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NO. 3540.

WEATHER: PARTLY CLOUDY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28, 1916.

ONE CENT.

FORTY MEXICANS REPORTED TAKEN BY U. S. TROOPS

Americans From Colonia Dublan Tell of Second Battle and Result.

CARRANZISTAS WHIPPED

Unable to Give Exact Number of Killed or Prisoners Made Captive.

(By the Sun News Service.) El Paso, Tex., June 27.—Carrizal has been avenged, at least in the number of prisoners taken, if reports brought here today from the Pershing base are true.

Americans who left Colonia Dublan on Monday, reaching here this afternoon, brought the report that as they left the camp trucks were arriving with Mexican prisoners. One man said he counted forty prisoners, all Carranza soldiers. He said the escort in charge of the trucks reported that one of the American columns sent to the relief of Capt. Boyd's force, ambushed at Carrizal, had encountered a force of Carranzistas on the Santa Maria River, and had killed a large number and made many others prisoners. The truck train coming to the border was about to leave as the prisoners arrived, the Americans said, and they had no time to get any of the details.

No Report From Pershing.
Gen Pershing had not reported the matter officially tonight, so far as Gen. George Bell, brigadier commander at this point, was aware, but it was thought that he might have considered the engagement of minor importance and was holding back a report until he could hear from the officer in command of the American forces engaged.

Maj. John M. Jenkins was in command of the expedition sent to the relief of the Tenth Cavalry victims of the Carrizal fight, but it is not known if his troops or another command of American forces engaged the Mexicans. It is known that Gen. Pershing has thrown out a number of detachments along his line of communication to prevent Carranza surprises from the east, and it is thought possible that one of these commands engaged the Carranzistas in the act of moving too close to the American line.

Troopers Held at Juarez.
Two more of the American commands at Carrizal were accounted for today, when two negro soldiers of the Tenth Cavalry were brought to Juarez from Guzman. They are now being held prisoners in the old Federal jail in Juarez in charge of the military. They are believed to have been stragglers from the two troops engaged by Carranza forces at Carrizal who escaped, wandered on the desert, and finally reached Guzman, where Marcelo Caraveo and his 500 Carranza troops are garrisoned.

Taft and Colonel To Bury Hatchet

Announcement Comes After T. R. Agrees to Dine with Hughes.

(By the International News Service.) New York, June 27.—Rumors of a reconciliation in the near future between Col. Theodore Roosevelt and William H. Taft were in circulation at Hughes' headquarters in the Hotel Astor today.

The suggestion came close upon the heels of news that the Colonel and the Republican Presidential candidate will dine together at the Astor at 7:30 o'clock tomorrow evening.

Plans are already under consideration for sending out three special trains with the opening of the campaign in the fall bearing respectively Hughes, Roosevelt and Taft to stump the nation for the Republican ticket.

It is learned positively that this project of restoring relations between Taft and Roosevelt is receiving consideration in high party councils, and there are hopes of unlimited success.

It was learned that not only were Hughes and Roosevelt in touch over the long distance telephone last night, but that the Republican candidate sent Col. Roosevelt a personal note in which he urged the Colonel to take dinner with him. Col. Roosevelt promptly accepted the invitation.

Quickest Service to Baltimore.
Baltimore and Ohio "Every hour on the hour." \$1.50 Saturdays and Sundays, other days, \$1.75 round trip.—Adv.



Uncle Sam: "It Won't Take Long to Lick Him, but Then I'll Have to Nurse Him Back to Health!"

ALLIES BEGIN "GREAT DRIVE"

Simultaneous Offensive Launched on All Fronts, Official Reports State.

PARIS DISPATCHES GIVE BRIGHT VIEW OF CHANGE

(By the International News Service.) London, June 27.—Evidence of what is hoped here is the long-expected simultaneous offensive of all the allies continues today.

At the northern end of the western line, from south of Arras to Flanders, the British and French guns are still pounding the German positions with especial violence in the vicinity of the Somme. At some points the bombardment has been incessant for seventy-two hours.

In the Verdun sector, on this, the 127th day of the battle, the French have made a slight advance east of the Meuse in a strong effort against the Thiaumont works and, according to the Paris official, have repulsed a series of German attacks on both sides of the river.

In the Tyrol, the retreat of the Austro-Hungarian army, according to late reports, has developed into a flight in which wounded, guns and stores are abandoned. For the first time since hostilities opened Italy is using cavalry in its pursuit.

On the eastern line the Russians either continue their pursuit of the Austrians into the Carpathians or are fighting pitched battles with the Germans in the northern sections of the long line.

The hope felt here that the "great drive" has really materialized is brightly reflected in dispatches from Paris, which have assumed a tone of elation and confidence. The Germans are no longer the masters, they assert.

Counsel Refused Lincoln.

London, June 27.—Ignatius T. T. Lincoln, the alleged German spy extradited from the United States to stand trial for forgery appealed for the appointment of the counsel under the poor prisoners' defense act in Old Bailey Court today, but his request was denied.

U. S. Cruiser Off to Mexico.

San Francisco, June 27.—The U. S. cruiser South Dakota which has been loading supplies here for two days, left today for the west coast of Mexico. It is supposed to rush orders. She will stop first at San Diego.

\$6.50 Seashore Excursions.
Baltimore and Ohio every Friday and Saturday, June 9 to Sept. 9.—Adv.

14,061 Guardsmen Speed For the Border From Five States in Eastern Division

(By the International News Service.) New York, June 27.—Fourteen thousand and sixty-one National Guardsmen from five States in the Department of the East tonight are on the way to the Mexican border. Official announcement to this effect was made by Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, commanding the department at Governors Island, tonight.

This total strength was contributed by States as follows:
Vermont—Two regiments of infantry, totaling approximately 1,000 men.
Massachusetts—Four regiments of infantry, one battalion of field artillery, one battalion of signal corps, one field hospital, one ambulance company and one squadron of cavalry—5,369 men.

Connecticut—Two regiments of infantry, one troop of cavalry, one company signal corps, one ambulance company, one field hospital—totaling 2,330 men.

New York—Three regiments of infantry—3,822 men.

New Jersey—One regiment of infantry, two troops of cavalry, two batteries of field artillery, one ambulance company and two field hospital corps, totaling 1,520 men.

In addition to these the following organizations of New York State troops will be moved tomorrow to the border: Twelfth Infantry Regiment, fifty-three officers and 1,200 men, leave army tomorrow afternoon, and probably will entrain on the New York Central.

Second Infantry of Troy, 1,200 (estimated), officers and men, entrain for Brownville from Camp Whitman in the morning.

First Battalion Field Artillery, fifteen officers, 450 men, 424 animals, twenty vehicles leave Van Cortlandt encampment before noon and entrain.

First Field Hospital, five officers, sixty-two men, forty-eight animals, eight vehicles, entrains from Peekskill.

Third Ambulance Company, four officers, seventy-nine men, fifty-three animals, fifteen vehicles, entrains from Peekskill.

U. S. Diplomats in Europe Told There Will Be No War

(By the Sun News Service.) (Copyright, 1916.) Amsterdam, June 27.—American diplomats in Europe have been informed confidentially by the State Department that there will be no war between the United States and Mexico.

This was learned by the Sun News Service correspondent today from an absolutely reliable source close to the American legation. The American diplomatic representatives themselves refused to confirm or deny the statement. The correspondent is in a position to state, however, that the information was disseminated among the official representatives of the United States in Europe some time between Saturday morning and Sunday night. My informant asserts the statement from Washington was positive and added that his personal belief was that

only unexpected radical development in the situation more serious than anything that has happened thus far, could change the resolution of the American government to keep "hands off" Mexico.

To the people in America, who are now in the very midst of warlike preparations and probably expect armed conflict with the southern American republic to become an actual fact at any moment, this statement may seem unjustified and incredible. To Europe, however, it would be no surprise at all if the next few days saw a peaceful settlement of the controversy with Mexico.

Europe does not take the so-called crisis between America and Mexico seriously. The general feeling in the European capitals is that both Carranza and President Wilson are bluffing, and that there will be no war.

Tells of British War Needs.

London, June 27.—In an interview today Sir George Paish, the famous British financial expert, says Britain needs to raise \$5,000,000 daily for the war. The power to do so is problematical, he admitted.

Japanese Ship Torpedoed.

Madrid, June 27.—The Japanese ship Dai-Yetsu-Maru is reported torpedoed and sunk near Barcelona. Forty-one of the crew were rescued.

Available shipping records fail to list any vessel of this name.

MEXICO SENDS TWO DEMANDS

Release of Natives Arrested in U. S. and Lifting of Embargo Wanted.

NOT COUNTER TO WILSON ULTIMATUM, SAYS ENVOY

Eliseo Arredondo, the Mexican Ambassador-designate, addressed two communications to the State Department yesterday afternoon, one demanding the release of certain Mexican civilians arrested on the border by civilian authorities, and the other requesting relief from an embargo placed by American customs authorities on the shipment of foodstuffs and other merchandise into Mexico.

The communications, it was stated at the Mexican Embassy, were not based on any instructions from Mexico City, and were not to be regarded as a part of Carranza's reply to the American demand for the release of the American troops captured in the Carrizal engagement and taken to Chihuahua.

Concerning the Mexican civilians arrested on this side of the border, the Ambassador advises the State Department that the Mexican consul at San Francisco notified him yesterday that at Redding, Cal., one group of fifteen Mexicans was arrested last week and another of fourteen on June 21 by the local authorities of that town without cause or justification. The Ambassador further stated, in addressing the department, that J. M. Gonzales, agent of the treasury of the state of Sonora, Mexico, was arrested without cause at Tucson, Ariz.

MRS. J. OGDEN ARMOUR TO JOIN RED CROSS

(By the Sun News Service.) Chicago, June 27.—Mrs. J. Ogden Armour, wife of the multimillionaire packer, today declared her intention of joining a Red Cross "first aid" class in preparation for any possible need there may be for her services in case of war with Mexico. Her daughter, Lolita, was a member of the class in "first aid" which a number of society women took last winter at St. Joseph's Hospital.

Mrs. Armour plans to enter a "first aid" class to be started at St. Luke's Hospital in the near future.

"I have taken no course in the work yet, but I intend to go through with the classes regularly," was her declaration.

CHALLENGER DROPPED.

Dr. Wolfgang Kapp Dismissed by German Government.

London, June 27.—Dr. Wolfgang Kapp, Prussian director of agriculture, has been dismissed from office.

Dr. Kapp, who is one of the most prominent men in northern Germany, recently challenged the imperial chancellor, Von Bethmann-Hollweg, to a duel, following publication of a severe criticism by the chancellor in a speech in the Reichstag of Dr. Kapp. The chancellor characterized the agricultural director as a "Pirate of public opinion."

CARRANZA REJECTS WILSON'S DEMANDS, DIPLOMATISTS HEAR

Latin-American Envoys Drop Efforts at Mediation in View of Widespread Reports That First Chief Will Go to War.

OFFICIAL REPLY NOT RECEIVED

President Awaits Messages in His Study—War Department Denies Knowledge of Clash Between Rescuers and Carranzistas.

According to widespread reports last night in Latin-American diplomatic quarters, Gen. Carranza has rejected the demands of the United States for the immediate and unconditional release of the American troops held at Chihuahua.

The feeling in these quarters last night was decidedly pessimistic. South American diplomats were practically one in declaring there was no prospect of settling the dispute through arbitration if Carranza refused to release the prisoners, and for that reason all idea of renewing the offers of good offices had been, for the time being at least, abandoned.

No confirmation of these reports was obtainable in administration circles, although officials were waiting with tense interest for the formal reply.

President Awaits Reply.
President Wilson spent the entire evening in his study, awaiting information from the State Department that the reply had come. Secretary of State Lansing and Counselor Poik, of the State Department dined together at the former's residence. Secretary of War Baker, who had gone to Baltimore earlier in the evening to address the Maryland Branch of the League to Enforce Peace, returned to Washington about 1 o'clock and went direct to the War Department.

At that hour officials of the War Department professed to have no confirmation of the report from El Paso that the four squadrons of the Eleventh Cavalry, sent out to bring back the survivors of the Carrizal engagement, had clashed with Carranzistas on the Santa Maria River, killing and wounding a large number of Mexicans and capturing others.

President's Probable Action.
In administration quarters the view was held out that if Carranza rejects the demand, or fails to answer it within the next forty-eight hours, the President would go before Congress and ask authority to take what steps he may deem proper for the use of the armed forces of the country, including the National Guard, in rescuing the troopers and further safeguarding the American border.

It was learned from authentic sources, however, that the President, within the last twenty-four hours, had informed intimate advisers that regardless of what effect it might have on his political fortunes, he is determined to exhaust every extreme of patience to avoid war between the United States and Mexico, with the tremendous loss of life on both sides which such a war would entail.

No Lengthy Campaign Planned.
If forced to take aggressive steps for the rescue of the American prisoners, the President is said to have determined he would do nothing more than enlarge the punitive force in Mexico, order Funston to effect the release of the men, and then fall back for the defense of the border.

The State Department received from the British Embassy yesterday the following report received there from the British consul at Chihuahua, who is looking out for American interests:

"There are twenty-one privates and two sergeants of the Tenth Cavalry and one white interpreter interned in the penitentiary. Two are slightly wounded, one through the shoulder and the other through flesh wound in knee. Both are recovering and receiving medical attention. They are sufficiently fed and well treated. They have ample room for exercise. Am assured that there is no danger for their lives."

With twenty-three prisoners at Chihuahua, and with the number reported to have returned to the Eleventh Cavalry to the main line of communication, this leaves twelve unaccounted for as the probable number of troopers killed in the Carrizal fight.

Four Mexican Armies Mass In Chihuahua, to Hit U. S.

(By the International News Service.) El Paso, Tex., June 27.—Four Mexican armies, aggregating 50,000 men, are massed in the state of Chihuahua, ready at a declaration of war, to hurl themselves with lightning swiftness at the United States. Thirty thousand of this gigantic force are fully equipped cavalrymen.

One hundred and fifty pieces of French artillery—75 and 80-millimeter guns—are distributed among the varied forces.

The Carranzistas hold as their bases the most important strategic points in the state, both for attack on the United States and to repulse an invading force from the north. All are on main railroad stems of the district with ample facilities for rapid reinforcement by one of another army. The most northerly base, within easy striking distance of El Paso, is at Villa Ahumada. This point, near where

the Carrizal fight took place, is located on the Mexican Central Railroad, only eighty miles south of El Paso. Ten thousand men are reported to be mobilized there.

At Chihuahua City about 150 miles further south on the same road, 15,000 troops are massed. Still further south on this line—at Santa Rosalia—the main force numbering 20,000 men—is stationed. At San Antonio, about fifty miles west of Chihuahua City, the fourth army is positioned.

This vital military information was brought to Gen. Bell today by five American mining men who arrived here from Parral, about 150 miles south of Chihuahua. The men reported that they had been attacked by a Mexican mob at Santa Rosalia and narrowly escaped with their lives.

DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE TO RULE IN CANADA

(By the International News Service.) London, June 27.—The Duke of Devonshire, who is expected to be appointed to the post of Governor-General of Canada, is reported to have been named today.

The Duke, who is a member of the House of Lords, is a member of the House of Commons, and is a member of the House of Lords. He is a member of the House of Commons, and is a member of the House of Lords.

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Selborne Tells of Resignation.
London, June 27.—Lord Selborne announced today that he had resigned as president of the government board of agriculture because of disagreements with other members of the government over the Irish situation.