—Riots occurred today and an attempt was made to assassinate the chief of the military police. Rebels threw many bombs.

## "Pirate's" Hearing Postponed.

New York, April 10.—Because of the illness of the United States commissioner, the hearing of Ernest Schiller, the German, who held up the British freighter Mastoppe, was postponed until tomorrow.

\$300.—New York and Return.—\$300. Baltimore and Ohio, 12:20 a. m., April 11, Adv.

## Appeals for Tobacco For Troops in Mexico

By GEORGE H. CLEMENTS.

Army Base, Colonia Dublan, Mexico, April 6, by mail to Columbus, N. M., April 10.—The people of the United States are breaking their necks to get tobacco to the men in the trenches in Europe. Why not try to relieve the strain here by sending tobacco and papers, and a few "Missouri meerschaums" to the men in Mexico?

I don't know whether or not the censors will permit this suggestion to go through, but if they do they will bestow a lasting favor upon the tobacco consumers, soldier and civilian, now in the land of the Montezumas.

"If, as a result of this investigation, you find evidence to support the statements printed in this morning's press. I request you to send such evidence to the district attorney of this county for prosecution. (Signed) "JOHN PURROY MITCHELL, Mayor."

## FLOODS HALT GREAT BATTLE

### Russians and Germans on the Eastern Front Hampered by High Water.

## TEUTONS USE BOATS IN MAKING HEAVY ATTACK

### Opponents Devote Energies to Pumping Out Trenches Until Halted by Artillery Fire of Enemy.

By International News Service. Petrograd, April 10.—Tremendous floods along the entire eastern battle front are causing great hardship to both armies, especially the German. The German trenches are flooded for miles, according to information reaching here. The Russian official statement reports that efforts to pump out the water were halted by artillery fire.

In the region of the vast Pinsk marshes the Germans attempted to advance in boats against the Russians' front. They were taken under a strong shell fire and driven back, many of the boats being wrecked and their occupants drowned. The official statement follows:

"There is artillery and infantry fighting on the Dvina front.

"The Germans attempted to improve their trenches by pumping out the water, but our artillery stopped this.

"German aeroplanes dropped bombs on the stations at Remezhof and Dvinsk.

"On the Oginaki front German aeroplanes bombarded our positions. At Komor, southwest of Pinsk, the Germans approached our positions. They were driven off.

"On the strypa we captured an enemy trench and some prisoners. Enemy counterattacks were used. In our advance our troops crossed many crevasses."

## This Fire Hero Soon Forgotten

### \$700 Raised for Monument Divided Between Mother and Red Cross.

(By International News Service.) Pittsburgh, Pa., April 10.—That a hero is soon forgotten was demonstrated here today when it was decided to send the \$700 raised for a monument over the grave of Peter Vallone to his aged mother in Italy, who is his aunt, it was said, and so, instead of a beautiful shaft to Vallone's memory, a small stone marker was placed at the grave in Calvary Cemetery today. Some of the money was sent to the Italian Red Cross fund.

Vallone lost his life in the box factory fire on the North Side on October 25 last, when twelve girls also were killed. It was said at the time of the fire that the Italian had helped many of the girls to escape.

A monster public funeral was given the hero.

## Y. W. C. A. TO SEEK MEMBERS.

### Subcommittee Will Endeavor to Interest Those Who Dropped Out.

The membership committee of the Young Women's Christian Association at a dinner at headquarters last night organized into subcommittees to induce old members who have dropped out of the organization to renew their membership.

The committee is composed of one member from each chapter, as follows: Chevy Chase, Miss Catherine Roberts; Takoma Park, Mrs. M. V. Ayres; Mount Pleasant, Mrs. Henry L. Goaling; Cleveland Park, Mrs. Mitchell Carroll; Princeton, Mrs. M. J. Boyd; Dupont, Miss Elizabeth Pierce, and one representative from the Y. W. C. A. official organization.

The Young Women's Christian Association Orchestra is preparing for concerts to be given in the near future. The personnel is: Miss Elizabeth Wilburt, director; Miss Miriam Berley, Miss Edwina Dohy, Miss Beatrice Bulla, Miss Lillian Whitaker, Miss F. E. Upton, Miss V. Coney, Miss Josephine Stambaugh and Miss Ruth Carr. The orchestra is composed of six violins, one cello, one drum and traps and pianist.

## Gets High Place in Ireland.

London, April 9.—The Right Hon. J. Gordon, K. C. M. P., attorney general of Ireland, has been made Judge of the high court. J. H. M. Campbell will succeed him.

## U. S. TROOPS DRIVE ALONG NAZAS TRAIL CLOSE BEHIND VILLA

### Part of Pershing Forces Sent Over Another Route to Head Off Bandit Before He Reaches Vicinity of Durango

## PERSHING IS ON ANXIOUS SEAT

### Commander of Expeditionary Forces Said to Be Eagerly Awaiting Authority to Use Railroads—Also Wants Further Reinforcements.

By H. H. STANSBURY. (International News Service.)

El Paso, Tex., April 10.—Pancho Villa, the hunted chieftain of the political malcontents in Northern Mexico, is driving along the Nazas trail tonight, fully sixty miles south of Parral. A part of his forces have been sent over a more direct route in the direction of Durango City.

It is Villa's purpose to go himself to the immediate vicinity of Torreón. There he expects to meet Canuto Reyes. After acquiring this force, he will proceed in the direction of the capital of Durango to enlist the support of the Arrieta brothers.

This is the information obtained by Senator A. B. Fall here today. His news resources are considered better than those of any military or civil officer now on the border.

## CARRANZA NOT CHASING VILLA

### Senator Fall Says First Chief's Troops Are Not Co-operating in Pursuit of Bandit.

## CARRANZISTAS REFUSED TO STRIKE AT BAND, HE WRITES

### Declares Ruler Has Not Control of Mexico and Is Generally Disliked. Calls Border Defenses Weak.

A startling recital of conditions along the Mexican border, written by Senator A. B. Fall, of New Mexico, to Senator Gallinger, Republican leader of the Senate, was made public yesterday by Mr. Gallinger after a conference with his Republican colleagues. Senator Fall's letter was dated April 4, and supplemented information he has sent from time to time by wire. The Senator had just returned to El Paso, after an automobile trip along the international boundary from El Paso to Nogales, Ariz., a distance of 400 miles. Much of the information he sent was based on personal observation.

The points that stand out in the recital as impressive are the suggested inadequacy of our defenses on the border, the proved failure of Carranza troops to cooperate for the capture of Villa when he was fleeing from Columbus after his band had raided the town, the interference with the line of communication between Gen. Funston and the expeditionary force in Mexico, and the lack of control exercised by Gen. Carranza over Mexico.

Carranzistas Inactive. Senator Fall writes that Villa was located by Raymond Reyes while the bandit chief was retreating after his Columbus raid. Villa then being within five miles of 700 Carranza soldiers. Senator Fall says that Reyes reported the proximity of Villa to the Carranza leaders and pleaded with them to accompany him to attack Villa's 200 men.

"The Carranzistas refused, and Villa continued his retreat south," writes Senator Fall.

Continued on page two.

## Wm. Thaw Wings German Airman

### Pittsburgher with French Aviation Corps Brings Down First Victim.

Special Cable to The Washington Herald. Paris, April 9.—(Delayed.)—William Thaw, of Pittsburgh, one of the American volunteer aviators with the French army, who was sent to Verdun at his own request a fortnight ago, has succeeded in bringing down a German aeroplane.

Thaw was in the air an average of seven hours daily for eleven days, and made five flights in two days. On his last day out he felled a German machine, which, however, dropped behind the German lines.

He sighted another enemy aeroplane, but, having exhausted his machine gun ammunition, he was unable to give chase. Thaw says the air around Verdun is constantly filled with French aeroplanes.

## Stork Visits Mrs. Astor.

London, April 10.—Mrs. Waldorf Astor, daughter-in-law of Baron Astor of Hever, formerly William Waldorf Astor of New York, gave birth today to a son.

This is the fourth grandchild of the self-expatiated New York multimillionaire Waldorf Astor, who on New Year's Day was made a baron by the British King.

## Pershing Awaits Orders.

Gen. John J. Pershing, commander of the United States expeditionary force, is at San Antonio, a short distance from Cuahuiracahic, fifty miles west of Chihuahua City, on the northwestern railroad. He is said to be waiting for word from Gen. Funston as to whether Washington will authorize support of a continued campaign to the southward.

It is not denied in any quarter that the support requested involves the use of the Mexican railroads and re-enforcements. It is also made obvious by the military officials that to continue the campaign without this support would involve the fate of the finest body of United States troops ever sent on any mission.

The advance cavalry column which left Parral Sunday morning with supplies and funds furnished by loyal American miners are still in pursuit. The disadvantages under which they are operating, however, have placed them so far to the rear that they can neither see Villa's camp fires at night nor smell his dust by day. They are entirely out of touch with field headquarters, according to Gen. Pershing's own reports.

## Villa Assured of Help.

At Durango Villa is expected to have little difficulty in obtaining the support of Arrieta brothers. They have played hot and cold with Carranza. They have never acknowledged the authority of the "First Chief" to dictate to them about the internal affairs of Durango. As a result they have built up a little monarchy of their own to which the inhabitants of the districts have submitted because of the presence of a large force of well-armed men.

Villa is liked by both of the Arrietas because he never interfered with their control in Durango. Urbino Arrieta was at one time a Villa general.

What this new situation portends cannot be foretold. It certainly means that an entirely new plan of campaign must be followed if the troops remain in Mexico. Hence the inquiry which has been turned in at Washington. It is reliably stated here that the modification requested some days ago by Carranza in the proposed protocol between the United States and the Carranza government was an outright demand that the expedition stop when the southern boundary of Chihuahua was reached.

Inaccurate information on this subject was the only foundation for the report sent out by certain correspondents that Carranza would resist any effort to invade Mexico south of Chihuahua.

## Hope to Use Railroads.

It is the hope of every army man and every intelligent property owner in Northern Mexico that the State Department will answer the Carranza memorandum by making use of the railroads, adopting the vigorous tactics necessary to the success of the capture of Villa.

It is pointed out that Villa has moved south more than 500 miles without serious interference on the part of the Carranzistas, if in fact he has not been secretly assisted. The only fight he has had was at Guerrero, and he sought that completely routing the garrison commanded by Gen. Cavazos.

It is shown also with much appearance of truth, that Carranza's delay in refusing to grant the use of the railroads is alone responsible for Villa's escape.

## BELIEVES IN WANAMAKER.

Aero Club of America Praises Aviator's Public Spirit.

New York, April 10.—The Aero Club of America has complete confidence that Rodman Wanamaker's project to fly across the Atlantic ocean will be successful.

Alan R. Hawley, president of the Aero Club, writing for the executive committee of the club, has notified Mr. Wanamaker that the club regards his scheme as highly public spirited, and generous, and that the club feels honored to co-operate with him.