EVENING STAR.

WASHINGTON CITY:
TUESDAY.....September 29, 1857.

SPIRIT OF THE MORNING PRESS.

The *Union* publishes the recent able and interesting proclamation of Governor Walker *in extenso*. We also find in the *Union*, this morning, (copied from a Galveston paper) the following brief letter, which does infinite credit to the head and heart of the Postmaster General:

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
APPOINTMENT OFFICE, Aug. 19, 1857.

SIR: I am instructed by the Postmaster General to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 30th of July, announcing the death of the distinguished Senator from Texas, the Hon. Thos. J. Rusk. This painful event will cause the nation to mourn the loss of one of its purest patriots and most enlightened statesmen, and society one of its brightest ornaments, a kind-hearted, benevolent, and honest man His public career was without blemish, and in all the relations of private life he was esteemed and beloved by all who knew him. His public acts were part of his country's history; his private virtues are enshrined in the hearts of those who knew him best. His loss will be severely felt in the councils of the nation while to his family and intimate friends it will be irreparable.

As chairman of the Senate Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads he was closely identified with this Department, and his long experience in matters connected therewith, rendered him an important adviser of its head, by whom his loss will be severely felt, and makes this tribute to his memory not inappropriate.

The Postmaster General deeply sympathizes with the family and friends of the late distinguished Senator in this their great affliction, and desires that his sentiments may be communicated to the family and friends of the deceased.

Very respectfully,
ST. JOHN B. L. SKINNER,
Acting First Ass't Postmaster General.
To FREDERICK VOIGHT,
Postmaster, Nacogdoches.

The *Intelligencer* says of the proclamation of Governor Walker, which, by-the-by, must satisfy even the most excited at the South in all its positions:

"It will be seen that, while disclaiming, as is proper, the right to dictate to the judges of election the line of conduct they shall pursue in determining the qualifications of voters in Kansas, Gov. Walker gives it as his opinion that the prepayment of a tax, prescribed by a statute formerly of force in that Territory, can no longer be held among the qualifications of voters as defined by a later and general enactment passed by the Legislature of Kansas for the regulation of the right of suffrage. It will also be remarked that the opinions and conclusions of the Governor, as announced in this Proclamation, have the entire approbation and concurrence of the Executive Government of the United States—a consideration which conspires to give the greater weight to this important manifesto. Notwithstanding its length, we therefore spread it in full before our readers, (as well the portions which review the past as those that point to the future,) and bespeak for it at their hands that careful and candid perusal to which it is entitled, not less for the high authority to which it may lay claim as an official paper than for its immediate bearings on the question at issue in Kansas."

☞ The Fair of the Maryland Institute opens at 7½ o'clock to-night, and will continue four weeks.

☞ The United States Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows adjourned their meeting in Baltimore Saturday evening last, after a session of six days.

☞ From J. Shillington, Odeon Building, we have Mrs. Stephens' Magazine for October, beautifully illustrated; and also the Knickerbocker Magazine for October, with its usual choice budget of literary matter.

A FAMILY OF TEN PERSONS POISONED.—The family of Mrs. Cohoon, residing at No. 424 Sixth street, Cincinnati, amounting to ten persons, including servants, were poisoned, on Thursday last, by taking coffee, with which arsenic had been mixed. Suspicion attaches to a hostler recently in their employ, who has disappeared from the premises. All parties are thought to be out of danger.

DEFALCATION.—The Columbia South Carolinian says it has learned that Mr. Miller, a teller in the Bank of the State, at Charleston, was a defaulter to the amount of $20,000 and made it up by checks on the Bank of Charleston, which he redeemed by checks on the Bank of the State Bank having no funds to draw upon. The Tellers of the Bank of Charleston will be the losers. He is said to have made an ineffectual attempt to destroy himself by poison.

The Monetary Crisis.

The money panic continues to be the absorbing topic. On yesterday the principal suspensions were those of the Delaware and Rhode Island banks. The New England banks continue firm. The Boston *Journal* learns from an authentic source that the net gain of coin in the Boston banks for the week ending Saturday morning was $375,200.

The Philadelphia papers of yesterday all comment upon the bank suspension in that city and the effect it is likely to have upon business. They are, however, at variance as to the propriety of an extra session of the Legislature.

The Richmond *Dispatch* of yesterday says:

"The news of bank suspensions at the North, which came by telegraph last Saturday, created quite a stir in our city, and caused the price of specie to run up to high rates, some of the brokers holding it ten per cent., while others were selling for five."

On Friday last, a run was commenced on the Farmers' Bank, of Lancaster, Pa., and was only stopped on Saturday by the suspension of all the banks there.

The St. Louis papers of Friday announce that the Bank of Missouri had commenced discounting again, to a large extent, much to the relief of mercantile business.

A despatch from New York city yesterday says:

"Terror seized upon the stock exchange this morning, and the whole list went down from one to twelve per cent. The most extravagant and groundless rumors are afloat, discrediting houses known to be beyond casualty.

"The presidents of the city banks have issued the following circular:

"The undersigned having been called upon to give their opinion as regards the effect likely to be produced upon the banks of this city by the suspension of institutions in neighboring cities, reply that it is their decided opinion that the banks of the city of New York are in a safe and secure position, and that they can not only sustain themselves as specie-paying banks, but, from the natural flow of coin and produce to this point as the common centre, soon be enabled to furnish further and more efficient aid to the mercantile community. Signed by the presidents of the Phenix, Merchants', Mechanics', Metropolitan, Union, and other banks.

"At the clearing house to-day everything was quiet."

PERSONAL.

.... Hon. Z. Kidwell, of Virginia, is now at Browns'.

.... Commander Boggs, United States Navy, is at Willards'.

.... Capt. E. J. DeHoven, United States Navy, is at Kirkwoods'.

.... General Daniel Pratt, of Boston, the great American traveler and editor of the Gridiron, arrived in town this morning, and is stopping at Browns' Hotel.

.... John Wilson, Esq., formerly Commissioner of the General Land Office, now the Land Commissioner of the Illinois Central Railroad, is at Willards', in this city, accompanied by a portion of his family.

.... Judge Peabody granted the application of Mrs. Cunningham's counsel on Saturday to remove the case of the bogus baby from the Oyer and Terminer to the civil side of the Supreme Court of New York.

.... Com. C. T. Platt, U. S. N; Captain Garland, U. S. M. C; Hon. Edmund Burke, N. H; Hon. R. R. Cuyler, Ga.; Col. W. M. Morton and family, Ga.; General A. J. Gonzales, General Herran, Minister from New Granada, are at Willards'.

.... The Dubuque Republican states that there was a personal encounter, a few days since, between Senator Jones, of Iowa, and Judge Williams, who is stated to be a candidate for the Senatorship filled by Mr. Jones.

.... The present Commercial storm was the subject of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher's sermon, both morning and evening, in Brooklyn on Sunday last. Denouncing, in language almost unmeasured, the stock gambling and other dishonesties of the day, as the prime cause of the present revulsion in mercantile affairs, he yet contended that the great ship of state is perfectly sound; that there is money enough, means enough; prosperity enough; and that nothing is wanting save the trust of man in man—public confidence—to restore all things to rights, and make the way once more smooth.

☞ Some of the New York papers propose another Bankrupt Law!

WASHINGTON NEWS AND GOSSIP.

President BUCHANAN duly returned to Washington by the noon train to-day in excellent health.

WASHINGTON BANK NOTES.—The merchants of the District are of course receiving our District currency as usual. We are also glad to be able to state that the recent suspension of our city note-issuing banks will in no way injuriously affect those in trade here. On the contrary, the result must be an immediate relief to the money market of the District of Columbia, and a consequent rise in the value of city property.

Our firm belief is—and no other person has had a better opportunity of knowing the condition of the banks of this locality,—that with the exception of the house of Pairo & Nourse, which still refrains from so arranging its affairs (after having voluntarily gone into liquidation) as to satisfy the minds of its creditors, that every other District banking institution is perfectly solvent—as much so as any bank in New York. Those of them suspending were driven to that step for the security of our business men. Had they continued to pay out specie in the present state of the monetary affairs around us, and with their depositors nearly all affected by the current panic, the end would have soon been a draft on them for the total amount of their liabilities, which would have left them with simply their accruing assets. Or, in other words, without the means of accommodating a single business customer. In the meanwhile, those whom it is their duty to accommodate—those in trade here—would have found collections impossible; because, in such times, too many debtors will not pay, if they can postpone so doing. We know from conversation with some of the heaviest men in trade in Washington, of the existence of this difficulty. The suspension of our banks, however, is the remedy for this evil, because it enables them to accommodate their regular customers, as we explain above.

THE PROPOSED NEW FILIBUSTERING EXPEDITION.—The following brief extract from the Washington correspondence of the Richmond *Enquirer* (dated the 23d instant) explains the measures taken here by the representatives of the Governments most immediately interested in the preservation of the integrity of the neutrality law of the United States:

"The new movement of the Central American States, through their representatives near this Government, on the subject of filibustering, is attracting attention, and is the theme of general conversation among all classes of politicians here. It appears that these Southern Republics have their spies through our country, to watch Gen. Walker and his associates, and they have reported that an armed expedition is nearly ready to make a descent on Nicaragua. On this information these States have instructed their Minister here to make the demand for protection which they did several days ago This document was drawn up by Senor Don Antonio Jose de Yrisarri, Minister Plenipotentiary from Guatemala, and presented at the State Department by Don Luis Molina, the Charge d'Affaires from Costa Rica."

We may add that it is generally understood that every necessary and proper assurance of the determination of the Administration to prevent a recurrence of the filibustering acts which disgraced the United States a year or two ago, was given. And, further, that it is also believed in well informed quarters that, taking warning by the failure of proclamations and criminal prosecutions to accomplish the end designed, the Navy of the United States will be promptly used in this connection whenever that step may be necessary.

THE ALEXANDRIA BANKS yesterday paid out specie, for change only. We hear that they do not call the refusal to pay the drafts of their depositors, and the holders of considerable sums in their notes, in specie, a suspension. The business community, however, comprehend well that their explanation amounts to but "a distinction without a difference."

The Alexandria *Gazette* of this morning says of that city's monetary affairs yesterday, and kindred matters:

"At 8 o'clock, a meeting of the directors of the Farmers', Exchange, and Old Dominion banks was held, but no definite action was taken, and at 9 o'clock the doors of the banks were opened, and business went on as usual. It was, however, determined, that should there be a 'run' upon the banks, they would at once suspend specie payment, the directors deeming it more advisable to suspend than have their vaults drained of all the specie, (which must have been the case, this being the most accessible point on which brokers could make immediate demands,) and thereby make resumption more difficult. There was, however, no 'run' made on any of the banks, and five's and ten's were cashed at the counters, and there was more quiet in the afternoon. In Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, there was a general suspension among the banks. [See telegraphic despatches for particulars.] The Farmers' and Exchange banks at Richmond and Norfolk continued to pay out specie, but it was thought that they could not sustain the run that will inevitably be made upon them, and their suspension is looked for. Exchange on New York and gold are very scarce, and the rates are exceedingly high.

"P. S. Since the above was in type, a despatch from Winchester has been received, which states that the Bank of Winchester, Bank of the Valley, and the Branch of the Farmers' Bank at that place, have all suspended."

In another article it also says:

"The banks (of Alexandria) have not suspended though they determined not to allow any run to be made on them, which, however, was not attempted. The community have full confidence in the banks, and there was a desire on the part of the business men yesterday that they should suspend, thereby protecting themselves, benefiting community, and rendering resumption easier.

"P. S. Since the above, we have seen a petition, numerously signed by the business men of the city, and which will be presented to the Directors this morning, asking the Banks to suspend specie payment for the present."

Our friend of the *Gazette* has queer notions of what a bank suspension is, evidently. However, we must attribute them to an honest pride of locality. Nothing more.

SHARPER THAN THE SHARP PRACTICE.—Four or five citizens of Washington, depositors with the House of Pairo & Nourse, getting wind of their assignment earliest, instantly caused the proper papers to be made out, and one of them traveled day and night to St. Paul, Minnesota, arriving there a few hours in advance of the person traveling a little more leisurely, who was intrusted with the deed of trust for record in that city; where, it will be remembered, is situated some $75,000 worth of their assigned property. The deed of trust is said to have been presented for record ere the ink used in recording the attachment was dry. The amount the attachment represented was some $12,000 in all. The race was a hard one as well as a very long one, and the winners deserve credit for their sagacity, energy and perseverance.

We hear that other Washington depositors despatched attachments to be laid upon the property in and near Leavenworth city, Kansas Territory, conveyed in the deed of trust of the same house. We have not yet heard the result of their effort.

EX-PRESIDENT TYLER writes to the Richmond *South* that his Administration did not expend $500,000, as alleged by Gen. Pillow, for the purchase (bribery) of newspapers in Maine, to bring about the acceptance of the settlement of the Northeastern boundary question, nor any other amount. He reminds the public that $30,000 is the highest sum ever yet appropriated in a session of Congress for the secret service fund, and takes occasion to explain the manner of its use, as follows:

"I will take occasion to add that the fund, although called secret, is as public in most of its outlays as any other fund belonging to the government. It is applicable to the many items growing out of the necessities of foreign missions and the consular establishment of the United States, which no specific appropriation could well cover. They are contingent, the very term implying their uncertainty. The expenditures for these contingencies enter into the general accounts of the government, and are annually published, and absorb a large portion of the fund. It often happens that not a dollar is withdrawn from the fund for any confidential object of the government. Such confidential objects sometimes intervene in our intercourse with foreign countries, and sometimes have their origin within our own limits—contingencies which it may be imprudent at the time to disclose, but which are intimately connected with the preservation of peace and quietude."

FINANCIAL MATTERS AT HOME.—Everything is quiet in the way of money matters in Washington city to-day, there being no run whatever on any of the banks, public or private. The community are evidently already reconciled to make the best of the condition of the financial affairs of nearly the whole country. We are informed that specie is obtainable on the street for the notes of the District of Columbia banks at from 2 to 2½ per centum discount, only. We mentioned yesterday that the Bank of Washington was redeeming its 5's in specie, and should have added (though not then knowing the fact) that it was so redeeming them only when presented singly and evidently to obtain change for the parties holding them.

Apropos: To-morrow and next day the army of Government employees here will be paid their month's pay in specie. The *Union* very properly suggests that they be paid in dollar and two-and-a-half pieces. Such a course will prove great relief, indeed, to the business community here, for we are very sure that the gold thus obtained will not be sold out of the District by its recipients, as seems to be anticipated by more or less nervous and suspicious persons. Even if disposed to speculate after that fashion, the popular odium which will fall on any person disposed to venture on such a course, will surely prove a check upon it. In one day the name of every such Government employe would necessarily be in everybody's mouth; for all in trade in Washington know who are invariably paid off in specie, and who are not so paid off.

To-day, all the District banks have determined not to redeem their issue (of any size) in specie, at present.

The Bank of Commerce, Georgetown,—which has never stopped redeeming its issue in specie without a limit up to this morning—will come into the same arrangement, and act in concert with all the banks here.

THE WAR IN INDIA.—As absorbed as we all are in the condition of affairs at home just now, the East Indian war continues to attract its share of public attention, because in it is wrapped up much of the future of American commerce. End as that war may, its result must be the extension of our trade in the East far past the anticipation of the most sanguine among us six months ago. Should Britain's authority be prostrated there (of which we entertain no anticipation, however,) India would become to the United States a second California, and almost in as short a period of time as the commerce of the Pacific coast became a leading feature in the trade of the Atlantic United States End as it may, the war must loosen in some measure England's grasp on the commerce of India; and that cannot be loosened without measurably admitting us to a share in it.

THE SALE OF PRE-EMPTIONS UNDER THE ACT OF 1841.—The thirteenth section of the pre-emption law of 1841 prohibits the sale of pre-emptions, its design being to prevent the presentation of fraudulent pre-emption claims. An inquiry has been made at the General Land Office, whether sales of lands entered under that law, made before the patent may issue, will invalidate the entry and lead to its cancellation. It has been held, that if a party has complied with all the requisites of the law, and proved up and made an actual entry, the General Land Office will take no cognizance of any such sale, nor regard it as an impediment to the pre-emptor, unless fraud be imputed; in which case, upon its being reopened, the fact of the sale would be regarded as a legitimate element of investigation.

THE CITY'S ACCRUING INTEREST.—We have every reason to know that the interest to be due on the stocks of Washington city on the 1st October proximo, will be promptly paid at the Bank of Washington, in specie, on demand. This is as it should be; there being Corporation funds more than sufficient in the custody of that Bank, and their payment in specie being necessary to sustain the credit of the city, which at this moment is as prosperous (financially) as any in the Union.

THE NAVAL COURTS OF INQUIRY.—Court No. 1 were to-day engaged in reviewing the record of the testimony taken in the case of Lieut. Turner, (which has been long on trial.) To-morrow, his defence is to be read.

Before Court No. 2, the case of Lieut. Bissell being still before them, Capt. Adams, Commodore Perry and Engineer-in-Chief Martin were examined in the applicant's behalf, ere the *Star* went to press.

Before Court No. 3, the case of Lieut. Reill being still on trial, the cross-examination of Capt. Rodgers was completed, and Lieuts Cooper and Cowes were examined on the Government's behalf.

THE MEXICAN BOUNDARY SURVEY.—This morning, Col. Emory, the U. S. Commissioner for running the Mexican boundary, formally turned over to the Interior Department the official maps and papers connected with that work. The commission adjourns to-morrow, and the Mexican Commissioner and his corps of engineer assistants, we hear, leave Washington on the day after, for their own country.

THE CORPORATION SALARIES.—We hear that the Bank of Washington will pay on demand the salaries of the city officials, due on the 1st proximo, in city currency, which will be available in all ordinary business transactions.

APPOINTED.—Mr. Wm. H. Hope, of Pa., has been appointed to prepare the descriptions to accompany the drawings in the mechanical portion of the Patent Office Report—salary $1,800 per annum.

THE NAVAL COURT-MARTIAL, now in session here, will close its labors to-morrow, when the defence of the accused, Lieut. Lyne, is expected to be read by his counsel.

THE WEATHER.—The following report of the weather for this morning is made from the Morse Telegraph line to the Smithsonian Institution. The time of observation is about 7 o'clock a. m.:

SEPTEMBER 29, 1857.

New York, N. Y.	pleasant.
Philadelphia, Pa.	clear, cool.
Baltimore, Md.	clear, pleasant.
Washington, D. C.	clear, cool.
Richmond	clear, cool.
Petersburg, Va.	clear, fine.
Raleigh	clear, pleasant.
Wilmington, N. C.	clear, cool.
Columbia, S. C.	clear, fine.
Charleston, S. C.	clear, pleasant.
Augusta, Ga.	clear, cool.
Savannah, Ga.	cloudy, cool.
Macon, Ga.	clear, pleasant.
Columbus, Ga.	clear, pleasant.
Montgomery, Ala.	clear, pleasant.
Lower Peach Tree, Ala.	clear, cool.
Mobile, Ala	clear.
Gainesville, Miss.	clear, pleasant,
New Orleans, La.	clear, pleasant.

FROM THE WEST.

The following reports have been furnished by the National Telegraph line:

Frederick, Md.	clear, cool.
Cumberland, Md	cloudy, cool.
Hagerstown, Md	clear, warm.
Harper's Ferry	clear, cool.
Winchester	clear, cool.
Martinsburg	clear, cool.
Wheeling, Va.	clear, cool.
Grafton	cloudy, cold.

At Washington yesterday, 9 p. m., the barometer was 30.168, thermometer 63°. This morning, at 7 o'clock, the barometer was 30.228, thermometer 52°.5.

The Nevasink Tragedy.

CONVICTION OF JAMES P. DONNELLY FOR THE MURDER.

The trial of Donnelly, which has been in progress for eleven days in the Court of Oyer and Terminer in Freehold, N. J., was closed on Saturday, the jury returning a verdict of "guilty of murder in the first degree."

The New York Times says:

"No perceptible change was apparent on the countenance of the prisoner when the verdict was pronounced. He said before it was known that the jury had agreed that they could not help rendering a speedy judgment after the one-sided charge of the Judge. After the Court adjourned, "Go," he said to his brother-in-law, "and break this sad news to my sister before any one else tells her of it." But it was too late; the moment the verdict was promulgated people rushed out of the Court House, crying "Wilful murder!" The family of the prisoner heard the news; it came with crushing weight upon them The gray-haired father of Donnelly sat by his side when the verdict was pronounced. It had no visible effect upon him then, but he lies at this moment moaning upon his bed, permitting no one to enter his room. He has expected his son's acquittal all through the trial, and the final *denoument* has come upon him with a terrible shock. The Jury themselves were affected; the foreman with difficulty gave utterance to the verdict, and it was only after the Judge had said "Louder," and it was repeated, that it was understood.

"Thus this lengthy trial is finally brought to a close. What will be the future disposition of Donnelly it is, of course, impossible to say. A great deal of sympathy exists for him here; he is a young man of fine appearance. The evidence against him was crushing, and the opinion is general that the verdict was a righteous one. His counsel express a determination to carry the case before the Supreme Court. If they obtain a writ from the Chancellor, they will present it, with their bill of exceptions, to the Court on the second Tuesday in October, and have the record of the trial placed before the Court of last resort. They claim that their exceptions to the Judge's charge were well taken, and that it was a very unfair one towards the prisoner. The Supreme Court, General Term, meets on the first Tuesday in November, when, if the case is carried up, it will be argued. Unless a stay of proceedings is obtained, Donnelly will be sentenced on the reassembling of the Court in October."

RATHER COOL.—A Mr Taylor, of Cohoes, N. Y. one of the Central America's passengers, saved, was in the water ten hours. He was floating about, on a plank with another man, a New Yorker, and states that after having been in the water five hours, with scarcely a hope remaining of being picked up, his companion addressed to him the following query in the most *nonchalant* tone:—"Well, Taylor, where are you going to put up to-night?"

POLITICAL.—A new organization under the name of "the Knickerbocker Society," has started into existence, its object being, it is said, to operate as a balance of power party. It will not, so it is represented, make distinct nominations of its own, but select from the candidates placed in nomination by other parties, such as it may consider most worthy of its support.

☞ Virginia sixes sold in New York on Saturday at 81 cents.

☞ Crowley has been convicted of the murder of young Hueston, in Caroline county, Va., and sentenced to be hung on the 6th of November next.

☞ At a meeting held at New Hope Meeting-house, in Orange county, in this month, which lasted six days, 30 converts were baptised and joined the church.

☞ A FAIR.—The Ladies of Hunter Chapel, on the Columbia Turnpike, Alexandria county, Virginia, about two and a half miles above the Long Bridge, design holding a FAIR, in their new Chapel, commencing on Monday, October 5th, and continuing throughout each day and evening of the week.

Persons desiring to contribute articles, will please send them to Mrs. General Hunter, near the Chapel, or leave them at the Confectionery of Mr. Weaver on Pennsylvania avenue, Washington or at the Confectionery of Mr. Brodbeck on King street, Alexandria.

The Ladies have made ample arrangements in the eating line—all sorts of good things will be found on the tables, at all times, including Ice Cream, Lemonade, &c., on the most reasonable terms.

It is intended to have Music every evening.

A Concert will be given on the Thursday following the week of the Fair, 15th October, for the benefit of the Church. Tickets, 25 cents each, may be procured at the Book and Stationery Stores of Messrs. Bayly, Ballantyne, and De Camp, Washington, and at the door. 1t

☞ WASHINGTON HORTICULTURAL and Floral Exhibition will be held at the Hall of Wm. W. Corcoran, Esq., on H street, between 13th and 14th streets, on WEDNESDAY next, September 30th, and continue three days, (music in attendance.)

The room will be opened to visitors on the first day at one o'clock p. m., the following days at eight in the morning, and kept open each day until ten at night.

A great variety of beautiful articles, designed as premiums for the past and coming fair, have been purchased of Mr. Semken Jeweler, and will be on exhibition at the fair room.

N. B. All plants must be in the Hall and staged by ten o'clock on Wednesday morning, September 30th.
se 25-6t WM. HUGHES. Sec'y.

BANK OF COMMERCE,
GEORGETOWN, D. C., September 19, 1857.

☞ A MEETING of the Stockholders of this Bank was held at the Banking House on Friday evening, 18th inst. The President of the Bank explained to the Stockholders the reasons which induced him, on the morning of the 15th instant, to temporarily suspend the payment of deposites, and made a full exhibit of the affairs and condition of the bank.

After a full investigation, it was

Resolved, That the President of the Bank be and he is hereby directed to pay on demand its issue and all deposites of one hundred dollars and under that amount, and to pay the residue of the deposites (with interest thereon) as promptly as the resources of the bank can be made available, (which can be but for a short space of time.)

Resolved, That the course pursued by the President of the Bank on the 15th instant meets our approval.

Resolved, That the Stockholders of this Bank hereby acknowledge their individual responsibility for all the liabilities of the bank, and guaranty all claimants from any loss thereon.
se 25-diw C. E. RITTENHOUSE, President.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
September 16, 1857.

☞ NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.—Notice is hereby given that the Taxes for the year 1857 are due, and payable at this office, and that a deduction of 6 per cent. is allowed by law for the current year paid on or before the 15th day of October next. JAS. F. HALIDAY,
se 17-3awtOct15 Collector.

☞ THE REV. WM. PINKNEY, D.D., having accepted the call of the Vestry of the Church of the Ascension, will enter upon the duties of his rectorship on SUNDAY, October 11th.

Persons desiring Pews in the Church will please apply to C. F. HURLBURT, Register, Room No. 11 West Wing Patent Office. se 5-eotf

☞ RESOLUTIONS PLEDGING THE Corporation of Georgetown to make a subscription to the Alexandria, Loudoun, and Hampshire Railroad Company, upon certain conditions, passed 22d August, 1857:

Resolved by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the Corporation of Georgetown, That, in the event of an appropriation of money by Congress to build a bridge over the Potomac at the Aqueduct, or near said Aqueduct, and west thereof, this Corporation by itself, and the citizens of Georgetown, pledges itself to subscribe, or have subscribed, to the stock of the Alexandria, Loudoun, and Hampshire Railroad, a sum not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars, sufficient to construct a branch of said road from the bridge hereinbefore referred to, to the main line of said road, and to intersect the same at such point as may be agreed upon by the Directors of said road and this Corporation: *Provided, however*, That this resolution shall have no force whatever, or be in any manner binding on this Corporation until it shall have been submitted to the consideration of the legal voters of this town, according to the provisions hereinbefore made, and be sanctioned by a majority of votes at the polls.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, GEORGETOWN, D. C.

By virtue of the above resolutions, on Tuesday, the thirteenth day of October next, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and sunset, "the polls will be opened at the Town Hall, that the sense of the legal voters of the town may be taken upon the propriety of the subscription as aforesaid, with the limitations therein, and those in favor of such subscription, shall vote Aye, and those opposed shall vote No." R. R. CRAWFORD, Mayor.
se 22-3tawtd

☞ NOTICE.—Having been informed that certain persons are in the habit of collecting and gathering together the Bottles which contain or have contained our beverages, and putting therein an article made by others than ourselves, and then disposing of such article on the faith and credit of our name stamped on said Bottles, all persons are hereby notified that such Bottles are our own property, and not subject to sale, and that they are delivered to our customers only to be returned, and that it is our firm intention to prosecute to the utmost extent of the law, any infringment of our rights on the premises.
ARNY & SHINN,
Union Bottling Depot, 57 Green street.
se 11 Georgetown, D. C.

☞ PHILADELPHIA ICE CREAM at $1.50 per gallon; PHILADELPHIA CAKES of every style and variety, at the *PHILADELPHIA ICE CREAM DEPOT*, corner of 12th and F streets. se 12-1m*

CHINA ORNAMENTS, for the parlor and toilet, very low, at
se 29-3t LAMMOND'S, 7th street.

CABAS, LEATHER RETICULES, WORK Boxes, Papier Mache Desks, etc. at
se 29-3t LAMMOND'S.

GOODS FOR VIRGINIA BANK NOTES.

R. H. MILLER, SON & CO., will sell all descriptions of CHINA, GLASS, and QUEENS WARE, GAS FIXTURES, &c., &c., at their usual regular low prices, with a discount of five per cent. for cash as heretofore, and receive in payments notes of any of the Virginia Banks (except the Bank of Kanawha) at par. Any and all debts due them, can be paid in the same currency, with thanks to such of their debtors as choose to avail themselves of this proposition.
Alexandria, Sept. 29, 1857. se 29-tf

SELLING OFF at
se 26 McLAUGHLIN'S,

BANKING HOUSE
OF
SWEENY, RITTENHOUSE, FANT & CO.

We will open Gold, currency, and Virginia accounts for depositors, and credit the difference between currency and gold. Those drawing Virginia or currency will mark their checks accordingly.

Those depositing specie will be paid in *gold* or *silver*.

We hope in a few days to quote regular rates for foreign Bank notes, as well as our home currency, as usual.

SWEENY, RITTENHOUSE, FANT & CO.
se 29-dfm "Bankers."

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC
AND THOSE THAT HAVE FUNDS IN THE DIFFERENT BANKS OF THE DISTRICT.

I offer for sale 46 very eligible Lots in the city, unimproved, and thirteen houses and lots, at fair cash valuation; for which I will take in payment any and all the checks or notes, marked good on either of the following banks, viz: Banks Metropolis, Washington, Commerce, and Sweeny, Rittenhouse Fant & Co.

Those wishing to purchase will call on me at my residence, south F street, Island, or at the Steamboat wharf
se 29-3t GEORGE MATTINGLY.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

We would respectfully announce to the citizens of Washington, Georgetown, Alexandria, and environs that our Fall supplies of CARPETINGS, CURTAIN MATERIALS, and FURNITURE LINENS are now perfectly complete in all their varied departments and qualities; and that bank notes, the issue of any or all of those in our immediate neighborhood, will be taken in sales at our usual prices, or in liquidation of debts due us, at par.

We cordially invite all in want of good Goods in the most select and elegant designs to our rooms, promising that no pains shall be spared to please.
CLAGETT & DODSON,
Dealers in all kinds Furniture Dry Goods,
se 29-eo3w No. 4, Market space.

DANCING ACADEMY.

Mr. C. C. CONNOLLY, whose reputation as a Dancer is well known throughout Washington and elsewhere, will, in compliance with the request of many, open on the 1st of October, a DANCING ACADEMY at 508 7th street, for which purpose he has been to the North, mastering all the latest Fancy Dances, with which he combines a new, picturesque, and graceful style of Dancing with all the old ones.

Ladies, Misses, and Masters' Class meets on Mondays and Thursdays from 2 until 5 o'clock p. m. Gentlemen's Class from 7 until 10, on the same evenings.

For particulars inquire at 476 12th street, 501 7th street, or at the Saloon, two doors below Odd Fellows' Hall.

N. B.—Private lessons given to suit the convenience of persons requiring such. se 29 4t*

COAL AT $5.25 PER TON.

Now on hand, a superior article of free-burning COAL, nut size, which we are selling at the above named price, for cash.
J. W. P. MYERS & CO.,
se 28-1w corner G and 22d sts., First Ward.

TO THE PUBLIC.—Bank of Washington paper will be taken at par, at my store, for STOVES of all description, House-Furnishing Articles, and debts due me, equal to gold or Silver.
C. WOODWARD'S
Metropolitan Stove and Grate Factory,
Nos. 318 and 322 Penn. avenue,
se 28-6t between 10th and 11th sts.

VOCAL MUSIC.
INSTRUCTION IN WASHINGTON AND GEORGETOWN.

C. IRVING'S Vocal Music Classes meet for instruction and practice at Temperance Hall, on E street, above D, on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings. Afternoon classes at 4½ o'clock, and night class at 7½; and his class for Georgetown meets at Mr. Arnold's School-room, on West street, adjoining the residence of Rev. Dr. Bocock, on Tuesday and Thursday evenings, at 7½ o'clock.

Terms, (in either class,) 22 lessons, $5.

Ladies and gentlemen desirous of receiving a thorough knowledge of music will be gratified by uniting with either of these classes.

Application can be made to Mr. I. at the Hall or through the Post Office. se 21 tf

OFFICE OF TRANSPORTATION BALTIMORE & WASHINGTON RAILROAD.—By direction of the President and Directors of the Road, the undersigned gives notice that hereafter only such money as is Bankable in this city will be received in payment of Freight Bills due to the Company. T. H. PARSONS, Agent.
Washington, Sept. 21, 1857.—2w

LIBERTY STAR COOKING STOVE.—Persons in want of a superior Cooking Stove should by all means examine the above. The unusual thickness of plates and perfect arrangement for all cooking purposes make it the very best Cooking Stove in the market. If not found to be all that is represented, it will be exchanged immediately. For sale by
W. H. HARROVER,
7th street opposite Patriotic Bank,
se 25-1w Five doors north of Pa. av.

OPENING THIS DAY—SILKS, LACES SHAWLS, AND EMBROIDERIES.

HARPER & MITCHELL will open this day, in their new store, a large and desirable assortment of the above goods, all of the newest designs and latest importations.

The attention of our friends and purchasers generally is solicited. se 22-6t

FOR BOSTON.—The superior fast sailing clipper schooner Sylvanus Allen, Sears, Master, has arrived, and will have quick dispatch for the above port. For freight or passage apply to HARTLEY & BROTHER, 101 Water street, Georgetown, D. C. se 25-1w

STOVES! STOVES!! STOVES!!!

The attention of those in want of STOVES is invited to my large and well selected assortment. Having given great attention to their selection, I am confident I can suit all who may favor me with a call. Among my numerous collection I will name—The Union Complete, Maria Penn, Model Parlor Cook, Valley Cook, Virginia Cook, Ten Plate, Evening Star, Liberty Star, Baltimore Complete, Virginia Air-Tight, &c., &c. Together with Parlor Stoves, of great variety and pattern—

Radiators, Air-Tight, The Oval Franklin, Little Dorrit, &c.

With bed-room and dining-room Stoves, of various patterns, and all sizes.

I am also prepared to put up, in the most approved style, Kisterbock's celebrated wrought-iron Warm-Air Furnaces, for heating Dwelling Houses, Churches, Assembly Rooms, &c., which from the simplicity of its construction and easy management has never failed to give entire satisfaction.

Call and examine for yourself, at
W. D. WYVILL'S,
Stove Manufactuer and Copper, Tin, and Sheet-Iron Worker, 453 Penn. avenue, between Third and 4½ streets,
se 25-1w* South side.

BANKING HOUSE
OF
CHUBB BROTHERS.

Depositors depositing Bank Notes will please mark their Checks payable in currency.

Deposites of Gold will be paid in Gold.

Accounts will be opened with depositors allowing them to deposit Gold and Check for currency, the depositor being credited with the difference.
se 28-tf CHUBB BROTHERS.

DISTRICT BANKS.—The subscriber has on hand a large stock of Cabinet Furniture, China, Glass, and Crockery, Silver-plated Goods, Britannia, Block-tin, and Japanned Goods, Table Cutlery, with almost every article used in housekeeping, which he will sell at very low prices and cheerfully receive in payment the notes of any of the banks of the District. C. W. BOTELER,
se 28-3td Iron Hall.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY entered into a co-partnership, and will continue the DRUG and APOTHECARY business, under the firm of BOSWELL & BRO., at the old stand of O. Boswell, corner of Maryland avenue and 7th street.
O. BOSWELL,
EDWIN BOSWELL.
Washington, Sept. 25th, 1857. se 28-3t*

A CARD.—James Lackey, Merchant Tailor, 441 7th street, opposite the Patent Office, respectfully informs his friends and the public that he is now supplied with Fall and Winter Goods, which he will make up cheap for cash, and not inferior to any in the city. Gentlemen will find it to their advantage to have their clothes made to fit and in a durable manner for a trifle more than they will pay in slop-shops.

N. B.—Gentlemen wishing a neat fit and fashionable pants are requested to call, as I feel confident of giving satisfaction. se 19-2w*

MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS NOW OPEN.

The subscriber would invite attention to the following New Goods:

Paris printed Merinoes and Wool De Lains, very rich styles, extra cheap.

Fine Black and Fancy Colored Wool De Lains, at 37½ cts.

Ottoman Poplins, mixed, plaid, and striped

2,500 yards Hoyle's English Prints, at 10, usual price 12½ cts.

2,000 yards superior plaid and plain De Bages, at 12½, worth 18 cts.

1,500 yards rich new style figured De Lains, at 12½, richly worth 18 cts.

150 Ladies' white and colored Corsets, at $1, usual price $1.25.

A large lot of Ladies' fine white Linen Hadk'fs, at 6¼, 10, and 12½ cts.

20 dozen Ladies' fine white Lama Wool Hose, at 25 cents, usual price 50 cts.

20 dozen Ladies' hem-stitched Linen Hand'fs, at 25, richly worth 31 cts.

Ladies' good Kid Gloves from 37½ cts. up.

Linen Table Cloths, Napkins, and Towels; great bargains.

CHEAP EMBROIDERIES.

Large lot Swiss and Cambric Collars.

Large lot Cambric and Swiss Flouncings, unusually cheap.

Handsome Sleeves and Collars in sets.

Black Crape Collars, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

Persons in want of Dry Goods should not fail to call and examine my stock before purchasing, as I am confident, by so doing, they can save money.
R. G. HYATT,
349 7th street, third door below the
se 26-eo3t Northern Liberty Market.

THE LEGAL ADVISER, or how to diminish Losses, avoid Lawsuits, and save Time, Trouble, and Money, by conducting business according to law, as expounded by the best and latest Authorities; by Edwin T. Freedley, author of a Practical Treatise on Business; $1.25

Information about Texas, carefully prepared by D. E. S. Braman, of Matagorda, Texas; 75c.

Modern Reform Examined; or the union of North and South on the subject of Slavery; by Joseph C. Stiles; $1. Just published, and for sale by
TAYLOR & MAURY,
se 26-