

# PACT SENATORS SEEK ADVICE OF THE PRESIDENT

## Poll of Senators Shows 39 Will Vote to Reject Amended Treaty.

President Wilson will be asked by his supporters in the Senate to advise them how to vote if the Lodge reservations to the treaty are adopted. Senator Hitchcock and a number of others among the administration men believe that the President will

tell them to join with the irreconcilable Republicans who will vote to reject the treaty. If a sufficient number of Democrats should vote in this manner the treaty probably will be killed. The movement toward passing up to the President the final settlement of the Democratic position with respect to how to vote after reservations are agreed to was launched yesterday at a conference in the Vice President Marshall's office attended by the Vice President, Senator Hitchcock, Senator Swanson and Senator Pomeroy. The situation was discussed in great detail, and the plan finally agreed upon was this: Plans to Ask President. Between the time when reservations are about to be agreed upon and the calling of the roll on the question of agreeing to the resolution containing the reservations, Senator Hitchcock and the others will ask the President to tell them exactly what he wants them to do. He will be asked to decide whether the treaty with the Lodge reservations should be ratified, or whether it would be better to

allow the treaty to die and be replaced with a new treaty separately negotiated with Germany. A prominent Senator exhibited yesterday a poll showing thirty-nine Senators who will vote to reject the treaty if the President should give the word to reject it. On this poll appear the names of eighteen Democrats and twenty-one Republicans, as follows: Democrats—Culberson, Gay, Harris, Harrison, Hitchcock, Jones, Keogh, New Mexico, Kirby, Overman, Owen, Pittman, Reed, Sheppard, Shields, Smith of Georgia, Thomas, Underwood, Williams and Walsh of Massachusetts. Republicans—Ball, Borah, Brandegee, Curtis, Fall, France, Frelinghuysen, Gronna, Johnson of California, Knox, La Follette, McCormick, Moses, Newberry, Norris, Page, Poindexter, Sherman, Sutherland, Wadsworth and Warren. The Senator who prepared this list wrote his own name upon it. A number of others in the opinion of this Senator, will follow the same program if it should come from the White House.

### May Take Different Ground.

On the other hand, there have been some intimations that the President might take different ground and issue an appeal for ratification of the treaty with milder reservations than those now before the Senate. The effect of such a move, if it should be made, would be negligible so far as the Republicans are concerned, according to Senator Lodge.

Reports of the serious turn in the illness of Senator Thomas S. Martin, of Virginia, the Democratic leader, have been received with considerable interest here. If the veteran Senator should fail to recover, Senator Johnson, of California, with whom Senator Martin is paired, would be released from that pair and would be privileged to vote on all questions relating to the treaty. One of the strongest speeches delivered in the Senate was that of the Johnson amendment to raise the voting power of the United States to an equality with that of Great Britain was delivered yesterday by Senator Shields, Democrat, of Tennessee.

### Shields Denounces Covenant.

Senator Shields took extreme ground in denouncing the arrangement whereby each of the colonies of the British Empire is awarded the same voting power as the United States. He declared that the American people would never agree to a proposition so humiliating and so degrading. Senator Johnson, of California, spoke briefly on the amendment, saying that its sole purpose was to cure the wrong in the covenant which gave the British Empire six votes and the American only one vote. He gave notice to those Senators who have charged that the amendment does not do far enough toward correcting the blunder that he will give them an opportunity to vote on another amendment, which will solve the question.

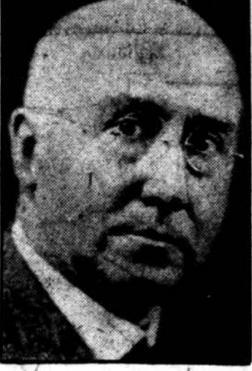
# SOFT COAL MINERS' STRIKE IS ORDERED

Continued from page one. tion, but that at all events the mines be continued in operation. The operators announced they accepted the President's letter without reservations. The miners were willing to accept only the first of the President's proposals, that, if proceeded with negotiations, and this is where the break occurred. Puts Blame on Operators. As soon as the operators announced they were willing to stand by the President's letter and to begin negotiations and moreover to arbitrate if the negotiations failed, they left the conference room. The miners' remaining with Secretary Wilson, told him they were sorry they could not begin negotiations until they knew whether or not the negotiations would end successfully or unsuccessfully, and the conference was adjourned without date. Wilson's statement follows: "The operators agreed to accept the proposal of the President in its en-

# FEDERAL UNION HEARS CAPPER

## Senator From Kansas Chief Speaker at Installation Of Officers Meeting.

Approximately 14,000 bills have been introduced into the present session of Congress and 13,950 of them will be discarded, Senator Arthur Capper, of Kansas, declared last night in a speech at the annual



JOHN S. BEACH, President of Federal Employers' Union, No. 2.

Installation of officers of Federal Employers' Union, No. 2, held in Pythian Temple, Ninth and Massachusetts avenue north west, last night. John S. Beach was installed as the new president by the retiring executive, W. Carson Ryan. Other officers installed were: James C. Blackwell, first vice president; Dr. P. G. Agnew, second vice president; Thomas R. Manning, third vice president; Mrs. Luella Poindexter, fourth vice president; Mrs. Adele C. Guthrie, fifth vice president; Van A. Zahn, secretary; Harry L. McGrath, guardian; and Mrs. Hilda Graff, recorder. The board of representatives was also installed by the retiring president. President Beach presided over the meeting of the board to study closely such questions as co-operative buying and District suffrage. He advised participation in the work of community centers and citizens' associations. Senator Capper outlined his policies and belief, announcing his support of collective bargaining, co-operative buying in Washington, a civil service reformatory, the minimum wage bill and the Kenyon bill which would regulate the packing industry.

tirety and to proceed to negotiate and if they failed to come to a conclusion to submit to arbitration—the mines to be continued in operation pending an adjustment. Accept Negotiation. "The miners interpreted the letter of the President to mean that proposals. They were willing to accept the first, that is, to proceed to negotiate. "The operators said that having expressed their willingness to accept the proposal of the President in its entirety they held themselves ready to proceed with negotiations and arbitration whenever called upon by the Secretary of Labor or the miners' committee and with that statement they withdrew. "The miners remained and expressed their regret that negotiations could not be proceeded with but declined to go further and to proceed with negotiations until it was determined that the results of negotiations be successful or unsuccessful. The conference was adjourned without date. 600,000 Ordered Out. Six hundred thousand men will be directly involved by the coal strike and every household and industry in the country will feel the pinch of suffering if it continues in operation for any length of time. As head of the mine workers' union, Mr. Lewis made this statement last night: "The President's proposition, as we understood it, reaffirmed the suggestion of Secretary Wilson that we agree to a joint conference, without reservations, having in mind the best interests of our people. "The miners formally accepted that proposition. The operators' proposition held that it involved arbitration. We accepted the suggestion to go into conference immediately for negotiations. "Made Honest Effort. "We have made every honest effort to avert the industrial catastrophe which will be imposed upon the people by a coal strike. The responsibility for this action is not ours. We disclaim the responsibility. We are perfectly willing to begin negotiations. "The operators had left the hearing room a half hour previous, and their spokesman, Thomas F. Brewster, made only the statement that "we have accepted the President's proposal in its entirety." Secretary of Labor Wilson was worn and haggard when the miners departed. "I did everything that I could do," he said, "to bring the two sides together. "Is there anything else that can be done?" he was asked. "I haven't given up hope yet," was his reply. Many Leave City. Many of the miners' representatives returned to their homes last night to begin preparations for the strike, and a group of the operators, bent on a similar mission, also left the city. Mr. Brewster expects to remain here for several days to "keep in touch" with the situation, he said. The failure of President Wilson's appeal was a surprise. It is the first time that a direct appeal by him to a labor union has absolutely failed in its purpose. It is believed that he will not be informed of the disruption of the conference until today. The government's stand thereafter is problematical. Secretary of Labor Wilson, according to his own statement, has not yet given up hope of averting a strike, and certainly nothing has transpired in the past week to lead to the belief that the operators and miners may be brought together. Because of the wide gulf separating them, and the untimely end to their session last night, that was resumed of the government taking over the mines as a war measure, but no comment was forthcoming from anyone in authority in the administration.

# ALEXANDRIA

Alexandria, Va., Oct. 24.—The 3,400-ton steel freighter Edwin A. Morse, built by the Virginia Shipbuilding Corporation, was launched at that company's plant at noon tomorrow (Saturday). The ship will be christened by Miss Anna B. Morse, of Bath, Mass., only daughter of Charles W. Morse. A large and distinguished gathering of men and women prominent in the business and commercial world are expected to witness the launching. This will be the fifth ship launched by this corporation. Just as soon as the ship leaves the ways the keel of a sixth ship will be constructed at that plant will be laid.

Former Representative Charles C. Carlin will be presented with a check of silver and a gold watch Monday night in the auditorium of the Elks' Home. The occasion will be a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, which will be addressed by Attorney General Mitchell Palmer. The silver and watch is the gift of friends in this city as a token of their appreciation of his services in Congress. It is expected that Senator Samuel G. Brent will make the speech of presentation.

A meeting of a number of citizens interested in the organization of a country club was held tonight in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce. Julian T. Burke presided and a committee on ways and means was named to investigate and report on a site. This committee is composed of Daniel L. Boothe, Julian T. Burke, Wallace Lindsey, George B. Anderson and W. A. Smoot.

A public rally for men and women will be held at 7 o'clock Sunday night in the Lyceum Hall. A number of prominent members of the order will be present and make addresses. A musical program will be given. Among those expected to make addresses are Representative O'Conner, of Louisiana, and Messrs. P. J. Colan, P. J. Hattigan and P. T. Moran, of Washington.

The steamship H. F. Morse, built by the Virginia Shipbuilding Corporation, sailed today from Baltimore with a cargo of coal for Rotterdam. The ship reached Baltimore last Tuesday.

Mrs. Minnie C. Robinson has sold to Andrew Howard and Rosie Howard, house and lot at the northwest corner of Wythe and Patrick streets, William E. Hamersley to George W. Hamersley, house and lot, 14 South Henry street.

# MEEKER IS CRITICISED FOR SALARY BUDGET

Continued from page one. partment of Labor, the commission feels the following statement should be made: "Some time ago the commission requested the Bureau of Labor Statistics to prepare a budget of the comfort budgets showing the cost of living in the District of Columbia for an unmarried man, an unmarried woman, and the typical family of five—husband, wife and three children. "These budgets were prepared and submitted for examination and criticism to our advisory committee on 'wage policies,' named by this commission, and made up of distinguished economists, and representatives of the employees and administrative officials. "The budgets have never been submitted to the commission, and have never been considered by this commission except in the most informal fashion, and, of course, the commission has not, in any way, indicated its position on this important matter. "This advisory committee has not had an opportunity to indicate whether it approved or disapproved the budgets. "The commission had hoped that a discussion of the budgets might be postponed until after the advisory committee and the commission had had an opportunity to scrutinize the various items contained therein. However, the necessity of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, has seen fit to give the budgets to the press before they could be subjected to the consideration desired, and the commission therefore feels that the statement is necessary. Dr. Meeker's budget shows that the minimum cost of a "health and decency standard of living" in Washington for a family of five is \$2,262.47.

# BERGER NOT LOYAL, ASSERTS COMMITTEE

Continued from page one. lean, Illinois, declined to join in the recommendation. In a minority report he urged that consideration of the case be deferred until the Federal Court of Appeals at Chicago has had time to pass upon Mr. Berger's appeal from his conviction on a charge of conspiracy. Coincident with the report of the special committee, the House Elections Committee No. 1, composed of Leonard B. Rogers, chairman, and membership as the special committee, submitted its recommendations in the case, in which Joseph F. Carney, Democratic candidate, contested the election of Mr. Berger. The committee held that Mr. Carney did not receive a majority of the votes cast, and is not entitled to a seat. The resolution that the House is asked to adopt in the Berger case follows: "Resolved, That under the facts and circumstances of this case, Victor L. Berger is not entitled to take the oath of office as a Representative in this House from the First Congressional district of the State of Wisconsin or to hold a seat therein as such Representative. "The two reports will be taken up immediately after the passage of the railroad reorganization bill, which is expected to be ready for consideration by November 5. The railroad bill probably will be before the House on November 10. Mr. Berger says if the House should exclude him, he will again be a candidate in the new election. That the House will take this action there seems to be no doubt at this time. The vote on the resolution preventing Mr. Berger from being sworn in on May 19 was adopted by a unanimous vote.

# 200 SUMMONED TO LABOR CONFERENCE

Continued from page one. eration of Labor. The last conference of this nature was held in 1917, shortly before war was declared against Germany by the United States. It was attended by 176 delegates, and resulted in the declaration of the labor leaders to enter wholeheartedly into the war, and to support the government in every way possible.

Facing a Crisis. But for the character and importance from the labor view that the workers now face a crisis, the coming conference is to be compared to the one that was held in 1906. The conference of that year brought forth a bill of grievances which was presented to Congress, and later a declaration of a program by the American Federation of Labor. The program of the American Federation of Labor set forth the "indifference" and "antagonism" of Congress and the "hostility" of the employers.

The program advised the workers to take an active interest in matters political, telling them to watch elections and to cast their votes with an eye to the friendly or inimical position of the candidates on the ballot on labor matters.

### No Labor Party.

Labor leaders declare that it is not the intention, at least of the majority, to organize a strictly labor party in the United States. President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, is on record as opposing the formation of a labor party because this would divert labor from the main objects it has in view for betterment of wages and conditions.

The call for the conference means that the labor leaders have decided that there must be more organization and a closer alignment of forces. The Illinois Federation of Labor message suggested that assessments be levied upon organized labor and that an offensive and defensive alliance of the international unions of the United States and Canada be formed. Aside from the steel strike, the coal strike, and the threatened railroad strike, the labor leaders are most concerned with the legislation now pending in Congress to prohibit strikes. Presidents of the railroad brotherhoods participated yesterday in a conference at the Plumb plan headquarters to discuss nationalization of both the railroads and the coal mines.

# Rehearsal Pageant.

Trinity Community House, Third and C streets northwest, was a gay place yesterday afternoon when 350 children held a rehearsal for the "Americanization Pageant" to be given under the auspices of the house early in November. Mrs. J. G. George and Mrs. Ferdinand Estler, assisted by a group of young society women, were in charge.

# Washington Quota of Cornell Fund \$125,000

The drive for Washington's quota of \$125,000 for the Cornell University \$1,000,000 endowment fund was launched at the meeting of the Cornell Club of Washington, held last night. Representative Daniel Reed, of New York, addressed the meeting and assured the committee of his support. John Small heads the committee and final plans for the drive will be announced at the meeting to be held Wednesday night at the University Club.

# Hand Grenade Scatters Travelers at Station

After purchasing an army hand grenade at a drug store in Union Station last night, a traveler proceeded to demonstrate to his companions how the doughboys used to hurl the missile at "Frits." Through a slip of the hand the grenade accidentally crashed to the marble floor with a resounding thud. Expecting to hear a staccato and a boom, the spectators scattered in all directions. "Doc" Genter, manager of the store, calmly walked over to the grenade and picked it up. It was not "sizzling," but some of the sand with which it was "loaded" had jarred out.

# Kafka's

THE SHOP FOR YOUNG FOLKS AND YOUTHFUL APPAREL FOR EVERYBODY

F at Tenth St.

## Mothers' Day Sale No. 5

—finds our Children's Coat Stock more complete than at any other time this season. Our buyer has just returned from New York, and, due to the unsettled condition of the labor problem, was able to secure about 200 coats of all sizes and styles at remarkable price concessions.

## Coats for the Little Tots

2 to 6 Year Sizes

Of Broadcloth, Zibeline, Chinchilla, Silvertone and Velvet. Some fur trimmed; others with shawl collar.

Prices Range From

**\$10.00 to \$32.50**

## Coats for Girls—6 to 14 Year Sizes

Coats that are richly beautiful, of soft, woolly fabrics. Showing a complete variety of all that is new and stylish in Young Folks' Apparel.

Materials are Velour, Jersey, Silvertone, Broadcloth and Bolivia.

Priced Conservatively From

**\$19.50 to \$45.00**

# Hart Schaffner & Marx Boys' Clothes

Quality Like Father's—Style Like Father's

THERE isn't anything stronger we can say. Hart Schaffner & Marx make the best suits and overcoats we know of for men and young men; they've put the same all-wool quality and fine tailoring into these boys' clothes they've made for us.

Any mother or father who takes pride in their boy's appearance—and most of them do—will appreciate what this means; the best looking and most stylish boys' clothes ever made; the long wear that comes from fine quality.

The boys' overcoats are belted; some have the waist-seam, others the raglan effect; the suits have all the touches the best dressed men of the country like. You can't get more for your money anywhere at... **\$20**

FREE—A six months' subscription to that very popular magazine, "The American Boy," with every boy's Suit or Overcoat.

Complete Line of Boys' Furnishings

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# IT PAYS TO DEAL AT Goldenberg's

BOTH SIDES OF 7TH AT K ST. "THE DEPENDABLE STORE"

## Men's and Young Men's \$38.50 and \$40.00 New Fall Suits

The Big Anniversary Sale Feature for Saturday in the First Floor Men's Clothing Store—at Only

# \$31.50

This is an offering of new fall clothes that provides values so unusual that every man and young man who needs a new suit for fall and winter wear should be sure to come here today and select one.

The fine quality of the fabrics, the variety of handsome patterns, the superior tailoring, give these suits a distinction that removes them far from the ordinary. Nowhere else will you find their equal for less than \$38.50 and \$40.00.

They are styled in two and three-button Sack Coats, double-breasted Belters and Waist Sack models.

Materials include Cassimeres, Cheviots and Unfinished Worsteds, in fancy mixtures, browns and green novelty effects, also plain blues.

Complete range of sizes from 34 to 42, for men and young men.

## Men's \$5.50 Separate Trousers at \$4.25 Pair

A special offering for Saturday of men's Separate Trousers, of good-wearing cassimeres, in dark herringbone effects. Strongly made to give satisfactory service. Sizes 32 to 42. Anniversary Sale price, \$4.25 a pair.

First Floor Daylight Clothes Store for Men.

## Boys' \$13 to \$15 New Fall Suits

Splendid-Wearing Suits for School and Dress Wear Specially Priced in Today's Anniversary Sale at

# \$10.00

## Men's Fall Hats at Big Savings

Our Regular \$6.00 Quality Genuine Velour Hats, in the newest fall shapes; choice of black, brown, light green and dark green shades. Anniversary Sale price... **\$4.35**

Men's \$4.50 Scratch Felt Soft Hats, in the correct shapes for fall; in black, green and brown. Anniversary Sale price... **\$1.39**

## Boys' \$12 Chinchilla Overcoats

Boys' Chinchilla Overcoats, in gray and navy blue, full inner lined, button-to-the-neck model, belted and double-breasted styles; sizes 2 1/2 to 9 years. Values worth \$12.00. Anniversary Sale price... **\$9.75**