THE EVENING STAR.
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Rates of advertising made known on application

Part 2.

The Evening Star.

Pages 9-12.

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1893—TWELVE PAGES.

TO ADVERTISERS.
Advertisers are urgently requested to hand in advertisements the day prior to publication, in order that insertion may be assured. Want advertisements will be received up to noon of the day of publication, precedence being given to those first received.

AMUSEMENTS.

A LARGE AUDIENCE GREETED THE CHILdren of the Washington City Orphan Asylum in their splendid rendition of the cantata "A Day in the Woods." An evening of innocent and delightful entertainment is promised to all who attend
TONIGHT.
As it will be repeated by request.
Tickets may be had at the door at 7:30 p.m.
1739 14TH ST. N.W.
1t ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

BOOKING ON
GUTTENBERG, GLOUCESTER AND HAWTHORNE PARK RACES,
n23-6t* AT BENNING'S TRACK.

Academy.
Every Evening and Saturday Matinee.
Grand Production of NEIL BURGESS'
THE COUNTY FAIR.
Five THOROUGHBRED HORSES IN THE CELEBRATED RACE SCENE.
NEXT WEEK—
ROBERT HILLIARD and PAUL ARTHUR in THE NOMINEE. Seats now on sale. n23-tf

NEW NATIONAL THEATER. This Week.
Every Evening and Saturday Matinee.
SEVENTH ANNUAL TOUR,
Under the management of Daniel Frohman, of
MR. E. H.
SOTHERN,
On which occasion will be presented
SHERIDAN;
OR THE
MAID OF BATH.
A play of four acts, founded on incidents in the life of the author of "The Rivals," and "School for Scandal," by Paul M. Potter.
Next Week—JOSEPH JEFFERSON as Rip Van Winkle. Seats now on sale. n23-tf

ALBAUGH'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
America's greatest Dramatic Organization,
ROSE and CHARLES
COGHLAN.
TONIGHT LAST TIME OF
DIPLOMACY.
SPECIAL
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
GRAND DOUBLE BILL,
LADY BARTER
AND
THE HAPPY PAIR.
Next Week—THE FENCING MASTER. n23-tf

ALBAUGH'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
MME. ADELINA
PATTI,
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
MR. MARCUS R. MAYER.
MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 4,
In a Miscellaneous Program and the Third Act of
FAUST.
Prices $2, $3, $4 and $5. Boxes $40 and $35.
Sale of seats will be opened Wednesday, November 29. n23-tf

OPENING CONCERT
SUNDAY NIGHT, NOV. 26, '93.
IMPERIAL AUSTRIAN
INFANTRY BAND.
Z. M. ZIEHRER, Court Conductor.
SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERT
FOR THE PEOPLE.
EVERYBODY'S GOING!
Popular Prices, $1, 75c
GOOD SEAT, 50c.
Tickets at BRADBURY'S, 1225 PA. AVE.
ALSO
MONDAY,
TUESDAY,
WEDNESDAY MAT. AND
WEDNESDAY EVE.
Change of program with each performance.
N. DUSHANE CLOWARD,
n23 Manager.

THE WORLD'S FAIR,
Exterior and interior, two lectures, with 230 magnificent stereopticon views, in a lecture course for the benefit of the
NATIONAL HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL,
BY MISS JANET ELIZABETH RICHARDS,
The White City by the Lake,
SATURDAY, Nov. 25, 8 p.m.
A Day on the "Midway,"
MONDAY, Nov. 27, 8 p.m.
UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, 13TH AND L STS.
Single admission....50c.
No reserved seats. n23-4t

GRAND ORGAN CONCERT AT THE METROPOLITAN M. E. CHURCH,
4½ and C sts. n.w.
THANKSGIVING EVENING, NOV. 30, AT 8 P.M.
BY
Prof. Wm. C. Carl
Of New York, the brilliant
ORGANIST AT THE WORLD'S FAIR,
Assisted by talented soloists.
Tickets, 25c. Reserved seats, 50c. On sale at Ellis' Music store, 937 Pa. ave. n23-5t

GRAND ORGAN RECITAL AND CONCERT AT Israel Metropolitan C.M.E. Church, cor. 1st and B sts. s.w., THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock. Prof. J. W. Bischoff, Washington's musical wonder, will conduct the instrumental part. Choruses by the choir. Solos by some of the best talent in the city, and appropriate recitations by experienced readers will be events in the program. Admission, 35c. 1t*

SUPPER AND SOIREE,
To be given by the
LADIES' ASSOCIATION
Of the
FIRST REFORMED TRINITY CHURCH,
Cor. 6th and N sts. n.w.,
AT NATIONAL RIFLES' HALL,
On
THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 23, 1893.
Ticket (including supper), each person....50c.
SPECIAL ATTRACTION—COLUMBIAN DRILL.
All are cordially invited to attend.
n22-2t THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

EXTRA—NEW NATIONAL. All next week.
JOSEPH JEFFERSON
n22-4t IN RIP VAN WINKLE.

PROF. CALDWELL'S DANCING ACADEMY, COR. 5th and H n.w., TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. Class for children Weds. and Sats. Private lessons given by appointment at my residence, 40 C n.w. n22-1w*

KERNAN'S LYCEUM THEATER.
TONIGHT AT 8.
MATINEES THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.
THE FAMOUS
METEORS
SPECIALTY COMPANY.
VAUDEVILLE OF HIGH DEGREE.
REFRESHING COMEDY.
Next Week—THE SOUTH BEFORE THE WAR.
n20-6t

HARRIS' THEATER.
Week commencing Monday, Nov. 20.
Usual Matinees—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
JUST LANDED.
Next Week | Pulse of New York. n20

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERSONATIONS,
FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 24, at Martyn College of Elocution, 1223 G st., opening with a lecture by Rev. George Elliott, D.D.,
"ORIGIN OF HUMAN SPEECH."
To be followed by a splendid program, consisting of music, recitations, scenes, monologues, impersonations, pantomime, comedy, tragedy, and
A LESSON IN IMPERSONATIONS,
By Prof. Webster Edgerly, president of Martyn College of Oratory, who will also give three sketches, "AN INDIAN BATTLE" and an exercise in "LAUGHING," in which the audience will assist. The comedy-farce, "THE PUZZLED BOOK AGENT," will be given by the pupils.
SPECIAL NOTICE:
There will be no public entertainments after Nov. 24 until Dec. 15, when Rev. Wm. Alvin Bartlett, D. D., will lecture on
n22-3t ALEXANDER HUMBOLT.

Races.
Races.
WASHINGTON JOCKEY CLUB.
RACE COURSE AT BENNING'S.
18 DAYS' RACING.
COMMENCING
THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23,
CONTINUING EVERY DAY TO DECEMBER 13.
SIX RACES EACH DAY.
STEEPLECHASES AND HURDLE RACES.
First Race at 1:30 p.m.
Admission to Grounds and Grand Stand, $1. Ladies, 50c.
Trains leave station 6th and B streets northwest at 11:50, 12:30 and 1 p.m. Returning immediately after races. Fare, 25 cents round trip.
Objectionable characters excluded. n16-24t

ANNUAL ENTERTAINMENT,
COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 10, I. O. O. F.,
Benefit of
THE WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND,
NATIONAL RIFLES' ARMORY,
FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 24, 1893.
TICKETS........25 CENTS.
Dancing at conclusion of musical program.
n22-2t

THE HOUSE IN WHICH ABRAHAM LINCOLN DIED,
516 10th st., now contains over 2,500 relics of Mr. Lincoln, most of them from the "Homestead" at Springfield, Ill.
Open daily, except Sunday, 9-12 and 1-4. Tuesdays and Fridays, 8-10 p.m.
Admission, 25 cents. oc26-3m

MUSICAL AND LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT
BY
MR. J. FRANK BAXTER
Of Boston, Mass.,
ASSISTED BY LOCAL TALENT.
FIRST SPIRITUALISTS' ASSOCIATION,
IN MASONIC TEMPLE (MAIN HALL),
Cor. 9th and F sts. n.w.,
THIS EVENING, NOVEMBER 23, 1893.
ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.
EXERCISES, 8 O'CLOCK. n22-2t*

WONDERLAND THEATER AND MUSEUM,
Odd Fellows' Hall, 7th st. n.w.,
WEEK COMMENCING NOVEMBER 20.
First appearance of
PROF. MATTHEWS' DEN OF PERFORMING SIBERIAN WOLVES.
NELSON AND KAMISKI.
Signor CORDONA, the one-man band,
ETTA ALBION, serio-comic and change artist.
Prof. HARRIS' ROYAL MARIONETTES.
Performances at 1 and 7 o'clock.
Admission, 10 cents. Reserved seats, 10c. extra.
n18-6t

WONDERFUL FUN!
WILLARD HALL,
TONIGHT AND EVERY NIGHT NEXT WEEK.
PROF. CARPENTER'S
HYPNOTISM——MESMERISM.
Admission, 25 cents.
Reserved seats, 50 cents. n11-1m

BANJO THOROUGHLY TAUGHT BY NOTE OR simplified method; only $7 per quarter. I guarantee to teach the most unmusical person to play a perfect tune each lesson by my simple method or no charge. Parlors open from 10 a.m. until 9 p.m. GEORGE DRAEGER, 631 I st. n.w. n9-1m

MR. ALLAN DE COU MUELLER'S SELECT School for Dancing, Delsarte and Deportment, Masonic Temple, 9th and F sts. n.w., Washington, D.C. Circulars at the Academy. oc26-1m*

GOODMAN'S SOCIETY ORCHESTRA.
FIRST-CLASS MUSIC FURNISHED
For RECEPTIONS, DINNERS, TEAS, DANCES, Etc.
Office, 331½ Pa. ave. s.e. Residence, 515 H st. n.w.
Correspondence promptly attended to. o26-1m

THE DUPRE SINCLAIR SCHOOL OF ORATORY AND DRAMATIC ART, 1312 S ST. N. W.
ELOCUTION. VOICE CULTURE.
REFERENCES:
Rev. A. G. Rogers, D.D.; Mr. J. W. Webb, ex-Gov. Perham, Maine; Hon. W. Cogswell, Mass.
For terms address
n8-1m* H. DUPRE SINCLAIR.

LECTURES.

THE HON. SIMON WOLF WILL DELIVER A lecture, under the auspices of Elijah Lodge, No. 50, I. O. B. B., FRIDAY, Nov. 24, 8 o'clock p. m., at the Eighth Street Temple. Members and their families are invited. J. ABBOTT,
1t* Secretary.

WILL YOU SAVE TIME, MONEY, LABOR AND drudgery, and acquire modern languages quickly in a refined and elegant style, pronounce them melodiously and without the usual nasal twang, unfold all your speaking voice's powers and imaginative faculties? Come and hear Gaillard's (French) Muller's (German) FREE LECTURES on Thursday, 23d instant, 8 p.m., at GAILLARD SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, 906 F st., when these facts shall be fully demonstrated and proved to you. n20

EXCURSIONS, &c.

TAKE ADVANTAGE
OF THE
GLORIOUS AUTUMN WEATHER
FOR A TRIP TO
MOUNT VERNON
BY THE
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
AND THE
MOUNT VERNON ELECTRIC RAILWAY.
ALL-RAIL ROUTE
ALONG THE HISTORIC BANKS OF THE POTOMAC.
EXCURSION TICKETS FROM WASHINGTON,
Good for the date of issue only,
May be procured at the ticket offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad at
50 Cents
THE ROUND TRIP.
These tickets will be sold only for Alexandria local trains leaving Baltimore and Potomac Railroad station, 6th and B sts., week days at 8:40, 9:45, 10:45 a.m., 12:01, 1:00 and 2:11 p.m.
NO TICKETS SOLD ON SUNDAY.
Electric cars to and from Alexandria and Mount
n18-eo1m Vernon every 30 minutes.

TALLY HO COACH LINE DAILY, 10 A.M., 2 P.M., from 511 13th st.—Arlington, Cabin J. B. and all points of interest. Trip, 50 to 75c. Finest Tally Ho on earth. No cars to Arlington. oc19-2m*

STEAMER MACALESTER
TO MOUNT VERNON.
Tomb of Washington,
Daily (except Sunday),
At 10 a.m., returning by 2:45 p.m.
FARE, ROUND TRIP, 50 CENTS.
Admission to grounds, 25 cents.
Tickets, with Mount Vernon admission coupon, for sale at wharf and at hotels.
Will also make river landings as far as Glymont, stopping for freight and passengers both ways.
se18 L. L. BLAKE, Capt.

EDUCATIONAL.
IN WASHINGTON.

SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION, ORATORY, ACTING, physical grace and voice culture. 1317 13th st. n.w. Lessons given during the day or evening. EDWARD C. TOWNSEND, Miss ADA L. TOWNSEND. se29-tr

EDUCATIONAL.
IN WASHINGTON.

AN EXPERIENCED COACHER IN ALL branches of mathematics will take either private pupils or classes. Address CALCULUS, Star office. n20-6t*

PRIVATE INSTRUCTION BY AN ASSOCIATION OF SPECIALISTS, holding degrees from the leading American and European universities. Address A. F. CRAVEN, Ph. D., Columbian Univ. n29-2w*

MME. PRONGUEE, 1701 Q ST., IS GIVING LESsons in French and Italian, private and in class. Day and evening classes for adults. Children of all ages taught to speak. Testimonials of successful work. n16-1m

Norwood Institute,
14TH STREET AND MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE,
oc30 Mr. and Mrs. W. D. CABELL, Principals.

LANGUAGES.
THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES,
723 14th st. n.w.
Branches in all American and European Principal cities. New term begins now.

WEST END STUDIO OF EXPRESSION, 831 20TH.
Elocution, acting, physical culture.
Acting—Mr. Edwin Ferry.
Elocution, physical cuture—Mrs. Walton. n1-1m*

FRENCH LESSONS. TERMS REASONABLE.
Easy and attractive method.
New classes forming.
n14-2w* Mlle. V. PRUD'HOMME, 307 D st. n.w.

MISS ALICE E. BURBAGE, 469 I ST. N.W.
Graduate of Royal Conservatory of Leipzig.
Piano soloist and
Teacher of piano, harmony and counterpoint.
no9-1m*

1438 N ST. N.W.
THE MISSES KERR'S SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES
AND LITTLE CHILDREN.
se25 Fall term begins September 28.

WASHINGTON FEMALE SEMINARY, 1226 15TH st. Day and boarding school; special advantages in primary, intermediate and advanced departments. Miss CLAUDIA STUART, Principal. n8-1m*

IVY INSTITUTE BUSINESS COLLEGE,
S. W. COR. 8TH AND K STS. N. W.
Course of instruction equals that of any business college in Washington; terms lower.
Principal has been a well-known, reliable and successful Washington educator for 17 years.
Full business course, day or night, $25 a year.
Bookkeeping, arithmetic, spelling, grammar, letter writing, penmanship, typewriting, shorthand. Diplomas and positions for graduates. Central location. Experienced teachers. Send for announcement. S. W. FLYNN, A. M., Principal. n4

ACADEMY OF THE
HOLY CROSS,
1312 MASS. AVE.
A day school for young ladies and little girls.
The course of study embraces all the branches of a practical education. au31-6m

MRS. MANN'S KINDERGARTEN AND SCHOOL and the Elizabeth Peabody Kindergarten Normal Training School, 1918 Sunderland place (or O st. n.w.), will begin fall and winter sessions October 2, 1893. Coach at noon. au31-3m

MISS SCHMITT'S PRIVATE SCHOOL, 453 G N.W. Faults of speech corrected. Kindergarten, advanced, German, French, Articulation, Speech, Reading, Dancing, Physical Culture. Coach.
oc28-1m*

GUNSTON INSTITUTE,
2926 and 2928 P st. n.w.
Boarding and Day School for Girls.
oc13-2m Mr. and Mrs. B. R. MASON.

MISS HALSTEAD'S PRIVATE SCHOOL,
1429 20th st., cor. of P st. n.w.
A day school for children and older girls.
Applications may be made at the school rooms daily from 9 till 1 o'clock se1-3m*

MR. PUTNAM'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG MEN AND boys is located at 1434 Q st. n.w. Preparation for colleges and technical schools and for business. Best of references. For particulars apply to WM. H. PUTNAM, or A. N. McQUARRIE. no7-1m*

COLUMBIA STUDIO OF ELOCUTION AND ACTing. ELEANORE E. POOLE, assisted by Wm. Conley and others, 306 F st. n.w.
Send for catalogue. se8-3m*

MRS. L. O. TALBOTT WILL REOPEN FRENCH and English school for young ladies and children, October 4, at 927 P st. "Culture classes for adults." se29-3m*

MT. VERNON SEMINARY,
M and 11th sts.,
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND LITTLE GIRLS.
Thoroughly modern and progressive in methods and spirit. Primary, Secondary and Collegiate classes. Established in 1875, this school continues the careful training and thorough instruction in every department for which it has hitherto been so favorably known. It is equipped with every appliance for the health and comfort of its pupils, including steam heat, passenger elevator and perfect sanitation.
Fall term opens OCTOBER 3, 1893.
Year books furnished on application.
Mrs. ELIZABETH J. SOMERS,
se6-3m Principal.

MADAME A. PELE (FROM PARIS), FRENCH classes and private lessons; best references.
1322 14th st. n.w.
Ten years of successful teaching. se16-3m*

PROF. J. FRANCIS GERMUILLER, TEACHER OF piano, organ, vocal music and harmony; especially attentive to beginners as well as to pupils advanced. 611 I st. n.w. se25-2m*

1864—EDUCATION FOR REAL LIFE—1894
FOR SONS AND DAUGHTERS.
THE SPENCERIAN BUSINESS COLLEGE, National Bank of the Republic building, corner 7th and D sts. n.w. Day and night sessions began September 4. Practical English, shorthand and typewriting; Spencerian rapid writing; mechanical and architectural drawing. Corps of ten thoroughly trained teachers. Location central.
Services of graduates always in demand.
Office open every business day and night.
Write or call for new annual announcement.
Mrs. SARA A. SPENCER,
Tel. call 1084. (oc16) Principal and Proprietor.

MME. J. ESPUTA-DALY,
Teacher of voice culture and the note chain system for reading music at sight. Mme. Daly has charge of vocal department at Mt. De Sales, Md., and St. John's College, Washington, D. C. School singing classes a specialty. Address 224 N. J. ave. n.w. Call 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Mondays and Wednesdays on and after Sept. 4. au23-3m

MISS C. MATILDA MINKE, 312 DELAWARE AVE. n.e., graduate of the New Eng. Conservatory of Music, Boston, Organist and Experienced Teacher of Piano and Harmony. oc24-1m*

WASHINGTON CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, 1225 10th n.w. Twenty-fifth year. Piano, organ, voice, violin, flute, cornet, &c. Free advantages to pupils. O. B. BULLARD, Director. oc5-2m*

SHAFTESBURY COLLEGE OF
ELOCUTION,
ORATORY AND DRAMATIC CULTURE, 1223, 1225, 1227, 1229, 1231 G st. The finest school in the world. Lessons in class or private, in all branches. School year begins Nov. 1. oc9

PIANO INSTRUCTION—MISS MAY H. MEAD, certificated pupil of Herr Raif of the Royal Conservatory of Berlin. Lessons at pupils' homes if desired. 902 22d st. n.w. oc30-1m*

OLNEY INSTITUTE,
1827 I st.
Succeeding Mrs. Myer's Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Little Girls.
OPENS OCTOBER 4, 1893.
MISS VIRGINIA MASON DORSEY,
MISS LAURA LEE DORSEY, Principals.
se25-tf

MISS FRANCES MARTIN'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
1205 Q st. n.w.
French kindergarten. Boarding pupils limited.
se2-3m*

THE BERKELEY SCHOOL,
1738 I ST. N.W.,
CHAS. W. FISHER, B.S.,
Head Master,
Prepares young men for West Point, Annapolis and for all colleges and universities. Arrangements may be made for private lessons in all branches in the afternoon or evening. oc23-tr

MISS AMY C. LEAVITT,
1121 VERMONT AVE. N.W.
PIANO AND HARMONY.
se21-tf LESSONS ON THE JANKO KEYBOARD.

PRIVATE LESSONS, ELEMENTARY OR ADVANCed. At pupil's residence if desired. Experienced tutor. University graduate. Especial attention to backward, unwilling and adult pupils. Prof. J., 1406 Hopkins place, near 20th and P n.w.
se28-m,tu,w,th2m*

FRIENDS' SCHOOL,
AN ELEMENTARY AND HIGH SCHOOL
For both sexes, 1811 I st.
Children who begin school in our primary department, almost without exception, are happy and become interested and thorough students. Our teachers are college trained, and their students are pursuing courses at Yale, Columbia, Cornell, Princeton, Johns Hopkins, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Lafayette and Hobart.
Students are received at any time and fitted into classes.
oc26-tr THOMAS W. SIDWELL, Principal.

PRIVATE INSTRUCTION MATHEMATICS, CLASsics, English, book keeping, shorthand; day and evening. Room 139, Corcoran building, opposite U. S. Treasury, 15th st. n.w. n4-1m

LADY JUST FROM ENGLAND WISHES TO GIVE private lessons in French (acquired in Paris), painting in oil, water colors, crayon and pencil drawings. Address E.E.BARTON, 910 20th n.w. n14-7w*

MT. VERNON MUSIC STUDIO, 1003 9TH N.W., G. W. Lawrence, vocal teacher. Voice culture; correct breathing taught by rapid method; pupils prepared for concerts. Monthly musicales.
n9-3w&2days*

EDUCATIONAL.
IN WASHINGTON.

WOOD'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 407 EAST Capitol st.; ninth year devoted to the education of young men and women for business life Terms reasonable and situations furnished without charge. Send for 32-page catalogue. n22

COLUMBIA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE,
623 La. ave., bet. 6th and 7th sts. n.w.
C. K. URNER, A.M., C.E., Prin.
Twenty-third year as a successful business educator; eighth year in this city and fifteen years with Eastman College. Six thorough and practical courses: Business, English, accountancy, civil service, shorthand and typewriting. Learn the phonograph and typewriter; the quickest preparation for the office; complete course, $15. Shorthand dictations by competent readers and the phonograph; individual instruction by experienced reporters. Graduates of rare excellence and distinguished success; moderate prices; send for catalogue. au26

ST. CECILIA'S ACADEMY,
601 East Capitol st., for ladies and children, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 4. This well-known institution affords every advantage for acquiring a thorough English and musical education. Pupils not attending the academy will be admitted to the classes in music, art, fancy work, elocution, phonography and typewriting. au15-4m

A YOUNG LADY OF EXPERIENCE WISHES A few pupils for the banjo. Terms, 50c. per lesson, or $10 per quarter. Address 1406 Columbia st. n.w. n13-2w*

ART STUDIO. LESSONS GIVEN IN OIL, CHINA, Pastel, Crayon and Charcoal, by a young lady who has been teaching art in Centenary Female College, Cleveland, Tenn., for the last three years. Terms moderate. Orders taken for portraits. Hours from 1 to 4 p.m. Also night class in drawing. 434 6th st. n.e. n18-2w*

NOW OPEN.
ART STUDENTS' LEAGUE—NINTH SEASON.
Day classes—Antique, portrait, oils, water colors and women's life.
Evening classes—Antique and men's life.
For circulars send to
oc8-tf 808 17th st. n.w.

MISS BALCH'S CIVIL SERVICE INSTITUTE AND Business College, 1207 10th n.w. Pupils prepared successfully for civil service, departmental and census examinations. Stenography taught. se2-tr

OUT OF WASHINGTON.

ST. GEORGE'S HALL, FOR BOYS, ST. GEORGE'S, Md., Prof. J. C. KINEAR, A.M., Prin.; 18th year; college or business life; unexcelled advantages; home comforts; reasonable terms. oc11-2m*

POWDERLY RE-ELECTED.

Result of the Big Fight in the Knights of Labor.

As telegraphed to The Star yesterday, the general assembly, K. of L., in session at Philadelphia, stood by Powderly, who was re-elected general master workman. The vote, as reported, was: T. V. Powderly, 26; Jas. R. Sovereign, 19; Henry McBride, 1.

As the telegraphic report in yesterday's Star announced, the financial committee exonerated the officers from the charges of dishonesty.

Finances of the Order.

The report of the finance committee for the year ending June 30 says: "Our receipts have averaged about $1,000 per week and the expenditures slightly in excess of the same, demonstrating that retrenchment in some direction is imperative. The principal sources of expense have been the salaries of the general officers and general executive board, the printing department and the general secretary-treasurer's office. There is no evidence to show dishonesty upon the part of any officer, but we are forced to admit that in some instances loose business methods have prevailed.

"Regarding the charges of the general secretary-treasurer against the executive officers we submit the following: On February 28, 1893, the so-called trust funds of the order, viz., the benefit insurance, Coeur d'Alene, Homestead and H. F. Dempsey funds, amounted to a total of $3,118.93. The total cash on hand was $2,856.90, showing that up to date $261.97 of the trust funds had been applied to the general expenses of the order. These funds, together with the receipts from all sources, continued to be used for the purpose to the end of the fiscal year, June 30, 1893, on which date the balance on hand amounted to $426.30."

Concerning the charges of extravagant and fruitless expenditure of money by members of the general executive board, the committee present a tabulated statement of the finances to show that the charges were not well founded.

With the unanimous adoption of this report the morning session closed.

The afternoon session, says today's Philadelphia Times, began with the offering of a resolution declaring Messrs. Powderly, A. W. Wright and Devlin innocent of the charges made by Hayes.

This created even a greater sensation and more disturbance than the debate over the report of the finance committee.

In this fight parliamentary tactics were predominant. The resolution was first laid on the table, then taken from the table and finally forced to a vote.

It was defeated by a substantial majority.

Regarded in a Different Light.

The Inquirer account, however, puts an entirely different face upon this action. It says: As soon as the report was presented Chairman Bishop of the finance committee introduced a resolution declaring all the offices vacant. This said that while the charges of dishonesty had not been proven, it was in the interest of harmony to have a vote on the question. At the same time Mr. McBride, one of the anti-Powderly leaders, introduced another declaring confidence in the officers and stating that there was no lack of harmony among the members of the board.

Had the latter carried it would have been impossible to turn down Mr. Hayes, so Powderly's friends promptly defeated it. Then the first resolution was carried.

The Board Condemned.

The Times continues: A resolution was adopted condemning the action of the executive board for its misuse of the funds appropriated for the benefit of the Coeur d'Alene, Homestead and New York Central strikers and using the names of the order to further other private enterprises.

A motion was then made to declare all the general offices vacant and carried amid great excitement.

Then a motion was made to proceed to the election of officers the first hour of to-day's session. An amendment to proceed and elect forthwith was offered. During the vituperative debate on this amendment Powderly exclaimed:

"I cannot stand the abuse of delegates."

He therewith left the chair and called Henry McBride to take his place.

The point was made that the time for recess had arrived, an hour of extension that had been granted already expiring, and that consequently the election could not legally be held. Chairman McBride ruled against this point. The opposition say that at this point they were trapped, as they had played for a delay and not expecting a vote a number of their adherents upon the motion to adjourn had left the building.

The vote being taken resulted in Powderly's re-election by a majority of plurality, and adjournment followed.

Before they left the hall the delegates discussed this coup de force with great excitement.

An adherent of Hayes said:

"Outwitted! Too much confidence in yesterday."

The other side said:

"We knew all along we would have our way, and we will win out."

Coleman, the California Pioneer, Dead

Wm. T. Coleman, an old pioneer and merchant prince of San Francisco, who contributed a great deal to building up the metropolis of the Pacific coast, died yesterday morning, aged sixty-nine years. Mr. Coleman was the head of the commercial house of Wm. T. Coleman & Company, the failure of which created such a sensation in 1886. Coleman became distinguished in the early fifties as the head of vigilance committees which were organized to down bands of murderers and robbers who terrorized the city. In 1884 the New York Sun brought him into prominence by urging his nomination to the presidency by the democracy.

The steel twin-screw steamer City of Lowell, built for the Norwich and New York Transportation Company, was successfully launched from the yards of the Bath, Me., iron works Tuesday morning in the presence of a large number of people.

HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

Ex-Minister Stevens Tells the Story of the Revolution.

THE ISLANDS AND PEOPLE DESCRIBED.

Their Claims for the Protection of Our Flag.

AN INTERESTING RECITAL.

Ex. United States Minister John L. Stevens gave a lecture last evening in a lyceum course at West Somerville, Mass., to a crowded audience, on Hawaiian affairs.

Before beginning his address he remarked that during his thirteen years' service as United States minister, under five Presidents, he had invariably refused to recognize political parties in his own country, that on all questions involving his action he had known the United States as a unit, believing that in our foreign relations our policy should be national and continuous, always with united front to our foreign rivals. He had firmly refused to consider the Hawaiian question a partisan question in any sense. If others saw fit to make it so, they did so on their own responsibility.

Mr. Stevens then went on to say: "Our interest in Hawaii appertains to at least three questions, more or less distinct from each other, though they cannot be considered entirely separate.

"There is the question of Christian civilization, there is the question of American future commercial power in the Pacific, and the third involves the issue of responsible government under the American flag, in harmony with pledged American faith, the best American antecedents, and the plain logic of American history and American opportunities.

Value of Hawaii.

"What is the intrinsic value of the Hawaiian group? What are their resources, how much civilized population can they sustain, and what are and can be her figures in the American commercial world? The islands are of volcanic formation, having been thrown up by internal fires many centuries ago, and around them floats one of the most genial climates of the world. They have an area of 6,400 square miles, about the size of Connecticut and Rhode Island united. The chief value of the group is in the five islands of Oahu, Hawaii, Maui, Kauaii and Molokai. Well governed and well cultivated they are capable of sustaining a population of a half million souls. They are adapted to the production of sugar, coffee, bananas, rice, oranges, lemons, pineapples, and Indian corn, and the highlands to the raising of cattle, horses and sheep. Though sugar is now the leading product, the amount of lands capable of producing coffee of a superior quality is believed to be larger than that devoted to sugar culture. An important consideration relative to coffee culture is that it can be done by small farmers, not necessarily requiring large holdings and much combined capital, as does the raising of sugar. The increase of freeholders, farmers and fruit cultivators is the aim of the present provisional government, which has resolved to cut up the crown and government lands and dispose of them to men of limited means, who wish to make for themselves permanent homes and become responsible citizens on American lines of development. Under the monarchy these crown lands were leased out, often to palace favorites, at much less than their real value, and not unfrequently were the means of political corruption. Which of these two policies shall be maintained as to dealing with these lands, is of great importance to the future of the islands."

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After Kalakaua's Defeat.

"While Kalakaua was facile and good natured, he had never assented to the constitution in good faith. He sought opportunities to change it and to regain his lost power. Dying in January, 1890, his sister by his appointment became the sovereign. She had strongly disapproved of her brother's assent to the reform constitution of 1887. She was known to have been in the Wilcox plot and armed revolt of 1889, for the overthrow of the constitutional government. Incapable of ruling, self-willed to extreme obstinacy, she soon fell into the hands of the unworthy, openly defying public and private morals by installing in her palace a Tahitian half-white favorite, who had long sustained scandalous relations to her.

Liliuokalani's Overthrow.

"Scorning the opinions and advice of all the best men of the islands, both of her own race and the whites, she finally united her political fortunes with the opium ring, and those who were leagued to carry through the legislature a sweeping lottery charter of the Louisiana type, which, if its originators could have been successful in their plans, would have given the palace adventurers, the opium ring and the lottery gang complete control of the Hawaiian government and made Honolulu not only a secure opium depot, but a strong fortress from which the lottery men could prey on the American, Canadian and Australian people. Deep in the conspiracy to remove the Wilcox-Jones ministry, whom all the best men of the islands wished to continue, she signed the lottery and opium bills, appointed to her cabinet the men who had been the chief parties in bribing the lottery bill through the legislature, immediately followed by her attempted coup d'etat, calling a worthless mob of retainers to her assistance and trying to proclaim a constitution giving herself arbitrary power, overturning an incorruptible and capable supreme court and giving to herself the appointment of new judges, with the final appeal to herself.

"This was Saturday, January 14. From that hour the Hawaiian monarchy was absolutely dead, and no restoration is possible except by the exercise of some outside and foreign force.

"At the date of her downfall the misguided and unworthy Liliuokalani was without sympathy and aid of the best of the native Hawaiians and of all the respectable and responsible white residents of the islands. Not a hand was lifted in defense of the semi-barbarian throne when it fell, conclusively disproving the assertion of the unscrupulous agent of the fallen queen, sent to Washington to secure as large a sum of money as possible for conveying to our government all her right and title to the Hawaiian throne and to the crown lands, to which she had never had any other claim than to the income so long as she reigned. This agent before embarking for Washington made sure of a large advance fee of thousands of dollars, which the fallen queen paid out of her own purse, and he thought it might help his case by the use of the utterly baseless statement that the United States minister and naval commander had deprived Liliuokalani of her throne, and Claus Spreckles, who wants a weak Hawaiian monarchy for his tool, though he was 2,000 miles away when the queen fell, sees fit to repeat this absurd story of the queen's lawyer, who happens to be one who had formerly served Spreckles in California, and whom the unscrupulous sugar king makes use of in Hawaii.

Claim for Admission.

"In presenting themselves for admission into the American Union. The islands come under more American aspects than any of our previously annexed states or territories, as the facts I have just stated abundantly attest. Why should they not be permitted to come under the flag so deeply loved in the islands? A recent writer in an American magazine, a man of European birth and education, and of more or less sympathy with his native fatherland, and who does not seem to be animated by American sympathies, objects to the annexation of the islands for the reason that there were in 1890 but 1,920 Americans living upon them. He is evidently unacquainted with the real facts, else he intentionally states a truth in a way to utter an untruth.

"It is literally correct to say, that according to the Hawaiian census tables of 1890, there were then but about 2,000 persons residing in Hawaii who were born in the United States. But in addition to these a large part of the 7,500 born on the islands of foreign parentage and put down as Hawaiians, are of American parentage, and they make an important portion of the American colony. They were educated in American ideas and sentiments, their leading men being graduates of American schools and colleges. Some of these served in the army of the Union during the rebellion, suffered in rebel prisons, bear on their persons honorable scars, or sleep in graves redolent of American patriotism. I have seen some of these men on Decoration day march through the streets of Honolulu, in their Grand Army Post, to the beautiful cemetery where a goodly number of their comrades are buried, amid tokens of public respect not surpassed in any of our American cities.

"One of the dead heroes, born in Honolulu of American father and mother, who did long and noble service to rescue the islands from barbarism and to save them from hostile European domination, was Gen. Armstrong, who for many years served this country so devotedly in the great educational work for colored men at Hampton, and who, not long before his lamented death, made a powerful plea to Americans to stand by Hawaii in her trials and in her aspirations to come under the American flag.

Voting on the Question.

"But I hear a whisper in the air: 'Let the islands vote on the question.' This demand comes from three distinct sources. It was first made by the British minister at Honolulu, a tory in his political views, many years a resident in Hawaii, a persistent antagonist of American interests, and by personal bonds and family relations strongly attached to the fallen Hawaiian monarchy. Immediately after its organization in January last, he urged this plan on the provisional government. This scheme was subsequently brought forward by the queen's attorney. The lottery and opium rings, of which the fallen queen's lawyer is believed to be the agent, favors the plan. While the ultra Tory English and the Canadian Pacific railroad have purposes in view other than those of the fallen queen and the lottery and opium rings, they are agreed as to the method of defeating annexation.

"The ex-queen's attorney has often been the paid agent of Claus Spreckles, and the latter makes part of the alliance to kill annexation by the plebicitum. This is an alliance powerful as it is disreputable. It is not admissible by honest Americans for the following reasons: It would surely result in the raising of an enormous corruption fund by the allied parties. The Canadian Pacific railroad is a great power in Canadian politics, and in the past has used vast bribes to accomplish its designs, and wants to have its foot and hand firmly in Hawaii.

"Claus Spreckles is a very rich man, holds money to be the chief power in politics, and would pay out enormously to keep the sugar planters of the islands under his grinding monopoly, to restore his prestige lost by the fall of the monarchy, and to carry out his scheme to make the island an outside field, mainly for cheap Asiatic labor and raw sugar production. He would carry out his threat to load his steamers and out vote the provisional government by an extensive colonization. The powerful Pacific opium ring with its ramifications in British Columbia, California, Hong Kong, and Honolulu, wish to make a sure depot in Hawaii from which they can operate in their vast field, which they could not do with United States authority established in the islands. By this combined power operations would be surely carried on in the name of popular suffrage, which might overcome seven-eighths of the property holders and permanent residents, and all of the really responsible men of the islands—the men who have made them what they are, and on whom their future welfare depends.

"The respectable citizens of the islands do not believe in wholesale bribery, and the importation of voters, and should they even take into consideration such a method of accomplishing their wishes, they could not fail to see that Spreckles, with his millions, the opium and lottery rings, and the ultra-Britishers in Canada and England, could throw into the contest a bribery fund which they could not and would not try to equal. It is, therefore, obvious that the plebicitum scheme has been devised as the most sure to result in striking down American civilization and American interest in the islands, flooding them with an Asiatic population, and ruthlessly sacrificing what the American board, the American missionaries, and the American teachers have accomplished in seventy years.

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"It was less than ten years after Asa Thurston and associates sailed from Boston around Cape Horn to help rescue Hawaii from barbarism and to plant there an American colony, when the people of the United States were deeply stirred by the efforts of the Turks to crush new-born Greece. It was in the forenoon of Henry Clay's fame as an orator that he made his stirring appeal in behalf of an imperiled people, and it was then that Dr. Samuel G. Howe of Boston went to Athens with American contributions to aid in this struggle of Christian civilization against the Turk. The aroused public sentiment of the world finally compelled the leading nations to go to the rescue of the suffering Greeks. Some of you remember when Hungary, under the mighty inspiration of Kossuth and Deak, sprung to arms as an emancipated people, and how she was finally crushed to the earth by a coalition of Russia with Austria.

Like the Petition of Poland.

"The pressure of public shame was so great on the conquerors that even haughty and imperial Austria was compelled to do justice to a people struggling for better government and better laws. It is but a few years since that the rule of Turkey in Bulgaria was so despotic and cruel that the moral sentiment of Europe compelled the leading nations to take action. You remember how our American Eugene Schuyler and the teachers and students of the American Roberts College at Constantinople by their sharp pens and burning periods aided in this successful effort to rescue the Bulgarians from the abuses and crimes of Turkish officials. Some of you remember when the free state men of Kansas were in peril by the border ruffians of Missouri, and the young city of Lawrence had been burned, how the voices of Phillips, Thayer, Robinson and Sumner rang out with shame to the American people and how aid finally came. Can it be possible that the struggling and threatened colony in Hawaii, bone of our bone and blood of our blood, shall not awaken your profoundest sympathy, your timely aid? Shall a conspiracy of sharpers, reckless adventurers and our jealous foreign rivals strike them down? * * * *

"No. America cannot get rid of her future responsibilities, if she would, and all attempts to do so will be at the cost of future generations. Inspired by these great truths, in the name of what is most sacred in Christian civilization, in behalf of a noble American colony bravely holding the advanced post of America's progress, in behalf of the remnant of the native Hawaiian race now living on those sunny isles, in behalf of every and all men who have chosen their permanent homes in that threatened land, whose chief men and devoted women are struggling for a better future, I cherish the faith that the American people, the American statesmen, and the American government, thoughtful of America's great future and great responsibilities will settle the Hawaiian question wisely and well—will take care that the flag of the United States floats unmolested over the Hawaiian Islands, and that thenceforth it shall be moral and political treason to remove it or strike it down."

Reorganizing Union Pacific.

Receiver S. H. H. Clark of the Union Pacific was yesterday at Omaha shown the dispatch from New York regarding the proposed committee of reorganization. He said: "This is the first and most important thing to do. The road cannot carry a debt of nearly $250,000,000 without some such action as proposed. The committee will decide upon some plan of relief. The members of the committee will simply weigh all the obligations of the company and then agree upon some plan satisfactory to the creditors of the system. The Union Pacific have not defaulted legally to the government, but paid the November interest. It could not pay the interest, however, on the first mortgage and that forced the road into the hands of receivers."

ACTIVE CHRISTIAN WORKERS.

Annual Meeting of the Epworth League of the District.

Interesting Reports of What is Done by Young People Along the Lines of Aggressive Effort.

An enthusiastic audience filled McKendree M. E. Church, Massachusetts avenue near 9th street, last evening. The occasion was the annual meeting of the Epworth League of the District, and as usual at such times there was not only a large attendance, but an interest manifested that gave evidence of the spirit of the organization which has been such an effective means for work in that denomination. The president, Mr. George W. F. Swartzell, presided with his customary success, and after devotional exercises the secretary, Miss Meeks, reported that there were seventeen chapters in the league, with two societies of Christian Endeavor, making a total membership of about 1,500.

According to the report of the treasurer an assessment on the chapters was needed by the treasury and one was collected later in the evening. The chapters, or rather their representatives, responded as their names were called and reported upon the work done and the present condition and prospects. These reports showed a commendable degree of activity in the various forms of Christian work, and in the case of the chapter of Waugh Church it was stated that mission work in the alleys was being carried on.

Improving the Constitution.

An amendment to the constitution was adopted, which places upon the first vice president the duty of superintending the spiritual work of the District league, while the second, third and fourth vice presidents are to assume respectively the responsibility for the mercy and help work, the literary department and the social work.

The chairman of the social work was authorized to proceed with the organization of a union choir to sing at mass meetings to be held monthly during the winter. There were reported to be eight junior leagues among the Methodist churches of the city which admitted persons under fourteen years of age.

A resolution was adopted heartily indorsing the movement begun by the Christian Endeavor Union of this city to get the international convention to select this city as the place for the holding the convention of 1896. The support of the Epworths were pledged to help along this movement.

Officers were elected as follows: President, C. M. Lacey Sites of the Metropolitan M. E. Church; first vice president, James E. Pugh of Foundry; second vice president, Miss Effie Perry of Hamline; third vice president, C. E. Roberts of Douglass Memorial; fourth vice president, George E. Terry of Grace; secretary, Frank T. Israel of McKendree, and treasurer, Miss A. K. Roller of the Fifteenth Street M. E. Church.

WITHOUT LEAVING THE BOX.

Ex-Chief Weigher Cochran of the Philadelphia Mint Convicted of Larceny.

Ex-Chief Weigher Henry S. Cochran, for twenty-four years an employe of the Philadelphia mint, was tried and found guilty yesterday in Philadelphia of larceny and embezzlement in taking $130,000 worth of gold bars from a vault in the mint.

The discovery was made when $16,000,000 in gold bars was reweighed on September 4 last, and suspicion was attracted to Cochran by his inexplainable anxiety. He subsequently made a confession and partial restitution. These facts were presented by counsel for the government, who attempted to offset the claim that Cochran was insane by presenting the statements of three physicians who examined him and reported that he was in his right mind.

There was no defense presented by Cochran's counsel, but a number of witnesses were heard, including Superintendent of the Mint Bosbyshell, M. H. Cobb, chief clerk of the mint and Chief Drummond of the secret service, so that the facts might be placed on record to guide Judge Butler in imposing a penalty.

The jury rendered a verdict of guilty without leaving the box. Sentence was deferred.

THE MICHIGAN BACK AGAIN.

Given a Royal Welcome at Erie, Where She Was Launched in 1843.

Fifty years ago yesterday the United States ship Michigan was launched in Erie bay, and yesterday the event was celebrated by the vessel's return to port from her summer's stay at Chicago. According to the program, the ship was not to approach Erie till 2 o'clock, when the flotilla of the port was to meet and escort the ancient craft in amid salvos of whistles and the booming of cannon from Garrison Hill.

The stress of weather forced Capt. Barry to make port as soon as he could, and he arrived at 11 a. m. Maj. Tipon, commanding the Soldiers and Sailors' Home, paraded the able-bodied inmates, and fired a national salute, which was acknowledged from the ship.

Yesterday afternoon a committee of citizens with a band boarded the ship, when Mr. Benjamin Whitman of the Pennsylvania world's fair commissioners made the address of welcome, which was responded to by Capt. Berry.

It is stated in naval circles that a new cruiser is to be built at Erie to take the place of the ancient sidewheel warship.

GERMANY'S ARMED CAMP.

It Will Be Constructed on the Belgian Frontier.

The decision of the German government to construct a large entrenched camp at Malmedy, on Germany's Belgian frontier, has caused much comment in Brussels and in Paris. Germany has assured Belgium that the Malmedy works are intended primarily for an exercise ground and cannot possibly be regarded as a menace to Belgium's neutrality.

The Paris dailies, with a single exception, maintain that Germany has the darkest designs upon Belgium, and urge the Belgian government to make a formal protest against the construction of the camp.

In case Belgium refuses to do this they say she must be regarded and treated as an enemy of France and a secret ally of Germany.

The French government is believed to hold the views expressed by the Paris press. The situation is a delicate one for Belgium and contains several elements of trouble.

The Town of Malmedy.

Northeast of Stavelot, in a pretty basin of the Warche, lies the Prussian town of Malmedy, the capital of a Walloon district which formerly belonged to the independent Benedictine Abbey of Malmedy-Stavelot. It was annexed to Prussia in 1815. French is still spoken by the upper classes and the Walloon dialect by the lower throughout the district. The population is about 10,000.

THEY WERE OUT OF WORK.

Loss of Employment Causes Two Suicides.

"Out of employment" was the cause of two suicides near Pittsburg yesterday morning. John B. Herring of Troy Hill, Allegheny, hanged himself in a clothes press, using a handkerchief for a noose and a clothes hook for a gibbet, bending his knees to keep his feet from touching the floor. Theodore Barnet, a miner living at Willow Grove, shot and killed himself at an early hour. He was despondent over inability to secure work. He leaves a large family.