EVENING STAR.

WASHINGTON CITY:

FRIDAY AFTERNOON .....November 10.

☞ A. B. OWENS, No 70 High st., Portsmouth, Va., will furnish subscribers to the *Evening Star* with their papers regularly every morning after its issue.

☞ JEREMIAH KIDWELL, Esq., is appointed our agent for collecting subscriptions to the *Daily Evening Star* and *Weekly Star*, in the State of Virginia. We commend him to the kind attention of our friends.

☞ W. M. MILLS, at Fredericksburg, Va., is prepared to furnish subscribers to the *Star* with their papers early every morning. Persons wanting the paper will be promptly attended to by leaving their names and addresses with him.

SPIRIT OF THE MORNING PRESS

The *Intelligencer* has an appropriate notice of the death of the venerable widow of Alexander Hamilton, of whose extreme illness we notified the *Star's* readers some days ago. The same paper explains justly that the recent New York election exhibits no party test there.

The *Union* rejoices that the days of Hards and Softs are over in New York, feeling certain that proof of that consoling fact may be drawn from the election there of Tuesday last.

THE NEW YORK ELECTION.

Returns received up to 10 o'clock last evening, show the following result for Governor:

Seymour, 90,000; Clark, 82,000; Ullmann, 81,000.

Raymond (Whig) is surely chosen Lieut. Governor.

Seymour is elected by 18 or 20,000 majority, and 30 or 32 anti Nebraska Congressmen, of whom 28 are Whigs, are elected.

It is hardly possible that the Legislature will be Seward Whig.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS ELECTED.

Dist. 1. Wm. W. Valk, K. N.
2. J. S. T. Stranaham, Whig.
3. Guy R. Pelton, W. K. N.
4. John Kelly, Soft Dem.
5. Thos R. Whitney, K. N.
6. John Wheeler, Ind.
8. Abraham Wakeman, Whig
9. Bayard Clark, K. N. W.
10. A. S. Murray, Whig.
11. Rufus H King, Whig.
12. Killian Miller, Whig.
13. Russell Sage, Whig.
14. Dr. S H. Dickson, Whig.
17. F. E. Spinner, Soft Dem
18. Thos Jackson, Hard Dem.
20. Orsamus B. Matteson, Whig.
23. Wm. A Gilbert, Whig.
24. Gen. A P. Granger, Whig.
25. E B. Morgan, Whig.
26. A. Oliver, Dem.
29. John Williams, Soft Dem.
30. Benj. Pringle, Whig.
31. Thos T. Flagler, Whig.
32. Solomon G. Haven, Whig.
33. Francis S. Edwards, W. K. N.

John Wheeler is re-elected to Congress from the VIth District, by the following vote:

Wheeler, (Ind.)	5,101	Murphy, (Soft)	2,580
Marshall, (W.)	2,163	Mead, (Douglas)	1,322

Wheeler over Murphy, 2,521; Do. over Marshall, 2,938; Do. over Mead, 3,779.

Kelly beats Walsh 74 votes.

Coleman, of the Astor House, is elected to the Assembly.

The Express, of last evening, in speaking of the Gubernatorial contest, says:

"The returns, we have as corrected, pretty well establish the re-election of Horatio Seymour, by 8,000 or 10,000 majority, but the fact is not yet certain, in consequence of the straggling and incomplete character of the reports. Seymour goes out of the city between 9,000 and 10,000 ahead of Ullmann, and 13,000 or 14,000 ahead of Clark,—which plurality over Ullmann in the city, will, probably, be about his majority in the State."

Of the majority it says:

"Fernando Wood is reported Mayor elect by 828 plurality in a poll of 49,518 votes; that is to say there are for Wood 16,176 votes, and 33,345 votes against him divided between Barker, Hunt, and Herrick! Indeed the election is so very close, that the official canvass may upset this reported result."

Greely says:

"The Congressional vote is encouraging. As a general thing, so far as it was felt at all, the Know Nothing movement aided the Whig and Anti-Nebraska members."

The City Councils are largely Whig.

In the Legislature there will be an overwhelming Whig majority.

NEW JERSEY.

The members of Congress just elected for this State are as follows:

1st district—Isaiah D. Clawson, Whig K.N.
2d—Geo R. Robbins, Whig.
3d—James Bishop, Whig Anti-N.
4th—George Vail, Dem. Nebraska.
5th—A. C. M. Pennington, Whig K. N.

ILLINOIS

The following Congressmen are elected in this State—all Anti-Nebraska men:

1st district—Elihu B. Washburn, Fusion.
3d—Jesse O. Norton, do.
4th—James Knox do.
5th—Archibald Williams, do.
6th—Richard Yates, do.
8th—Lyman Trumbull, Democrat.
2d—James A. Woodworth, Fusion.
7th and 9th districts not yet ascertained.

WISCONSIN.

The following are said to be the members of Congress elected from this State:

Dist. 1. Daniel Wells, Democrat.
2. C C Washburne, Whig and Free Soil.
3. John B. Macy, Democrat.

MICHIGAN.

The following are thought to be the members of Congress elected from this State:

Dist. 1. William A. Howard, Fusionist.
2. Henry Waldron, do.
3. David S. Walbridge, do.
4. Moses Wisner, do.

☞ Telegraphic lines are multiplying rapidly throughout southern Europe. All parts of the extensive empire of Austria are in connection with Vienna. Her Hungarian system already extends to Belgrade and Hermanstadt, the nearest point to the seat of war, and will be completed in a few days to Bucharest. Turkey and her allies are about connecting it with Constantinople, via Varna, Shumla, &c. When these lines are completed, the press and Government of Paris and London will hold daily communication with the seat of war. Russia has ordered the line from St. Petersbug to Moscow te be continued to Odessa and Sevastapol. Austria has now 3,000 miles of telegraph in operation; Prussia has 4,000, and Switzerland a proportionally greater number. The Swiss have in fact more telegraphic lines than any other country on the continent, allowing for the difference in territory. The wires in these countries generally run through leaden tubes underground.

☞ A glowing account of the rapid increase of population and improvement in Washington in the Olympia Pioneer. There are in Olympia Territory fifty ington Territory is given in a ninety well-constructed buildings, and in the Territory thirty-three mercantile establishments and 700 souls. saw mills, with a population of 6,000.

WASHINGTON NEWS AND GOSSIP.

Costa Rica's Designs on the Nicaraguan Government.—We have received the following communication upon this subject:

Messrs. Editors:—My attention has been called to a paragragh which appeared in Friday last's issue of estimable paper under this head: "Costa Pica's designs on the Nicaraguan Isthmus." In that article you express an opinion adverse to the right Costa Rica has always claimed to the sovereignty of the Isthmus in an equal extent with Nicaragua. Probably you are only acquainted with one side of the case. However, it is not my intention now to discuss its merits. The matter has been several times submitted to the examination of the United States Government, who could not fail to recognize the titles preferred by Costa Rica.

What I now beg to remark is, that in expressing your views on the subject, you should ascribe the recent action of Costa Rica to a desire of taking American travel and freight for passing over the Isthmus and to a hostile feeling against Americans and their interests.

These representations, Messrs. Editors, allow me to say, are in contradiction with facts. You know very well that the holders of the charter granted by Costa Rica, are American citizens. You know very well that the grantees are only bound to pay a very small consideration; (nominal we should call it, when taking into account the importance of the affair) which circumstance will enable them to lower the rates of passage and freight; while it proves Costa Rica is not anxious to tax American commerce. You know very well that if a new line owned and managed by Americans, such as the Costa Rica Transit Company is intended to be, should be established on the Isthmus, the necessary result would be to create a competition with the old Nicaragua line—the cheapning of passage and freight, the improvement of accommodation, and a thousand other advantages for the general benefit of the American traveling public. You know very well that the privileges of the Nicaragua Company have only eight years more to run, at the expiration of which term the right of way will cease; but the Costa Rican Company has obtained twenty years, which is another advantage for the public.

I trust Messrs. Editors, you will have the goodness to give place to this letter in the columns of your journal, for the sake of impartiality and truth, the paramount duties of your position. You will exceedingly oblige your most obedient, AN OBSERVER.

Washington, November 4th, 1854.

Note on the above Communication.—With all due respect for the highly respectable gentleman who has favored us with the above communication, we beg leave to say that he has not told the whole story. Costa Rica, without the consent of Nicaragua, annexed to herself the southernmost portion of the territory of the latter, the northern boundary of which is the San Juan river, to a point fifteen leagues below Lake Nicaragua. From 1514, up to the date of the acts above referred to, (if our historical recollection is not at fault,) there was no question as to the identity of the section of country in question with Nicaragua. So far as *that* portion of it bordering the San Juan river is concerned, however, the acts of dismemberment and annexation were never consummated; Costa Rica never acquiring a practical control of it; as from time immemorial, to this hour, it remains an integral part of Nicaragua, except wherein Great Britain, by force of arms and without the slightest shadow of right, dispossessed the latter of jurisdiction of the mouth of the river, under the pretence that that is a portion of the dominions of the bogus Mosquito King. Costa Rica has resorted to every possible expedient to induce Nicaragua to acknowledge her coequality of jurisdiction over the San Juan by virtue of her unauthorized and illegal act of annexing to herself the southern province of Nicaragua, to which we refer above. She (Costa Rica) has gone so far in this work as justly to involve herself in the suspicion of responsibtlity, in part, for England's act of dispossessing Nicaragua of the port of San Juan in favor of the Mosquito King. She denies the fact, though the diplomatic world have not generally credited her denial. However, she has never for a day held practical jurisdiction over the river, the right to navigate which she has assumed, as our correspondent explains in his communication, to cede away for "*a very small consideration.*" Indeed, so far as her legal right to do any such thing under such circumstances is concerned, she has just as much right to cede to a company the navigation of the Thames, the Seine, or the Potemac. As for cheapening the rates of freight and passage over the Isthmus—that's all fol-de-rol; for they are now notoriously down to absolute cost; this policy having been found necessary on the part of those controling that transit, in their competition with the other existing lines of transit between our Atlantic and Pacific ports. The American parties who are in the Costa Rica speculation are, probably, only after selling to "green 'uns" their charter, entertaining no design, we presume of burning their fingers by spending their money in the vain effort to avail themselves of privileges which the grantor had no valid right to cede away. Whenever Costa Rica can get possession of the San Juan, it will be time enough for her to grant a charter to navigate that stream. Until then, all she may do in that way will continue to look as though only designed to embarrass the navigation of the river by those Americans who have already expended millions in perfecting the transit to California by that route. As this cannot be done without grievous injury to the existing commerce of the United States, we take it for granted that the Government of our country will not stand idly by and witness the consummation of any plans to that end, should parties be found so foolhardy as to undertake them, which, by the by, we do not believe.

Misrepresentations. — We have not the slightest confidence in the truth of two items of foreign news brought by the America yesterday

1st. In the story that Mr. Soule's return to Madrid has generated great surprise and indignation; and next, in the story that he was prohibited from passing through Paris on his way back from London to Madrid.

We discredit these stories, first, because it is known by those in Washington who should be apprised of all his intended movements, that he had no idea of leaving London on his return to Madrid, until after the present date. So we do not believe he has set out on his return

We discredit the French part of the joke, too, because only three or four weeks ago he was in Paris suffering not the slightest molestation from the Government whatever, being treated by all, high and low, precisely as a gentleman in his position should be treated. He went every where about the city without a sign of interference being manifested against him.

Army Officers Resigned.—2d Lieut. James P. Llewellen, of 1st artillery, and 2d Lieut. Melancthon Smith, of the 8th infantry, U. S. A., have resigned; the resignation of the 1st named taking effect on the 2d inst., and that of the latter on the 9th—yesterday.

Promotions in the Sixth Auditor's Office.—Mr. J. W. Compton has been promoted to a 2d class ($1,400 per annum) clerk in this office, vice W. W. Stevens, resigned.

Mr. S. Y. McNair has also been promoted in the same office to a similar position, vice N. B. Markle, resigned.

The Current Operations of the Treasury Department.—On yesterday, the 9th of Nov., there were of Treasury Warrants entered on the books of the Department—

For the redemption of stock.....	$72 10
For paying other Treasury debts..	1,860 29
For the Customs.....	9,359 12
Covered into the Treasury from miscellaneous sources.....	10 85
For the Interior Department.....	60 85

PERSONAL.

.... Hon. John Appleton, of Maine, is at Willard's Hotel.

.... Major Henry Weightman has reached this city.

.... Hon. John M. Clayton made a speech at Delaware City, on Monday, in favor of the Know Nothings, and predicted all sorts of ruin in consequence of the passage of the reciprocity bill, which, he said, would cause a reduction in the price of wheat and breadstuffs generally. The honorable gentleman is on the wrong tack. Now, nothing would rejoice the hearts of the masses of the country more than a reduction in the price of coal and breadstuffs. Rank, profligate speculation keeps these articles outrageously high.

.... Mr. J. B. Roberts, the young American tragedian, is playing a very successful engagement at Nashville, Tenn. The papers of that city are very loud in their praises of his impersonations of Sir Giles Overreach, Hamlet, Richard III., and Richelieu.

.... Judge Gamble, of the Supreme Court of Mississippi, has resigned his seat upon the bench in consequence of ill health. The resignation is to take effect on the 15th inst.

.... Mr. John Hector, the well known and popular vocalist, died at the residence of a relative in Boston, on Monday night, of dropsy of the heart. He was about 30 years of age, and on the eve of marriage.

.... Some miscreant attempted, on Wednesday evening, to throw vitriol in the face of Madame E. Wallace Bouchelle, vocalist, and sister of Wallace, the composer, as she was leaving the Metropolitan theater, New York, in company with friends. She escaped the blow aimed for her face. but she received the contents of the bottle of vitriol on her dress. The miscreant is supposed to be a person who had previously sent Madame B. threatening letters.

.... One James Kincabaugh died in Chillicothe, Ohio, a few days since. Before his death he directed that he should be buried beside his wife (who died some years since) in the Methodist Cemetery north of this place. Accordingly, when his demise took place, a friend went to show the sexton the spot, and found a grave dug in the precise spot. The sexton remembered that a stranger had on Wednesday (three days before Mr. R 's death) ordered the grave for a person of that name, but no one knows who the stranger was, or what was his motive for such singular conduct.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE AMERICA'S NEWS.

Yesterday, we announced the arrival of the steamer America with one week's later news from Europe, the details arriving too late for our evening issue. This morning we have dispatches giving details of the news, from which we learn that Sevastopol has not yet been taken by the allies, nor does that event appear any more likely of early achievement than at the date of our previous advices. The bombardment commenced on the 17th ult., but up to the 21st little damage had been done to the fortifications. Frequent sorties were made by the Russians, and the results of these engagements are seen in the arrival of five steamers at Constantinople, with the wounded. It was supposed that after a few days continuance of the bombardment, an attempt would be made to storm the garrison. The Russian army 45,000 strong, was hovering around the allied camp.

Affairs between Austria and Prussia wear a threatening appearance. Austria is reported to have summoned Prussia to withdraw her troops from the Galacian frontier. The whole Austrian army had been put upon a war footing. Actual hostilities between Austria and Russia were confidently expected at Vienna.

The French Emperor has refused our Minister to Spain, Mr. Soule, permission to pass through France on his return to Madrid. What our Government will say to this is hard to conjecture.

The London Post considers the acquisition of Samana by the United States to be virtually if not absolutely the annexation of St. Domingo.

From both England and France we have intelligence of the embarkment of further troops for the seat of war. Another Arctic expedition is to be sent out from England in Spring to search for the remains of Sir John Franklin and his party. Dr. Rea is to have the command.

From Spain we learn that Mr. Soule's return to Madrid had caused much excitement, and efforts were made to induce the Spanish government to demand his recall. Between French fears and Spanish hostility, Mr. Soule has some chance of being elevated into a hero. Queen Isabella had abandoned the idea of abdicating, and a new movement of the Legitimists was anticipated.

The commercial news is important. Flour had advanced 2s., wheat 6d. to 9d., and corn from 3s. to 4s. per quarter. Cotton was unchanged but firm. Consols closed at 94⅞. The Bank of England had reduced its rate of discount.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

Lord Raglan and Marshal Canrobert had formally summoned Sevastopol to surrender, and required that the women and children and the sick should be sent away, and that flags should be hoisted on the hospitals.

The allied army ss divided into siege army and army of observation. The latter is posted on the extensive table land which separates Balaklava from Sevastopol, accessible only from two points.

On the 2d, 5th and 11th of October, the garrison at Sevastopol made sorties and destroyed some small work.

On the evening of the 5th, a convoy of transports, with 4,000 Russians, succeeded in entering Sevastopol.

The allies number 110,000 men at Sevastopol, and 8,000 additional French troops were ready to embark from Marseilles on the 21st, and 8,000 Turks from Varna.

Letters say that the allies have 300 guns in their batteries, and after a few days' firing, an attempt will be made to storm the garrison, which is estimated at 40,000 men.

Admiral Machinoff, who commanded at Sinope, is the commandant at Sevastopol. He has published an address, saying that he will defend it to the last, and that any one is welcome to shoot him if he does not.

Advices from Constantinople to the 13th say that the Russians had retaken Eupatoria, the English garrison of 500 men retiring with the loss of one gun. This, however, is denied by the English papers.

The allies have sent a force, under General Bosquete and Achmet Pacha, to Perekop, to prevent the advance of the Russians.

THE LATEST.

There is nothing of importance from St. Petersburg.

At Sevastopol, on the 31st, the operations of the besiegers continued, their fire being effectively answered, and the fortifications sustaining little damage.

PARIS, Friday night.—There is no confirmation of the reported entry of the Russians into the Dobrudscha. It is, therefore, doubted.

Sir John Burgoyne on the 14th fixed sites for batteries which will destroy the shipping in the port of Sevastopol.

A Russian war steamer has been captured by the fleet.

DEFEAT OF THE RUSSIANS.

The Moniteur of this morning contains an account of a victory gained over the Russians near Gunri, in which the latter lost their baggage and thirty guns. The Russian general was killed. The Turks began the battle by besieging the citadel of Gumri, when the Russian corps which formerly defeated the Turks at Bajagid advanced to the rescue from Erivan, but were repulsed and shut in in one of the defiles, suffering considerable loss.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, noon.—Cotton—The market is unchanged, but firm, with sales of between 7,000 and 8,000 bales.

TWO WEEKS LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

The steamer North Star arrived at New York last evening with two weeks later news from California. She brings the mails, $1,700,000 in gold, and 526 passengers.

THE YANKEE BLADE WRECKED.

The steamer Yankee Blade left San Francisco on the 30th of September for Panama, and was wrecked on the following day. She had on board 800 passengers, besides her crew and firemen, when she struck the reef rocks, off Point Arguello, 15 miles above Point Conception.

A heavy fog hung upon the coast, which was the cause of the disaster. The captain supposed the steamer to be twenty miles from the coast at the time of the disaster. The scene among the pessengers is represented to have been awful, fifteen of whom perished before they were rescued. The following are all the names of the lost that are given: Four children of Mrs. Longstown, Mrs Breman and child; Mrs. Sumner and child; Mrs. Smith and child, wife of Messrs. Smith, Brothers & Co.; Mr. Moore and child, and Frank Mitchell.

There was a terrible scene of pillage on board after she struck, and before the passengers were rescued by the steamship Goliah. All the specie on board, amounting to $153,000, was lost. The ship is a total wreck, having soon washed to pieces.

A FORGERY.

Henry Meigs has committed forgeries of Comptroller's warrants, the stock of California, papers, &c., to the extent of $1,600,000, and decamped for parts unknown, with his brother, John G. Meigs, in the bark American, which they purchased, stored, and armed for the purpose.

The trial of Colonel Walker, ex-President of Senora, is progressing.

A BATTLE IN THE PACIFIC.

A French fleet, consisting of three frigates and a sloop of war, arrived at San Francisco on the 3d inst. They had, in conjunction with the English fleet, made an attack on the Russian town and fort of Petropoulowski, in Kamschatka.

The English and French were repulsed with a loss variously estimated at from one hundred to about douole that number. The British Admiral Price, who commanded the combined fleet, was killed by a pistol shot during the engagement, and it is supposed accidentally shot himself.

Two Russian vessels had been captured by the allies. The British ships sailed aftewards for Vancouver's Island.

KANSAS EMIGRANTS COMING BACK.—Many of the emigrants sent out by the Anti-Slavery Society to take possession of the Territory of Kansas, are coming back sick of the undertaking. We find in the Boston Atlas some accounts from one of their emissaries. The Atlas says:

"A young Milk street clerk, who went out with the September party, from Boston, writes to his friends a most doleful account of his sufferings. He says, that after reaching Kansas City, he and others of the party started on foot, gun in hand, for their new location On their way, he says, they were obliged to sleep in the hay gathered in the fields, purchasing a quart of milk from an Indian squaw for twenty-five cents, to moisten their hard food; that, upon reaching their destination, they found the accommodations to be a few over crowded tents, and they were obliged to camp in the open air. The land now unclaimed is some distance from the river, and is bare of wood.

"In addition, he says it is necessary to keep a vigilant eye upon their effects, for fear of their disappearance. He declares that of the party of one hundred and sixty who left with him, at least ninety are on their way back to the eastward, well satisfied that they are not fitted to settle a new and unbroken country."

GEN. CASS ON THE RICHMOND ENQUIRER. Gen. Cass delivered an elaborate speech at Detroit, on the 4th instant, in which he replies at length to the attack of the Richmond Enquirer on his Democracy. Of the attack, he said:

"I have been arraigned by the Richmond Enquirer in terms not less arrogant than virulent—first denounced and then renounced. I have been finally expelled from the Democratic party, by its decree of excommunication. But, as I am not in the habit of submitting to assumption, nor presumption, so I shall not submit to both, even when united in the columns of that once justly and highly esteemed journal. How are the mighty fallen?

☞ The Atlanta (Ga.) Examiner says, "the negroes have organized Know Nothing lodges and are zealously co-operating with white folks in extending American principles."

CITY EXPENDITURES IN BOSTON.—Mayor Seaver, of Boston, says the city expenditures in Boston this year are $2,056,691 against $1,546,691 last year, making the rate of taxation $9.20 per one thousand dollars, against $7.60 in 1853.

☞ The Boston Post says, "many colored men in New York city voted the Know Nothing ticket on Tuesday, greatly to the discomfiture of the abolitionists, who had calculated on these votes as a matter of course.

AN ESCAPED PRISONER.—The people of the little English town of Grimsby were startled the other day by the appearance in their streets of a tall, handsome Circassian, in picturesque costume. He turned out to have been a prisoner in Russia, who escaped by secreting himself in a British bark, under a load of timber.

A JUST LAW.—The Legislature of Vermont, now in session, has passed a law to punish fraudulent issues and transfer of stock, making such issue a felony, punishable by a fine not exceeding $1,000, and imprisonment in the State Prison for a term not less than one year nor more than ten.

EXTENSIVE YIELD OF GRAPES.—Mr. E. A. McKay, of Naples, Ontario co., was in yesterday with a box of grapes of his own raising. He has one acre of ground from which he has gathered over 10,000 pounds this year. The soil is sandy loam with gravelly sub-soil, similar to that about the bay His vines are in rows, running N 15 deg. E. Mr. McKay has sold in New York, in Montreal, and Quebec, and at other places, the amonnt named, for which he has probably averaged 15 cents per pound. He puts them up very handsomely in small boxes and they keep well. His grapes are of the Isabella variety, and are much improved by his system of cultivation.—*Roch. American, Saturday*

☞ The New York Sun says: "On Sunday no less than ten pastors preached to their respective flocks in this city upon matters appertaining to their duty as citizens of a great and prosperous republic. 'The Maine Law,' 'Duties of American cities,' 'Thoughts suggested by the occurrence of the day,' were the fruitful themes which occupied the attention of priest and lawyer. And in nearly all the churches, it is said, allusion to the extraordinary state of political affairs were made."

☞ TUSCARORA No 5, Improved Order of Red Men, announce to the Brothers of the Order and the public in general that they will give a Ball on THURSDAY EVENING, 7th of December, at Odd Fellows' Hall, Navy Yard.
Particulars in a future advertisement.
J. H. O'BRIEN,
nov 8 —e2w* Treasurer.

☞ BY DR. SCHWARTZE'S PULMONIC BALSAM, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, &c Also, DR. SCHWARTZE'S WORM DESTROYING SYRUP—never known to fail.
For sale at SCHWARTZE & SON'S drug store, Pa. avenue, next to U. S. Hotel. nov 10—2m*

OFFICIAL.

[General Regulations, No 36.]

To Collectors and other Officers of Customs.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, November 4, 1854.

It is deemed advisable to issue, in the form of General Regulations, the instructions forwarded to the collectors of several of several of the principal ports in the United States, under date of the 16th ultimo, as follows:

In consideration of the privilege now enjoyed by the citizens of the United States, as well as of the probable exemption from duty, at an early day, of "fish of all kinds, the products of fish, and of all other creatures living in the water," in pursuance of the stipulations of the reciprocity treaty of the 5th of June last, entered into between the United States and Great Britain, upon due compliance with the requirements of said treaty, respectively, by the Imperial Parliament and the Provincial Parliaments of the British North American Colonies, affected by the treaty aforesaid, and in order to facilitate and promote certain arrangements and understandings (dependent upon the action of Congress) had between the Secretary of State of the United States and the British Minister, Mr Crampton, it becomes necessary to issue the following instructions for your government, to wit:

1. On entry at your port, for consumption, of fish of the description mentioned, and due payment of the duties thereon, you will give the owner, importer, or agent, a proper receipt therefor, with the custom-house seal attached, specifying the name and nation of the vessel or other vehicle, the date of the entry, the place from whence arriving, with the quantity and description of the fish

2. Should the parties desire to warehouse under bond, you will permit the same to be done in accordance with existing provisions of law on the subject, taking care to give such particulars of the transaction, in the bond, as to show the true object of the obligation.

In consequence of the action of Parliament of Canada in giving effect, on the part of that province, to the reciprocity treaty of the 5th of June last, and the order of the customs department of Canada in pursuance thereof, and similar legislative action on the part of the province of New Brunswick, of which the department has received satisfactory information, collectors and other proper officers of the customs are hereby further instructed to apply the foregoing regulations, Nos. 1 and 2 to the importations into the United States from Canada and New Brunswick of the articles (of the products of either of those provinces) enumerated in the schedule annexed to Article third of the reciprocity treaty of the 5th of June last, and in the first section of the act of Congress of the 5th of August last, giving effect to said treaty, to wit:

Grain, flour, and breadstuffs of all kinds; animals of all kinds: fresh, smoked, and salted meats; cotton wool; seeds and vegetables; undried fruits; dried fruits; fish of all kinds; products of fish and other creatures living in the water; poultry; eggs; hides, furs, skins, or tails undressed; stone or marble in its crude or unwrought state; slate, butter, cheese, tallow; lard; horns; manures; ores of metals of all kinds; coal; pitch, tar, turpentine; ashes; timber and lumber of all kinds, round, hewed, and sawed, unmanufactured in whole or in part; firewood plants, shrubs, and trees; pelts; wool; fish oil; rice; broom corn and bark; gypsum, ground or unground; hewn or wrought or unwrought burr or grind stones; dyestuffs; flax, hemp, and tow, unmanufactured; unmanufactured tobacco; rags.

JAMES GUTHRIE,
nov 10 Secretary of the Treasury.

A CARD.—JOHN H. RUTHMANN desires to return his grateful acknowledgements to the different fire companies for their very strenuous and praiseworthy efforts to preserve his property from the conflagration of the night of the 9th inst., and at the same time to thank Captain Birch, of the Auxiliary Guard, Mr. John Davis, Chief of Police, and many other citizens for their kind care of the premises, during this trying occasion.
nov 10—1t

MRS BANNERMAN has just received from New York a beautiful assortment of rich Goods, comprising in part, sash and bonnet Ribbons, narrow trimming Ribbons, Velvet, Plush and Ribbon trimmings for Cloaks and Dresses, embroidered and lace Collars, Sleeves, Chemisetts; cambric and swiss Dufflings, Edgings and Bands; Chaniton and thread Lace and Edging, Mourning Collars and Sleeves, Bonnet Silks and Satin Florence Crapes, Illusions, Nets and Flowers. Call and examine at
MRS. BANNERMAN'S,
nov 10 - e3t Pa. av., opposite Centre Market.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh supply of A. B. WILBOR'S COD LIVER OIL AND PHOSPHATE OF LIME. The most palatable and efficacious preparation of Cod Liver Oil known, for the cure of Consumption, Scrofula, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all scrofulous humors.
For sale by SCHWARTZE & SON,
(Agents for Washington,) Pa. avenue, next door to U. S. Hotel nov 10—2m*

$5 REWARD—Strayed from the subscriber, on November 5th, one Black Horse, with a running sore on his head Also, one Sorrel Mare. The above reward will be given if they are brought to the corner of Tenth and N streets D. NAILOR.
nov 10—2t*

FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKING.

MRS. M. A. E. BROWN, No. 505 I street, between Sixth and Seventh, would respectfully announce to the ladies of Washington, that (notwithstanding a report is in circulation to the contrary) she still continues the Fashionable Dress Making Business, and is prepared to execute all orders that may be confided to her, in a style that she flatters herself will give entire satisfaction. Ladies who desire elegant work and a neat and beautiful fit will find their interest advanced by giving me a call. M. A. E. BROWN.
nov 10—3t*

DANCING ACADEMY AT CARUSI'S SALOON.

MR. JOHN COCHEU respectfully announces to his friends, patrons, and the public, that his school for Dancing, Waltzing, &c., is now open at Carusi's Saloon. Mr. COCHEU trusts that the satisfaction expressed by his patrons at the termination of his last year's labors will again be freely given.

Hours for Tuition for Misses and Masters every Tuesday at 3 p. m., and every Saturday at 10 a. m; for Gentlemen every Tuesday and Saturday at 7 p. m.

A CARD.—LEWIS CARUSI, in retiring from the profession in which he has been so long and he trusts so acceptably engaged, tenders his thanks to the public who have so liberally patronized him. Mr. COCHEU, for many years a teacher in New York, Norfolk, and other cities, and last year in this city and Georgetown, has taken his Saloon, and he confidently recommends him to the notice of his friends as fully qualified in his profession and worthy the confidence of the community as a gentleman.

His Saloon can be rented for Balls, Concerts, Parties, Public Meetings, &c., on reasonable terms, by application to CHARLES TUCKER, Agent,
nov 10—6t* at the Saloon.

GRAND FIREMENS' AND CITIZENS' BALL
OF THE
VIGILANT FIRE COMPANY.

THE Vigilant Fire Company of Georgetown, respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally that their FIFTH ANNUAL BALL will take place on TUESDAY, 28th inst, at FOREST HALL.

The Company pledge themselves that no pains or expense will be spared to make this one of the most agreeable Balls of the season.

Prosperi's celebrated Band is engaged for the occasion.

No hats or cars will be allowed in the room, except those worn by Firemen.

Tickets ONE DOLLAR, admitting a gentleman and ladies; to be had of any of the Managers.

MANAGERS.

Edward S. Wright,	Joseph L. Semmes,
C. H. Rodier,	Wm. Crowley,
John W. Gross,	Joseph W. Maril,
O. M. Linthicum,	Anthony Rodier,
Albert Palmer,	John Shackelford,
John Mehagen,	Henry C. Reaver,
John T. Finy,	Samuel J. Fearson.

nov 10—dtb

TO CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

THE subscriber, intending to change his business, offers for sale, at Baltimore prices, and on accommodating terms, his entire stock of Lumber, equal in quality and quantity to any in this District. Having purchased almost exclusively for cash, and wishing to close out by the 1st of January, I can and will sell as low as the same quality can be bought in this market for cash. and give the purchasers time for notes satisfactorily secured, with interest. I have now on hand—

250,000 feet Albany White Pine
700 000 do Susquehanna do
100,000 do dressed and undressed Carolina and Eastern Shore Flooring
200,000 feet White and Yellow Pine Siding
600,000 Laths
100,000 Shingles
50 000 Pickets, Chestnut and Cedar Posts

A large assortment of Eastern Shore, North Carolina Spruce and Hemlock Joist Scantling and Timber

100,000 feet Hemlock Rails, for fencing

Together with a large stock of Ash, Poplar, Cherry, and Walnut

Also, a full cargo of seasoned Pensacola Flooring just received, equal in every respect to any ever brought to this market, which may be seen at Ager & McLane's Mill.

The wharf and warehouse known as "Bagden's Wharf," will be for rent on the 1st of January next It has been put in complete order, has a water front of upwards of five hundred feet, and twenty feet depth of water at low tide. It is beyond question the most desirable wharf property in this District

All persons indebted to me are requested to settle their accounts at once, either by cash or notes at short dates. THEODORE MOSHER,
nov 10—1m* Blagden's Wharf.

BRACES for ladies and gentlemen at
oct 17 BIRGE'S, Willards' Hotel.

ODD FELLOWS' HALL.

The Jullien Burlesque Opera Troupe,
Of Twenty Performers,

Being the largest company of Ethiopian Minstrels in the United States, most respectfully announce a short series of their novel and amusing entertainments at the above Hall, for FOUR NIGHTS ONLY, commencing on WEDNESDAY, the 8th inst.

Prominent in this unique and new enterprise is the GREAT BURLESQUE ON M. JULLIEN,

And his renowned Orchestra of Twenty Performers, Comprising fourteen selections from the different operas.

The Burlesque on the Hutchinson Family!

And an entire new and original selection of Songs, Duets, and Choruses,

The whole pronounced to be the best musical exhibition in the country.

☞ Tickets 75 cents, children's tickets 25 cents can be had at the music stores, hotels, and at the door.

Concert commences at 7½ o'clock.
nov 4 H. S. CARTER, Manager.

ODD FELLOWS' HALL.

THE PARROWS ARE COMING.

PARROW'S GREAT SOUTHERN BURLESQUE OPERA, BALLET and PANTOMIME TROUPE will commence a series of their chaste and Drawing-Room Entertainments at the above named beautiful exhibition Hall, on MONDAY EVENING, November 13th, and continue for one week.

The company, as ever, comprises 9 talented performers, each one a bright star in his profession.

Mons. HERNANDEZ,
the most accomplished Guitarist in existence, is still connected with this company. He has been justly styled the wonder of the world.

Mr. C. W. KENDALL,
Yankee comedian and comic singer, will appear each evening in his original GRAPE VINE TWIST.

G. W MOORE,
the talented negro comedian, will also appear each evening

The company will introduce their Great Burlesque on the

CHINESE JUGGLERS,
in which Mons Hernandez actually impales G. W. Moore to a board with large steel knives. No other company has ever attempted this startling piece of performance except the Chinese.

Mr. DUN BOWERS
will appear as Bob Ridley every evening.

A new Farce or Pantomime will be introduced every night.

For further particulars see descriptive sheets.

Officers are engaged to keep perfect order.

Admission 25 cents.

Doors open at 6½ o'clock—performance commence at 7½, and concludes at ½ to 10.
nov 9—tf JOHN P. SMITH, Agent.

SUBSCRIPTION BALL.

THE NATIONAL GREYS respectfully inform their friends and the citizens generally, that their grand subscription Ball will be held at CARUSI'S SALOON, on MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 13th, 1854.

The Greys respectfully beg leave to state that they will spare no means or expense to make this ball worthy of the patronage of our citizens, and worthy of the corps.

None but military caps will be admitted in the ball room.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Capt Lem Towers,	Lt Jas Sutton,
Ensign Geo Boyd,	Sgt J Riley,
Qr Mr Flaherty,	Sgt P Regan,
Sgt A Tait,	Corp Jno Dudley,
R Grimes,	Jno Bradley,
Jno Thompson,	E G Shekell.

nov 6—dtb

SECOND ANNUAL BALL
OF THE
NATIONAL GUARD,
MONDAY, December 4th, 1854.

THE NATIONAL GUARD respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally, that their Second Annual Ball will be given on MONDAY, December 4th, 1854.

Particulars in future advertisement.
nov 2—tr.

GRAND MILITARY AND CIVIC BALL.

The Mount Vernon Guards,
OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.,

TAKE pleasure in announcing to their friends, and the public generally, that they will give one of their GRAND BALLS, on WEDNESDAY, November 22, at *SARPETA HALL.*

They pledge themselves that they will give one of the best balls of the season, as nothing shall be left undone that will add to the pleasure of the company.

Good Cotillon Music has been engaged.

Supper and Refreshments will be furnished to ladies and gentlemen.

Hacks will be in attendance to convey ladies to and from the ball.

Tickets—admitting a gentleman and ladies—TWO DOLLARS; to be had of the Committee, or at the ball.

Floor Manager.
HUGH LATHAM, ESQ.

Committee of Arrangements.

Lt Wm H Smith,	Lt Chas Javins,
Sgt W W Allen,	Sgt C W Neale,
John Breene	Sgt John Grimes,

Walter Johnson.
nov 8—eotd

Columbia Fire Company's
EASTER BALL.

THE members of the Columbia Fire Company respectfully notify their friends and the public, that they intend to give a Ball at JACKSON HALL, on EASTER MONDAY NIGHT, April 9th, 1855.
nov 9—3t*

LOST.—On last evening, at or near Odd Fellows Hall, a small Gold BREASTPIN, resembling a cross in shape. The finder will receive a handsome reward by leaving his name at this office.
nov 9—3t*

PARIS WINTER MILLINERY.

MISS E. E. MACDONALD (successor to Mrs. A. H Clark) will open on Saturday, at 10 o'clock, a very large and select assortment of WINTER MILLINERY of the latest Parisian styles. She calls the attention of her customers and the ladies of Georgetown and Washington generally to her fashionable establishment, where all orders are promptly attended to and all repairing done neatly as usual

Store 3 doors east of the Post Office, Bridge