VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN MADE FOR RECRUITS

Enlistments Sought in Theaters and Among Promenaders on Avenue.

The army and navy recruiting details literally combed the National Capital yesterday in the most vigorous campaign yet instituted to get men to enlist. The result was that both services secured a larger number of recruits than have been obtained in several days past.

The navy recruiting station at Ninth street and Pennsylvania avenue got eleven actual enlistments and thrity-five applications. The army tent at Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street got eleven likely candidates who will be examined today.

Chief Yeoman J. F. Jackson, of the Mayflower, made recruiting talks to audiences at both the afternoon and evening performances at the Cosmos Theater yesterday.

Lieut. S. F. Bryant, and Yeoman Harry L. Thompson, also of the Mayflower, talked to a large crowd at Elexenth street and Pennsylvania avenue yesterday afternoon. Chief Yeoman H. R. Dye addressed the evening audiences at the Strand Theater.

An elaborate window display in the business building at Thirteenth and F streets northwest was installed yesterday. Posters descriptive of both the army and navy are on display, along with a setting of army tents.

The army and navy recruiting details are placarding the city in a vigorous campaign. More business houses are daily offering window space for the poster campaign.

A new tent was installed by the army at the Union Station yesterday.

Orders were announced that the age limit of 35 was lifted to 40 years for applicants desiring to enlist who show physical qualifications. The army is also taking young men of 16 years of age, with parents' consent. By special authority from the War Department they can take in lads under 16.

Assistant Surgeon R. W. Jacobs, U. S. N., and Pharmacist's Mate O. K. Monahan, of the Naval Hospital, will both talk on "The Present Needs of the Navy" at a mass meeting Saturday evening at 8:30 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. The purpose of their talks will be to get young men to enlist.

ENLISTMENTS SPURRED BY ADDRESS OF YEOMAN

Talks to Cosmos Theater Audiences Net Forty-five Recruits.

Forty-five applications for enlistment in the navy followed two lectures given by Chief Yeoman J. F. Jackson, of the President's yacht, the Mayflower, at the Cosmos Theater, yesterday afternoon and last evening.

This new campaign is in line with the government's policy to reach prospective recruits in amusement centers, dance halls and other places where youths eligible for service are accustomed to gather.

The speech of Yeoman Jackson outlined the advantages offered to those enlisting early in life for continued service in the navy, and pointed out that applications will bring about advancement in grade and salary equally as great as that afforded the average boy in commercial life.

Jackson received sixteen applications after his afternoon lecture and twenty-nine last night, and many others expressed their intention to seek further information regarding life in the navy.

PLACES IN WASHINGTON WHERE YOU CAN ENLIST

Army—Recruiting tent at Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street northwest, and a "flag station" in front of the Columbus statue at the Union Station.

Army—Officers' Reserve Corps, room 251 War Department Building.

Plattsburg Training Camp—Apply by letter to commanding officer, Eastern Department, Governors Island, N. Y.

Navy—Recruiting station at Ninth street and Pennsylvania avenue northwest, at seamen's quarters at the Washington Navy Yard, foot of Eighth street southeast, and Naval Hospital, Twenty-fourth and E streets northwest.

Marine Corps—Marine Barracks, Eighth and I streets southeast.

Naval Reserve—Enrollment office for men and women, Ninth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast.

District National Guard—Armory, 472 L street northwest.

Troop B, 1st D. C. Cavalry—1327 F street northwest.

First Separate Battalion, District Guard, colored troops, already ordered to duty—Armory at Twelfth and U streets northwest.

District Naval Militia—Armory at Water and O streets southwest.

Coast Artillery, N. G. D. C.—513 Eleventh street northwest.

THIRD BEGINS ACTIVE DISTRICT GUARD DUTY

Second Battalion Will Patrol Military Road and Bridges.

Active service in guard duty patrol in the District will be begun today when the Second Battalion of the Third Regiment of militiamen encamped at Fort Myer will be mobilized on the Military road.

Though orders had not been received last night assigning the battalion, it was generally understood that it would be distributed along the Military road in protecting the government highway in line with the plan to safeguard governmental channels of communication against possible depredations by enemy aliens.

With it understood that the Second Battalion would be assigned immediately to guard duty, officers predict that the other two battalions of militiamen will get similar assignments. It is believed they will be distributed in the District within the next few days to guard bridges, government munitions plants, etc. The Second Battalion is made up of Companies E, F, G and H and is commanded by Maj. Wallach A. McCathran.

Medical examinations of militiamen were concluded yesterday and the reports indicate the local citizen soldiers are in a fine state of physical preparedness.

NEW HAMPSHIRE DRY.

Concord, N. H., April 11.—New Hampshire joined the ranks of prohibition States today, when the Senate passed the Lewis bill, forbidding the manufacture and sale of liquor in this State. This bill was passed after a bitter fight. It has passed the legislature and now goes to the governor, who, it is said, will sign the measure. The act will become effective May 1, 1918. The bill is looke upon as a war measure.

RECRUITS FLOCKING TO COAST ARTILLERY

Fifteen More Needed to Fill District Militia Corps.

Recruiting was brisk at the office of the First Company of the Coast Artillery Corps, District National Guard, 933 F street northwest, yesterday.

This is one of the crack companies of local Guardsmen, and has the distinction of possessing the National Defense trophy, representing first honors in marksmanship, and the Figure of Merit trophy as a further evidence of its skill at the targets.

Many men were examined yesterday and three were accepted for service. The officers hope to recruit the company to full military strength before the new army regulations regarding enlistments become law.

Fifteen men are needed, and it is pointed out that after the new law goes into effect, applicants will not be able to choose the unit in which they wish to serve, but will be assigned at the discretion of the army officials.

The First Company has six expert riflemen, 23 sharpshooters and 20 marksmen.

It leaves Saturday for Fort Washington, Md., where it will have practice with the ten-inch guns and regular target shooting.

THOUSANDS ON AVENUE HEAR RECRUITING PLEA

Outdoor Address, Military Movies and Music Inspire Patriotism.

Before an audience of 3,000 people, massed at the corner of Eleventh street and Pennsylvania avenue northwest last night, Yoeman Harry L. Thompson, of the Mayflower, made a ringing appeal for recruits to enlist in the United States Navy. Yeoman Thompson has talked to several audiences in local theaters in this interest, and it is recalled made a recruiting talk at Keith's last Saturday night to an audience which included President Wilson.

Thompson told the crowds last night of the advantages the navy offers a young man for physical and intellectual advancement as against those same opportunities in civil life.

He made a special appeal to American manhood in volunteering to serve his country in the present hour of need.

At the conclusion of his talk, members of the audience wishing to take the physical examination for the navy were given opportunity to offer their names and addresses.

The Mayflower band played patriotic airs before and after Yeoman Thompson's address.

A feature of the recruiting demonstration was the showing of moving pictures of navy life, supplied by the Evening Star.

PROPER CONSCIENCE MAY JUSTIFY A LIE

Business Man, Lawyer, Pastor and Actor Divided in Opinions.

(By the International News Service.)

New York, April 11.—Is it ever right to lie? Can you illustrate an excusable lie? What do you consider sufficient excuse for a lie?

These questions were put to several prominent men and women by Rev. Christian F. Reisner, pastor of Grace Methodist Church.

Here are the replies to the first question: "Is it right to lie?"

George S. Ward, president of the Ward Bread Company: "Yes, if justified by a good conscience."

Martin W. Littleton, prominent lawyer: "If it is a real lie, it is never right."

Rev. E. S. Tipple: "If this definition be accepted, can it be ethically right to 'bear false witness,' or can there be any sufficient excuse for a lie? Not in my opinion."

James K. Hackett, the actor: "That is a question to be decided by the individual conscience."

To the second question: "What do you consider sufficient excuse for a lie?" replies were:

Mr. Ward: "Saving of a human life or the honor of a woman."

Mr. Hackett: "If any, the protection of the truth."

The third question: "Can you illustrate an excusable lie?" brought the following replies:

Mr. Ward: "If one should tell a lie, believing he was in possession of the true facts, I would call it an excusable lie or a misstatement."

Mr. Hackett: "Read the Bible."

H. S. EDITION OF HATCHET.

Will Be Annual Feature of G. W. U. Publication

The Hatchet, weekly student publication at George Washington University, will issue a high school edition tomorrow, according to announcement by the editors, Watson Davis and William S. Hance, jr.

The high school edition will be an annual feature in the future. Copies will be distributed among seniors in the Washington high schools and secondary institutions of other cities. There will be special stories setting forth the advantages offered by George Washington University, the largest nonsectarian educational institution in the National Capital.

ROLL OF HONOR

NAVY ENLISTMENTS.

George E. Parkhurst.
Charles E. Lane, Arlington, Va.
Raymond T. Perkins.
Lewis F. Mulligan.
Joseph Campbell.
Matthew J. Dougherty.
Raymond F. Babcock, New Bedford, Mass.
Leonard F. Schenkel.
Anton F. Surrezoski.
Thomas A. Ford.
John K. Lerch.

ARMY APPLICATIONS.

Carrol T. Disney, Laurel, Md.
Stuart H. Kelmer, Martinsburg, W. Va.
E. H. McDermot.
William B. Cunningham.
D. F. Duke.
Lyle M. Hoffman.
Charles Martin.
Leonard M. Bailey, Fredericksburg, W. Va.
John J. O'Donnell.
Edward S. Lassius, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Robert Ryan, Fort Myer, Va.

NAVAL RESERVE ENLISTMENTS

Entine M. O'Connor, 639 Fourth street southeast.
Emery Gary, 1214 Decatur street northwest.
Bradford E. Buckley, 2609 North Capitol street.
Elmer T. Aiken, 231 F street northwest.
Jean M. Whitman, 1419 Gallatin street northwest.
Ernest S. Goetzinger, 20 H street northeast.
William Smithson, Congress Heights.
Edwin R. Nairn, 638 L street northwest.
George L. Tarry, 1404 Pennsylvania avenue northwest.
Adwin W. Greene, 1073 W street southeast.
Ernest A. Spicer, 1225 L street northwest.
Laura W. Murphy, 1833 You street northwest.
Volney Osburn Humphrey, Hyattsville, Md.
Alice M. Munday, 494 Maryland avenue southwest.
John C. Conner, 1323 Monroe street.
Mrs. Helen Bowie, Wardman Courts.
Margarite E. Russell, 310 G street northeast.
Robley E. Kincaid, 1725 Willard.
William Cook, 2116 Pennsylvania avenue northwest.
Madeline V. Schaefer, 518 A street southeast.
Jos. A. Schindler, 1730 F street northwest.
Helen M. Healey, 1036 Bladensburg road.
Iva Rose Neely, 1354 G street southeast.
John B. Martin, 709 Thirteenth street northwest.
Hugh C. Bickford, 2104 G street northwest.
Jas. McDonnell, 1737 Willard.
Jack R. Faulconer, 2022 Columbia road.
Edward S. Lynham, 3023 Eleventh street northwest.
Ruth E. Smith, 54 Eye street northeast.
Spencer F. Hough, Mt. Rainier, Md.
Roscoe G Smith, 1443 Monroe street.
Victorine A. Hardesty, 1334 D street southeast.
Jos. A. Chambers, Honeoye Falls, N. Y.
Samuel C. Taylor, 1355 A street northeast.
James F. Sullivan, 2004 Pennsylvania avenue northwest.
Bernard A. Ihrie, 229 Massachusetts avenue northeast.
Jas. H. Allen, 2209 Eye street northwest.
Annie L. O'Neill, 3303 Prospect avenue northwest.
Thos. L. Somerville, Thirteenth and Longfellow streets.
Jos. T. Glascock, 1231 Eye street northeast.
Edward Krickel, 1009½ Twenty-fourth street northwest.
Stanly E. Hair, 1493 Meridian street.
Benjamin E. Abbott, 324 Fourteenth street northwest.
Samuel O. Campbell, 1310 Park road.
Helen A. Strong, the Cecil.
Mrs. Rena Ogle, 528 First street southeast.
Marie M. Russell, East Capitol street.
Elsie C. Blake, 140 Thirteenth street southeast.

COAST ARTILLERY, N. G. D. C.

William M. Smith.
Norwood Cassidy.

PRIZES FOR CAVALRYMEN.

Class for District Militia Troopers at Horse Show.

In line with its plans to stimulate interest in the breeding of better army mounts, the National Capital Horse Show announced yesterday that a feature of its meeting to be held May 5 to 10 will be a class for two cavalry troops of the District militia. The only stipulations will be that the horses be owned by the cavalrymen or the government, and that the riders be uniformed.

The winner will be given a prize of $25, while the second and third przes of $10 and $5 also are offered. Manager Hazen is in communication with the commanding officers of the two local troops, and is assured of a number of entries. The program for the show also provides several classes for horses of the regular army.

SWEDEN TO REMAIN NEUTRAL.

Stockholm, April 11.—Sweden announced today she will stay neutral in the war between the United States and Germany. Sweden will take over Austria's interests in Washington.

HOME DEFENSE LEAGUE SOON WILL BE READY

Plans Near Completion for Auxiliary to Regular Police Force.

Details for the formation of the District Home Defense League are going forward briskly under the supervision of Maj. Pullman, chairman of the executive committee in charge of the organization of the unit.

The applications will be ready before the end of the week, and judging from the number of applications heaped high on Maj. Pullman's desk, the 5,000 blanks will be filled out in a short time after their issuance.

In addition to proficiency in riding and operating motor boats and automobiles, an invitation will be issued to all applicants who are the owners of pleasure cars and trucks to join the motor unit which is to be organized this week. The duty of this motor unit will be to patrol special districts plotted out by the league and the transporation from one section to another of the home guard, soldiers or police, in cases of disorder.

Each applicant will be required to give his name and business address, age, height and weight, and to state whether married or single. Military training, while not necessary, will materially aid the applicant.

BRITISH BATTER LINES

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

the southern slopes of the redoubtable Vimy ridge. Determined to hold them at all cost and endeavoring to regain the summit, they hurled themselves again and again into the hurricane of the British barrage fire. They held the slopes, but were unable to recapture an inch of the terrain taken by the Canadians Monday and yesterday.

In his regular official report, the British commander described the situation as "developing generally in accordance with our plan." After reporting the capture of the two additional villages, he announced:

"Satisfactory progress is oeing made elsewhere."

Darkness Enforces Pause.

Along the entire fifty-mile front fighting of the most savage character raged far into the night until darkness enforced a pause on the infantry, and the cannon began once more to blast inroads into the defense lines, paving the way for tomorrow's assaults. Nor were the Teuton big guns idle. From the reorganized and re-enforced defense batteries were hurled a steady volcano of steel. But the artillery preponderance, all dispatches from the front agree, is clearly with the British.

Berlin did not concede the new loss of ground in its official report today. It asserted that strong British forces were repulsed "with heavy losses" on both sides of the Arras-Cambrai road. As to the fighting north of the Scarpe, the German war office claimed that it "did not make any changes in the front."

Significance is attached by military experts to this passage in the German statement:

"From Vailly to Rheims artillery firing is increasing daily."

Germans Launch Attacks.

It is in this sector, particularly northwest of Rheims, that the German infantry has launched frequent furious attacks of late. Observers are looking for a powerful Teuton counter-thrust in this sector. The French official communique tells of severe grenade fighting around Maisons de Champagne and violent artillery duels in Le Pretre Forest.

President Poincaire sent a message of hearty congratulations to King George today, praising in glowing terms the valor of Sir Douglas Haig's troops.

The weather continued cold today with frequent snow squalls.

In the east the Germans launched some strong attacks in Volhynia which, according to official admission from Petrograd, were temporarily successful. The Teutons were ejected, however, by counter-attacks.

A "stubborn battle" is in progress between Russians and Turks on the Caucasian front in the region of Rachta.

RAILROAD HAS $100,000 FIRE.

Norristown, Pa., April 11.—A $100,000 loss was sustained early today by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company in the destruction by fire of the conveyor, supply house, stock house and mechanical equipment controlling the operation of a million-ton coal storage yards at Abram's Station, in the midst of the Reading company's immense coal and freight yards, two miles above here.

The fire is of mysterious origin, and officials of the company believe an attempt was made to cripple the transportation service of the railroad.

WILL ACT FOR AUSTRIA.

Paris, April 11.—Switzerland will look after Austrian interests in France, now that the United States has entered the war, says a dispatch from Berne today. The United States formerly represented Austria here. The Swiss also will look after French and Italian interests in Vienna.

Naval Reserve Offers Places for Volunteers

The naval reserve enrollment office, Ninth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast, issued an appeal last night for volunteers to fill the jobs of four yeomen for the Naval Hospital at Annapolis; more reserves from the District, and three men for guard duty at the navy yard. The latter would be given a four-hour patrol, three nights out of four. The pay is $20 to $33 a month with subsistence.

WINDY CITY CHIEF CLEANS UP CHICAGO

New Police Executive Has Distinguished Record for Service.

(By the International News Service.)

Chicago, April 11.—Probably in all of the police annals of the country there is no more romantic figure than that of Herkman F. Schuettler, new police superintendent of Chicago.

His second sight has solved more stranger-than-fiction crimes, surprised more confessions than Lecoq or Holmes or Dupin all rolled into one. His eyes are hypnotic. Hugo Munsterberg, the late Harvard professor, saw and studied them, wrote treatises about them and ascribed almost occult powers to them. To Schuettler, the policeman, this was amusing, but those eyes still shine through the ghost stories of the underworld.

Of Schuettler's work among criminals the police of the entire world know. He is held up to them as an example of the best developed detective in America.

Schuettler was one of the prime factors in the capture and execution of the car barn bandits.

As superintendent of police he has shaken the department, steeped in vice and graft, from its head to its toes. He has gone to the ministers and asked their co-operation; he has caught lid lifters, long immune, by the simple expedient of using pretty policewomen to get evidence; he has stopped a lot of crime by simply rounding up all the known crooks and putting them in jail or chasing them out of town.

SCOUTS START ENDLESS CHAIN TO AID COUNTRY

Plan Patriotic Rally to Urge All to Help Uncle Sam.

How can I best serve my country?

The Boy Scouts of Washington are asking themselves this question, and they have started an endless chain organization among themselves to get every member of their organization to enlist in some service for the government.

They are also planning a huge patriotic rally on Friday evening of next week to stir up enthusiasm among the men and boys of Washington to enlist in some patriotic service. Theodore Roosevelt and Billy Sunday have been invited to talk at the meeting.

Under the direction of Ralph H. Campbell, of the Boy Scouts, and Paul G. Garber, who is a Boy Scout enthusiast, the Boy Scouts started a movement more than a week ago to have every man and boy in Washington enroll in some service for the government. The service includes everything from actual fighting service to tending gardens at home.

The oldest Boy Scouts will enlist in the navy or army now and the younger ones are starting intensified courses in military instruction so that they will be qualified officers when they are old enough to enter active service. The Boy Scout bands will appear at the downtown recruiting stations hereafter and play patriotic airs during the day.

The movement spread from the Boy Scouts to the High School Cadets, and the Cadets and Scouts will attend the rally next Friday evening and be in charge.

The Scouts have asked the Women's Section of the Navy League to join in the movement by having women, in khaki uniforms, speak from automobiles at downtown corners each noonday, and this will be decided this afternoon.

The Scouts will invite a large committee of prominent Washington citizens to be in charge of a great campaign to enroll every citizen in the city.

Allen's Foot-Ease for Troops

Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, for use among the troops. Shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the footbath, Allen's Foot-Ease gives rest and comfort, takes the friction from the shoe, and prevents the feet getting tired or footsore. Drug and Department Stores everywhere sell it, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Try it today.—Adv.

APRIL SCHEDULE

Reduced Prices Anthracite Coal

We beg to announce that our schedule of reduced prices on Anthracite Coal went into effect Monday, April 9th, 1917.

These prices will apply on deliveries made during the month of April, 1917. We have no assurances as to the cost of coal after May 1st, and therefore we can give no intimation of the prices that will prevail after that date.

It would therefore seem wise to prepare now against this uncertainty by placing your order with us at once to the full extent of your bin capacity. We advise that you place no restrictions on delivery, but to take the coal as soon as we are able to deliver it and at the price prevailing when the delivery is made. Orders will be delivered in the order in which they are received, and any order or portions of orders remaining unfilled at the end of April will be delivered after that date at the prices prevalent at the time the delivery is made.

If you delay now, you will not only have to pay a higher price later, but will probably have great difficulty in getting coal at any price. In our opinion, conditions in the mining regions and on the railroads will be as bad this coming year if not worse than they were during the winter through which we have just passed.

Terms of payment: All invoices must be settled within thirty days after date of rendition, but a discount for prompt payment will be allowed on all invoices paid by the 10th of the month following the month in which the delivery is made.

J. MAURY DOVE COMPANY, Inc.

Phone Main 4270 — 12th and F Sts. N. W.

April 6th, 1917.

RHEUMATISM CANNOT BE CURED

No Rubbing with Liniments and Ointments

If you are one of the many thousand victims of torturing Rheumatism, make up your mind today that you will abandon your efforts to rub the disease away with liniments, lotions, ointments, and local applications. Such treatment by itself is not only futile and devoid of results, but is a waste of time, during which the disease is getting a firmer hold on your system.

Rheumatism is a stubborn disease. It is not on the surface, therefore you must not expect to be able to cure it with remedies applied to the surface. No one ever yet effected a permanent cure in this way, so why should you continue to suffer while relying upon treatment that has failed in thousands of cases?

The experience of others afflicted with Rheumatism is your best guide, and by following their advice you cannot only save yourself untold suffering, but rid yourself of a disease that will eventually wreck your body and leave you helpless. Almost every victim of Rheumatism has practically the same experience. They are so impressed with the pains and suffering of the disease, and are so anxious to get rid of them that they have treated the pains alone, and overlooked their cause. They have rubbed with liniments, lotions and ointments in an effort to get temporary relief, with no chance of doing themselves any permanent good.

Such was the experience of Mr. Caspus Bibb, of 2424 Tenth Ave., Bessemer, Ala., who writes to tell how he found relief from this terrible affliction. He says:

"A few years ago I suffered from a severe attack of articular Rheumatism that rendered me almost helpless. By the use of the usual external remedies I was able to check the pain somewhat, but did not regain the full use of my limbs, and on cloudy days or when exposed to dampness or cold I would immediately suffer from stiff and aching joints. I began to take S. S. S. and all symptoms at once began to disappear, until now I have no fear of exposure to the worst sort of weather. I feel it my duty to recommend S. S. S. to all who wish to free themselves from the toruring clutches of Rheu- the torturing clutches of Rheu-

Any physician will tell you that Rheumatism is a deep-seated blood disease. The pain is not the disease itself, but merely a symptom—nature's warning to you that you have been attacked. The only intelligent treatment, therefore, is through the blood; treatment directed toward eliminating the disease germs from the blood. For years nearly all the prescriptions used by the medical profession were those containing iodide of potash or mercurial substances, but in nearly every case these minerals are more injurious to the system than the disease itself.

One reason why S. S. S. is so successful in the treatment of Rheumatism and other blood disorders is the fact that it is a purely vegetable remedy, being made from roots and herbs gathered direct from the forests. It contains not a particle of mineral substance, and acts by driving all disease germs from the blood and cleansing it of all impurities. S. S. S. has been on the market for fifty years, and every druggist has sold it ever since he has been in business. It is sold under an absolute guarantee that it is purely vegetable.

Our medical department is maintained for the benefit of the afflicted, and if you will write fully about your case you will be given complete advice as to the treatment necessary for your individual case, for which no charge is made. Address Swift Specific Co., 93 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.—Adv.

SHOW YOUR PATRIOTISM!

Patriotic girls and women of Washington are given this opportunity to serve their country. Get five recruits for the army and navy and mail this coupon to

THE WASHINGTON HERALD.

Name ..... Name .....

Address ..... Address .....

....

Name ..... Name .....

Address ..... Address .....

....

Name ..... RECRUITING AGENT:

Address .....

....

What is the Cause of Rheumatism, Lumbago and Gout?

(By Valentine Mott Pierce, M. D.)

Ever since Scheel, in 1775 discovered that uric acid was present in the system, scientific men have been making experimental investigations, and it is the almost universal opinion of our best medical men that the presence of uric acid in the system in excess is the cause of rheumatism and gout. When the urate salts are precipitated out of the blood into the solid tissue-structure the person suffers from gout and rheumatism in the muscles and joints, or suffers from lumbago and pain in the back muscles. The first aim of the sufferer should be to get rid of the uric acid, which, in excess, is a poison, and to do this it is well to drink about a pint of hot water morning and night—get tablets of Anuric (double strength) at the nearest drug store and take them before meals regularly. Anuric will do no harm to the system and will carry off the uric acid by stimulating the kidneys. Then tincture of iodine may be painted over the swellings, or in more severe cases hot linseed poultices may be applied to soothe the local symptoms. But most important is it for the sufferer to abstain from meat, to diet, drink only lemonade or hot water, and take Anuric for a considerable time, as it causes a drainage outward of the uric acid and is many times more potent than lithia and usually one finds that it dissolves uric acid as hot water does sugar.—Adv.

The Washington Railway and Electric System

NOTICE

Conductors and motormen who have absented themselves from the service of this company since March 12th, 1917, and who failed to apply for reinstatement by midnight April 10th, 1917, thereby terminating their employment with this company, are hereby notified to return immediately to C. E. Brown, treasurer, 14th and C Streets N. W., the badges, punches, rule books, regulation books, switch keys and other property of this company in their possession.

By order of

J. H. STEPHENS,
Superintendent.

April 11, 1917.