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No. 13,379.

If you want today's news today you can find it only in The Star.

BLUSTER IS RESUMED

America is Warned That England Will Not Stand Much More.

DESTINATION OF THE SQUADRON

Again Denied That It is Going to Bermuda.

GENERAL FOREIGN TOPICS

LONDON, January 20.—The Globe this morning, in an article condemning the attitude of the United States Senate committee on foreign relations, says:

"The English people will not stand much more flouting from anywhere, and these gentlemen, whom we credit with no more exalted sentiment than the wish to stand well with their Irish constituents, may very easily find themselves face to face with a situation that could only be called appalling."

In spite of the assertions of the sensational news agencies to the contrary, the Associated Press is in a position to repeat its assertions of Saturday that it has been informed by the British admiralty that the destination of the fleet, now at Spithead, is not yet determined, even by the admiralty, and that certainly it will not go to Bermuda or anywhere in American waters for the present.

The New York Times, in communications regarding the destination of the British flying squadron have passed between the governments of the United States and Great Britain, and it is to be utterly without foundation in fact. Lord Layard, who is prominently identified with the movement to establish a permanent board of international arbitration, had a long interview today with the United States ambassador, Mr. Thomas F. Bayard.

PARIS, January 20.—The Eclair, commenting on the added suggestions of the Monroe doctrine, remarks: "Does the American government think it is strong enough to appropriate in its own interest one of the two hemispheres, and forbid Europe to have access to at least half of the globe? If it wishes to do this, it must be prepared to take the consequences. It can happen will be that all Europe will arrive at an understanding by which they will close their ports to American ships, a measure which will make America ask for mercy within a week."

BRITISH AT COSSAMIE.

The Capital of Ashanti Occupied Without Trouble.

LONDON, January 20.—It is officially announced today that Coassie, capital of Ashanti, was peacefully occupied at 10 o'clock in the afternoon of Friday last, January 17. The native forces in the employ of the British were the first to enter Coassie. They met with no opposition. King Premeh was ordered to meet Sir Francis Scott, in command of the British expeditionary force, at the residence of the British consul.

The governor arrived at Coassie at midday, and was met outside the capital by Sir Francis Scott, his staff and the British troops. The Ashanti chiefs, who had fled to the interior, were ordered to meet the British at a grand palace on Monday.

COSSAMIE, ASHANTI, JANUARY 20.

The Ashanti place today. Sir Francis Scott, commander of the British expedition, and his staff were seated in a semi-circle in the town square, which was filled with troops. The Ashanti chiefs then paraded and King Premeh descended from his stool and shook hands with Sir Francis. The king was informed that he had been captured by the British and that he was to be taken to the coast. King Premeh and his chiefs then retired, and the queen mother arrived to meet Sir Francis Scott. The people were quiet.

CAMPOS CONTRADICTION.

It is Claimed That His Recall Was Due to Military Failure.

MADRID, January 20.—The conservative organs at Havana protest against the retention of Marshal Campos that he is the victim of political intrigue. They insist that his recall is due to his failure as a general, and not to political pressure.

CARDINAL MEIGENAN DEAD.

Was the Author of Religious and Historical Works.

TOURS, France, January 20.—Cardinal Guillaume Rene Meignan, archbishop of Tours, was found dead in bed this morning. Cardinal Meignan was born in 1817 and was created a cardinal in 1883. Of recent years he distinguished himself in his attitude toward the republic by following the conciliatory policy of Pope Leo XIII. He was the author of a number of religious and historical works, was decorated with the cross of the Legion of Honor in 1891. In 1885 he was vicar general of Paris and was promoted archbishop of Tours in 1884.

SPRING RUSH TO ALASKA.

Steamship Fare From Tacoma Reduced.

TACOMA, Wash., January 20.—The spring rush to the Yukon river gold fields has commenced. Seventy-five prospectors started early in the morning for the coast. Nearly all of them took cabin passage, the first-class rate to Juneau having been reduced to \$12. It is expected that hundreds of prospectors will go to Juneau between now and April 1.

E. A. Gardner of Cook's Inlet Trading and Transportation Company, who has just returned from Alaska, says: "It is a fact little known that the Alaska Commercial Company has been for a long time operating a mine on the island of the Aleutians, which is 800 miles long. The output is shipped monthly to San Francisco. The company's steamer, The whole island has been prospected and claimed by the company, and is rich in free milling ores. The same is true of the other islands in the vicinity. They abound in rich, free milling ore, offering splendid profits for mining. My information is gathered largely from reports of the men engaged in the personal observations. These islands are about 200 miles to the westward of Cook's Inlet."

BEING TOWED INTO PORT.

The Steamship Vessels Disabled Off Cape Henry, Va.

CAPE HENRY, Va., January 20.—The steamship Lampasas of the Malory line, which runs between New York and Galveston, passed in the capes at 11 o'clock this morning with the American passenger steamship Nueces in tow. The Nueces is a large twenty-five-hundred-ton steamer, and was disabled by the explosion of a boiler between New York and Galveston. She left the latter port January 17 for New York and was picked up in a disabled condition by her sister ship, the Lampasas, which is now bound for New York from Newport News, Va., dry docks for repairs.

DISTRICT IN CONGRESS

Surgeon General Sternberg on the Cruelty to Animals Bill.

He Sees No Necessity for Any Legislation on the Subject—Other Local Measures.

Surgeon General George M. Sternberg, United States army, has written a letter to Mr. McMillan, chairman of the Senate committee on the District of Columbia, stating his objections to a bill lately introduced in the Senate for the prevention of cruelty to animals. He thinks that the provision requiring those who experiment on animals to hold a license from the Commissioners should be eliminated or modified, so as to permit medical officers and others properly directed to experiment with any of the departments of the government service to prosecute such experiments without a license. After stating other objections to the measure, Gen. Sternberg concludes, as follows:

"As far as my observation goes, I do not think there is any necessity for legislation upon this subject. In my opinion, it is a mistake to suppose that those engaged in scientific investigation or in teaching physiology are any less humane than the members of the Washington Humane Society, and the passage of an act placing them under the supervision of inspectors appointed by this society would be an undirected reflection upon them."

Plans for Storage Charges.

Britton & Gray, attorneys-at-law, have written to the Senate committee on the District of Columbia, citing references to State statutes providing for the enforcement of liens for storage charges on the general lines embraced in the bill now pending before Congress, for the purpose of showing that such laws are of general application throughout the States. Messrs. Britton & Gray favor the early passage of the bill.

Favorable Recommendation.

The Commissioners have recommended favorable action on Senate bill 990, "to amend section 9 of an act entitled 'An act to provide for the appointment of a sealer and assistant sealer of weights and measures in the District of Columbia.'"

They have also favorably reported on Senate bill 789, "For the relief of Kate Winter." The object of this bill is to quiet the title to the land owned by the late P. R. Co. to the land by which the B. and P. R. Co. to take her land by condemnation proceedings.

The Appropriation Bill.

The subcommittee of the House appropriations committee, in charge of the bill for appropriation bill held a session this morning to make further progress in the preparation of the bill. Tomorrow hearings will be given the Engineer Commissioner, the adjutant general of the District militia, Dr. Gallaudet, Dr. Purvis and Dr. Winter.

Against the Sabbath Observance Bill.

Petitions against the passage of the bill for the observance of the Sabbath in the District of Columbia are being taken into the House. One from Wisconsin and one from Rhode Island came today, each upon a printed form, indicating method in the manner of getting the petitions. It is said they are being sent by the religious press to the members of the House.

House Hearings.

Tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock the House District committee will give a hearing on the bond bill, at which the Commissioners will present the reasons for the passage of the bill and such persons or organizations who are opposed to it will be heard through their attorneys or accredited representatives.

Liability of Employers.

Mr. Gillett of Massachusetts has introduced in the House a bill offered in the Senate by Mr. Lodge, which provides for employers in the District of Columbia for providing compensation for injured employees.

Additional Clerks Needed.

The Secretary of the Treasury sent a communication to the House today recommending an appropriation for the employment of twenty additional clerks at \$300 per year each in the redemption bureau of the treasury's office, and stating that the services of this force are absolutely necessary at the expiration of the public business at this time.

Great Falls R. R. Report.

The report of the Washington and Great Falls railway, submitted to the House today, shows the receipts for the year ending December 31, 1895, to have been \$77,000, of which amount \$1,271 were from passengers, and the expenses for the year, from August 23 to December 31, the road carried 27,045 passengers.

Army Orders.

Lieut. W. O. Clark, twelfth infantry, has been ordered to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for examination for promotion.

Dividends Declared.

The controller of the currency has declared dividends in favor of the creditors of insolvent national banks as follows: Thirty per cent, the First National Bank of Ravenna, Neb.; 30 per cent, the First National Bank of Texarkana, Tex.; 15 per cent, the State National Bank of Knoxville, Tenn.; and the Maverick National Bank of Boston, Mass.

BAYARD'S SPEECHES

The President's Response to the House Resolution.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE'S REPORT

Copies of Explanatory Letters Sent by the Ambassador.

NO OTHER INFORMATION

The President today sent to the House of Representatives a report made by the Secretary of State in response to the House resolution of inquiry about recent public utterances of Ambassador Bayard at London.

The report, which is addressed to the President, is as follows: Having received by reference from yourself a resolution of the House of Representatives, of which the following is a copy:

Whereas, Thomas F. Bayard, the ambassador of the United States to Great Britain, is reported by the London Times newspaper to have said in a public speech, delivered in Boston, England, on the 23rd of August, 1895:

"The President stood in the midst of a strong, self-confident, and oftentimes violent people, men who sought to have their own way. It took a real man to govern the people of the United States."

Whereas, said Thomas F. Bayard, ambassador of the United States to Great Britain is further reported by the press of this country to have said in a public speech, delivered in Edinburgh, Scotland, on the 7th day of November, 1895:

"In my own country I have witnessed the insatiable growth of a form of socialism, styled protection, which has done more to corrupt public life, to destroy the independent mind from public councils, and to lower the tone of national representation than any other single cause. Protection now controlling the sovereign power of taxation has been perverted from its proper function of creating revenue to support the Government, to a system of protection, allied with combinations, called trusts. It has thus sapped the popular conscience by giving corrupting largesse to special classes."

The subcommittee of the House appropriations committee, in charge of the bill for appropriation bill held a session this morning to make further progress in the preparation of the bill. Tomorrow hearings will be given the Engineer Commissioner, the adjutant general of the District militia, Dr. Gallaudet, Dr. Purvis and Dr. Winter.

They have also favorably reported on Senate bill 789, "For the relief of Kate Winter." The object of this bill is to quiet the title to the land owned by the late P. R. Co. to the land by which the B. and P. R. Co. to take her land by condemnation proceedings.

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INGS OF BOSTON GRAMMAR SCHOOL IN AUGUST LAST.

Mr. Bayard's Reply.

EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES.

LONDON, January 4, 1896 (6).

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Your cipher telegram giving me the purport of the House resolution of inquiry as to the honesty of the late Mr. Bayard, in London, on November 7 last, was duly received, and I have been thinking of replying to it ever since. On the 23rd of August, 1895, I was in Boston, and on the 24th of August, 1895, I was in London, and on the 25th of August, 1895, I was in London, and on the 26th of August, 1895, I was in London, and on the 27th of August, 1895, I was in London, and on the 28th of August, 1895, I was in London, and on the 29th of August, 1895, I was in London, and on the 30th of August, 1895, I was in London, and on the 31st of August, 1895, I was in London, and on the 1st of September, 1895, I was in London, and on the 2nd of September, 1895, I was in London, and on the 3rd of September, 1895, I was in London, and on the 4th of September, 1895, I was in London, and on the 5th of September, 1895, I was in London, and on the 6th of September, 1895, I was in London, and on the 7th of September, 1895, I was in London, and on the 8th of September, 1895, I was in London, and on the 9th of September, 1895, I was in London, and on the 10th of September, 1895, I was in London, and on the 11th of September, 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