THE EVENING STAR.

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Rates of advertising made known on application.

The Evening Star.

VOL. 77—No. 17,024. WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1890. TWO CENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TEMPORARY OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, 1001 F st. n.w. CAPITAL $1,000,000.00.

This company issues certificates of deposit bearing interest as follows: On all amounts deposited for ninety days or more, but less than six months, 3 per cent per annum; 3½ per cent on deposits for more than six months, but less than a year, and 4 per cent on deposits of one year or longer, secured investments for sale. Money loaned.

B. H. WARNER, President.

W. B. ROBISON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Charles B. Bailey, James L. Barbour, George E. Bartol, Richard W. Clay, H. S. Cummings, J. J. Darlington, John Joy Edson, Charles J. Faulkner, Albert F. Fox, O. C. Green, William E. Gurley, John B. Larner, George F. Schafer, John A. Hamilton, Thomas Somerville, John A. Swope, J. S. Swormstedt, Hattersley W. Talbott, George Truesdell, B. H. Warner, A. A. Wilson, L. D. Wine, S. W. Woodward, Chas. Benj. Wilkinson.

jo4-3m A. S. Worthington.

WINDOW GLASS.—HAVING RECENTLY received over 3,000 Cases French Window Glass I am prepared to sell the same wholesale or retail at lower prices than have been known heretofore. Estimates for large or small quantities promptly furnished. JAMES H. McGILL, Dealer in Building Supplies, 908 to 914 G st. n.w. au4-1m

THE WASHINGTON SAFE DEPOSIT CO., 916-918 Pennsylvania ave. n.w.

Storage rooms all built with brick, which is the only true fire-proof material known.

Silver and other valuables stored in our large steel vaults.

Safes at greatly reduced rates. jy29-1m

EQUITABLE CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING ASSOCIATION, "EQUITABLE BUILDING," 1003 F ST.

ASSETS $1,119,062.77.

Office hours, from 9 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. daily. On the first Wednesday in each month the office will be open from 6 to 8 o'clock p.m. Advances will be made promptly at 7 o'clock. The 19th issue of stock is open for subscription.

Shares are $2.50 per month.
$1,000 advanced on each share.

Pamphlets explaining the objects and advantages of the Association are furnished upon application.

THOMAS SOMERVILLE, Pres't.
JNO. JOY EDSON, Sec'ry. je3

LADIES, TAKE YOUR CHANCES.

In three hours' notice I will make all size Hair Braids for 75c. Dyeing braids, 50c. Also large assortment, in all shades, of Hair Braids of my own manufacture at extremely low figures.

H. PHILIPPI, 906 7th st. n.w., Upstairs.
au26-2t*

BARGAINS.

W. B. MOSES & SONS,

CORNER 11TH AND F STREETS NORTHWEST.

FURNITURE,
CARPETS,
UPHOLSTERY GOODS,
WALL PAPERS,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS, &c.

To make space for the new goods for fall season we are offering many attractive bargains. The following are a few:

UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT.

500 Curtain Poles, full length, with trimmings all complete, worth 50c. and 75c.; 15c. each.

100 Curtain Poles, extra heavy, with trimmings complete, worth 75c. to $1.50; 25c. each.

100 pairs Lace Curtains reduced to $1.

Finer Curtains reduced to less than import prices.

A large assortment of portieres, less than manufacturers' prices.

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

Carpets of the following sizes, made of Remnants, with border all around:

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETS.

8 feet 3 inches by 10 feet, $10.50; reduced from $18.

8 feet 3 inches by 11 feet, $11; reduced from $18

8 feet 3 inches by 13 feet 9 inches, $15; reduced from $22.50.

10 feet 6 inches by 15 feet, $18; reduced from $29.

10 feet 6 inches by 16 feet 6 inches, $20; reduced from $31.

MOQUETTE CARPETS.

8 feet 3 inches by 12 feet 6 inches, $20; reduced from $32.50.

8 feet 3 inches by 10 feet 3 inches, $20; reduced from $30.

300 Bromley Smyrna Hearth Rugs, $2.50; reduced from $4.25.

STRAW MATTINGS.

200 Rolls White and Fancy, 40 yds., worth $5, $2.50.

250 Rolls White and Fancy, 40 yds., worth $6, $4.

150 Rolls Heavy Jointless, 40 yds., worth $16, $10.

150 Rolls Heavy Damask, 40 yds., worth $16, $10.

WASHING MACHINES.

The Cataract Washing Machine—the greatest labor-saving invention of the day—will do in one hour what you do by hand in ten, without the slightest damage to finest of materials. Reduced from $30 to $15. One week's trial given if desired.

Special inducements offered in Refrigerators and Cedar Chests.

BICYCLES, TRICYCLES AND VELOCIPEDES.

1 36-inch-wheel Bicycle, $18; reduced from $24.
1 32-inch-wheel Bicycle, $12; reduced from $16.
3 Tricycles, No. 1, $5; reduced from $7.
3 Tricycles, No. 2, $5.60; reduced from $8.
1 Tricycle, No. 4, $9; reduced from $12.50.
1 " No. 5, $10; reduced from $14.50.
1 " No. 6, $10; reduced from $14.
1 " No. C, $10.65; reduced from $15.
1 " No. D, $9.50; reduced from $13.50.
1 " No. 7, $12; reduced from $16.50.
1 " No. 3, $7; reduced from $10.
1 " No. D, $15; reduced from $21.50.
2 No. 40 Velocipedes, $2; reduced from $3.

BABY CARRIAGES.

We are offering $4 discount on every carriage $20; $2 discount on every carriage from $15 to $19. This is an opportunity to buy a fine carriage for very little money.

WINDOW SHADES.

We are offering a fine assortment of colors with all fixtures and complete for 25c. each.

MOSQUITO CANOPIES.

A full line of every style and size from 75 cents to $5.00.

W. B. MOSES & SONS,
Cor. 11th and F sts. n.w.,
Washington, D. C.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, UPHOLSTERIES, WALL PAPER, DECORATIONS, &c., &c.
au13

MONDAY, AUG. 18, 1890.

Elphonzo Youngs Company take no little pride in being *first* (as usual) to offer

NEW CROP TEAS.

The first Steamer of the season via Suez Canal is in and her cargo has already been distributed throughout the country to such merchants as are always on the alert for FRESHEST SUPPLIES. We "got in" and are therefore able to offer an assortment of the *Freshest* and *Sweetest* Teas that money can buy—Genuine *New Crop* goods—Our *Formosa* Oolong at 80c. is delightful in the Cup, and even our 50c. grade is *absolutely free* from that wild, weedy or grassy flavor so often met with in Oolongs.

ELPHONZO YOUNGS COMPANY,
au16 480 Ninth st.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A HUNDRED PAIR A DAY.

I am aiming to take orders for a hundred pair of Trousers a day. Not today, tomorrow nor the next day, but before the fall season sees many moons. I have the Patterns and the facilities. The only thing needed is the customers; and I propose to get them by convincing you (if you will drop in) that it is to your interest to have your Trousers made here. No fit, no charge. See the windowful of Fall Patterns—price ticketed.

G. WARFIELD SIMPSON, "Expert in Trousers,"
au26-tu&f Cor. 9th and G sts. n.w.

ALL MEMBERS OF THE EXCENTRIC Association of Steam Engineers, No. 1, are requested to meet in their new hall, 316 8th st. n.w., Bunch's Hall, FRIDAY, the 29th instant, at 7:30.

au26-3t* WM. L. MOTHERSEAD, M.W.

MASONIC.—A SPECIAL COMMUNICATION of St. John's Lodge, No. 11, F. A. A.M., will be held at Masonic Temple WEDNESDAY, August 27, 1890, at 7:30 p.m. Work: First and second degrees. A full attendance requested. Members of other lodges cordially invited. By order of the W.M.

it J. C. FILL, Secretary.

WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE Union.—Gospel Meeting Headquarters, 1425 New York ave., TOMORROW (Wednesday) at 1:30 p.m. All members and friends invited. 1t

NOTICE.

The firm of Albinson & Trusheim is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Trusheim withdrawing from said firm. The business will be conducted at same place by Albinson & Co., to whom all bills are payable, and who will settle all outstanding claims. Asking a continuance of the trade of our customers and the public we are respectfully,

ALBINSON & CO., 2026 14th st. n.w.

NOTICE.

Having this day sold my interest in the stove and tin business formerly conducted by Albinson & Trusheim to Albinson & Co., I most cheerfully recommend my successors to my friends and customers.

au26-1t* C. H. C. ALBINSON.

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC IS called to our giving particular attention to that branch of Carpentering known as Jobbing. We employ experienced mechanics and our charges are moderate. J. E. TURTON & SON, 1007 K st. n.w.

au25-3t*

WASHINGTON, D.C., AUGUST 23, 1890. NOTICE.—The firms of MICHEL HANO & CO. of Washington, D.C., and S. SUNDHEIMER & CO. of Baltimore, Md., are this day dissolved by mutual consent. S. SUNDHEIMER will collect all outstanding debts.

MICHEL HANO,
SAMUEL SUNDHEIMER.

MAX OPPENHEIMER is authorized to collect all bills for me in this city. S. SUNDHEIMER. au25-2*

ROBERT DE BRUCE COUNCIL OF Kadosh, A. and A. Scottish Rite, will hold its stated meeting at the Cathedral on TUESDAY, 26th instant, at 7:30 p.m., for the transaction of business.

au25-2t ALEX. H. HOLT, 32°, Recorder.

RECHABITES, ATTENTION.—YOU ARE hereby invited to assemble in full regalia at Baum's Hall, 4th and East Capitol sts. (Columbia Tent room), WEDNESDAY, 27th instant, 7 o'clock p.m. prompt, to participate in a Grand Parade and Rechabite Reflly at the Temperance Tent. A brass band will be in attendance and fireworks will brighten the occasion. Let every Rechabite be on hand. Meeting under auspices of Anacostia Tent, No. 138. au25-3t*

WASHINGTON CONSISTORY, NO. 7, S.P.R.S., 32°, A.A.S.R.—Stated Rendezvous will be held at West End Masonic Hall, corner Pa. ave. and 19th st. n.w., on TUESDAY, August 26, 1890, at 7:30 p.m. By order of Ill. C. in C.

ANSON S. TAYLOR, 32°, G.S. and K. of S. and A.
au25-2t

ATTENTION, SIR KNIGHTS.—NELSON Division, No. 2, U.R.K. of P., will give a Grand Excursion to Leesburg Fair on THURSDAY, August 28, and on which occasion they extend a cordial invitation to Washington Division, No. 1, and Columbia Division, No. 3, of Washington, and Rathbone Division of Alexandria, Va., to join them. Divisions of Washington will meet at 8 a.m. at Nelson Division Armory on morning of excursion in full-dress uniform. Special train leaves at 9:10 a.m. from B. and P. depot. By order of Division.

au23-4t WALTER S. GRIFFITH, S.K.R.

FOR RENT—1611 13TH ST. N.W.....$55
1604 Vermont ave.....40
1307 14th st. n.w.....75
au21-1w A. HEITMULLER & CO., 1333 14th st.

GAS RANGES AND STOVES AT REDUCED PRICES.

S. S. SHEDD & BRO.,
au21 432 9th st. n.w.

ALL GENERAL TAXES PAID AT A DISCOUNT

au15-2w By ALLEN C. CLARK, 605 F st. n.w.

CERTIFICATES OF STOCK AND Cheques. All methods of Printing and Engraving. GEDNEY & ROBERTS, mh29 407 10th st., Adjoining Post Building.

WILKINS' PRINTING HOUSE, 512 10th st. n.w. Commercial and Pension Work, Briefs, Bills, Specimens &c. Press Work and Wire Stitching for the trade.

au5-2m*

DR. C. M. N. LATIMER HAS REMOVED his Office to 1403 N.Y. ave. n.w. au1-1m*

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. The 30th day of July, 1890.

Frederick Herbert et al. vs. Amelia Berger et al. No. 12555. Eq. Docket 31.

On motion of the plaintiffs, by Messrs. Thomas M. Fields and Charlie Brown, their solicitors, it is ordered that the defendants, Sophia Ulrich and Nicholas Ulrich (to whom summonses have been issued and returned "not to be found"), cause their appearance to be entered herein on or before the first rule-day occurring forty days after this day; otherwise the cause will be proceeded with as in case of default.

The object of this suit is to construe the last will and testament of Casper Herbert, deceased, for an account and sale.

This order is to be published once a week for three successive weeks next after this date in the Washington Law Reporter and The Evening Star newspaper.

By the court, A. B. HAGNER, Assoc. Justice, &c.
True copy. Test: R. J. MEIGS, Clerk, &c.
au12-1aw3w By M. A. CLANCY, Ass't Clerk.

CHARTERED BY CONGRESS 1818.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO.

of Washington, D.C.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....$335,000.00

Has never contested a loss by fire, but always makes prompt and liberal adjustments.

DR. DAN'L B. CLARKE, Prest.
GEO. E. LEMON, Vice Prest.
CHAS. S. BRADLEY, Treas.
I. FENWICK YOUNG, Secy.
WILL P. BOTELER, Asst. Secy. je25-3m

ROCHDALE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY. Members of this Society are informed that Contract for Coal has been made with two dealers to furnish fuel for the term ending June 30, 1891. Members in possession of the Trade Card ending April 30, 1891, can obtain information by calling upon any officer or member of the committee, as given on the back of their book.

By order of the Committee.
au4-1m J. W. HARSHA, Secretary.

GOOD BOARDS AT $1.15.

VIRGINIA BOARDS AT $1.15
16-FOOT BOARDS AT $1.15
EVEN SAWED BOARDS AT $1.15
SOUND DRY BOARDS AT $1.15
PER 100 FEET.

LIBBEY, BITTINGER & MILLER,
LUMBER AND MILL WORK,
au9 6th st. and New York ave. n.w.

CHEAPEST FUEL IN THE MARKET.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN THE PRICE OF COKE.

In order to reduce our large stock we will deliver until further notice best quality Coke for domestic purposes at the following LOW prices:

25 bushels Uncrushed, $1.75.
25 bushels Crushed, $2.25.
40 bushels Uncrushed, $2.50.
40 bushels Crushed, $3.30.

BUY QUICK AND GET THE BENEFIT OF THE REDUCTION.

JOHNSON BROTHERS,

Exclusive agents Washington Gas Light Co.'s Coke.

Also the most extensive dealers in all kinds of Family Fuel. au2-tr

FULL VALUE GIVEN

For your old Square Piano in exchange for a NEW BRADBURY UPRIGHT, balance payable $10 monthly or cash. F. G. SMITH,

je28-6tau27 1227 Pennsylvania ave.

DR. GUSTAVUS R. BROWN HAS MOVED from 1403 New York ave. to his new office, 817 15th st., opposite the Shoreham. jy30-1m*

SPECIAL REDUCED PRICES ON GAS STOVES:

$2.25 Two-hole for $1.85. $3 Two-hole for $2.38. $3.50 Two-hole for $2.79. $6.50 Three-hole for $4.82. $1.50 One-hole for 90c. 75c. One-hole for 58c. Oil Stoves Way Down. Gasoline Stoves at Factory Prices. C. A. MUDDIMAN, 614 12th st.

jy25 Moved from 1206 F st. to 12th st., F and G.

Washington News and Gossip.

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THE STAR OUT OF TOWN.—THE EVENING STAR will be sent by mail to any address in the United States or Canada for such period as may be desired at the rate of fifty cents per month.

But all such orders must be accompanied by the money, or the paper cannot be sent, as no accounts are kept with mail subscriptions.

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS TODAY.—Internal revenue, $188,482; customs, $442,506.

THE PRESIDENT is expected to return from Cape May tomorrow.

THE CRUISER SAN FRANCISCO left the Union iron works, San Francisco, today for Santa Barbara to begin her official trial.

ON DUTY AGAIN.—Mr. Edward Atkinson, the tall guardian of the door leading into the sanctum of the Secretary of the Navy, has returned to his post of duty after a month's leave of absence.

PENSIONS FOR DISTRICT PEOPLE.—Pensions have been granted to residents of the District as follows: Original invalid—Daniel Ahern (Soldiers' Home), William H. Signor, Francis Lefebore and Andreas Stiefvater. Reissue—William Morrissey (Soldiers' Home).

THE BOND OFFERINGS received at the Treasury Department up to noon under circular of August 21 aggregated $632,850, registered 4½ per cents in lots as follows: $600, $600, $285,000, $500, $2,500, $50,000, $2,000, $11,000, $1,000, $1,500, $1,150, $102,000 and $175,000.

THE ONLY MESSENGER IN THE CLASSIFIED SERVICE.—Mr. Joseph Faidy of Louisiana has been appointed messenger to the civil service commission. This position is unique, as it is the only messenger's position that comes within the classified service. Mr. Faidy was appointed from the copyists' register, where his name stood at the head of the applicants from his state.

NAVAL ORDERS.—Lieut. Wainwright Kellogg, ordered to duty connected with the installation of electric lights on board the naval ships at the Cramp yard, Philadelphia, relieving Lieut. B. A. Fiske, who is placed on waiting orders. Lieut. Commander Asa Walker, detached from the Naval Academy, 31st instant, and placed on waiting orders. Lieuts. Thomas B. Howard, Jno. B. Briggs, David Daniels, Templin M. Potts, and Jno. M. Orchard detached from the Naval Academy, September 30, and placed on waiting orders. Chief Engineer E. J. Whittaker, detached from the receiving ship Vermont and ordered to the Philadelphia, relieving Chief Engineer Robert Potts, detached and placed on waiting orders.

PATENTS FOR WASHINGTONIANS.—Patents have been issued to citizens of the District as follows: John S. Blankman, distance measuring machine; Manes Hamburger, trousers; Andrew F. Hilyer, water evaporator attachment for hot air registers; Vincent L. Ourdan, assign to Ourdan & Kolb, engraving machine; Engraving and Mercantile Company of Virginia, two patents for engraving machine; also three patents to Vincent L. Ondran and C. A. Kolb, assigns to above company, for pantograph, engraving apparatus and engraving machine; Henry C. Spencer, student's copy book; Wm. S. Teel, combined sash and belt; James A. Watson, feeding and justifying mechanism. A design for an indicator has been granted to Fred G. Dieterich and J. U. O'Meara.

PERSONAL.—L. Abbott of Pittsburg and Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Bowerman of Brooklyn are registered at the Normandie.——Dr. Gilbert has returned to the city.——Mrs. J. F. Sheave of Somerset, Pa., Mrs. Bailey and children of San Francisco and Mr. W. C. Warne of Kansas are at the Fredonia.——Mr. W. F. Wakeman, a well-known journalist of New York, is at the Hotel Langham.——Mr. S. J. Wailes has returned from Point Lookout and is staying at the Hotel Langham.——Frank A. Smith of Philadelphia is registered at Chamberlin's.——G. W. Allen of Auburn, Senator Edmunds, Frank E. Simpson of Boston and Adam Vanderbilt of New York are at the Arlington.——M. E. Taylor of Louisville and Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Wortley of New York are at the Shoreham.——E. L. Corthell of Chicago is registered at Wormley's.——H. W. Beresford of London, Eng., A. R. Pendleton of Winchester, Va., and E. H. Wells of Pittsburg are at Welcker's.——Jesse Eppinger of New York, D. C. Chase and W. Thompson of South Amboy, N.J., and Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Rush, Mrs. H. A. Clement and Miss Lucy Romig, all of Paris, Tex., are at the Riggs House.——J. E. Alexander, J. W. Duryee, E. H. Eckfelat of New York, M. B. Tuttle of Newark, N.J., Mr. and Mrs. R. Williams of Streator, Ill., and Geo. Gerster of Philadelphia are quartered at the Hotel Randall.——F. E. Goldin and Capt. Samuels of New York, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Shimer of Milton, Pa., John W. Bruce of Indiana, Pa., C. C. Moffitt and Wm. Pickett of St. Louis, A. Bonzano of Phœnixville, Pa., W. H. Parnell of Frederick, Md., and J. Creech of Troy, Mo., are at Willard's.——Mrs. M. A. Davis and Mrs. L. Finley of Fort Apache, A. T., Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Walker and child of Rockport, Ind., E. B. Stahlman, a prominent railroad man of Tennessee, Frank D. Wilbur, ex-district attorney of Brooklyn, Geo. R. Durand of West Point, Clayton Osborne of East Saginaw, F. B. Swayne of Toledo, and Geo. W. Dupre of New Orleans are staying at the Ebbitt House.——Mr. Charles B. Lockwood of the Washington bureau of the *Commercial-Gazette* is spending his vacation in Massachusetts.——James H. Reeves of Centre, Ala., S. Webb of Albany, Tex., and Rev. Dr. Hoge of Richmond are at the Metropolitan.——John Moore of Whitesburg, Pa., J. P. Powell of New York and Milton Whiting of Columbia, S. C., are at the National.——Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Tracy of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Hall of Cincinnati, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Averelle of Savanah, A. K. Leon of Jacksonville, Fla., Mrs. J. R. Lee and son of St. Louis and Wm. Cox and daughter of Canton, Ohio, are at the St. James.——Wm. Linn and George R. Holt of Philadelphia are at the Hotel Johnson.

SENATE AGREEMENT.

The Vote on the Tariff Bill to be Taken September 8.

SUNDRY CIVIL BILL AGAIN.

Another Long Debate in the Senate on the Irrigation Clause.

LARD BILL CONTEST IN THE HOUSE.

SENATE.

A substitute for the House bankruptcy bill was reported by Mr. Hoar from the judiciary committee and was placed on the calendar.

THE FEMALE EMPLOYES WANT $2 PER DAY.

Mr. Blair presented a memorial from the female employes of the Government Printing Office, asking that they be paid not less than $2 a day. Referred to the committee on appropriations.

THE PROHIBITION RESOLUTION.

Mr. Plumb's resolution, directing the committee on rules to prohibit the sale of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors in the Senate wing of the Capitol, was taken up.

Mr. Blair moved to amend the resolution by inserting after word "liquors" the words "and their use as a beverage."

In the absence of Mr. Butler, who had offered an amendment directing the daily search of committee rooms and other apartments, the matter went over till tomorrow.

THE TARIFF CLOSURE MEMORANDUM.

The memorandum offered yesterday by Mr. Aldrich fixing the time for consideration of and voting on the tariff bill was presented, the presiding officer stating that unanimous consent was asked for having it entered as an order of the Senate.

Objection was made by Mr. Morgan and other democratic Senators to having the memorandum take the shape of an "order of the Senate," and after an interchange of opinion on that point Mr. Aldrich withdrew that form and confined his motion to a request for unanimous consent to the memorandum.

MR. PLUMB SUGGESTED

that there was something behind the matter that was not perfectly apparent to the public. The solemn interchange of suggestions yesterday between the Senator from Rhode Island and the Senator from Maryland reminded him somewhat of the historic remark between the governor of North Carolina and the governor of South Carolina. [Laughter.] It recalled also the remark that two Roman augurs could not look in each other's face without smiling. It was time (Mr. Plumb thought) that the curtain was rung down and the lights put out.

AN AGREEMENT HAD BEEN MADE

by which democratic Senators were to forego their opposition (or, at all events, their debating opposition) to the tariff bill, which had been described as so utterly and abhorrently objectionable; and, of course, he presumed that that was in order, that something else might be had which was desirable to them. He would interpose no objection to the memorandum.

AGREED TO UNANIMOUSLY.

The memorandum was then agreed to by unanimous consent.

CONFERENCE REPORT ON THE SUNDRY CIVIL BILL.

The conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill was presented and read.

The paragraph in regard to reservoir sites, which segregates and reserves from entry all such sites heretofore made or hereafter to be made, was criticised by Mr. Sanders, who thanked the Senate conferees (ironically) for having sacrificed the interests of the people of Montana to the insatiable maw of the House.

DEFENDING THE SENATE CONFEREES.

Mr. Allison defended the action of the Senate conferees, and explained the extreme difficulty which they had encountered in dealing with the subject. He reviewed, briefly, the history of the irrigation survey, and spoke of the hostility which the first appropriation of $100,000 for the purpose met from every member of the Senate committee on appropriations. That appropriation had been made in the sundry civil appropriation bill in 1888, and the House had added to the item the legislation which had caused the whole mischief (reserving from settlement the lands within the arid regions). In view of that fact

HE WAS AMAZED

at finding the Senate now charged by the House with interpolating legislation in order to cure the great injustice and wrong that had been done by the House in 1888, when it was forced on the sundry civil bill, that important legislation depriving the people of the right and privilege of occupying the public lands in nearly one-third of the country. He avowed it as having been the intention of the Senate conferees to have the whole irrigation survey wiped out of existence as far as possible—not to have a vestige of it left. But they had been confronted by people who

INSISTED THAT THE SURVEY SHOULD GO ON

and should become a part of the settled and permanent policy of the government. He begged Senators who thought that the Senate conferees had fallen short of their duty in that regard to remember that the Senate conferees had been confronted with a determination to preserve, protect and continue that survey. The result had been the provision now proposed to be inserted in the sundry civil bill. That provision was not what he would have wished it to be. It was not what the Senate conferees wished; but it was

THE BEST SOLUTION THAT THEY COULD SECURE.

It was simply that the reservoir sites, located or selected under appropriations heretofore made, should be reserved, but he believed it to be the duty of the Secretary of the Interior to see to it that they were not unnecessarily large—that they should not cover (as one of them was stated in the report to cover) 332 square miles. The site was at the head waters of the Missouri river and had been selected with the idea of the diversion of the water of that river nearly a thousand miles. Was there, Mr. Allison asked, a sane man who believed that such diversion would be made within the next century? The Senate conferees, Mr. Allison added, had made plain and substantial progress in the direction of accomplishing that which the people of the new states so much desired, and which was, he believed, so necessary to the growth and development of the country. They had yielded to a proposition made by the House conferees to allow only 320 acres to be taken by any one person under all the land laws of the United States. The Senate conferees had entered on that domain reluctantly; but they had been obliged to enter on it in order to secure an agreement. He thought that the Senate committee on public lands should take up the question of public lands and deal with it irrespective of that proposition.

MR. REAGAN DEFENDED THE PAST ACTION

of Congress and of the director of the irrigation survey in the matter of reserving reservoir sites from settlement, and said that, if it had not been for that reservation, those lands would have been seized upon by speculators and syndicates, to the serious injury of the settlers.

MR. TELLER RIDICULED THE SOLICITUDE

expressed by Mr. Reagan for the people of the arid region, and said that it would have been more touching if that Senator had not talked for two hours yesterday in favor of delivering over the interests of the miners

MR. REAGAN'S REPLY.

After a long discussion Mr. Reagan, who had not distinctly heard Mr. Tellers' remarks, but who had in the meantime been informed of their purport, took exception to them. He disclaimed having assumed the championship of the great northwest; he had but tried to vindicate truth and justice, without regard to latitude or longitude. He had been charged by the Senator from Colorado with defending the American Lead Trust. If that Senator meant to be understood that he (Mr. Reagan) had, knowingly, any connection with a trust or defended a trust such statement could only come from an untruthful and malignant heart. He (Mr. Reagan) had no association with trusts. His course in the Senate and throughout his life was his vindication on that subject.

THE CONFERENCE REPORT AGREED TO.

The vote was taken and the conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill was agreed to.

THE TARIFF BILL

was then (at 2 p.m.) taken up, the question being on the lead paragraph, to which Mr. Coke had offered an amendment to make the lead extracted from the silver ores free of duty, and Mr. Plumb had offered one reducing the duty on lead ore and lead dross from 1½ cents to three-fourths of a cent. Before proceeding with that paragraph Mr. Plumb gave notice of an amendment to the bill, which he would offer at the appropriate time. The amendment was read. It is (with some few modifications) the bill for reciprocity with Canada, introduced by Mr. Butterworth in the House of Representatives on February 6 last.

THE LEAD PARAGRAPH.

Mr. Plumb then addressed himself to the lead paragraph. If the proposition of the Finance Committee were to prevail and were to result as the Senator from Colorado (Mr. Teller) anticipated it would, he said, add $33.66 a ton in value to all the lead purchased in the United States, and there being 170,000 long tons used here the additional value (and cost to the consumer) would be more than five millions a year. That was about the gross value of all the lead produced in Colorado. The Senator from Colorado in his remarks Yesterday had not only magnified his office, had magnified his people. He had said, with a little pardonable buncombe, that the state of Colorado had made the state of Kansas what it was.

HOUSE.

Before the reading of the journal Mr. McClammy (N.C.) made the point of order that there was no quorum present. A call of the House was ordered and but 126 members responded to their names.

Mr. Payson (Ill.) offered a resolution for the arrest of absentees, pending which Mr. Enloe (Tenn.) moved an adjournment. The motion to adjourn was lost—yeas 38, nays 125.

The Speaker stated that the clerk had announced that there were 169 members present—more than a quorum.

Further proceedings under the call were dispensed with and the journal was read and approved.

DISPUTE AS TO THE ORDER OF BUSINESS.

Mr. Brosius (Pa.) demanded the regular order and contended that the unfinished business was the Conger lard bill, the vote upon the passage of which Saturday was inconclusive owing to the absence of a quorum.

Mr. Baker (N.Y.), who was interested in a Senate bill on the Speaker's table, argued that business on the Speaker's table must first be disposed of.

Mr. Blount (Ga.) read the rule of the House procribing the order of business, and said that it was clear to him that unfinished business could not be disposed of until after the consideration of the business on the Speaker's table. But the Speaker had intimated that he would rule not only on this question, but also on the question as to whether under the special order the "lard" bill was the unfinished business. His judgment was that under the terms of that order

THE HOUSE COULD NOT CONSIDER THE "LARD" BILL

any further. It was clear from the terms that today and tomorrow were devoted to the consideration of the "option" bill. The time assigned to the "lard" bill had expired yesterday and its consideration could not be resumed at this time. In support of his position he quoted from the decision made by Speaker Reed upon the copyright bill. In that decision the Speaker said: "The chair is of the opinion that the day having expired which was allotted to that business, until another day is allotted to that committee (committee on judiciary) it will not be competent to act on that motion" (a motion relative to the copyright bill).

MR. BROSIUS SUGGESTED

that in that case the entire special order had expired.

Mr. Cannon (Ill.) inquired whether the gentleman from Georgia took the position that in the pending case, when there was a continuous special order which expired tomorrow, with the previous question and the yeas and nays ordered on a bill, that bill did not come up as unfinished business. If he so held what, on the expiration of the special order, became of the matter in hand? If that construction was right, would not the proposed legislation be lost under the rules of the House? Whereas, if it came up as unfinished business, it was in the power of the House to dispose of it. That construction advanced legislation; the other construction put it out of the power of the House, under its rules, to reach or consider it.

MR. BLOUNT CONTENDED

that in the special order there was a distinct time given to each bill mentioned therein, and the time designated for the "lard" bill had expired.

Mr. Buchanan (N.J.) thought that in view of the proceedings Saturday, when it was intimated by the Speaker that the bill would come up either Monday or Tuesday (on the strength of which intimation an adjournment was taken), it was not in good faith for the opponents of the bill to raise the point that it was not unfinished business.

Mr. Frank (Mo.) remarked that there was nothing in the proceedings of Saturday that could act as an estoppel.

Mr. Herbert (Ala.) controverted the position that the "lard" bill had now the right of way. It had had its day in court and had exhausted all the time allotted to it.

NOT A CONTINUING ORDER.

Mr. Adams (Ill.) argued that the rule giving a certain number of days to the committee on agriculture was not a continuing order in the sense in which it was viewed by his colleague (Mr. Cannon). It expressly set apart certain days for the consideration of certain measures. Today was assigned to the "option" bill and the "lard" bill could not interfere with its consideration.

THE LARD BILL "UNFINISHED BUSINESS."

Mr. Hatch (Mo.) held the view that the "lard" bill was unfinished business, the previous question having been ordered and the yeas and nays having been ordered on its passage. In support of his view he quoted from the decision of Speaker Carlisle on the Oklahoma bill. In this case the special order had expired and the Speaker had ruled that the bill came up, not by reason of the special order, but by virtue of the fact that the previous question had been ordered.

Mr. Crisp (Ga.) argued that the bill could not come up before the disposition of bills on the Speaker's table, even if it had been considered in its regular order. If it could come up before the disposition of that business, why not before the reading of the journal? Why not before prayer by the chaplain? If his memory served him aright the Speaker had decided that pension bills coming over Friday night sessions with the previous question ordered could not be considered on Saturday morning.

THE SPEAKER DID NOT REMEMBER.

The Speaker replied that he did not think he had rendered such a decision, but it was so long since the question had been raised that he was not absolutely certain.

Mr. Crisp, continuing, said that even conceding that under the general rules the bill would come up under the operation of the previous question the general rules had been changed by the special order and today had been dedicated to the consideration of the "option" bill.

Mr. Enloe (Tenn.) could see no difference between the status of the lard bill and the status of the copyright bill.

THE SPEAKER'S DECISION.

The Speaker then rendered the following decision: The House will have seen by the discussion that this and similar questions have

[Continued on Fifth Page.]

MR. WEBB IS SERENE.

The New York Central Does Not Expect a Strike.

CHICAGO STOCKYARDS' STRIKE.

The Situation is Growing More and More Serious.

CROWDING THE MINNESOTA INDIANS.

TROUBLE FEARED AT CHICAGO.

The Police in Readiness to Face the Stock Yards Strikers.

CHICAGO, August 26.—The outlook for trouble at the stock yards is serious and an outbreak among the striking switchmen imminent. To guard against this danger Chief Marsh at 11 o'clock last night ordered all of the south side police force not patroling to report at the stock yards at midnight and every policeman in the city to hold himself in readiness for a call to duty in the strike district. The lieutenants have charge of the men and are under the personal supervision of Chief Marsh.

The packers are the heaviest losers in the stock yards' strike, while the switching association is not particularly hit, except so far as the transfer charges for about 150 empty and as many loaded cars are concerned. One hundred and fifty car loads of "dead" freight means between $1,800 and $2,000 per car load each day to the packers, or a daily loss of $285,000. These figures were given by one of the managers of the leading packers, and if they are correct the packers have lost during the four working days of the strike over $1,000,000. If the strike continues and the receipts of coal and ice are blocked the loss will extend to the pork packing branch, which so far has suffered little or nothing.

AN APPEAL FOR HELP.

At a meeting of the live stock exchange yesterday forenoon the following was adopted:

To the general managers of railroads centering in Chicago:

Whereas, An organization known as the Switching