ed down by military conscriptions and inordinate taxation, look with pride and confidence to the great American Republic, that in time they hope will dominate over the earth and break the power of its kings. But the Senator from New York, [Mr. Seward, and those who act with him, have determined that these hopes shall no longer be cherished, and that our system shall fall, to gratify the wishes and meet the views of the British Exeter Hall antislavery society. He holds that our Government has hitherto been administered in violation of the "divine law," and that our former institutions must give way to the "higher law," abolitionism, and free negroism. This is the issue we are now called upon to

Should the decision of the ideas of November be adverse to the fortunes of the Republic, it will become the high duty of the South, at least, to protect itself. Northern gentlemen, I believe, with great unanimity say that if the conditions were reversed, they would not be willing to submit for a moment; and many, like Mr. Fillmore, do us the justice to say that it would be "madness or folly to believe" that we would "submit to be governed by such a Chief Magistrate" as Fremont. The general tone of feeling in the South, and the rapid formation of vigilance committees and military companies, indicate that our people have not forgotten the lessons of the Revolution, and there may be a contest among the States as to which shall be most prompt to re-

To avoid any such necessity, our people are disposed generally to make every effort consistent with nonor. They will with great unanimity, go into battle upon the old platform of principles, and waiving all past issues, heartily support the standardbearer who may be selected. But the fate of the country mainly depends upon the success which may crown the efforts of those brave and patriotic men in the North, who, in spite of the odds arrayed against them, have so long maintained an unequal struggle against the anti-slavery current. They fight under a flag which waves in every State of the Union. Should it fall, it carries with it an older and a still more honored emblem-that banner under which Washington marched to victory, which Jackson maintained triumphantly, and which has been borne gallantly and gloriously over every sea. I have still confidence in the good fortune of the United States, and in view of the many providential occurrences in the past, still anticipate a triumph for the Republic.

PUBLIC MEETING IN PANTHER BRANCH DISTRICT, WAKE COUNTY.

At a meeting of a portion of the citizens of Panther Branch District, irrespective of party, held on the 21st inst., on motion of Col. Willis Whitaker, Oscar R. Rand, Esq., was called to the chair, and N. J. Whitaker, Esq., was requested to act as secre-

The chairman called upon Col. Thos. G. Whitaker to explain the object of the meeting, which he did in a very interesting and forcible manner, showing the necessity of making a public demonstration of the citizens at this critical period in our country's

On motion, the chair appointed a committee of three to prepare business for the action of the meeting, said committee consisting of Col. T. G. Whitaker, Jonathan Smith, Esq., and Col. Simeon M. Williams, who, after retiring for a short time, returned and reported the following preamble and re-

WHEREAS, There now exists, between the North and the South, an "irrepressible conflict," on the fact of slavery, which has been brought about by the North alone; and, whereas, Southern soil has een invaded and Southern blood has been shed by Northern fanatics and traitors, it is the indispensable duty of the South to look well to her interests, repel her foes and provide for any emergency, there-

Resolved, That we recommend the forming of volunteer companies, as a necessity, and as speedily as possible, and that, when organized, they call upon the Governor of the State for arms and equinments, and place themselves in readiness for the

Resolved, That we believe the true interests of the South now demand a withdrawal of our pecuniary aid from the North, as the surest means of awaking them to a sense of the danger which they have brought upon the country, and the inevitable rain which must follow, if persisted in.

Resolved, That we request our merchants who buy goods from Northern markets to discontinue the same, and patronize Southern trade, so far as is practicable; and that the people are requested to withdraw their patronage from those who obstinately refuse to practically aid Southern interests, and

thereby secure Southern safety. Resolved. That, while we have the most unlimited confidence in John W. Ellis, our worthy Chief Magistrate, in the purity of his motives and soundness of judgment, in regard to his opinions of calling an extra session of the Legislature, we humbly conceive, and honestly believe, that the increasing difficulties between the two sections of our country, and the persistent efforts of the black republicans to gain an advantage over the South and to possess thenselves of the reins of government, as we believe, for sectional purposes, imperiously demand that North-Carolina should show to her Northern alversaries, her determination to be ready in any emergency to take her position side by side with Virginia and the Southern States, in defending the rights of the South and repelling her fees; to this end we recommend that the Legislature should be forthwith convened, not only to re-organize the militia system and put the State in proper defence, but also to take into consideration the propriety of holding a convention of all the States, and such other matters as may be necessary in the crisis.

Resolved, That we heartily appprove of the course pursued by Gov. Wise in the late Harper's Ferry outbreak, and he has thereby endeared himself to the Southern people. Resolved, That a committee of vigilance be ap-

pointed by the chair, with the concurrence of the meeting, consisting of 25 persons, for Panther Branch district. In parsuance of which the following named gen-

tlemen were appointed:

Capt. John Walton, H. O. Parker, Col. Willis Whitaker, Wm. H. Whitaker, Col. S. M. Williams, S. M. Utley, J. J. L. McCullers, T. G. Whitaker, T. L. Banks, Alfred Myatt, James Adams, Simon Smith, Simon Turner, Orren Williams, Edmond Wilson, J. J. Young, C. C. Young, N. G. Rand, B. II. Jewel, Calvin Baugh, I. B. Myatt, Wm. Turner, Jonathan Smith, James Honeycutt, Burton Sauls. On motion, ordered that the poccedings of this meeting be published in the Democratic Press, Standard and Register.

On motion, the meeting adjourned. O. R. RAND, Ch'n. N. J. WHITAKER, Sec'y.

The Speakership-Sherman out of the Question-The Election of Smith Considered Certain.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The Republican caucus to-day, while it adjourned without any formal action, yet exhibited a state of feeling which will probably lead Mr. Sherman to take occasion on Monday to withdraw his name from the contest. It is well ascertained that neither Mr. Pennington nor Mr. Corwin can poll so large a Republican vote as Mr. Sherman, though they may have more outside strength.

The caucus has rather weakened than strengthened the Republicans, and they will come into the House on Monday, with ranks broken, and party discipline destroyed. The Whigs, Democrats and Americans, on the contrary, are in excellent spirits, and will begin the week presenting a front more united and formidable than at any time since the opening of the contest. The Northwestern and Northern Democrats who voted for Mr. Smith on Friday, stand firm in their position, and sanguine hopes are expressed that sufficient additional force may be obtained from the anti-Lecompton men, to insure victory for the allies of the Constitution .-Indeed, Mr. Smith's election is well nigh certain.

Report of the Virginia Harper's Ferry Committee. RICHMOND, Jan. 26.—The joint committee of the legislature on the Harper's Ferry affair have made a voluminous report, closing with resolutions urging the equipping and arming of the militia of the State; for the passage of laws encouraging domestic manufactures; for the more prompt punishment of persons attempting to incite the slaves to insurrection; and vindicating Gov. Wise's course throughout the whole affair. Five thousand copies were ordered to be printed.

## The Standard.

RALEIGH: WEDNESDAY, FEB. 1, 1860.

W. W. HOLDEN, STATE PRINTER, AND AUTHORIZED PUBLISHER OF THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The STANDARD is conducted strictly upon the CASH system. All papers are discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they have been paid. Subscribers will be notified FOUR WEEKS before their time is out, by a CROSS MARK on their papers; and unless the subscription renewed the paper will be discontinued. This is a rule from which there will be no departure. Watch for the cross mark, and renew your subscription.

Weekly Standard \$2 per annum, in advance. Semi-Weekly, (including the Tri-Weekly during the Ses si n.) \$4 per annum, in advance.

157 Subscribers desiring their papers changed must mention the Post Office from, as well as the one to, which they desire the change to be made.

## PARTICULAR NOTICE.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS for the STANDARD, and all private letters for the editor, should hereafter be directed to W. W. HOLDEN. All letters on business or enclosing money for subscriptions, advertising, or job work, may be directed simply to the "Standard," Raleigh, N. C.

The Speakership.

On Friday last the House of Representatives voted for Speaker with the following result: For W. N. H. Smith, Southern opposition, 112; for John Sherman, black Republican, 106; for Mr. Corwin 4; scattering 6. The entire delegation from North-Carolina voted for Mr. Smith. Every straightout national Democrat also voted for him. It was supposed at one time that he was elected, but a change of votes threw him behind. Among others, that exceedingly conservative and national black Republican, Mr. E. Joy Morris, of Philadelphia, voted for Mr. Corwin. The votes of Morris, Scranton, and Wood, all of whom, we believe, voted for Mr. Gilmer, would have elected Mr. Smith; but they voted for Corwin, obviously to prevent an election.

The House adjourned from Friday to Monday. It may be that Mr. Smith was elected on Monday. If a national Democrat cannot be elected, we should be pleased to hear of Mr. Smith's election.

See letter of our Washington correspondent.

Another Commissioner to Virginia.—A resolution has been introduced into the Legislature of Mississippi providing for a Commissioner from that State to Virginia, to confer with her as to the best means to maintain and preserve the rights and interests of the Southern States against the dangers

Virginia has not yet taken action in response to the speech of Col. Memminger. The Enquirer urges in strong terms the importance of that State acceding to the proposition of South-Carolina for a Convention of the Southern States.

Kansas,-Gen. Pomerov and Mr. Parrott, the latter the delegate from Kansas in the House, are in Washton urging the admission of Kansas as a State under the Wyandott Constitution. Both these persons are candidates for Senator from the embryo State. The question of the admission of Kansas will no doubt come up soon after the House is organized.

137 Mr. Hamilton, of Texas, in a speech delivered in the House of Representatives a few days since, withdrawing his name as a candidate for Speaker, referred despondingly to the prospects of preserving the Union, and stated that a bill had passed the Legislature of his State appropriating \$20,000 to defray his expenses and those of his coileague in the event of the tailure of the House to organize.

The Washington States of Saturday says: The vote of vesterday for Mr. Smith for Speaker shows how well-disposed the Democratic members are to make every sacrifice that they can, consistent with honor, to accomplish an organization. The Abolitionists carried an adjournment until Monday by a majority of six. This bodes no good."

THE "IRREPRESSIBLE CONFLICT."-The recent speech of Henry Wilson, one of the Senators from Massachusetts, shows that the spirit of the "irrepressible conflict" is as fierce as ever. Mr. Wilson's speech is quite as full of abolitionism and insult to the South as was Seward's Rochester speech .-Massachusetts is taking no step backwards in the bad cause of revolution and disunion.

Mr. Clingman replied briefly but with much power to several points in Wilson's speech. We will publish his reply to Wilson as soon as we can find

Nearly all our space to-day is occupied with the concluding portion of Mr. Clingman's speech, the Comptroller's Report, the letter of our Washington correspondent, and the proceedings of public meetings. The proceedings of Democratic meetings in Johnston, Lincoln, Carteret, Richmond, Duplin, Wilkes and Sampson, shall appear in our next and subsequent issues.

Our friend of the Wilmington Journal correctly assumes that we have no idea of intentionally misrepresenting him. He will observe that we lack space to-day to notice as fully and explicitly as we wish to do his article of the 28th.

ERICSON'S CALORIC ENGINES .- Mr. Gorman of the Spirit of the Age, of this City, has in operation one of Ericson's Caloric Engines, driving his power press. This engine is one of the most extraordinary inventions of the age. It operates by heated air .-The cold air is forced over fire, drives the engine, and thus does the work of steam. It is well worth a visit to Mr. Gorman's office to see this engine in

We have been requested by a Northern "Newspaper Advertising Agency" to advertise a notice o. Harvard College Law School to the amount of \$5 We decline to advertise for the Harvard Law School or Harvard College on any terms.

We return our thanks to Mr. J. L. Robinson, of Macon County, for a club of twenty subscribers. This makes forty subscribers received within a month or two from that County.

The Eclectic Magazine for February has been received. It contains fine steel engravings of the Duke of Wellington and Queen Victoria. We have not had time to examine the contents.

We have had the pleasure recently of seeing in the City, William Lander, Esq., Solicitor for the Lincoln District, and Capt. John F. Hoke, of Lincoln

The emmunication of Junaluska No. 1 has been received, and shall appear in our next.

DEATH OF AN OLD MERCHANT.-We announce the decease of Wm. Proctor, in the 80th year of hi age, after a protracted illness. The deceased was : native of York, England, and for a period of nearly sixty years engaged in the hardware trade, and a the time of his death the oldest hardware importe in our city. Mr. Proctor was always a consisten and worthy member of the Society of Friends, (O: thodox) and bore a character both in and out of th Society marked for its sterling integrity and unot trusive merit. Baltimere paper.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

Washington City, Jan. 27, 1860. Days and weeks have passed away, and still the anxious observer can discern no rift in the clouded political sky, giving promise of an early organiza-tion of the House. All efforts to reconcile differences and secure a union of the conservative elements or the House against the common enemy have proven failures, and to-day the prospect of electing a presiding officer is less encouraging than ever. The democratic members thoroughly convinced, after repeated trials, that unaided they can accomplish nothing, have abandoned voting for a regular nominee, and are casting their votes at random until some change manifests itself in the ranks of the South Americans and anti-Lecomptonites to invite a concentration of their strength on some member .-There are many who think that Mr. Bocock, who can command the entire democratic vote, should have been adhered to and never permitted to withdraw his name. The democrats, however, in pursuing this course exhibited their readiness to yield personal preferences and unite on any sound man who could bring to his support more votes than their regular nominee. When Mr. Bocock was nominated there seemed a general understanding that the South Americans would cast their votes for him, and thus secure a sound and competent presiding officer over the head of the fanatical nominee of the republicans. But when his name was presented the American party bolted, assigning as a reason that their support of a caucus nominee of the democratic party would be regarded as an abandonment of their party organization. The democrats, anxious to organize the House, and willing to make sacrifices to that end, at once met this objection and made clear the way by allowing Mr. Bocock to withdraw his name. Here then was offered the opportunity which the Americans professedly sought for acting with the democracy. Did they avail themselves of it? The record proves they did not. After Mr. Bocock's withdrawal, Mr. Boteler, a member of their own party, nominated Mr. Millson, and after repeated ballots it was demonstrated that he could not get one half of the know nothing vote. Again this same party, so intractable, exact ing and insincere, intimated that Mr. Hamilton, of Texas, would be acceptable to them. It was thought that, as he was but little known, had no record against him and was elected over the regular democratic nominee in his district, he would prove a sure card. The democrats yielded again, and were again met by a fail re on the part of the Americans to support this gentleman. Mr. Hamilton, although a gentleman of worth and ability, was not the choice of the democracy, who sought success with a candidate who was, by experience, eminently fitted to discharge the complicated and difficult duties of the Speakership satisfactorily; but they readily and cheerfulty supported him on the ground of availability when all other efforts had failed. And here I will remark, without any intention to disparage Mr. Hamilton or reflect upon his fitness for this post, that there are numbers of gentlemen whose names appear prominently in connection with the Speakership who are supported not for what they have done, but for what they have not-not that they occupy an elevated position in the House, and possess comnanding influence, but they are little known, and their political reputation being confined to their own districts, little can be said against them. The negative man is now the most available, and that will explain the prominent position of some members who, but for this contest, would never have been known to the country.

But to return to the state of affairs in the House. Yesterday, Mr. Hamilton, satisfied that he never could be elected, formally withdrew his name, and the democrats not nominating a member of their party gave scattering votes, of which Bocock received 54. The know nothings having abandoned Mr. Gilmer, united upon Mr. Smith of N. C., and by the aid of a few democrats ran up his vote to 37. Mr. Smith's chances of success have been thoroughly canvassed for the last ten days and his nomination strongly urged by his party, who thought that as he was a new member, had no record, and no political asperities to smooth away, he would be available But how is his election to be compassed, even giving him the democratic vote? It requires 118 to elect; of this number the republicans have 114, the democrats 91, the know nothings 21, and the anti-Lecompton-anti-Administration men 5. To elect it would be necessary to get the entire democratic and know nothing vote and three of the anti-Lecomnites. These three votes Mr. Smith can never get, a these men have been approached on the subject and peremptorily refused their support. It is plain then that Mr. Smith is not available, as his friends urged he was-that if the whole vote of the democrats were given him he would still lack three of an election. This being the ease, it is expecting quite too much of the democracy that they should go outside their own organization to give a mere complimentary vote to any man. I see no promise of an end to this struggle. The democrats have made concession after concession without effecting anything; the know nothings hold back and refuse to aid them, while Thad. Stevens, the mouth-piece of the republicans, declares that they will adhere to Sherman

'until the crack of doom.' In the Senate they have been discussing the resolution of Mr. Douglas instructing the judiciary committee to report a bill for the protection of each State and Territory from invasion from other States and Territories, and for the suppression and punishment of conspiracies, &c., &c. The speech of Mr. Douglas on his bill is regarded as a bid for the votes of southern men in the Charleston Convention. The Republicans, who claimed him as a convert to their political faith, are mightily stirred by the position he takes, and the whole hive are swarming about the little giant, inflicting some pretty se vere stings. Wilson, of Massachusetts, has got o. his annual oration, not, however, without a dig in the ribs fram Senators Clingman, and Davis of Mississippi, of so telling a nature as to require another "oration" from Wilson, in an attempt to regain what he had lost by the encounter.

Giddings of Ohio, John Brown, Jr., Dr. Howe t Boston, Sanborn of Connecticut, Thad. Hyatt o. New York City, and others had been summoned before the Harper's Ferry investigating committee. There is a very pretty quarrel going on just now between Wendall and Gen. Bowman, which will ultimately evolve some political scandal injurious to all concerned. Wendall avers that he gave Bowman the "Union" newspaper establishment, \$20,000, in consideration of Bowman's securing and turning over to him the Senate printing. After Bowman's election by the Senate he repudiated this alleged bargain, and made arrangements with Jno. C. Rives to execute the work in the Globe office. This aroused the ire of Wendall, and gave rise to a difficulty which is now to be settled by the courts. A gov ernment printing office should be established, and then this source of corruption would be not only removed, but the work executed at a cost of about one-half the rates now paid.

I would call the attention of your mercantile readers to the last dodge of knavish speculators on the political condition of the times. Lists of Republican and anti-Republican northern firms are be ing published for the avowed benefit of southern purchasers, in order that in buying they may not patronize an abolition house. These lists are unreliable, and I presume the most intense Helferite could, by liberal bribing, easily have his name inserted among those recommended to the southern trade. I do not mean to dictate or even suggest what should be done, but content myself with saying that if no northern house is patronized, and those of your own section are, you will not be cheated by these knaves, and will be contributing to build up and advance your own interests and those c your fellow-southerners. Only think, that, sincthis Brown foray, in a little village in Virginia of about 1,000 souls, the decrease in the sales of north ern goods has been nearly \$5,000 per month, while sales of home-made cloths and wares have gone u to nearly the same figure. "Make a note on 't.'

Hon. W. D. Bishop, Commissioner of Patents, retires on 1st February, and Ex-Gov. Thomas of Ind , takes his place. Mr. B. retires because his salar (\$3,000) is inadequate to his support, and his legal practice is much more remunerative.

P. S. Since the above was written another balk has been taken, which resulted in the election of W. N. H. Smith, of North-Carolina, but before the vot was announced by the Clerk, the Pennsylvania me who voted for him availed themselves of their priva lege to change their votes, and bolted from Smith t Sherman, thus changing the aspect of affairs, an preventing an election. Every straight out Dema crat voted for Smith. Let me here invite the par ticular attention of your readers to a fact in connec-

has been charged again and again that these men were willing to stick to Gilmer, and that had the Democrats coalesced with them he could have been

tion with the action of these Pennsylvanians. It elected. Not so; the Democrats had reason to know that these men were not acting in good faith, and that as soon as the Democracy showed any disposition to concentrate on Gilmer, they would fly the track. The same assurances were solemnly given by E. Joy Morris and his Pennsylvania satellites that they would support and adhere to Mr. Smith, if he was voted for by the Democracy. The administration Democrats, and Democrats opposed to the administration, anxious to organize, voted to a man for Smith, and secured his election, when these insincere and treacherous Pennsylvanians rose one after another and changed their votes to Sherman. I have not time to notice this farther at present, but may refer to it in my next letter. To-day the Republicans are holding a caucus, and

it is thought by many that Corwin, or Pennington, of N. J., will be substituted for Sherman. Even this will be a triumph. It may be possible that H. Winter Davis, of Maryland, will be taken up by them. It is almost certain that a Speaker will be elected Monday. If so, I shall telegraph you. Mail about to close

For the Standard. REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD OF COM-MISSIONERS

RALEIGH, Jan. 27, 1860. Regular meeting of the Board of Commissioners held this evening, present, Wm. H. Harrison, Esq., Mayor, Messrs. M. H. Brown, Wm. C. Upchurch, W. R. Richardson, Thos. H. Briggs, W. H. Tucker, O. Busbee, J. K. Marriott and Joseph Jones, Commissioners.

The proceedings of the last meeting were read and approved. On motion of Mr. Marriott, the Treasurer's salary

was fixed at \$150 .. The Bonds of the following officers were presented and approved of, viz: Wm. C. Upchurch, Esq.,

Treasurer; J. J. Christophers, Clerk; D. Lewis, Chief Constable; J. J. Betts, Assistant Constable. A memorial was presented and read from Dr. R. B. Haywood, praying that a lamp be erected at or near the Mayor's residence, was on motion, granted. The resolution offered by Mr. Busbee at the last meeting, was taken up and the following resolution

Resolved, That a Committee of one from each Ward be appointed, to inquire into the expediency of opening the boundary streets of the city, or such portions thereof as they shall deem at this time just and right; and also, the costs of the same, and that they report at as early a day as they can.

Messrs. Busbee, Briggs and Upchurch, compose

said Committee. The resolution of Mr. Busbee offered at the last meeting respecting the building of a City Hall, was taken up, and on vote being taken, it was rejected. The Committee appointed on Pumps at the last meeting, reported that it is not expedient to adopt any new system of Pumps, and they herewith submit the bids of the different applicants to keep the

pumps in order the current year. On motion of Mr. Basbee, the contract to keep the pumps in order, was given to Mr. John R. Harrison, at his bid; and on motion of Mr. Marriott, it was ordered that Mr. Harrison give bond for the faithful performance of said duties in the sum of \$500, and that he forfeit \$5 per day after being notified by the proper officer, for every day after five days being

out of order. A memorial was received from sundry citizens residing on Hillsboro' street, in the Western Ward, praying to have put in order said street, and that a lamp be crected on said street. Was on motion of Mr. Richardson, ordered that a lamp be erected at or near the corner of Mr. R. S. Tucker's residence. Mr. Wm. Yearby petitioned the Board to refund to him the double tax paid by him in 1858, and on

motion of Mr. Brown, it was ordered that Mr. Murray report the facts in the case at next meeting. On motion of Mr. Clayton, it was ordered that a lamp post be erected at the corner near G. T. Cook's residence on Wilmington street: Provided, the Gas Company run the pipe from Fayetteville street free

of charge to the city. On motion of Mr. Richardson, it was ordered that a lamp post be erected at or near the corner of Deaf

and Dumb School. On motion of Mr. Upchurch, it was ordered that a lamp post be erected at or near the corner of Mr. D. Royster's work shop, on Hargett street: Provided the Company run the pipe down said street free

On motion of Mr. Busbee, it was or-lered that a lamp post be erected at the corner of Mr. W. W. Holden's residence. On motion of Mr. Briggs, it was ordered that a

lamp be placed at or near the corner of the Masonic On motion of Mr. Brown, it was ordered that a bridge be built in the rear of the residence of Mr. Ransom Johnson, on Cabarus street, and that the Commissioners of the Eastern Ward superintend the building of the same.

On motion of Mr. Richardson, it was ordered that a culvert be built on Lane street near the R. & G. R. R.; Provided, that the stone is furnished by the R. R. Company free of charge. The following accounts were presented, and on

motion allowed: Waterhouse & Bowes for Gas, W. C. Parker, Watchman, 23 00 E. M. Roberts, 31 20 Duncan Gouch for Stone, 2 20 On motion of Mr. Busbee it was ordered that

the officers certify to the correctness of all accounts that may be presented for payment. On motion, the lamp lighters were allowed the same compensation for lighting the same until the

number of posts are increased. On motion, the proprietor of the Oak City House was unanimously recommended to retail spirituous

On motion, it was ordered that Mr. Clayton be authorized to have the Hay Scales put in order, and that the Mayor appoint a Weigh Master, and take his bond for the same.

On motion, the Board adjourned. J. J. CHRISTOPHERS, Clerk.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.—The Cavalry company formed in Onslow a few days ago resolved, on motion of Col. I. W. Humphrey, to have their uniform made of North-Carolina manufactured cloth. Col Humphrey is a true Southerner and a most useful citizen. He has served the people of Onslow in both branches of the Legislature greatly to their satisfaction, and will, we doubt not, continue to serve them in the same capacity.

DIED. In Jefferson county, Florida, on the 20th of January, at the age of two months and four days, Theresa Lamar, infant of Dr. A. B. and M. L. Hawkins,

THE REASON WHY: A Careful Collection of Many Hundreds of Things which, though Generally Believed, are Imperfectly Understood.

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January 31, 1860. NOTICE.

JOHN H. WRIGHT, ADMINISTRATOR OF THE estate of JOB WRIGHT, dec'd., having settled up said estate agreeably to law, hereby give notice to the lawful heirs of GEORGE and POLLY JACKSON to come forward and receive their parts of said estate in the time prescribed by law; and any information to their whereabouts will be thankfully received, by addressing the subscriber at Pierceville P. O., Cleaveland county, State of North-

JOHN H. WRIGHT. Adm'r. January 31, 1860. 9-5tpd. TELEGRAPHED FOR THE STANDARD.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30, 1860. Gov. Pennington, black Republican, of New Jersey, was within one vote of being Speaker to-day. Briggs, of New York, announced that he would give that vote when all chance for the election of Smith has passed. There appears to be no chance for

The Democrats will hold a caucus for a nominee

WORKINGMEN'S ASSOCIATION. THE NEXT REGULAR MEETING OF THE WAKE County Workingmen's Association will be held in the Court House, in Raleigh, on MONDAY MIGHT, 6th of February. A full attendance is desired, as matters of importance are to be transacted. Several speeches may be expected. The public are respectfully invited to attend.
S. H. PARRISH, Sec'y. January \$1, 1860.

Register please copy. DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN ALAMANCE. THE DEMOCRATS OF ALAMANCE COUNTY ARE requested to convene in the Court House in Graham. on SATURDAY, the 3d of March, to appoint delegates to the District and State Conventions, and for the transaction

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, January 27, 1860.

of other business.

A full attendance is desired.

COACH-MAKING! THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM THE Public generally, that he has recently taken the "OLD STAND,"

we'l known by everybody, west of the "Capitol Square," and former y occupied by WM. F. CLARKE, and is fully prepared to carry on

COACH-MAKING in all its various branches, in the VERY BEST style. Prices to Suit the Times. El

Persons will do well to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. Repairing done at the shortest notice, and in the very JAMES BASHFORD. Raleigh, Jan. 31, 1860.

TO COACH-MAKERS. WISH TO EMPLOY A BODY-MAKER AND A Trimmer, for Carriages, Buggies, &c. To those whose work and habits commend them, steady employment and good wages will be given.

JAS. BASHFORD. Raleigh, Jan. 31, 1860. COUGHS, COLDS, HOMESENESS and INPLC-

ENZA, IBRITATION, SORENESS, or any affection of the Throat CURED, the Hacking Cough in Consumption, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Catarrh, RELEIVED by BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, or COUGH LOZENGES. "A simple and elegant combination for Coughs, &c."

Dr G. F. Bigslow, Boston. "I recommend their use to Public Speakers." Rev. E. H. CHALIN, New York. " Most salutary relief in BRONCHITIS." Rev. S. Seigeried, Morristown, Ohio.

"Beneficial when compelled to speak, suffering from old." Rev. S. J. P. Anderson, St. Louis. " Effectual in removing Hoarseness and Irritation of the Throat, so common with Sprakens and Singers.'
Prof. M. STACY JOHNSON, LaGrange, Ga., Teacher of Music, Southern Female College. " Great benefit when taken before and after preaching, as

they prevent Hourseness. From their past effect, I think they will be of permanent advantage to me."

Rev. E. Rowley, A. M., President Athens College, Tenn.

Sold by all Druggists, at 25 cents per box. Also, Brown's Laxative Trocues, or Cuthartic Lozenges, or Dyspensia, Indigestion, Constipution, Headacke, Bilous January 24, 1860. 7-w&sw3mos.

A GRAND VIRGINIA DISCOVERY. SOME FOUR MONTHS SINCE, OUR EXCELLENT had prepared a hair restorer with which he was experimenting upon his own head, whose top was entirely bald. We saw him two days since, and on the place so bald four months since, a fine crop of hair has spring up with a vig-orous growth. So convinced is Mr. EZEKEL of the effica-

cy of his discovery, that he has named it "The Infallible Virginia Hair Restorer." Mr. E. is about going into an extensive manufacture of an article which is destined to prove of anxious interest to our bald pated friends.—From Richmond Enquirer, December

This famous article can now be had of the principal Druggists. Those persons who desire a fine head of hair, have only to use the restorer according to printed direc-tions on the bottle. Those who have any doubts of its efficary, can have them removed in a short time, by using the INFALLIBLE VIRGINIA HAIR RESTORER, proving that it is all that it is claimed to be Wholesale depot for orders, 69 Main Street

N. EZEKIEL.

telligent.

RICHMOND, November 14, 1859. I. N. EZEKIEL, take oath on the Holy Bible, that I have been hald for the past 12 years, and have restored my hair by using EZEKIEL'S VIRGINIA HAIR RESTORER. NAPHTALI EZEKIEL. This day sworn to before me, by Naphtali Ezekiel.

JOSEPH MAYO.

Mayor of Richmond. 3-waswly.

I. I. CHAPLIN. BOOK BINDER & BLANK BOOK MANU-FACTURER,

RALEIGH, N. C., RALEIGH and the vicinity generally, that he will promptly and punctually attend to the binding of Acuspapers, Magazines and Periodicals of all kinds and in any style, plain or ornamental, on moderate terms. December 23, 1859.

NORTH-CAROLINA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

Charlotte, N. C. THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTE WILL open on the 1st of MARCH next. Applications for admission will be received until that Maj. D. H. HILL, Sup't

N. B. For Further particulars apply for a Circular. December 23, 1859. 109—w&swtMarch1. HILLSBORO' N. C. MILITARY ACADEMY. THIS ACADEMY WILL BE CONDUCTED ON THE plan of the Virginia and South-Carolina State Milita-

Institutions. For a Circular address the Superintendent, COL. C. C. TEW, Hillsboro', N. C. January 28, 1859

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!! Received Daily. MAMILIES SUPPLIED IN ANY QUANTITY, WARranted fresh and sound, and good measure given,

At the OAK CITY HOUSE. Raleigh, Oct. 26, 1859.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.—CARTE-Relation of Equity, Fall Term, 1859.— Robert Hastey and Elizabeth his wife, William L. Turner and Lovey his wife, Delaney Harper, Collin S. Harper, William Y. Harper, Avis H. Harper, William Hastey, Jun., John B Hastey, Julia Ann Hastey, James Q Wills and Eliza A. his wife, Elizabeth Hastey, Martin Hastey, Albert Hastey, Mary Jane Hastey, and Sarah Hastey—the five last named infants, by their next friend William Hastey, Sen., who sue in behalf of themselves and all others who claim o be next of kin of William Harper, dec'd., vs. John W. Pelletier, Administrator of William Harper, dec'd In this case it is referred by the Court to the Clerk and Master, to ascertain and report to the next Term of this Court who are the next of kin of William Harper, dec'd., late of Carteret county, N. C.; and it is further ordered by the Court that publication be made for three months con-

secutively in the N. C. Standard, a newspaper published in the city of Ruleigh, and in the Beautort Journal, a paper published in the town of Beaufort, directing all pe who claim to be next of kin of said William Harper, dec'd o come in and make their claims before the Master of this Court, at his office in the town of Beaufort, by the May Term, A. D., 1860, of this Court. Witness, B. L. Perry, Clerk and Master of the Court of Equity of Carteret county, at Beaufort, this 11th day of

January, 1860. January 20, 1860. (Pr. adv. \$12.) 4-w3m.\*

STATE OF NORNH-CAROLINA.—COLUM-BUS COUNTY.—Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1859.—Thomas M. Smith, Ex'r. of Bythel Rouse, dec'd., vs. Asa Rouse. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Piercy Rouse, Anna Jane Rouse, Caroline Rouse, Amy Rouse and Goldsburg Rouse, the next of kin of the said Bythel Rouse, reside beyond the limits of the State: It is ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Standard for six weeks, notifying them to appear at the next Term of this Court, then and there to see proceedings in this cause, and to make themselves parties to the said issue, if they should

think proper so to do.
Witness, William M. Baldwin, Clerk of said Court, at office, the second Monday of November, A. D., 1859. WM. M. BALDWIN, C. C. C. December 20, 1859. (Pr. adv. \$5.6214.) 51-w6t.

NOTION HOUSE. ALMOST EXCLUSIVELY ENGAGED IN THE SOUTHERN TRADE.

CUMMINGS & CO., Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Hosiery, Gloves, and Fancy Goods, NO. 321 MARKET STREET.

PHILADELPHIA. CUMMINGS & CO. ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR Spring Stock of

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c., Selected with great care, and with special reference to the Southern Trade, to which the attention of their House has been directed since its establishment. The most liberal terms will still be continued to southern customers

7 The attention of buyers visiting the Northern Market is respectfully solicited to an examination of their stock.

January 16, 1860.

A CALL FROM LYNN ADAMS. COME MEN, BOTH ONE AND ALL-YES, COME to the Iron House, on the south side of Market Square, where you can find Iron, Steel, Bacon, Lard, Coffee, Sugar, where you can find Iron, Steel, Bacon, Lard, Coffee, Sugar, Cheese, Sait, Rope, Bagging, Sole Leather, Russett Upper Leather, Flour, Meal, Corn, Glass, Putty, Nails, Spun Thread, Heavy Osnaburgs, Brogan Shoes, Stitchdown Shoes, Adamantine Candles, Bar Soap, Grind-Stones, Cast Plows, Shovels, Spades, Knob Locks, Stock Locks, Pad Locks, Patent Balances, Spring Balances, Coffee Mills, Butts and Screws, Shoe Nails, Coffee Kettles, Hook and Eye Hinges, Planes, Hand-Saws, Augers, Chirels, Hand-Hammers, Chop Hatchets, Log Chains, Truce Chains, Breast Chains, Grind-stone Fixtures, Horse Shoes, Mule Shoes, Wagon-wheel Boxes, Andirons, Castings, Mill-saw Files, Hand-saw Files, Pocket Cutlery, Table Cutlery, Files, Hand-saw Files, Pocket Cutlery, Table Cutlery, Scissors, Shears, Steel Pens, Pins and Needles, Lad Pen-cils, and many other things of this kind too tedious to men tion. I part'cularly call the attention of my friends and customers to my stock of BROGAN BOOTS AND SHOES. I offer the above named Goods as cheap as they can be sold by any one who sells my kind of Goods

I return my grateful that ks to the public for the liberal patronage received from them for the last 20 years, and wish to merit a continuance of the same.

LYNN ADAMS. Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 1, 1859. P. S. I will take all kinds of country produce in exchange for Goods. I should like to buy 20,000 or 25,000

FOR SALE OR RENT. THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING BOUGHT THE large Brick Hotel formerly occupied by Jereminh Pigzott, now offer it for Sale or Reat, on accommodating terms. It is one of the largest and best buildings in the State-100 feet by 44, four stories high-large dining-room, and in every way constructed so as to be one of the best arranged buildings for a first class Hotel that we know of in the State. All the work is done in the most permanent

manner, covered with tin; located immediately opposite the Depot on the N. C. Railroad, in the town of High The healthfulness of the place is generally known. It is a very pleasant place for the health and the pleasure seekers to spend their summer months. Any person wishing the property would do well to make

early application, as some early disposition will be made Also a tract of 300 acres of excellent farming land with good improvements, 1 g miles from High Point, formerly occupied by Jeremiah Piggott.

W. SHEEK.

JOHN CARTER, JONATHAN P. WINSLOW.

January 16, 1960 VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE. A NEAT COTTAGE WITH FIVE WELL-ARRANG-ed rooms of good size, together with necessary out-buildings, good Barn and Stables, handsomely located in the town of Lenisburg, with two and one quarter acres of land attached, and a most excellent well of water; said premises are situated near the Female College square,

fronting the main street. I also offer a tract of land, known as the lands of Dr. Hamilton Taylor, dee'd., containing eight hundred and eight acres, lying on the Raleigh and Gaston Raifroad, near Wake Forest College, adjoining the lands of James Alston, Wm. Freeman, Mitchell and others. The improvements are fair, the dwelling consisting of four rooms 20 feet square, with convenient out-houses. The said premises is on it some very rich bottom lands on the waters of Little river, many branches and springs. The larger part of the land is the natural growth, and well adapted to Corn, Wheat, Tobacco and Cotton. It has also a good Orchard of Apple and Peach trees, and a nice Vineyard of Scuppernong Grapes. I will sell the above land, or half of it, to suit those wishing to purchase, upon reasonable terms. During my absence, Mr. Jessy Davis will show the land to those wishing to purchase, as he will be always found on the premises. Mr. James, Wm. or Richard Yarborough will show my Lot in Louisburg to any person wishing to

purchase, when I am absent. JNO. H. BRODIE.

PLANTATION AND NEGROES FOR SALE IN SOUTH-WESTERN GEORGIA. TANIE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED PROPERTY HAS been placed in my hands for sale, by one of the most successful Cotton Planters in South-Western Georgia, who

desires a change of residence and occupation:
Three open and highly improved PLANTATIONS, situated in the heart of the "Lime Belt," convenient to Rail-One containing 3,500 Acres;

One containing 1,750 Acres; and One containing 1,250 Acres; Together with all of the Stock complete, Planting Utensils, and an abundant supply of Provisions. Also, seventy experienced and A No. 1, Cotton making NEGROES, the most of whom are working hands, will be sold with the Plantations if desired, but not separately.

Terms as follows can be made: -A small amount of cash, and the balance in instalments of one, two, three and four years, well secured, with interest payable annually. Persons wishing to see the property will please notify me a few days before visiting the country, that I may be at For further particulars address me at "Bond's Mills,"

Baker county, Georgia. W. W. CHEEVER. May 9, 1859. 19-wtf.

LAND FOR SALE. AVING DETERMINED TO REMOVE TO FLORI-da, I offer for sale my plantation situated about half a mile west of Hilliardston, in the county of Nash, containing three hundred and sixty acres, about one-third of which is in original forest; also, there are some thirty or forty acres of superior swamp land. A portion of the re-mainder is in a fair state of cultivation, and is well adapted to the growth of Corn, Cotton, Tobacco, Wheat, Oats, &c., &c.; and for the location it lies well for improving, for which there is an abundance of excellent materials. The improvements consist of a Dwelling House of four comfortable rooms and all necessary out-houses, eligibly situated on the main road leading from Hilliardston to Lou-isburg. To those wishing to engage in the mercantile bu-siness, with a small farm, this place offers many inducements.

legally authorized to sell and convey title.
N. P. DRAKE. NOTICE. HAVING LEGAL AUTHORITY TO SELL THE above described tract of land, I will sell the same on TUESDAY, the 13th day of February next, in the town of Nashville, (if not sold privately before the day) to the

The neighborhood is proverbially healthy, moral and in-

Any information concerning the above can be obtained

by addressing B. D. Mann, at Battleboro', N. C., who is

highest bidder. Terms made known on the day of sale. B. D. MANN. January 13, 1860. 3-wtds.\*

A SELECT ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL! Mt. Vernon Springs, Chatham Co., N. C. THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING BEEN ENGAGED IN the instruction of youth for several years, and for the last four Principal of the Male Department of Mt. Vernon Seminary, will open on the 2d MONDAY in January a se-lect school for boys and young men at this place. The Springs are justly celebrated for their medicinal properties, and the healthfulness of this place is well known. It is

removed from inducements to vice and scenes of dissipa-Young men can here pursue an English and Scientific course of studies and be prepared for the business of life, while those who wish can be prepared for the University or Wake Forest College.

TERMS PER SESSION: For English Studies, from \$5 00 to \$15 CO 15 00 Latin and Greek, Agricultural Chemistry, (Extra,) Incidental Expenses,
It is very desirable for all to be punctual, though pupils

will be received at any time; and after two weeks from the opening of the session will be charged from time of entrance till close of session, and no deductions unless in cases of protracted illness. One half tuition payable in Good Board can be obtained in the village and ueighborhood at from \$6 50 to \$8 per month, including washing, lights, &c., and a few can obtain board with the subscriber. For further particulars address R. P. JONES,

Goldston, Chatham county, N. C. January 6, 1860.

JERSEY SETTLEMENT LAND FOR SALE. OFFER FOR SALE 440 ACRES OF THE BEST Jersey Land, lying on both sides of the North-Carolina Railroad, between the two Pott's Creek Bridges, and extending to the Yadkin river. The soil is of the very best quality throughout, with near 40 acres of first and second river bottom. There is a beautiful building site, with a well of superior water in a beautiful grove, elevated and near a public road. The soil is of the best quality for Tobaco, Cotton and all the cereals. Its fine location and excellency of soil makes it a most desirable place for a first rate firm. It adjoins my main farm, and is only separated by a creek. Persons are invited to view the premises, and:

to call on my son, who lives near by. W. R. HOLT. Lexington, N. C., Jan. 16, 1860.