LATE NEWS BY WIRE

Holcomb (Fusion) Elected Governor of Nebraska by 2,800.

POPULISTS CARRY SAN FRANCISCO

Missouri Democrats Who Did Not Vote.

VARIOUS DELAYED RETURNS

OMAHA, Neb., November 9.—Complete returns on governor have been received from all but five counties in the state. They show a plurality for Holcomb (fusion) over Majors (republican) of 2,600. The five counties to hear from will increase Holcomb's plurality by about 200.

POPULISTS CARRY SAN FRANCISCO.

Complete Returns Give Sutro a Plurality of 18,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., November 9.—Complete returns from all precincts of San Francisco give Adolph Sutro, populist candidate for mayor, a plurality of 18,000 in a total vote of 60,000. Opposed to him were five other candidates, and he has polled a clear majority of 2,000 over his opponents. Sutro was elected on a platform of opposition to the Southern Pacific railroad and the funding bill. He projected the famous Sutro tunnel in Nevada, and has just completed the largest public baths in the world. Sutro is the most extensive property holder in San Francisco, owning one-tenth of all the real estate in this city and county.

MANY STAY-AT-HOMES.

Missouri Democrats Disgusted With Their Party.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

ST. LOUIS, November 9.—Missouri was undoubtedly lost to the democracy by the stay-at-home vote. Two instances are sufficient to prove this. The falling off in Lafayette county, where the population is not way, a part of Bland's district, wasg'88as large, from two years ago is 1,600. In Callaway, a part of Bland's district, the falling off is 1,000. Callaway is the banner democratic county of the state.

SOLID FROM ILLINOIS.

The Congressional Delegation All One Way.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

CHICAGO, Ill., November 9.—Illinois sends a solid republican delegation to Congress.

Coxey Was Third.

EAST LIVERPOOL, Ohio, November 9.—The official count for the eighteenth district complete gives Taylor, republican, 20,835; Raff, democrat, 10,006; Coxey, populist, 8,918. Coxey's vote exceeds the estimate of republican and democratic committees by 5,000.

CLOSE IN TENNESSEE.

Official Returns Necessary to Decide the Governorship.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., November 9.—The vote for governor is very close between Turney (dem.), and Evans (rep.), and the official returns will be necessary to determine the result. The indications point to Evans' election.

THE MISSOURI LEGISLATURE.

Control Rests With the Republicans by a Small Majority.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., November 9.—Of the 34 state senators, 18 will be democrats and 16 republicans, this estimate conceding the defeat of the twenty-fourth district, democrat, which is yet uncertain. The house will stand, democrats, 62; republicans, 76; populists, 2. In the second district the elected republican senator has been found to be disqualified. His democratic opponent refuses to take the seat, though the law allows him to, and a new election will be held.

Congressman Champ Clark, at noon today, claims his election by 1,333, on what appears to be official returns. W. S. Hathway, chairman of the republican congressional committee, is positive W. M. Treloar is elected by a little over 100.

CULBERSON ELECTED.

Democrats Carry Texas—Several Close Districts.

GALVESTON, Texas, November 9.—From the returns received here it is safe to state that the state democratic ticket is safely elected by 40,000 plurality. Culberson, candidate for governor, running about 10 per cent behind his ticket, because of his free silver views, which many democrats rebuked.

The congressional delegation will not be solidly democratic. Nelson, republican, in the twelfth district, is elected by 1,000 plurality.

In the sixth, Kearby (populist) is so close to Abbott (democrat) that the official returns will be necessary to determine the result.

The same condition exists in the thirteenth, where Gilliland (populist) has the lead of three democrats on a split ticket, and in the seventh, where Barber (populist) is slightly ahead of Pendleton (democrat) as far as counted.

The cumbersome ballot law in the cities and tardiness in the rural precincts makes the official count in doubtful districts impossible to get at before tomorrow.

DOUBT IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Two Congressional Districts Where the Results Are Uncertain.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., November 9.—John G. Shaw, democratic nominee for Congress, third district, telegraphs today that he is certainly elected. The populists here claim that Cyrus Thompson, their nominee, has beaten Shaw. Both second and third districts are really yet in doubt. It is certain only that Lockhart, democrat in sixth, is elected. The majorities against the democrats in the first, fourth, fifth, seventh, eighth and ninth range from 200 in the ninth to 3,000 in the fourth.

Six Republicans From Kentucky.

R. H. Carrothers, chairman of the Kentucky state republican committee, telegraphs Chairman Babcock that six republicans have been elected to Congress from that state without counting Denny in the Ashland district.

DEPORTATION MEANS DEATH.

The Case of a Chinaman Who Had Been in Prison.

DENVER, Col., November 9.—An interesting case is up before Judge Hallett, which is the matter of deportation of Y. T. Faun, a Denver laundryman, to China, for not being registered. The law requires that no Chinaman can register and receive a certificate of citizenship who has ever served a penitentiary sentence. It seems that Faun filed his certificate of registration, but before his papers were delivered to him Collector New discovered that he had served a term for grand larceny in the state and refused to give him citizenship papers.

At the penitentiary his queue was clipped, and since then he has not attempted to grow it again. If he returns to China his death is sure as soon as he places foot on the celestial shore, as it is the custom of the country. His hearing was set for tomorrow.

Indictments Reported.

Indictments were reported by the grand jury today as follows:

Spencer Barnes, forgery; Robert Brown and Henry Brown, housebreaking and larceny; John T. Knight, bigamy; Henry Lane, housebreaking; Alexander Shorter, larceny; Robert H. Shorter, second offense, petit larceny, and Nicholas Wood, assault to kill.

The charge of violating section 3836, Revised Statutes of the United States, against Charles E. Petty was ignored.

WILL IMPROVE THE RACING.

Two or Three Hundred Horses Expected at St. Asaph's.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

ST. ASAPH'S, Va., November 9.—The fine weather of today attracted one of the largest crowds of the meeting to the St. Asaph track, although the card was none of the best and the track far from good. Applications for stable room are pouring in on Secretary McIntyre, and two or three hundred more horses are expected in the next few days from Narragansett Park and the west. Fourteen bookmakers did business today, and speculation was unusually active. All started in the first race, but the scratching of McIntyre and Flirt in the second race reduced it to another three-horse race. Jewel was drawn in the fourth, Star Actress in the fifth and Nero, Wah Jim, Gleesome and Old Dominion in the sixth.

Jockeys and odds in the first race—Turquoise (Moore), 20 and 7; Carter filly (Harris), 8 and 3; Parthenia (Bergen), 4 and 6 to 5; Forager (Doggett), 7 and 2; Nineveh (Griffin), 10 and 4; Tuscan (Nacey), 3 and even; Festival (Littlefield), 7 to 5, and 1 to 5.

First race, four and one-half furlongs.—Tuscan, first; Parthenia, second; Festival, third. Time, 59 3-4.

Second race, five and one-half furlongs.—Wernberg (Griffin), 4 to 5, first; Long Brook, second; Melody, third. Time, 1.14 1-2.

St. Asaph's Entries.

Entries for St. Asaph's tomorrow:

First race, failed to fill.

Second race, six and a half furlongs—Derfargilla, 111; Pochino, 101; Leonardo, 103; Illume, 108; Sandowne, 112; Tom Skidmore, 102; Prince George, 109.

Third race, three-quarters mile—Derelict, 97; Ella Reed, 95; Cockade, 108; Flush, 95; King Gold, 102; Phoebus, 109; Romping Girl, 95; Sally Woodford, 103.

Fourth race, six and a half furlongs—Melody, 103; Baroness, 99; Pulitzer, 99; Flirt, 100; Galilee, 112; Indra, 102; McIntyre, 108.

Fifth race, mile—Song and Dance, 102; Nero, Tom Skidmore, West Chester and Copyright, 109; Paris, 97; Star Actress, 101; Miss Dixie, 104.

Sixth race, one mile—Mr. McDermott's Elphin, 180; Mr. Brown's Vanciuse, 100; Mr. Cunningham's Fairfax, 145; Mr. McCauley's Crockman, 140; Mr. Stone's Lady Betty, 135; Mr. Porter's Sherry, 135.

Alexander Island Entries.

The following are the Alexander Island entries for tomorrow:

First race, four and a half furlongs—Syracuse, 107; Sentinel, 94; Irish Mike, 99; Jim Fagan, 99; Wist, 102; Willie Houlahan, 99; Banjo, 99; Salisbury, 99; Free Press, 94; Jack Wilson, 102; Golddigger, 107; Lento, 102; Belisarius, 104; Alva, 99; Ballinahincha, 102.

Second race, six and a quarter furlongs.—Freezer, 95; Elizabeth, 96; Bon Voyage, 104; Soprano II, 96; Bolivar, 95; Benjamin, 98; Forest, 95; Detroit, 95; Dr. Johnson, 96, Mask, 107; Laclah, 95; Tommy Brophy, 98.

Third race, six furlongs.—Air Plant, 110; Fagin, 107; Siberia, 107; Imp. Frolicsome Lass, 107; Pattie, 87; Frank R. Harf, 100; Paragon, 110; Jersey, 110.

Fourth race, four and a half furlongs—Elmstone, 107; The Fop, 107; Tedd Gegg, 107; Criterion, 99; Trixey Gardner, 99; El Telegrafo, 102; Blue Bird, 102; Camden, 104; Beautiful Bells, 99; My Girl colt, 104; Florist, 94; Needmore, 107; Clausman, 99; Pathway, 102.

Fifth race, six and a quarter furlongs—John Rudden, 104; Levina, 107; The Clown, 101; Belgravia, 98; Jimmie James, 101; Amsterdam, 104; Billy Colton, 98; Pollamter's gelding, 104; Firewater, 107; Brogan, 98; Monte Carlo, 104; Lura, 107; Tommy Lally, 104; Sharon, 110.

THE SALE ORDERED.

A Tax Question Decided Today by Judge Cole.

Judge Cole this morning granted the petition of Thomas J. D. Fuller for a writ of mandamus commanding the District Commissioners and the District collector of taxes to advertise for sale at public sale certain real estate to enforce the payment of three tax lien certificates held by the petitioner, dated September 25, 1873.

As stated in The Star at the time, Mr. Fuller filed his petition several weeks ago, stating that he had become the owner of the certificates, and that the District authorities had refused to enforce their payment. In their answer and during the arguments in the case the Commissioners contended that the period during which the certificates could be enforced had expired, and that they now had no authority to enforce the payment.

In granting Mr Fuller's petition, Judge Cole states in his order that it appearing that no cause had been shown why the writ should not issue as prayed, the respondents are commanded forthwith to advertise for sale for ten days, under the provisions of the sixth section of the act of the legislative assembly of June 25, 1873, to enforce and provide for the collection of all taxes that may be in arrear on or after July 1, 1873, and authorizing the governor to anticipate the revenues from the same, and to sell at public auction for cash to the highest bidder to enforce the three tax lien certificates issued under said act. The costs of the suit are also taxed against the respondents.

The certificates are for $248.61, $97.07 and $142.29, respectively, and were issued in the name of Edward Walker and A. F. Kimmell for taxes on lots 16, 17 and 18, square 491.

BOARD OF TRADE.

Preparations Complete for the Meeting on Monday.

The preparations for the annual meeting of the board of trade, which will be held in the Builders' Exchange, on 13th street, next Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock, are now about completed. Many questions of great importance and interest to citizens are to be considered at this meeting, which will doubtless attract a large attendance upon the part of the members of the board, now numbering about 450.

Among the principal matters to receive attention will be the election of ten directors to serve for the ensuing three years, the delivering of the annual address and presentation of the reports of the several officers and standing committees, showing the work which has been accomplished during the past year, as well as the present condition of the various subjects within their spheres and the outlook for the future. Certain proposed changes in the by-laws, of which notice was given at the last meeting of the board, will also be acted upon.

The board of directors, at a meeting held recently, unanimously adopted a resolution to the effect "that the proposed extension of the operation of the law known as the civil service law to the offices of the government of the District of Columbia meets with our hearty approval, believing that such action is in the interests of better and more business-like administration." This resolution, together with a recommendation that the board of trade approve the petition to Congress of the firemen, asking an increase in their salaries at a uniform rate of 25 per cent, one-half thereof to be devoted to the firemen's pension fund, will also come before the board for consideration at this meeting.

ABOUT HIS DEATH.

Third Trial of an Interesting Insurance Case.

The jury in the case of Eva L. Casey against the National Union, which for the third time has been on trial the last three or four days, returned, in Equity Court No. 2, a verdict for the defendant.

Mrs. Casey's husband was insured in the National Union, a benefit association on the assessment plan, for $5,000. He died in 1886, and an autopsy showed the presence of arsenic in his stomach. The association, therefore, refused to pay the policy, on the ground that the deceased had committed suicide, and that the rules and regulations of the association prohibited the payment of policies where the person insured died by his own hand. Mrs. Casey secured a verdict in her favor in the two previous trials, but new trials resulted in both instances. The plaintiff submitted evidence tending to show that her husband suffered from heart disease, and that the poison was taken to relieve pain, and not with a suicidal intent. On the other hand, the defendant offered evidence in support of its claim that the deceased committed suicide. Chief Justice Bingham told the jury that they should, to entitle the defendant to a verdict, find that the dead man took the arsenic with the purpose of ending his life.

It is understood that a motion for a new trial will be made.

A PERPETUAL INJUNCTION

The Homeopathic Medical College Now in Court.

The Society of Local Homeopathic Physicians Seeks Legal Intervention.

In the suit in equity filed October 14, 1893, by the Washington Homeopathic Medical Society, asking for an injunction again the National Homeopathic Medical College, the plaintiff, late this afternoon, filed an amended and supplemental bill.

After reciting the fact of the filing of the original bill the plaintiff states that the defendants were served with process, and, although they made emphatic declarations through the public press of their desire to be heard, and to vindicate themselves, they not only have never answered the bill, but have sought to delay their answer by raising a technical objection to the form of the summons, insisting that the District of Columbia corporation is entitled to sixty days within which to answer, and the defendants have never made the slightest effort to bring the cause to a hearing.

In defiance of the outraged sentiment of all the reputable physicians of the District of Columbia, the bill goes on to say, the defendants, or one of them, has during the past year pretended to conduct a homeopathic medical college in which they professed to give instruction in the science of medicine.

The plaintiff claims that the defendants have made no addition to their equipment nor any improvement in the personnel and standing of their so-called faculty; that they succeeded by unscrupulous advertisement in deluding into attendance some persons honestly desirous of obtaining a medical education; that in at least one case it has granted a diploma to a person who has actually studied medicine for not exceeding seven months in the alleged college; that in another case it has granted a diploma to a person who was forced out of a recognized and respectable medical school because of absolute inability to pass any examination, and that the defendants, for the purpose of attracting students, have continued to advertise, as members of the faculty, the names of physicians who had previously positively refused to be identified with the college or to allow their names to be used in connection with it.

The court is asked that the defendants, pending the suit, and perpetually may be enjoined from conducting said alleged college.

THE POLICE FORCE.

Praise and the Opposite in Court Today.

In Marion court last night the police raided the house of a colored woman named Louisa Jenkins, and arrested six men and women found there, and charged them in Judge Kimball's court this morning with being vagrants. Policeman Brown was the only witness in the case, but he knew nothing about them except that they were guests of Louisa Jenkins last night, and the court could do nothing but discharge them.

During the trial of the case a woman told of the firing of a pistol in the house on one occasion, and Lawyer Hewlett, who represented the prisoners, volunteered the statement that a policeman had probably fired the shot, for such things were often done by policemen.

Judge Kimball said he did not like to hear such remarks about the police, and added he did not believe the shot was fired by a police officer, for the witness said that the man who fired the shot ran.

"Quite likely," added Lawyer Hewlett. "After firing the shot he remembered something about his instructions and fled. Since the Lexow committee investigation in New York I'm surprised at nothing."

Judge Kimball here took occasion to say a good word for the Washington policemen. He admitted that there were probably a few men who should not be on the force, but a large majority of them, he said, are good, upright citizens.

Lawyer Hewlett said he would admit that there were many good men on the force, but he also knew of many men who should not wear the uniform and who are on the force.

In the case of Louisa Jenkins, charged with keeping a disorderly house, a jury trial was demanded.

DALEY CASE CONTINUED.

Evidence Before the Police Trial Board Today.

At the hearing of the case of Sergt. Daley on charges preferred by Lieut. Gessford, before the trial board yesterday, a number of witnesses in addition to those mentioned in The Star were examined. Sergt. Daley produced a lottery ticket during the examination of one of the witnesses and questioned him concerning the sale of it. The witness declined to answer the question, but said it was not sold at 1902 7th street, the house mentioned in the newspaper article. Several witnesses were called to disprove the statement that lottery tickets were sold at the house mentioned. Frank Wissner, a newspaper reporter, was called and questioned concerning an alleged conversation he had with Sergt. Daley, but he declined to answer on the ground that the telling of such things was not professional conduct.

When the board met this morning Sergt. Daley went on the stand and made a denial of the charge. He denied that he gave the information which appeared in the News to Reporter Dill.

Charles Heller was called as a witness and he told of an alleged conversation between Lieut. Gessford and the reporter, and also told certain things, which he said the reporter told him about Daley.

Ex-Policeman Cotton was also a witness, and it is said that he gave important evidence in behalf of the accused sergeant.

Policemen Klinger and Bruce were called to give evidence concerning Daley's conversation with Reporter Johnson of the Post.

Night Inspector Pearson and others were also examined. The result of the hearing will not be made known for some days.

IT COST THREE LIVES.

Result of Warming Fifty Pounds of Dynamite.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., November 9.—Fifty pounds of dynamite exploded at 7 a.m. today in the Hallwood & Keffer contract. John Hartman and Norton Keffer were killed and John Flynn fatally injured. Residences in close proximity were badly wrecked.

The damage amounts to many thousands. The men were warming the dynamite when it exploded.

A Fight in the Court House.

While testimony was being taken in a case in one of the rooms on the upper floor of the city hall this afternoon, Attorney E. F. Burke and a man named Fletcher engaged in a row. Blows were exchanged, and the men soon thereafter were placed under arrest. They gave bonds and were released.

Decision Reversed.

In the case of Grace Abbe Rathbone against Frances Rebecca Hamilton, the Court of Appeals this afternoon rendered its decision. The judgment of the lower court is reversed, and the cause remanded. The opinion was written by Chief Justice Alvey.

The Safe Broken.

Last night the wholesale store of E. C. Whitford & Co., at the Center market, was entered and an iron safe in the place was robbed of $4. The burglar broke the combination lock with an iron bar, and was frightened off by Special Officer Miles before he could make a good haul.

Leave to Sell Asked.

Rosalie A. Dawson, guardian of the minor heirs of the late George Francis Dawson, today filed a bill in equity against Margaerite Rosalie Dawson and others for leave to sell or incumber the real estate of the wards.

TWO ELECTION STORIES.

A Bet That Rests on Mr. Morton's Choice of His Inaugural Coachman.

There will probably be a surfeit of election stories, but here is one that is too good to be missed. The day that Secretary Carlisle decided to release Morton's coachman, John Shriver was over in the treasury building talking with Van Senden, Carlisle's private secretary. They mixed their conversation up with politics, and finally Johnny said: "I'll bet you five that Howard will drive Morton up to the state house to be inaugurated as successor to Flower. Van Senden covered the bet, and two crisp $5 bills were put in the hands of R. J. Wynne.

After retiring from the Secretary's room Wynne said: "Johnny, what did you make a bet of that kind for? He has got two chances at you. If Howard is sent back you lose, or if Hill is elected you lose."

"Oh, that is all right," responded Shriver, "I only bet him to find out what Carlisle had decided to do. They have decided to deport him or Van would not have made the bet. I'll go right over and send it."

Shriver was about to rush for the telegraph office with his exclusive news, when Wynne suggested that it would be just as well to ask Immigration Commissioner Stump about it, and there they found that he was preparing a telegram to be signed by Secretary Carlisle, ordering the release of Howard. It seems that Van Senden had not been taken into the confidence of the Secretary upon a recent decision, and it was in the cards to deport Howard when he had last been informed. Now it remains to be seen whether Howard will really perform this duty, upon which Shriver has risked his money, when Gov. Morton rides up to be inaugurated. It is claimed that influence will be brought to bear which will enable the versatile Shriver to win his novel wager. Wynne says he will hold the stakes until after the governor is inaugurated.

Willett's Prompt Action.

There is another story, which brings in Washington's new postmaster, that must be told. The day before election Bob Wynne was at the headquarters of the republican congressional committee, and Chairman Babcock was praising an article Wynne had written, which he claimed would do the party much good. "I must buy you a hat for that," said the enthusiastic chairman. "It deserves it, and I shall win enough from my democratic rivals on the coming election."

"Well," said Robert, "if you say so we'll go down to Jim Willett's and get a hat, unless you have some objection to patronizing a democrat, and especially one who has just been appointed to office."

"Get it where you please," replied Babcock, "and wear it for republican success."

Mr. Wynne had informed the chairman that he was about to take the train for Philadelphia, where he was going to vote. He went down and got the hat and went away. Upon his return to Washington the next day after election he met Babcock, and, after mutual congratulations, the chairman said: "Say, your democratic hat man must have thought that the republicans were going to be swept out of existence, and that I was going to decamp immediately. You had not got any further than Baltimore before Willett sent a bill up here for that hat."

VACCINATION ORDERED.

Health Officer Woodward Finds a Law and Issues an Order.

The Commissioners held a long consultation with Health Officer Woodward yesterday afternoon at the District building. The present situation of the smallpox in the city was generally discussed, and at the conclusion of the meeting the following order was approved, upon the recommendation of Dr. Woodward:

Whereas smallpox now exists in this District, I therefore direct that parents and guardians shall cause their children and wards to be successfully vaccinated or to be revaccinated, except in such cases as have been successfully vaccinated within five years from the date of this order, or as have been protected from infection by a previous attack of smallpox or varioloid.

The late board of health, in accordance with an act entitled "An act for the prevention of disease in the District of Columbia," passed by the legislative assembly of the District, and approved by the governor, June 19, 1872, made the following regulations, among others, in regard to smallpox, and on this yesterdays order is based:

"Parents and guardians shall cause their children and wards to be vaccinated before they attain the age of two years and revaccinated whenever the board of health shall, after five years from the last vaccination, require it."

The board of health hereby orders and requires the vaccination of all the inhabitants in the District of Columbia, and, whenever, in their opinion, the public health demands it, the revaccination of all persons who do not furnish satisfactory evidence that they have been successfully vaccinated within five years.

"All school trustees, school teachers or others having authority are forbidden to receive into or allow to attend any school, public or private, within the District of Columbia any pupil not vaccinated, as required by the rules and regulations heretofore made and promulgated by this board."

The foregoing regulations were legalized by joint resolution of Congress, approved April 24, 1890, and again by an act of Congress, approved August 7, 1894, which act provides "that the power and duties imposed upon the late board of health in and by said ordinances are hereby conferred upon the health officer of the District."

The drafting of this order was the result of a complaint filed with the Commissioners a few days ago by Mr. H. G. Potter, because his daughter, Miss Pearl Potter, was sent home by a teacher in the Central High School.

Another Section.

The Commissioners this afternoon, upon the recommendation of Health Officer Woodward, passed the following amendment to the regulations to prevent the spread of smallpox:

Section 13. That the aforesaid regulations shall apply to all cases of smallpox, varioloid or suspicious cases of disease not distinguishable from the aforesaid diseases, provided that the flag or warning placard shall be displayed only upon such premises as are known to be infected with smallpox or varioloid.

No More Smallpox.

There was not even a case of suspicion of smallpox reported to the health office today, and the doctors at the quarantine station had a day's rest, after a busy day yesterday. Although a number of cases of suspicion were reported yesterday, not a single case of smallpox or varioloid was found. The patients in the hospital were reported doing well this afternoon, but just when any of them will be discharged as cured is not known.

Chicago Grain and Provision Markets

Reported by Silsby & Co., Bankers and Brokers, CHICAGO, November 9, 1894.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—	Nov	54⅛	54⅝	54⅛	54⅝
	Dec	54⅝	55¼	54⅛	55¼
	May	59⅝	60¼	59⅛	60¼
Corn—	Nov	50⅝	51⅝	50⅝	51⅝
	Dec	49⅞	50⅛	49⅝	50⅛
	May	50	50⅝	49⅞	50¼
Oats—	Nov	28⅛	28¾	28⅛	28¾
	Dec	28⅜	28¾	28⅛	28¾
	Dec	28⅜	28¾	28⅜	28¾
	May	32⅛	32⅝	31⅞	32⅝
Pork—	Nov	12.15	12.15	12.02	12.02
	Jan	12.00	12.05	11.95	12.05
Lard—	Nov	7.00	7.02	7.00	7.02
	Jan	7.00	7.02	6.95	7.02
S. Ribs—	Nov	6.20	6.20	6.20	6.20
	Jan	6.05	6.10	6.05	6.10

New York Cotton.

Month.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
December	5.37	5.37	5.34	5.36
January	5.41	5.41	5.37	5.39
February	5.46	5.47	5.42	5.42
March	5.51	5.51	5.47	5.47

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, November 9.—Flour dull, unchanged—receipts, 13,436 barrels; shipments, 4,750 barrels; sales, 1,720 barrels. Wheat strong—spot, 56½a56⅝; November, 56½a56⅝; December, 57⅛a57¼; January, 58⅛a58⅜; May, 61⅞ bid; steamer No. 2 red, 53½a54—receipts, 37,064 bushels; stock, 1,065,946 bushels; sales, 34,000 bushels; milling wheat by sample, 57. Corn steady—spot, 54 bid; year, 51¾a52; January, 51a51¼; steamer mixed, 51½ bid—receipts, 11,904 bushels; stock, 16,088 bushels; sales, 24,000 bushels; southern white corn, 50a53½; southern yellow corn, 53½. Oats active and strong—No. 2 white western, 34½a35; No. 2 mixed western, 32a32½—receipts, 1,984 bushels; stock, 194,455 bushels. Rye dull—No. 2, 52a52½—receipts, 2,455 bushels; stock, 29,893 bushels. Hay firmer—good to choice timothy, $12.00a$12.50. Grain freights very firm—steam to Liverpool, per quarter, 2s.3d. Sugar firm—granulated, 4.45 per 100 lbs. Butter firm—fancy creamery, 24a25; do. imitation, 17a18; do. ladle, 16a17; good ladle, 14a15; store packed, 11a14. Eggs firm—fresh, 20; cold storage, 16a17; limed, 16a17. Cheese firm, unchanged.

Range of the Thermometer.

The following were the readings of the thermometer at the weather bureau today: 8 a.m., 43; 2 p.m., 50; maximum, 50; minimum, 42.

FINANCE AND TRADE

A Reaction Expected in Stock Quotations.

ADVANCE IN THE PRICE OF SUGAR

Jersey Central the Feature in the Railways.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, November 9.—After an irregular and rather commonplace opening today's stock market developed an unusually strong undertone, carrying prices up for substantial gains over yesterday's figures. London was a moderate purchaser at the advance and gave unmistakable signs of a willingness to follow any well-directed movement in the direction of higher prices. The covering of shorts and the abundance of stop orders were important factors in the day's improvement. As the movement progressed the room element was assisted in its efforts to advance prices by a moderate demand from investors. The change in sentiment is due entirely to the satisfactory results of the fall elections and the discounting of ultimate benefits. The recuperation of lost values must be slow, however, and the present movement should force a reaction from the present level before the period of sustained improvement sets in. The best opinions are against short sales, purchases on concessions for a quick turn being deemed the wiser policy until the present enthusiasm subsides and actual conditions are again permitted to dictate the course of speculation.

The sentiment on sugar underwent a complete revolution over night, yesterday's bears coming into today's market with a liberal supply of bull arguments and some good buying orders. The advance in the price of refined sugar and the resumption of business by several of the refiners furnished the motive for the changed position. Some excellent authorities on the affairs of this company incline to the belief that the advance is the result of manipulation in order to establish a higher level for selling purposes in anticipation of free sugar agitation in the Senate.

It is believed that friends of the administration will urge the immediate consideration of the popgun measure now on the Senate calendar.

Chicago Gas sold up 1 per cent and National Lead 1 1-4 on buying for both accounts.

In the railway list Jersey Central was again the feature, selling up 3 1-4 per cent on a good volume of business. The balance of the coalers were strong at moderate gains, there being no important changes in the outlook for their product. Northwest was active at a 2 1-8 per cent advance, and the balance of the Granger group was strong at advances varying from 3-4 to 1 1-4 per cent.

The weekly report of the operations at the subtreasury reflects a loss of nearly $1,000,000 to the banks. The receipts of currency from interior points have been liberal during the week, and will probably offset the above loss.

The decreased rate of interest on out-of-town balances has had no effect on the inflow of currency from eastern and New England points. The engagement of 500,000 francs for shipment tomorrow was announced during the day, but did not influence the course of prices. Realizing sales in the last hour marked prices off fractionally from the best, but the closing was steady and confident, notwithstanding.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The following are the opening, the highest and the lowest and the closing prices of the New York stock market today, as reported by Corson & Macartney, members New York stock exchange. Correspondents Messrs. Moore & Schley, No. 80 Broadway:

Stocks.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Sugar	89¼	92½	88⅞	91⅜
American Sugar, pfd	94	94	93	95
American Tobacco	99⅞	100⅝	99⅞	100⅝
American Cotton Oil	27⅝	28¼	27⅝	28¼
Atchison	5⅜	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜
Canada Southern	51⅞	52⅜	51⅞	52
Canada Pacific	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝
Chesapeake and Ohio	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜
C. C. C. and St. L.	37⅜	39⅛	37⅞	39⅛
Chicago B. and Q.	74	75⅞	73⅞	75⅞
Chic. and Northwestern	101¼	103⅛	101¼	103⅛
Chicago Gas	75⅝	76⅜	75⅝	76⅛
C., M. and St. Paul	63	64	63	63⅞
C., M. and St. Paul, pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
C., R. I. and Pacific	63	64⅞	63	64⅜
Del., Lack. and W	161	62	161	16 ⅜
Delaware and Hudson	127	127⅜	127	127
Denver and Rio Grande	36⅞	37⅛	36⅜	37⅛
Dis and Cattle Feeding	10	10⅜	16	10⅜
General Electric	36⅜	37⅜	36⅜	37⅜
Illinois Central	.....	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
Lake Shore	.....	135	134⅜	135
Erie	14	14	14	14
Louisville and Nashville	55¼	56	55⅛	56⅛
Long Island Traction	.....	13	13	13
Metropolitan Traction	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Elevated	106⅜	107⅜	105¼	107⅜
Michigan Central	.....	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
Missouri Pacific	29⅛	29⅞	29⅛	29⅞
National Lead Co	41⅜	42⅜	41⅜	42⅜
U. S. Cordage Co	.....	13¼	13	13¼
U. S. Cordage, pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Jersey Central	93	96¼	93	95¼
New York Central	100¼	100⅝	100¼	100¼
N. Y. and New England	.....	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜
N. Y., C. and St. Louis	.....	.....	.....	.....
Northern Pacific	.....	.....	.....	.....
Northern Pacific, pfd	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜
North American	.....	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
Ont. and Western	.....	16⅞	16⅜	16⅜
Pacific Mail	22⅝	23⅜	22⅝	23⅜
Phila. and Reading	.....	18	18	18
Pullman P. Car Co	159	159	159	159
Richmond Terminal	17⅞	18	17⅞	17⅞
Phila. Traction	.....	.....	.....	.....
Texas Pacific	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
Tenn. Coal and Iron	.....	17	17	17
Union Pacific	13⅜	13⅜	13	13⅜
Wabash	.....	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜
Wabash, pfd	.....	15	14⅞	15
Wheeling & Lake Erie	.....	12½	12⅜	12⅜
Wheeling & L. E., pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western Union Tel	88	89⅛	87⅞	79⅜
Wisconsin Central	4⅜	.....	.....	.....
Silver	.....	.....	.....	.....

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—regular call—12 o'clock m.—U. S. 4s, coupon, $500 at 115½. Belt Railroad 5s, $500 at 82. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 5s, $1,000 at 100½. American Security and Trust, 10 at 135; 10 at 135¼. U. S. Electric Light, 16 at 128. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone, 1 at 52.

Government Bonds.—U. S. 4s, registered, 115¼ bid, 116 asked. U. S. 4s, coupon, 115¼ bid. U. S. 5s, 119¼ bid.

District of Columbia Bonds.—20-year fund 5s, 109 bid. 30-year fund 6s, gold, 110 bid. Water stock 7s, 1901, currency, 118 bid. Water stock 7s, 1903, currency, 120 bid. 3.65s, funding, currency, 115 bid, 116 asked. 3½s, registered, 2-10s, 100 bid.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Washington and Georgetown Railroad conv. 6s, 1st, 130 bid, 140 asked. Washington and Georgetown Railroad conv. 6s, 2d, 130 bid, 140 asked. Metropolitan Railroad conv. 6s, 101½ bid, 104 asked. Belt Railroad 5s, 80 bid, 85 asked. Eckington Railroad 6s, 101 bid. Columbia Railroad 6s, 106½ bid, 110 asked. Washington Gas Company 6s, series A, 114 bid. Washington Gas Company 6s, series B, 115 bid. Washington Gas Company conv. 6s, 130 bid. U. S. Electric Light conv. 5s, 125 bid. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 5s, 100½ bid, 105 asked. American Security and Trust, 100 bid. American Security and Trust, 100 bid. Washington Market Company 1st 6s, 108 bid, 112 asked. Washington Market Company imp. 6s, 108 bid, 112 asked. Washington Market Company ext. 6s, 106 bid. Masonic Hall Association 5s, 102 bid. Washington Light Infantry 1st 6s, 102½ bid, 104 asked. Washington Light Infantry 2d 7s, 99 bid.

National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 200 bid, 320 asked. Bank of the Republic, 275 bid, 290 asked. Metropolitan, 280 bid, 297 asked. Central, 260 bid, 300 asked. Farmers and Mechanics', 190 bid, 200 asked. Second, 140 bid, 150 asked. Citizens', 130 bid. Columbia, 135½ bid, 150 asked. Capital, 116 bid. West End, 112 asked. Traders', 105 bid, 112 asked. Lincoln, 100 bid, 105 asked. Ohio, 74⅝ bid.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe Deposit and Trust, 125 bid, 135 asked. Washington Loan and Trust, 121 bid, 125 asked. American Security and Trust, 135 bid, 135½ asked. Washington Safe Deposit, 100 asked.

Railroad Stocks.—Washington and Georgetown, 280 bid, 315 asked. Metropolitan, 80 bid, 85 asked. Columbia, 57 bid, 65 asked. Belt, 24 bid. Eckington, 34 bid. Georgetown and Tennallytown, 35 asked.

Gas and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Gas, 47½ bid, 48½ asked. Georgetown Gas, 50 bid. U. S. Electric Light, 128 bid, 128¾ asked.

Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 39 bid, 45 asked. Franklin, 44 bid. Metropolitan, 68 bid. Corcoran, 57 bid, 78 asked. Potomac, 68 bid. Arlington, 150 bid. German-American, 175 bid