THE EVENING STAR
PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON,
(EXCEPT SUNDAY,)
At the Star Building, corner Pennsylvania avenue and Eleventh street,
By W. D. WALLACH,
Will be served to subscribers in the cities of Washington, Georgetown, Alexandria, Baltimore and Philadelphia, at SIX AND A QUARTER CENTS, payable weekly to the Agents. To mail subscribers the subscription price is THREE DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS a year in *advance*, TWO DOLLARS for SIX MONTHS, and ONE DOLLAR for THREE MONTHS. ☞SINGLE COPIES ONE CENT.

Evening Star.

VOL. V. WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 10, 1855. NO. 707.

THE WEEKLY STAR.
This excellent Family and News Journal—containing a greater variety of interesting reading than can be found in any other—is published on Saturday
TERMS.
Single copy, per annum.....$1 25
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CARTER'S
SPANISH MIXTURE.
The Great Purifier of the Blood!
Not a Particle of Mercury In It!
AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Pustules on the face, Blotches, Boils, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, Lumbago, Spinal Complaints, and all the diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

THIS valuable Medicine, which has become celebrated for the number of extraordinary cures effected through its agency, has induced the proprietors, at the urgent request of their friends, to offer it to the public, which they do with the utmost confidence in its virtues and wonderful curative properties. The following certificates, selected from a large number, are, however, stronger testimony than the mere word of the proprietors; and are all from gentlemen well known in their localities, and of the highest respectability, many of them residing in the city of Richmond, Va.

F. BOYDEN, Esq., of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, known everywhere says he has seen the Medicine called CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE, administered in over a hundred cases, in nearly all the diseases for which it is recommended, with the most astonishingly good results. He says it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen.

AGUE AND FEVER—GREAT CURE.—I hereby certify that for three years I had Ague and Fever of the most violent description. I had several Physicians, took large quantities of Quinine, Mercury, and I believe all the Tonics advertised, but all without permanent relief. At last I tried Carter's Spanish Mixture, two bottles of which effectually cured me, and I am happy to say I have had neither chills or fevers since. I consider it the best Tonic in this world, and the only medicine that ever reached my case. JOHN LONGDEN.
BEAVER DITCH, near Richmond, Va.

C. B. LUCK, Esq., now in the city of Richmond and for many years in the Post Office, has such confidence in the astonishing efficacy of Carter's Spanish Mixture, that he has bought upwards of 58 bottles, which he has given away to the afflicted.—Mr. Luck says he has never known it to fail when taken according to directions.

Dr. MINGE, a practising Physician, and formerly of the City Hotel, in the city of Richmond, says he has witnessed in a number of instances the effects of Carter's Spanish Mixture, which were most truly surprising. He says in a case of Consumption, dependent on the Liver, the good effects were wonderful indeed.

SAMUEL M. DRINKER, of the firm of Drinker & Morris, Richmond, was cured cured of Liver Complaint of three years standing, by the use of two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture.

GREAT CURE OF SCROFULA.—The Editors of the Richmond Republican had a servant employed in their press room, cured of violent Scrofula, combined with Rheumatism, which entirely disabled him from work. Two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture made a perfect cure of him, and the Editors in a public notice, say they "cheerfully recommend it to all who are afflicted with any disease of the blood."

STILL ANOTHER CURE OF SCROFULA.—I had a very valuable boy cured of Scrofula by Carter's Spanish Mixture. I consider it truly a valuable medicine. JAMES M. TAYLOR, Conductor on the R. F. and P. R. R. Co., Richmond, Va.

SALT RHEUM OF TWENTY YEARS STANDING CURED
Mr. JOHN THOMPSON, residing in the city of Richmond, was cured by three bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, of Salt Rheum, which he had for nearly twenty years, and which all the physicians of the city could not cure. Mr. Thompson is a well known merchant in the city of Richmond and his is most remarkable.

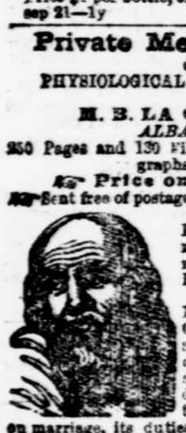
WM. A. MATTHEWS, of Richmond had a servant cured of Syphilis, in the worst form, by Carter's Spanish Mixture. He says he cheerfully recommends it, and considers it a very invaluable medicine.

EDWIN BURTON, commissioner of the revenue, says he has seen the good effects of Carter's Spanish Mixture in a number of Syphilitic cases, and says it is a perfect cure for that horrible disease.

WM. G. HARWOOD, of Richmond, cured of old Sores and Ulcers, which disabled him from walking. Took a few bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, and was enabled to walk without a crutch, in a short time permanently cured.

Principal Depots at M. WARD, CLOSE & Co., No. 88 Maiden Lane, New York.
T. W. DYOTT & SONS, No. 182 North Second st., Philadelphia.
BENNETT & BEERS, No. 125 Main street, Richmond, Va.
And for sale by CHARLES STOTT, Washington, D. C; HENRY PEEL, Alexandria, and by Druggists everywhere.
Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5;
sep 21—1y

Private Medical Treaties
ON THE
PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE,
BY
M. B. LA CROIX, M. D.,
ALBANY, N. Y.
250 Pages and 130 Fine Plain and Colored Lithographs and Plates.
☞ Price only 25 Cents. ☜
☞Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union☜
CHEAPEST BOOK EVER PUBLISHED, and containing nearly double the quantity of reading matter in that of the FIFTY CENTS OR DOLLAR PUBLICATIONS.



It treats on the PHYSIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE, and the secret infirmities and disorder of youth and maturity, resulting from excesses, which destroy the physical and mental powers, with observations on marriage, its duties and disqualifications, and their remedies; with lithographs, illustrating the anatomy and physiology, and diseases of the reproductive organs of both sexes, their structure, uses and functions. A popular and comprehensive treatise on the duties and casualties of single and married life—happy and fruitful alliances, mode of securing them—infelicitous and infertile ones—their obviation and removal—important hints to those contemplating matrimony, that will overcome objections to it; none, however, should take this important step without first consulting its pages—commentaries on the diseases and medical treatment of females from infancy to old age, each case graphically illustrated by beautiful lithographic plates—nervous debility, its causes and cure, by a process at once so simple, safe and effectual, that failure is impossible—rules for daily management—an essay on Spermatorrhœa with practical observations on a safer, and more successful mode of treatment—precautionary hints on the evils resulting from empirical practice—an essay on all diseases arising from indiscretion, with plain and simple rules by which all persons can cure themselves without mercury—remedies for those self inflicted miseries and disappointed hopes so unfortunately prevalent in the young. It is a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage. Its perusal is particularly recommended to persons entertaining secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness and privileges to which every human being is entitled to.

Price 25 cents per copy, or five copies for one dollar. Mailed free of postage to any part of the United States.

N. B.—Those who prefer may consult Dr. LA CROIX upon any of the diseases upon which his book treats either personally or by mail. Medicine sent to any part of the Union according to directions, safely packed and carefully secured from all observation.

Address Dr. M. B. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane or Post Office Box 579, Albany, N. Y.
☞ Office open daily from 9 a m to 9 p m, and on Sunday from 2 until 5 p m.
☞ Office Removed from No. 56 Beaver st., to 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.
dec 7

MARTIN'S UNRIVALLED GUITARS.—Three of these superb instruments are now on exhibition for a limited period, at our Music Store. The charming beauty of their tone elicits the universal encomiums of Professors and Amateurs.
HILBUS & HITZ,
mar 21 Sole Agents.

LOOK HERE!!!
MORE BOUNTY LAND TO *ALL* who served in ANY WAR since 1790, whether as Officers Soldiers, Sailors, Marines, Clerks, Indians, Chaplains, Wagon Masters, Teamsters, Landsmen, (or their widows or minor children) who have not yet received full 160 acres, and have been in service 14 days, will do well to write to us, *postpaid*, and their Land Warrants will be forwarded to them for the above quantity, and no charge if they do not get it.
LLOYD & CO.,
Claim Agent's Office, opposite U. S. Treasury, Washington City, D. C mar 6—3m

ORDNANCE MEMORANDA; Percussion Locks and Primers, by Lt. Dahlgren, U. S. N., in charge of experimental department, 1 vol, with engraving; price $1 25. FRANCK TAYLOR,
mar 26

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED
German Bitters,
PREPARED BY
DR. C. M. JACKSON, Philad'a., Pa.,
WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE
LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE,
Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.
Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness, or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for food, Fullness or weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots of Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great depression of Spirits.

THE proprietor, in calling the attention of the public to this preparation, does so with a feeling of the utmost confidence in its virtues and adaptation to the diseases for which it is recommended.

It is no new and untried article, but one that has stood the test of a ten years' trial before the American people, and its reputation and sale is unrivalled by any similar preparations extant. The testimony in its favor given by the most prominent and well-known Physicians and individuals, in all parts of the country is immense. The following from North Carolina is respectfully submitted, referring any who may still doubt, to my "Memorabilia," or Practical Receipt Book, for Farmers and Families, to be had gratis, of all the Agents for the German Bitters.

Principal Office and Manufactory, 120 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa.

TESTIMONY FROM NORTH CAROLINA.
Certificate of Dr. W. Smith, of Pine Hill, Richmond County, N. C.
PINE HILL, March 4th, 1854.
DR. C. M. JACKSON, Philadelphia—Dear Sir: I have been a subject of Dyspepsia, in its worst form, for the last five years. Such was my condition for twelve months that the physicians and all who saw me said I must die. While in this condition, I was carried to the watering places in Virginia, Tennessee and North Carolina, but was not benefited by any water to which I was taken. While on my way home, I stopped a week at Rutherfordton, a small village in North Carolina, to try the effect of some Chalybeate water in that place. About the last of the week, I went into a drug store to get some medicine for my child and myself. There were several of the village physicians in the store, and one of them seemed to take some interest in my case, and, after asking me some questions, said he had been a dyspeptic, and had been greatly benefitted by the use of "Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters," prepared by you, and he insisted that I would try the Bitters. He also called the next day at my room, and insisted so much that I would try them that I asked him to get me one bottle. He did it, and I commenced taking it as directed, and I do say I was more benefitted by it than all the water and medicine I had ever taken.

After reaching home one of my neighbors came to me for a prescription and medicine, (he a dyspeptic,) and I gave him nearly all the Bitters I had left, which effected much good in his case. He has often called on me for more of the same kind of medicine, saying he was more benefitted by it than any other he had taken, but I have not been able to get any more for him or myself since. I now send, therefore, please ship me a dozen or more as soon as possible. Respectfully yours, W. SMITH.

D. R. HOOKER, Roger's Store, Wake Co., N. C., October 24, 1853, says:—"Having experienced very great benefit from the use of "Hoofland's German Bitters," in Chronic Dysentery and functional derangement of the Liver, and its concomitant evils, I am desirous of obtaining a quantity of it for the benefit of my community. You will, therefore, please send a lot, &c. &c.

CERTIFICATE OF WM. J. ATWOOD.
HUNTSVILLE, YADKIN Co, N. C, Nov. 1st, 1853.
Dr. C. M. Jackson—Dear Sir: Allow me to express to you my sincere thanks for your discovery of a medicine which, to say the least of it, has effected a cure that all other medicines, that I have taken, have entirely failed to do. "Hoofland's German Bitters" have cured me of the most stubborn and aggravated case of the PILES that, perhaps, ever fell to the lot of man. My case is not a stranger in this community, as I am well known in this and the surrounding counties, and can truly say that my recovery has astounded all my friends and relations, as I had tried everything recommended, and nothing did me any good until I was prevailed upon to try the Bitters. You are at liberty to make any use of this communication, for the benefit of the afflicted, you may think proper. Truly yours,
WM. J. ATWOOD.

These bitters are *entirely vegetable*, they invigorate and strengthen the system, never prostrate it, and can be used for infants as well as adults.

For sale by respectable dealers everywhere, and by Z. D. GILMAN, Washington; J. L. KIDWELL, Georgetown; and J. R. PIERPONT, Alexandria.
mar 1—1y

REV. JOHN LANAHAN, PASTOR OF THE EXETER STREET, M. E. CHURCH.—A strong desire to benefit the afflicted induces him thus to certify. We challenge any other medicine to present such a mass of testimony from gentlemen and ladies of high standing of our own well-known citizens, who testify of cures of COUGH, BRONCHITIS, RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA, &c.

BALTIMORE, January 24th, 1855.
Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:
I take pleasure in saying to you that I have used your "Hampton's Tincture" with very great profit. From a serious throat affection, my general health had become very much impaired, when I commenced to use "Hampton's Tincture." I found its effects upon my general health most salutary.—My nervous system and digestive organs soon righted up under its use.

I have several times recommended it to my friends, and in every case, as far as I have been informed, they have use it with success.
Yours truly,
JOHN LANAHAN, Pastor
Of Exeter st., M. E. Church, Baltimore.

BLEEDING OF THE LUNGS.
RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 8, 1855.
Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:
I do hereby certify that about twelve months ago I was taken with a severe hemorrhage of the Lungs and had four attacks of it. I was advised to try Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. I procured one bottle, and after taking which, I was satisfied that I was much better; and that, after taking the fourth bottle, I was entirely well, and now I enjoy as good health as ever I did in my life. I can, and do, without the least hesitation, recommend the Tincture to all persons afflicted in my way.
Yours, GEO. W. WEAKLEY.

CURE FITS—READ!
More to the Sick than Gold.—From one of the most respectable Druggists in South Carolina.
CHARLESTON, S. C. Sept. 21, 1853.
Messrs. MORTIMER & MOWBRAY:—The sale of your Hampton's Vegetable Tincture is increasing every day, and every bottle sold recommends this valuable medicine to the afflicted. Several of our planters have tried it in different cases with astonishing success, and are getting it by half dozens. It has been found to be the greatest remedy for rheumatic affections, and a wonderful cure has been performed on a negro boy, suffering from Fits. I will furnish you with a number of certificates if you wish them
I am, gentlemen, yours, W. G. TROTT.

Call and get pamphlets gratis, and see cures of Cough, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Nervousness and General Weakness. As a female medicine or for delicate children we believe it unequalled.

Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 140 Baltimore street, Baltimore, and 304 Broadway, N. York CHAS. STOTT & Co., J. B. MOORE, D. B. CLARKE, CLARKE & BOWLING, W. ELLIOT, and H. MCPHERSON, Washington; also, by R. S. F. CISSEL, Georgetown; and C. C. BERRY, Alexandria, and by Druggists everywhere. feb 21—tr

TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS & OTHERS. SILVER SPOONS, FORKS, &c.—M. W. GALT & BRO. invite special attention to their stock of pure Silver Table, Dessert, and Tea Spoons and Forks, Ladles, Butter Knives, and all other articles of pure Silver Ware, which is larger and more varied than ever offered to their customers.
M. W. GALT & BRO.,
324 Pa. avenue betw. 9th and 10th sts.
feb 23—tf

FAA'S PATENT AMERICAN ACCORDEONS. Several of these new and improved instruments just received and for sale at the Music Depot of
HILBUS & HITZ.
Also, 6 dozen of Faa's new and cheap instruction Books, price 25 cents.
The public are invited to examine these Accordeons, having received the first premiums in every exhibition exhibited.
HILBUS & HITZ,
mar 24 Sole Agents.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, March 5, 1855.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of stock of the United States described in the following notice of 3d January last, that for the purpose of completing the purchase of the amount therein named, this department will continue to purchase, upon the terms of said notice, to the extent of the residue of the sum proposed not yet obtained—say $1,158,585 05, if said stocks are offered and received here prior to the first day of June next:
TREASURY DEPARTMENT, January 3, 1855.
Notice is hereby given to the holders of the following described stocks of the United States, that this department is prepared to purchase, at any time between the date hereof and the 1st day of March next, portions of those stocks, amounting in the aggregate to $1,900,000, in the manner and on the terms hereinafter mentioned, to wit:
In case of any contingent competition, within the amount stated, preference will be given in the order of time in which said stocks may be offered. The certificates, duly assigned to the United States by the parties who are to receive the amount thereof, must be transmitted to this department; upon the receipt whereof, a price will be paid compounded of the following particulars:
1. The par value, or amount specified in each certificate.
2. A premium on the stock of the loan authorized by the act of July, 1846, redeemable November 12, 1856, of 2¾ per cent.; on the stock of the loan authorized by the act of 1842, redeemable 31st December, 1862, of 10 per cent.; on the stock of the loans authorized by the acts of 1847 and 1848, and redeemable, the former on the 31st December, 1867, and the latter on the 20th June, 1868, of 16 per cent; and on the stock of the loan authorized by the act of 1850, and redeemable on the 31st of December, 1864, (commonly called the Texan indemnity,) 6 per cent.
3. Interest on the par of each certificate from the 1st of January, 1855, to the date of receipt and settlement at the Treasury, with the allowance (for the money to reach the owner) of one day's interest in addition.
Payment for said stocks will be made in drafts of the Treasurer of the United States, on the assistant treasurer at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, as the parties may direct.
But no certificate will be entitled to the benefit of this notice which shall not be actually received at the Treasury on or before the said 1st day of March next.
JAMES GUTHRIE,
mar 6—dtJune1 Secretary of the Treasury.

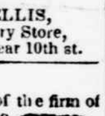
DEAFNESS CURED.—The following is taken from Scott's Weekly:
DEAFNESS.—We understand that the success which has followed the use of SCARPA'S ACOUSTIC OIL, in cases of Deafness, has been astonishing, thousands of persons having been cured, whose cases were considered hopeless. The calls for this medicine are from all parts of the country, it being, we believe, the only article before the public for the cure of that distressing disease.
Be particular and buy of Z. D. GILMAN, Washington, D. C., and S S. HANCE, Baltimore, Md., as there is a counterfeit article in the market.
feb 28—2m

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,
G. H. VARNELL & J. W. MANKINS,
Louisiana avenue, between 6th and 7th streets,
Next to Varnum's Buildings,
HAVING associated themselves to carry on the House, Sign, and Ornamental PAINTING in all its branches, will be thankful to receive all orders in their line of business, and will use every exertion to give satisfaction.
JOBBING in Glazing and Painting promptly attended to. Give us a trial. mar 27—tf

C. WARRINER,
WATCHMAKER,
NEW WHEELS, PINIONS, AND EVERY KIND OF REPAIRS TO WATCHES,
No. 330 Pennsylvania Avenue,
(Between Ninth and Tenth streets,)
mar 26—1m* WASHINGTON, D. C.

A GREAT BARGAIN.
WE have one of Knabe, Gaehle & Co.'s Louis XIV. style beautiful rosewood 7 octave PIANOS, which has been slightly damaged and which we are now authorized to sell at a great bargain.
Terms of payment made easy.
JOHN F. ELLIS,
Piano, Music and Stationery Store,
mar 30 306 Pa avenue, near 10th st.

DENTISTRY.
R. B. DONALDSON, Dentist, late of the firm of Hunt & Donaldson, continues to manufacture and insert those beautiful porcelain teeth, with or without gums, for specimens of which (made and deposited by the late firm) was awarded the first premium at the Mechanics' Institute Fair, recently held in this city.



These teeth are carved and shaded to suit each particular case, and their resemblance to the natural organs is so perfect as to deceive the most practised eye.
Particular attention also paid to filling and preserving the natural teeth.
Charges moderate and all operations warranted.
Office southwest corner Seventh and D sts.—entrance on D. mar 21—6m

TAKE NOTICE.
NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
P. W. BROWNING, Merchant Tailor, under the United States Hotel, has just received a large supply of Spring and Summer Goods, and is now prepared to offer great bargains to all in want of good and fashionable clothing. His "Ready-made Clothing" will be sold at the following low prices:
Whole suits, Coat, Pantaloons, and Vest, of thin cloth or cassimere, for $12.
Fine Black Frock and Dress Coats, from $10 to $15.
Good Business Coats for $7.
Black and Fancy Pants, from $3 to $7.
Marseilles and Silk Vests, from $2 to $5.
He keeps always on hand a large assortment of fancy articles, such as Shirts, Gloves, Cravats, Umbrellas, &c.
"Sole Agent for the sale of Scott's Fashions."
mar 19—tj.

PATENT ICE PITCHER.
THIS PITCHER is similar in appearance, and equally convenient to those in common use, but is so constructed that when the cover is down every part of its contents is doubly encased from the atmosphere, the effect of which is that one and a half pounds of ice placed in three pints of water will last nearly seven hours, whereas, the same weight of ice in a like quantity and temperature of water in a common pitcher, only lasts about two hours. Being composed of metal, it is of course more durable than the ordinary china pitcher. This, taken in connexion with the convenience and luxury of always having ice-water on hand, and the immense saving of ice, renders it decidedly the most economical pitcher now in use.
For sale at the manufacturer's retail prices by
C. W. BOTELER,
ap 5—eo6t Iron Hall.

PERSONS WITH DEFECTIVE vision are invited to examine my extensive stock of all kinds of SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES. Glasses of any kind, such as Cataract, Parabola, Periscopic, Double Concave, Double Convex, and Colored Glasses, put in at short notice, with great care, and persons in want of glasses may be sure to get those which benefit the eye.

☞ Circulars "Defective Vision," gratis at
H. SEMKEN'S,
330 Pa. avenue, betw. 9th and 10th sts.
mar 30

TABLE CUTLERY, ALBATA FORKS AND SPOONS, &c
JUST received a large assortment of superior Table Cutlery of every variety.
Also, every style of the finest quality ALBATA FORKS, SPOONS, TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, CASTORS, &c.
M. W. GALT & BRO.,
324 Pa. ave., betw. 9th and 10th sts.
mar 19—tf

STOP YOUR COUGHING.
JUST received, per Adams & Co.'s Express one case of Maillard's New York Gold Medal GUM DROPS, consisting of Banana, Vanilla, Raspberry, Lemon, and Horehound flavors.
Also, a complete assortment of his celebrated Chocolates, of universal reputation and without rival in the United States.
For sale at Z. M. P. KING'S,
265 Vermont avenue, corner I street.
mar 16—tf

HAIR WORK.
ORNAMENTS of Hair, such as Bracelets, Chatelains, Chains, Breastpins, Earrings, Finger Rings, made to order, of any desired design.
All orders faithfully attended to.
Specimens may be seen at my store.
H. SEMKEN,
No. 330 Pa. av., between 9th and 10th sts.
Mar 30

PERRY'S AND GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS various kinds and sizes, bought in person from the makers and warranted genuine.
mar 6 FRANCK TAYLOR.

EVENING STAR.

A FULL AND CORRECT ACCOUNT OF THE CINCINNATI RIOT.

We take from the New York Express the following particulars of the Cincinnati riot, which that journal obtains, we believe, from the Cincinnati Commercial:

A difficulty between the Germans and Know Nothings occurred yesterday regarding a cannon. We endeavored to procure the facts in the case, but cannot be positive that we have succeeded, as the terrible excitement prevailing throughout the city, and the countless rumors flying, rendered it extremely hard to attain accurate information.

As near as we can learn, the facts are these: The Germans borrowed a brass cannon of the American Military Companies, with the purpose of firing it on election day, in honor of the birth day of Jefferson. The cannon was taken from them while they were using it on Jackson's Hill, by a body of excited Americans, during the trouble at the 11th Ward; and after parading through the streets, and once fired when loaded with boulders, in the 13th Ward, was deposited in the armory where it belonged.

The Germans, it is said, took this cannon, or some other one from the armory, and placed it in a shed near Vine street, some four squares above the canal. There is a *disputed cannon*, but what one it is, we do not know, and perhaps it is not important. Gen. Sargeant was highly indignant at the proceedings of the Germans, in regard to this disputed property, and demanded that it be returned. To this the Germans refused to accede, and the news of the difficulty spread through the city, like flame in dry stubble. What claim the Germans had on the gun, or what was Gen. Sargeant's authority in the case, we do not exactly understand. It may be sufficient to say that there was a dispute about a piece of artillery, and an immense accumulation of feeling in the city, which tended to spontaneous combustion.

The rumor that caused most excitement down town was, that the Germans had loaded the cannon and proposed to use it against the Americans. General Sargeant, we are told, made an effort to get the cannon into his possession, but failed, and in the afternoon great crowds collected in Vine street. Between three and four o'clock, the street was thronged from the canal bridge to the foot of the hill. There were four crowds, each of which might be styled an immense mass meeting. Two of these were of Americans—one on the bridge, the other a couple of squares higher up—and the other two were Germans.

The sidewalks were thronged, and thousands of women and children looked on from the windows. The aspect of affairs was decidedly warlike. The Americans were in a state of extensive excitement, and seemed resolved to have the cannon at all hazards. We passed through the street, and heard enough conversation to gather the prevailing sentiment correctly. The most current remark was, "Let them give up the cannon, and we will let them alone—but give it up they must! We saw Mr. Cox, the Prosecuting Attorney, begging the Americans to return to their own side of the Canal, and settle the affair in some other way than by force of arms, but his words seemed to be wasted.

Dr. Fries was passing along the street, and pausing to make inquiries, was surrounded by a multitude of Germans, and addressed a few words to them in their own language, and also in English. As this gentleman's language has been liable to misrepresentation, it may be well to give his exact words. Speaking in English, he said:

"I want you all to keep the peace—for God's sake keep the peace—but if your rights are assailed, shed the last drop of blood in your veins sooner than submit. But if possible, for God's sake keep the peace."

Passing up the street we saw unmistakable evidence of a preparation for a desperate conflict. Pistols were being loaded publicly. Nearly every German was armed. The handles of pistols protruded from their pockets, and many had swords.

We met a party of about a dozen sturdy fellows, carrying rifles, upon the tubes of which were seen the glistening of caps, showing that they were prepared for active service, and to the rifles were attached sabre bayonets—making altogether a terrible weapon, at once a rifle and a spear. The German women kept up a constant chatter, in which the words "Know Nothing" and "Democrat" were most frequently distinguishable.

The street, viewed from the upper portion, appeared black with men as far down as the eye could reach, and through the dust, above the dense throng of hats, the flash of steel was at intervals perceptible, Meeting a German acquaintance, he informed us that the halls of the Freemen and Turners were each filled with men armed with rifles, who swore to defend the disputed cannon to the last gasp.

Returning near sundown, the street was even more densely filled. The sheriff, with a view of removing the cause of difficulty, was endeavoring to get possession of the gun which was the immediate cause of contention, and no resistance was made by the German officers; but the multitude pressed about the shed where the cannon was stationed, so that it was entirely impossible to get it away, and the sheriff left the ground on receiving assurances from Capt. Moore, and other German officers, that the gun should not be improperly used, and should be surrendered to the proper authorities at any time.

About this time the Germans detected in their midst, or thought they did, one of the persons who destroyed the ballot boxes in the Eleventh Ward; a cry of "Know Nothing" was raised, the individual in question fled, and the boulders flew about in a manner quite obnoxious to peaceably disposed persons. The Germans, we then understood, were expecting a grand attack in the evening, and making resolute preparations to repel it. Coming down town, we saw, scattered profusedly about the corners of the streets, *triangular bits of red paper*, which were supposed by outsiders like ourselves to be the distress sign of the K. N.'s, calling for a meeting at once. Those scraps of paper, taken in connection with other matters seemed indicative of war—signs that blood might be expected to flow. But it would be useless to speculate on the probable significance of the paper—certainly it had a meaning.

Soon after dark there was an immense gathering of people in Fifth street, market space. A slight platform was erected, and several speeches made. We did not hear Gen. Sargent's remarks. They were pronounced "conciliatory" by a friend who did hear them. He is reported to have said that the cannon would be taken from the Germans by correct authority, and not by mob violence.

Thos. Spooner, Esq, addressed the multitude, earnestly advising a quiet dispersion.

The speakers were constantly interrupted by the cries of those who were anxious at once to "pitch into the Dutch." Such expressions as "come one—go 'long—why don't you go?—go, if you're going"—were incessantly and loudly vociferated.

In the mean time the Germans fortified themselves most formidably, erecting three strong barricades of wagons, carts, drays, and whatever vehicle or available material they could manage to get hold of. These were erected—one across Vine street, at the crossing of Fourteenth, one across Walnut at the crossing of Mercer, and the other at the junction of Mercer and Vine.

They had two pieces of artillery, crammed to the muzzle with chains and slugs, and planted one in Mercer street, and the other at the corner of Fifteenth and Vine. The halls of the Freemen and Turners were crowded with men armed with rifles, ready to march out at a signal. The house tops were lined with men, provided with all descriptions of firearms, and with boulders and bricks. Sentinels were stationed, and the German portion of the town thus placed absolutely in a state of siege.

It was near ten o'clock when a body of reckless Americans, about four hundred strong, with a drum, fife, and banner, crossed the Vine street bridge, and with gay music, marched steadily into the German territory. They had proceeded nearly to the first barricade (parties of half grown boys being in front as skirmishers, throwing stones at every appearance of a German) when they were fired upon from the front, each side, and the house tops. We imagine from the sound of the volley, that near fifty shot were fired.

One man was killed dead, and five wounded seriously, one, it was thought, mortally. The one killed was named G. B. Monroe, a resident of Indiana, who was stopping at the Farlow House. He was shot through the head and dropped lifeless. The corpse was taken to the Bremen street station house, and was there some time before it was recognized. He was at the head of the procession. One of the wounded was thought to be dying at midnight, but we could not learn his name or place of residence.

William Grey, a cooper, residing on Third street, between Mill and Stone, was struck by two slugs, one of which passed through his left hand, and the other lodged in his abdomen. He is not a man of family, but lives with his mother.

A man named Boggs, of this city, was hit in the throat by a musket ball, which drew some blood, but did not inflict a dangerous wound. He returned talking loudly, and may not be considered in peril.

John Coleman, who resides in Seventh street, opposite Smith, was shot in the calf of the leg—not considered dangerously.

Patrick Dorey, of Covington, was wounded in the side, severely.

One effect of this fatal firing was to drive back the procession which was entering the German portion of the town. The Know Nothings rallied on Vine street bridge, which they made a kind of headquarters for warlike operations.

After this time no person was allowed to cross any of the canal bridges near the scene of the fight, and few indeed had much inclination to undertake it, as there was danger on all sides.

The news of the fight soon reached the great crowd on Fifth street, producing fearful excitement. Many persons were in favor of charging the Germans in solid mass, and making a regular battle of it, but the knowledge of the formidable preparations of the Germans, and the judicious counsel of several men with good lungs, and perhaps a little stratagem, restrained them.

Prof. Lippit urged the multitude not to go unarmed and assault barricades defended with artillery, and whole regiments of well armed and well drilled men. He stated that he was authorized by Gen. Sargent to say that the Rover Regiment were under arms, and that if their services were required, they would act as might seem best under the circumstances. The signal for action was to be a single tap of the big fire bell of the Mechanics' Institute. At that the Rovers were to march, and such of the crowd as wished to go with them could do so. Prof. Lippit spoke very earnestly, repeatedly warning the crowd of the danger of crossing the Rhine, and beseeching them to go well armed, if go they must.

Most of the persons were well armed, we imagine, as such a sale of deadly weapons as on yesterday, was never before heard of in this city. More pistols have been sold within two days past, than during the previous six months.

At the Fifth street market space forces tarried and listened for the signal tap on the big bell, with various demonstrations of impatience, and at midnight had dispersed. There was, soon after the news came that several persons had been shot, a rumor that large "American" re-inforcements would be received from Kentucky, and the firing of cannon on the landing was said to be for the purpose of rousing the people of Covington. How much of this story was foundationless of course we do not know.

We heard from the canal bridges at 2½ o'clock this morning. Large parties were moving about, and the sentinels were going their rounds, with business-like solemnity.

A number of our best citizens were engaged last night in attempting to arrange some compromise to stop the effusion of blood and save the city from more damning disgrace and irredeemable ruin.

We heard late in the night that an attack on the Germans, to take revenge on them for the blood shed last evening, will take place this morning at seven o'clock. We hope that the rumor was baseless, but fear the worst. It becomes every good citizen to remain at home, and do all in his power to soothe the hostile elements that are now flaming in our midst.

At three o'clock this morning, the accustomed quiet of the town was broken by an occasional shot along the canal, occasioned, we presume, by individuals trying their pistols.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!
GRAND MILITARY AND CIVIC BALL!
OF THE
SCOTT GUARDS,
AT CARUSI'S SALOON,
THURSDAY, April 12, 1855.
THE SCOTT GUARDS respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally that they will give a ball on THURSDAY, April 12th, 1855, at Carusi's Saloon, for the purpose of aiding the corps in purchasing their arms.
The entire success of our first ball inspires us with renewed confidence, and we pledge ourselves to use every exertion in our power to make this, our second effort, equal if not superior to the first.
Tickets $1.
ap 5,7,9,10.11&12* THE COMMITTEE.

FIRST ANNUAL BALL
OF THE
MARION RIFLES,
AT CARUSI'S SALOON,
ON
MONDAY EVENING, Ap'l 16, 1855.
THE Committee of Arrangements have much pleasure in announcing to the friends of the Company and the public the First Annual Ball of the Marion Rifles as above.
Frederick Prosperi's celebrated Cotillon Band has been engaged.
Tickets $1 admitting a gentleman and ladies to be had at the usual places, of the Committee and at the door on the evening of the Ball.
All persons other than Military, are requested not to wear their hats or caps in the Ball room.
The Ball will be opened with the "Marions' Grand March," (composed for the occasion,) at 9 o'clock.
Committee of Arrangements.
Capt F M Sheckell, Sgt J L Foxwell,
Lt P B Sears Sgt S Galt,
Ensign W J Walker, Sgt W H H Towers.
ap 2—eo3t&dtb (Organ)

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
NEW FURNITURE STORE.—ROTHWELL & BROWN have removed their House Furnishing Store to the large and handsome building on 7th street, next to Odd Fellows' Hall, where we have for sale a large and varied assortment of elegant parlor, chamber and Cottage Furniture.
Also, Carpetings, Oilcloth, Door Mats
Glass and China Ware, Clocks in variety
Wooden Ware, Basket Ware, Velocipedes
Children's Carriages, Rocking Horses
Mattresses of hair, cotton and shuck
Office Tables, Desks, Chairs, &c.
Japanned Tin Ware and Bathing Apparatus
They will keep constantly for sale a full assortment of house furnishing Goods, and will sell on the most favorable terms. ap 6—eo1m

E. OWEN & SON,
MILITARY AND NAVAL MERCHANT
TAILORS,
No. 212 Pennsylvania Avenue,
WOULD respectfully call the attention of their friends and the public generally to their new stock of Goods just received from New York and now on exhibition—consisting of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, together with a full assortment of gentlemen's furnishing articles.
They would remark that the selection was made principally by the junior partner of the firm.
N. B.—They have a new style of Gloves, something superior, called the "JOSEPHINE KID," to which they invite particular attention.
ap 6—eo3w (Int&Union)

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.
THE subscriber would respectfully call the attention of the ladies of Washington and vicinity, to her assortment of new Goods just opened, on Seventh st., consisting in part of—
Straw Bonnets, Flats, Boys' Hats, latest style
Bonnets, Ribbons
Rich and beautiful face and outside Flowers
Newest style wire and buckram Bonnet Frames
Lawns, Crapes and Silks for Bonnets
Blonde and other Laces
Wreaths, Headdresses and Dress Trimmings
Ladies' Kid, Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves
Lawn, silk and cambric Handkerchiefs
Collars, Undersleeves and Chemisetts
And all goods usually to be