

PRINCE LVOFF ARRIVES HERE

Russian Statesman Seeking Aid for Nation Will See President.

Relief on a large scale for Russia, commensurate with the needs of the people of that nation, may be an immediate consequence of the visit here of Prince George E. Lvoff, the first prime minister of Russia after the overthrow of the Czar.

He arrived in Washington yesterday and will call on Secretary Lansing today, later seeing President Wilson. The Prince came direct from Japan and fatigue prevented him from granting an audience to correspondents. His mission, however, was explained by attaches of the Russian Embassy.

They said that he had come to America to enlist the sympathy and aid of the nation for Russia in the effort to establish a stable government. He also seeks material assistance in the reconstruction era which he believes will come soon in Russia.

The Prince is one of the chief radical leaders in Russia, and is opposed to the Bolsheviki, whom he considers the betrayers of the nation. Although of noble birth he cast his lot with the people early in life and was a member of the first Duma.

PURELY PERSONAL.

William McKee is making an extended business trip through the West.

Miss Alice Candra is visiting relatives in New York.

Mrs. Frank Mason left last night for Boston, Mass.

Mrs. Perry Minton returned to the city yesterday after two weeks' stay in Richmond, Va.

Arthur Grant returned this morning after an extended trip through the South.

Mrs. James Barr, of Brookland, D. C., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Annie, to William M. Merritt, of New York.

Dora Omohundro has been appointed in charge of the fourth-class post office at Lyells, Richmond county, Va.

James I. Blakslee, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, is out of the city until the first of the week.

C. E. Adams, of Arizona, is in the city.

J. T. Pence, of Idaho, is a Washington visitor for several days.

M. E. Foley, of Indianapolis, Ind., has been in Washington on business this week.

Mrs. Florence Hickox, of Colorado Springs, is in Washington on a visit of a month.

Charles Lyman, secretary of the National Board of Farm Organizations, left for his home in Madison, Wis., yesterday.

Mrs. Howard Gould yesterday went to New York for a few days.

Milo D. Campbell, of Coldwater, Mich., who has been in Washington for a few days, left yesterday for New York.

R. D. Coper, who has been in Washington on business, left yesterday for New York.

W. T. Cressy, of Pennsylvania, is expected in Washington shortly.

Sergt. Marion J. McQuiston is expected to arrive in the city from Edgewood, Md., some time today.

Mrs. William Garner, of Newport News, Va., has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. N. Peyer, of 1789 Lammier place northwest.

Miss Alice Berliner is spending the winter at Boston.

Miss Rose Berman has returned from a two-week visit with relatives at Boston.

Mrs. Sidney C. Kaufman and her daughter, Virginia, and Mrs. Addie Figman were guests of Mrs. Julia Birdenwald at Baltimore, Md., during the past week.

Major and Mrs. Walter C. Clephane, who spent the summer in Maine, have returned to their home in Chevy Chase.

Mrs. Robert Holt of New York is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank Harper, at Alexandria, Va.

Sergt. Adolph Springer, of the 427th Detachment, Corps of Engineers, is on leave.

Herbert Snoots, of the General Engineer Depot, has resigned his position as messenger.

John P. Hughes has received an appointment as clerk in the Treasury Department.

Louis M. Jenkins, of the Department of Labor, is in Atlanta, Ga., on government business.

Paul E. Larkin, of the Government Printing Office, has received a promotion.

George W. Sauls, of the Patent Office, has resigned.

Church of St. Gervais, tomb for worshippers when Paris was first shelled Good Friday, March 23, has been partly restored and opened for services.

METAL FIRMS CALLED UNFAIR

Trade Commission Charges Attempt to Control Separation Industry.

The Federal Trade Commission yesterday issued formal complaints against foreign and American firms, charging that they are united in a metal combination and are practicing unfair and destructive methods in the American market aimed at monopolizing the American minerals separation industry. The agents of the firms are cited to appear before the commission December 20 next.

The firms cited to make appearance are Minerals Separation Ltd., Minerals Separation American Syndicate Ltd., and Minerals Separation American Syndicate (SIS) Ltd., of London, Beer, Sondheimer & Company of Frankfurt-on-Main, Germany, Minerals Separation North American Corporation, and Benno Elkau, Otto Frohnecht and Harry Paick of New York City.

Stifling of Competition.

It is charged that these concerns, working in concert have sought to stifle competition in the manufacture of apparatus for the separation of ores. It is stated by the Federal Trade Commission that they have sought to prevent mine operators from using the commodities presented by the so-called independent concerns; that they have discriminated as to royalties exacted from various operators, thus creating "favorite" concerns; that they have falsely disparaged other commodities and falsely claimed exclusive rights; and that they violated the Clayton anti-trust act by making exclusive purchase selling contracts.

BOHEMIAN PRESIDENT LEAVES FOR PRAGUE

Professor Masaryk, New Republic's "Little Father," Leaves Washington.

Accompanied by his daughter and several secretaries, Prof. Thomas G. Masaryk, the newly elected President of Czechoslovakia, left Washington today for New York. He will sail for Paris Tuesday and from there will proceed to Prague to take up his duties as the leader of a people freed of long centuries of tyranny.

While in New York, Prof. Masaryk is expected to issue a statement to the American people, thanking their nation for the assistance rendered the Czechoslovaks and also for affording him a place of refuge. Had the professor appeared in Austro-Hungary before the death of that empire he would have been hanged as a traitor.

To those gallant soldiers who have fought in all corners of the world under the banner of the Czechoslovaks, Prof. Masaryk is known as the "little father." In early youth he was a blacksmith's apprentice, later a professor at the University of Prague and also a member of the Austrian parliament.

Hot Water for Sick Headaches

Tells Why Everyone Should Drink Hot Water with Phosphate in It Before Breakfast.

Headache of any kind is caused by auto-intoxication which means self-poisoning. Liver and bowel poisons called toxins, sucked into the blood, through the lymph ducts, excite the heart which pumps the blood so fast that it congests in the smaller arteries and veins of the head producing violent, throbbing pain and distress, called headache. You become nervous, despondent, sick, feverish and miserable, your meals sour and almost nauseate you. Then you resort to acetanilide, aspirin or the bromides which temporarily relieve, but do not rid the blood of these irritating toxins.

A glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, drunk before breakfast for a while, will not only wash these poisons from your system and cure you of headache but will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary canal.

Ask your pharmacist for a quarter pound of limestone phosphate. It is inexpensive, harmless as sugar, and almost tasteless, except for a scorching twinge which is not unpleasant.

If you aren't feeling your best, if tongue is coated or you wake up with bad taste, foul breath or have colds, indigestion, biliousness, constipation or sour, acid stomach, begin the phosphated hot water cure to rid your system of toxins and poisons.

Results are quick and it is claimed that those who continue to flush out the stomach, liver and bowels every morning never have any headache or know a miserable moment.—Adv.

PARKER-BRIDGET COMPANY

Will "Do Its Bit"
In the United War Work Campaign Saturday

Giving the Full Amount of Each 10th Cash Sale to the Fund

In the midst of our great rejoicing let us remember that our brave boys are still "over there" and will be for some time to come, and will need the comforts which the result of the United War Work drive will provide.

Our boys have willingly offered to make the supreme sacrifice, and the least we can do is to show, by our interest in their comforts, that our hearts and thoughts are with them.

To assist this great work in a substantial manner we will give the full amount of each 10th cash sale Saturday to the fund.

The United War Work headquarters will be represented in our cashier's office all day, and each 10th sale, whether for a 25c collar or a \$250 fur coat, will be stamped 10th by them and turned over to the fund.

The store will open at 10 a.m. and close at 6 p.m., and all who have need for the things we sell will be helping a most worthy cause by making their purchases here tomorrow, as the full amount of every 10th cash sale is equivalent to a personal donation to the fund.

The size of our contribution to the United War Work fund is to be determined by the good people of the District of Columbia.

There will be a big Victory Bell in front of the store to ring out every 10th sale, and if we all pull together we can keep that "Old Bell" ringing continuously from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. Saturday.

Frank M. Loman
President

Parker-Bridget Co.

The Avenue at Ninth



UNION TRUST COMPANY
OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
EDWARD J. STELLWAGEN, PRESIDENT
SOUTHWEST CORNER 15th and H STS. NORTHWEST

THE BANK FOR YOU

If you already have money laid aside you need a strong bank in which to deposit it.

If you have not become a systematic saver, it is time for you to do so at once.

The conservative management of this company and its large capital and surplus make it the ideal depository for your money.