START TO THE FRONT

District Volunteers Break Camp at Chickamauga Today.

PRIMARY DESTINATION IS TAMPA

Men Are Pleased at the Opportunity to See Fighting.

NEWS OF THE REGIMENT

Special From a Staff Correspondent.

CHICKAMAUGA PARK, Ga., June 1.—Promptly at 7 o'clock this morning the 1st Regiment, District Volunteers, struck its tents in pursuance of orders issued by Colonel Harries at 2 o'clock this morning, as follows: "Pursuant to general order No. 20, headquarters first army corps and department of the gulf, this regiment will break camp at 9 a.m. today and march to Rossville, Tenn., where the regiment will embark upon trains for Tampa, Fla. All guards will be withdrawn at reveille. The

General Carpenter.
Commanding 1st Division, 3d Army Corps.

bugle will be sounded at 7 a.m. All tentage will be securely tied, with pins inside and the marked portion of the canvas clearly visible; overcoats will be baled by the companies and shipped with company baggage; blanket bags will be turned over to the quartermaster at 6:30 a.m. for shipment to Washington.

"Battalions will assemble at 8:45 a.m., and regimental line will be formed at 8:55 a.m.

"By order of Colonel Harries.

(Signed) "WILLIAM E. HORTON,
"Adjutant."

Tents Quickly Struck.

Before the last note of the bugle had sounded every tent was on the ground, and thirty minutes thereafter everything was packed and ready to be loaded on the wagons as they came out, and the boys left for a twelve-mile march to Rossville station, where the trains for Tampa are to be taken.

The men were all happy, as they know that by this move they are nearer the front, and this is the desire of their lives. If the people of Washington could have seen the boys march from the park they would hardly have recognized them as the same regiment that marched down Pennsylvania avenue but a week ago, so marked has been the improvement. General Carpenter says, without hesitation, that the District regiment is the most efficient in the park. As they approach the front those at home may feel assured that they will give a good account of themselves.

The regiment is furnished with thirty mule teams to load its equipment. The wagons will be loaded on the cars at Rossville.

Last night a supply of shoes, underclothes, socks and uniforms was issued to the men. The supply of rations for the trip has been issued, and everything is in readiness for a long trip.

Could Use Encampment Fund.

It has been suggested that the $10,000 appropriated by Congress for the annual encampment of the District of Columbia National Guard be sent to the boys in the field. It could be used to great advantage.

Martin Scott, the insane private, has been sent to the division hospital to be held until he can be taken to St. Elizabeth's.

The pay vouchers have not arrived, and it is rumored that the men will not be paid until the first of July. This will be a great hardship on those of the men who have families at home. Many of the men gave up good positions to come to the field, and their families are without support.

John J. O'Brien of 1912 13th street northwest, a private in Company A, is not the John O'Brien of Company D.

Sergeant Mortimer, who has been in the hospital with a bilious attack, is out again and at work. B.

HASTENING THE BATTLESHIPS.

Another Yacht Purchased by the Navy Department.

The board of naval bureau chiefs is trying to hasten the work of construction of the battleships authorized by the present naval appropriation bill. The Illinois type, upon which the new vessels are to be constructed, will occupy three years in construction. After a conference today the bureau chiefs, presumably with knowledge of construction ability of the American shipyards capable of undertaking this work, resolved to reduce the time allowed for building the new ships to a maximum of thirty-two months.

The Navy Department bought another yacht today—the Inquirer—at New York for use in the auxiliary fleet, by which term the mosquito fleet will be designated, in accordance with the terms of the recently enacted act on the subject. Other purchases are in prospect, but the final selection of the dozen vessels to be purchased from the eligible list of over 100 supplied by the examining board, has not been made.

The torpedo boat Rowan, built at Seattle by Moran Bros., has now been reported ready for trial, and instructions were sent to the department today to run the trip off Friday on Puget sound.

Major General Butler Sworn In.

Ex-Senator M. C. Butler of South Carolina visited the War Department yesterday afternoon and subscribed to the oath of office as a major general of volunteers. He reported his readiness for immediate duty, and was assigned to the command of the first division of the 2d Army Corps at Camp Alger, under command of Major General Graham.

Telegraphic orders were today sent to Brigadier Generals George A. Garrettson at Cleveland and H. M. Duffield at Detroit, directing them to report for duty with the 2d Army Corps, in camp near Falls Church, Va., under the command of Major General Graham. These orders were issued in anticipation of the confirmation of the nominations of these two gentlemen as brigadier generals of volunteers.

Dunraven's Desmond Wins a Race.

LONDON, June 1.—At the first day's racing of the Manchester Whitsuntide meeting today Lord Dunraven's black colt Desmond, by St. Simon out of L'Abbesse de Jouarre, won the Summer Breeders' foal plate of 1,000 sovereigns for two-year-old colts. Five horses ran. The distance was five furlongs.

MORRO BOMBARDED

(Continued from First Page.)

place officials on duty here feel confident that Commodore Schley would have promptly reported it.

As the movement of the military expedition depends somewhat upon the advices from Commodore Schley, army officers sought information from the Navy Department as eagerly as the newspaper men. They were told that as far as the department knew the situation at Santiago remained unchanged. It is regarded by officials as quite reasonable to suppose that a brush between our fleet and Spanish torpedo boats, either attempting to escape or to make a secret attack, might be magnified by rumor into a general engagement.

It is not anticipated that the newspaper reports will have any effect upon the military movements in progress. While no one either at the White House or at the War or Navy Departments will give any intimation as to whether the military expedition is destined against Porto Rico or Santiago first, the opinion still prevails in the best informed congressional circles that Porto Rico will be the first point of attack. All senators and members of the House who are in close touch with the War Department and who visited there yesterday and today hold to this opinion, and give reasons based on policy and strategy why it should be so.

Secretary Long strained one of the muscles of his leg yesterday and remained at his house today for purposes of rest. Assistant Secretary Allen was therefore in charge of affairs at the Navy Department. Word was received from both officials at 3 o'clock to the effect that no report of any kind had been received from Commodore Schley concerning the reported engagement at Santiago.

The press report that the torpedo boat Porter had put into Mole St. Nicholas early this morning led to the belief that official dispatches are now on the way here. It was said, however, that the delays incident to cipher cabling might put off the receipt of such dispatches until this evening.

BANK OF SPAIN IN TROUBLE.

If It Cannot Respond the War Must Soon Cease.

MADRID, June 1.—The condition of the Bank of Spain is considered today as more serious than any reverse of the war, as if it cannot help the government the war cannot be continued.

OFFICE DUTIES.

Changes Made in Department of Engineer Commissioner Beach.

Capt. Beach, Engineer Commissioner of the District, this afternoon announced the following arrangement of duties in his department be followed until further orders:

The superintendent of sewers will, in addition to his present duties, exercise supervision over the plumbing office.

The computing engineer will transfer to Mr. Richards charge of that portion of assesssment and permit work which comes under the street department.

Mr. Richards will, in addition to his present duties, take charge of the above named portion of assessment and permit work and the work of the parking commission.

The inspector of plumbing will report to the superintendent of sewers.

The superintendent of parking will report to Mr. Richards.

Mr. Fuller will act as clerk for Mr. McFarland and Mr. McComb.

Mr. Garges will act as clerk for Mr. Hunt and Mr. Richards.

Inspectors Watson and Bradshaw will, for the present, report to both Mr. Richards and Mr. Hunt.

Requisitions will be issued upon signature of the heads of departments.

All work and methods of the engineer department will continue as heretofore, except as above noted.

AT NATIONAL PARK.

Progress of the First Game of the Afternoon.

Two games were scheduled for this afternoon between the Washington and St. Louis teams, the first to be called at 2 o'clock, but it was some time later when the game was started, the local team taking the field, with Weyhing in the box and McGuire on first, Doyle being too unwell to play. Decker was hit in the temple during the warming-up practice and Sugden took his place at first, Carsey playing second for the Browns. There were quite a number of ladies present, it being their day, and about 1,500 men were in the stands and bleachers when the game was called.

Tim Hurst's men went out in one, two, three order in the first inning. Dowd hit to third and was prettily thrown out at first. Holmes rolled one to Reitz and died an easy death at the initial bag, and Harley did the very same thing.

For the Senators, Gettman bunted past Hughey, the visiting twirler, and Selbach's out at first from Carsey sent him to second. McGuire sent a hot one over second, on which Gettman easily scored. Mac rested on first only a moment, for Anderson sent the first pitched to him down the right foul line. It bounded over the fence, and McGuire trotted in ahead of him. Farrell was given a pass, but was declared out when Casey dropped Wagner's infield fly. The latter reached second on a passed ball, but Reitz left him there, being thrown out on a grounder to Hughey. Three runs.

In the second inning McGuire made a one-handed catch of Clements' foul fly. Cross singled past third, Sugden popped up a little fly to Reitz and Carsey was thrown out at first by Wagner. No runs.

Wrigley's fly was badly muffed by Dowd and the marine, continuing on, reached third before Dowd recovered the ball. Weyhing flew out to left. Gettman was thrown out at first by Hall, Wrigley going home, and Selbach went out at first on Hall's throw. One run.

In the third inning Hall flew out to Selbach, Hughey was thrown out at first by Weyhing and Dowd fouled out to Farrell. No runs.

For the Senators McGuire led off with a three-bagger to right center. Anderson scored him by a hit past third and stole second. Farrell singled to right, sending Anderson home. Wagner dropped one in front of the plate and was thrown out at first by Clements. Farrell going to second on the play and then stealing third. Reitz's fly to Harley sent him in and Wrigley flew out to Holmes.

Three runs.

At the end of the fourth inning Washington led by 7 to 0.

MORE MONEY NEEDED.

Additional Estimates Sent to Congress by Secretary Alger.

Secretary Alger sent to the House today additional estimates of $3,107,000 required immediately for the expeditionary force to Cuba and for work and equipments necessary in the campaign against Porto Rico and the Philippines. Secretary Alger transmits a letter outlining immediate action against Cuba and saying it is proposed to dispatch 15,000 to 20,000 troops at once, to be followed as rapidly as possible by 50,000 more.

Academy of Visitation.

The annual distribution of premiums and the closing exercises of the Academy of the Visitation, Connecticut avenue, will be held Friday, June 17, at 10 a.m.

Held for Grand Jury.

For the alleged larceny of a watch and chain valued at $30 from Thomas Dolan while Dolan was asleep Sunday last, Thomas Shearer was today held in $500 bail for the action of the grand jury by Judge Kimball.

Will Filed.

The will of Augustin I. Ambler has been filed for probate. It is dated March 22, 1889, and Rosaline N. Ambler and Josephine N. Fant are named as executors, without bond.

ARRANGEMENTS MADE

Order Regarding the Second Call for Volunteers.

EXPLANATION BY ADJT. GEN. CORBIN

Fifty-two Thousand to Enter Existing Regiments.

THEY WILL BE TAKEN AT ONCE

Adjutant General Corbin today completed arrangements for the recruiting of 75,000 additional troops, under the second call for volunteers. It has been decided, however, to withhold the apportionment of the troops among the different states and territories from publication for the present, for the reason that such publications at this time would tend to embarrass and delay the officials of the department in the organization of the new regiments. The adjutant general of the army recently addressed telegrams to the governors of the different states and territories in regard to the second call for troops.

"Under the first call for 125,000 men," he said, "it was contemplated that the number of original organizations called for should have the maximum strength, but on account of additional organizations having to be accepted this maximum had to be reduced to 81 enlisted men per company. The maximum now contemplated is 106 enlisted men per company of infantry, 100 per troop of cavalry, 173 per light battery, 200 per heavy battery, 1,326 of all grades per regiment of infantry, consisting of three battalions of four companies each. The Secretary bids me say it is now the wish of the President to apply, in accordance with the law, so much of the second call for 75,000 as may be necessary to fill organizations already in the service from your state to the maximum just stated. The Secretary of War bids me say that the recruiting officers will be detailed to make and superintend, under army regulations, enlistments for this purpose, etc."

Favorable responses were received from the governors of nearly all the states, and the adjutant general's office has been enabled to go ahead with the plans for the equipment of the troops under the second call. According to the plans already formulated, 52,000 troops will be required to recruit the regiments of the existing organizations up to their maximum strength, leaving but 23,000 troops to be mustered in for the organization of entirely new regiments, or about twenty-three regiments in all.

Several of the states and territories have already furnished troops under the first call in excess of their quotas under both calls, and Adjt. Gen. Corbin is authority for the statement that none of them will at this time be called upon to furnish any additional troops. The District of Columbia and the following named states are included in this list: Delaware, Vermont, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Idaho and Wyoming.

In the case of the District of Columbia, its quota under the first call for 125,000 men was 449, and under the second call for 75,000 its quota was 270 men, making its total quota under both calls 719 men. As a fact, however, it has already furnished one regiment of 1,026 men, thus exceeding its quota by 307. The states of Delaware and Vermont have each also exceeded their quota in about the same proportion.

Some of the state governors, in their communications with the War Department, have manifested a decided opposition to filling up the existing regiments, preferring to recruit entirely new organizations, and in some of these cases it is believed likely the department will yield, although no one will make any official statement to that effect. There is a disposition on the part of the War Department to avoid any unseemly wrangle over the matter, but, instead, to yield a point for the sake of appearances. Ample authority, it is said, exists, under the volunteer act, for the War Department to proceed on its own responsibility with the work of recruiting without any call on the governors to assist in that work.

Adjutant General Corbin issued the following general order this afternoon in regard to the recruitment of volunteers:

Under and in pursuance of the President's proclamation of May 25, 1898, calling forth volunteers to the aggregate number of 75,000, and of section 7 of an act of Congress approved April 22, 1898, which provides that no new organizations shall be accepted in the service from any state unless the organizations already in service from such state are as near to their maximum strength as the President may deem necessary, the following general rules for accomplishing the objects of said proclamation are announced by the Secretary of War for the information and guidance of all concerned:

1. Organizations accepted and mustered into the United States service under the President's proclamation of April 23, 1898, will be expanded so that each regiment shall consist of twelve companies (troops, batteries), and each battalion (squadron) of four companies, and of the maximum enlisted strength authorized by the act of Congress approved April 26, 1898. The number of recruits required for each organization will be determined by the adjutant general of the army, under whose direction and supervision the recruitment herein ordered will be conducted.

2. The commander of each regiment and independent battalion will carefully select and detail a recruiting party consisting of three officers in a regiment, one non-commissioned officer, and of not more than four privates, one of whom should be qualified to perform clerical work, and will report the names of the officers detailed, and the point selected for the recruiting station, which must be in the locality where the organization was raised, to the adjutant general of the army, who will give all further orders and instructions that may be necessary.

Arrangements will be made through the quartermaster's department, when necessary, for renting, under emergency agreements, suitable quarters for temporary recruiting stations and the furnishing of supplies therefor. Arrangements will be made with the proper officers of the subsistence department for the subsistence of recruiting parties and recruits. Recruits will be sent under charge of the most reliable one of their number, to their several regiments in small squads without uniform, arms, or equipment.

3. Additional companies necessary for the completion of regiments and battalions, as herein provided for, will be organized and mustered into the United States service under the same rules that governed the organization and muster-in of the troops raised under the President's proclamation of April 23, 1898.

The Canty Trial.

Later today the Canty trial became more than usually interesting.

John Davis testified to Rye's threats; Gluskey Cromwell, a reporter on The Evening Star, gave evidence as to reporting the homicide on the day of its occurrence, but his testimony was not material; Austin Herr was interrupted in his testimony by objection by Mr. Davis, which was sustained; Detective Carter gave evidence which was ruled out, and some witnesses testified as to Rye's movements. There were several warm tilts between counsel as to the admission of testimony, and Judge Cole's decisions were looked upon with interest.

Cables Are Not Cut.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, June 1.—The West Indian and Panama Cable Company is still receiving messages from Santiago de Cuba, and the company avers the cables are not cut.

HAWAIIAN ANNEXATION

Advocates in the House Confident of a Vote.

Disingenuousness of Speaker Reed's Excuse for Delaying Action on the Resolution.

The advocates of Hawaiian annexation are confident that they are going to secure a vote on the annexation resolutions in the House. Mr. Reed has not yet given any promises, but insists to advocates of the measure that he has not made any effort to influence the sentiment of the House on the subject. His excuse for standing out against the obvious and expressed wish of a majority of the House that a special rule should be reported for the consideration of the subject is said to be that his information is that many members who favor annexation of Hawaii agree that it is not wise to take it up before the revenue bill has been disposed of, and that he is not resisting the will of a majority when he postpones action. He does not contend, however, that he is not earnestly desirous of defeating annexation, and it is plain enough to be obvious to the most stupid man in Congress that the only way open to defeat the measure is through such delay.

Senate Opponents Rely on Reed.

It is known that the opponents of annexation in the Senate, who have all along relied much upon Speaker Reed's co-operation, count upon the very delay that is being exhibited in the House to enable them to prevent action by the Senate, through filibustering, if necessary, until an adjournment of Congress can be brought about. It is recognized as almost a certainty that if there is much more delay in the House, it will be impossible to secure action by the Senate. In the light of this situation, there is a degree of disingenuousness in the talk of the procrastination of the committee on rules not being designed to defeat the will of the House.

Design of the Delay.

The plain fact is that it is designed to defeat the will of both houses of Congress, of the republican party and of a large majority of the people of the country.

It is known that the course being followed by the Speaker is satisfactory to Senator Pettigrew, Senator White, and others in the Senate who are bent upon defeating annexation. These men are perfectly confident of being able to take care of their end of the game if Mr. Reed continues in his course a little while longer.

As soon as the revenue bill has been disposed of, the attention of Congress will be directed toward trying to procure an adjournment as quickly as possible, and the opponents of annexation will try to demonstrate that nothing more than a protracted and fruitless summer session of Congress can result from any attempt to force action on Hawaii.

With nothing but Hawaii to keep Congress in session, they calculate that the desire of members to get home to look after their political fences and their regard for their personal comfort will strengthen the movement for an adjournment.

Perhaps Mr. Reed will permit the rule to be reported, but unless he is forced by caucus action he is not apt to do so until he is satisfied that it is too late for action of the House to insure annexation.

Efforts to Prevent a Caucus.

Strong efforts are being made to prevent a caucus of republicans of the House being held on the subject, it being urged that the rule will be reported before very much longer, so that the House can have a vote before adjournment, and that party differences should not be exposed by an open rupture. This reasoning appeals to a few men who simply want a chance to vote for annexation to make them themselves square with their constituents, but who do not care whether Hawaii is annexed or not. Those who want something more than the mere privilege of voting—who want Hawaii annexed—are not satisfied with such temporizing.

THE BILL AMENDED.

Changes in Measure for Extension of Eleventh Street.

House bill 10,474, providing for the extension of 11th street northwest from Florida avenue to Lydecker avenue, has been amended by the District Commissioners, and returned to Chairman Babcock of the House District committee.

In their letter of transmittal the Commissioners state that as the desirability of the extension was fully discussed in connection with recent bills for additional street railway facilities for Columbia Heights and vicinity, they consider it unnecessary to go into that question further at this time, and simply confine their report, therefore, to the location of the proposed extension.

"The bill proposes," the Commissioners say, "to extend the street north in a direct line as far as Princeton street, thence deflecting west and running parallel to Sherman avenue, to Lydecker avenue, striking said avenue about midway betwen Morgan and Eslin avenues." The Commissioners recommend that the street be extended in a direct line as far north as Harvard street and then deflected to the west and run in a straight line to Eslin avenue.

"The reasons for this change are: 1. To avoid certain improvements in the block between Princeton and Harvard streets, and to reduce the expense to this extent. 2. To give a direct connection with Eslin avenue, thus making a continuous north and south street, with its many advantages over one ending abruptly at Lydecker avenue. 3. To make a better division of the blocks between 13th street and Sherman avenue.

"From the best data obtainable the estimated cost of the extension is as follows, there being practically no difference in the cost of the extension as proposed in the bill and as recommended by the Commissioners: Land, $260,000; improvements, $50,000; total, $310,000.

"In accordance with the views expressed above the Commissioners have the honor to recommend that the bill be amended as follows, and that a favorable report be made thereon: Section 1, line 7, strike out the word 'Princeton' and insert in lieu thereof the word 'Harvard;' section 1, lines 9 and 10, strike out the words 'running parallel with the lines of Sherman avenue to Lydecker avenue,' and insert in lieu thereof the words 'to Eslin,' so that the route shall read 'from Florida avenue to Harvard street, and thence with the same width and deflected lines to Eslin avenue.'"

GOVERNMENT'S FINANCES.

Report of Receipts and Expenditures for May.

The comparative statement of the receipts and expenditures of the government shows that during May, 1898, the receipts amounted to $30,074,818, and the expenditures to $47,849,000, leaving the deficit for the month $17,000,000. This deficit is accounted for by the increased expenditures on account of the war. The increase in these two items, as compared with May, 1897, is about $19,500,000. The receipts from customs during the last month aggregated $13,466,534, a decrease, as compared with May, 1897, of about $3,000,000. The receipts from internal revenue amounted to $14,492,208, a gain of nearly $4,000,000. For the eleven months the receipts show an increase over 1897 of over $60,000,000.

A Free Lunch Suggestion.

From the St. Louis Republic.

The Philippines Islands are 7,000 miles from our western coast. Hawaii is 2,000 miles. If we should conclude to permanently hold the Philippines, the Hawaiian archipelago would then indeed justify its right to the name of Sandwich Islands.

The Boston Shibboleth.

From the Baltimore Herald.

We refuse to believe in the truth of the report that the intellectual mothers of Boston now quiet their babes with the threat that "the Almirante Oquendo Infanta Maria Theresa Viscaya Christobal Colon'll get you if you don't stop crying." When a Boston mother wants to hush her babe and make it smile she merely says "Beans."

OPENED WITH POMP

Trans-Mississippi Exposition Started Up at Noon.

PRESIDENT TOUCHED THE BUTTON

Sent a Message in Advance Congratulating Mr. Wattles.

GREAT CROWD PRESENT

OMAHA, Neb., June 1.—Amid the music of a hundred bands, the cheers of 100,000 people, the blasts of many whistles and the waving of innumerable flags, the trans-Mississippi and international exposition was formally opened today. Everything contributed to the smoothness of the final hours of preparation, and nothing occurred to mar the occasion.

At 9:30 a.m. the great civic parade started on its march from the center of the city to the grounds. The National Marine Band led the splendid pageant, and a hundred musical organizations from the various states of the middle west contributed to the occasion. The parade was three miles long, consisting of the officers and guests of the exposition in carriages, the semi-military organizations and all the secret societies of this and adjacent states. Early the special trains had begun to unload their crowds until the railroad men estimated that at least 100,000 people had arrived. These mingled with the citizens of Omaha and formed one solid phalanx along the route of the parade for ten miles.

Opened With Prayer.

Rev. Dr. Samuels of St. Louis opened the exercises at the grounds with prayer.

President G. W. Wattles, John L. Webster of Omaha and John N. Baldwin of Council Bluffs delivered addresses suitable to the occasion. President McKinley addressed the assembled multitude by long-distance telephone, touched the magic button and the exposition was open.

The weather could not have been more propitious and not a particle of dust was in evidence. This afternoon the Marine Band will give a concert at the grounds, and tonight a pyrotechnic display of the most elaborate scale will enliven the occasion.

President Touched the Button.

At 1:30 o'clock today President McKinley opened the trans-Mississippi and international exposition at Omaha by touching a button in the telegraph room at the White House.

This is the fifth enterprise of the kind the President has opened since his induction in office, the others being the Nashville exposition, electrical exposition at Cleveland, golden jubilee at San Francisco and electrical exposition in New York.

The original intention was that before touching the button President McKinley would make a short address by long-distance telephone. Instead of this the President sent the following by telegraph:

"June 1, 1898.

"Hon. Gurdon W. Wattles, President Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition, Omaha, Nebraska.

"The cordiality of the invitation extended to me to be present at the opening of your great exposition is deeply appreciated, and I more deeply regret that public duties prevent me from leaving the capital at this time.

"The events of the memorable half century which the trans-Mississippi and international exposition commemorates are interwoven with the history of the whole nation and are of surpassing importance. The mighty west affords most striking evidences of the splendid achievements and possibilities of our people. It is a matchless tribute to the energy and endurance of the pioneer, while its vast agricultural development, its progress in manufactures, its advancement in the arts and sciences and in all departments of education and endeavor, have been inestimable contributions to the civilization and wealth of the world.

"Nowhere have the unconquerable determination, self-reliant strength and sturdy manhood of our American citizenship been more forcibly illustrated. In peace or war the men and women of the west have ever been in the vangcard.

"I congratulate the management upon its magnificent enterprise and assure all who participate in this undertaking of the deep interest which the government has in its success. WILLIAM McKINLEY."

This message was read by Gov. Holcomb to the audience at the exposition grounds.

Those present to witness the ceremony at the White House were the members of the Nebraska delegation in Congress, Mrs. Sutherland and daughters and Mrs. Greene and daughters. Representatives Johnson and Fleming of the ways and means committee of the House were also present, that committee having been invited, together with the Senate appropriations committee, Vice President Hobart and Speaker Reed.

President Wttles of the exposition was forwarded a message of congratulation from the Nebraska delegation.

SHERMAN URGED TO ACCEPT.

Offered Nomination for Congress in Fourteenth Ohio District.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 1.—Great pressure is being brought to bear upon Mr. John Sherman to induce him to accept the republican nomination for Congress in the fourteenth district. Even from the Foraker faction comes influence exerted in this direction. The Mansfield News, the strongest republican newspaper in the district, though edited by an avowed anti-Hanna republican, is leading in the movement. It is suspected that his preference for Sherman is due to hostility to Congressman Kerr, whom he can hardly defeat in any other way.

The other candidates—ex-Speaker L. C. Laylin of Norwalk, ex-Representative W. C. Cooper of Mount Vernon, ex-Representative J. T. Haskall of Elyria and Mark Cook—will all withdraw if Sherman enters the race, and no doubt Sherman will win the nomination.

Ex-Representative D. K. Watson of this city is to succeed Judge A. C. Thompson in the United States codifying commission this fall when the judge resigns to become judge of the United States court for the southern district of Ohio.

A. L. Harris, former lieutenant governor, has been assured by President McKinley that he will make him United States pension agent for Ohio, to succeed Gen. A. V. Rice. This causes trouble, for Representative J. S. Allen of Athens claims that he has the distinct promise of Senator Hanna that Dr. W. S. Jones, Allen's father-in-law, should have this appointment.

Cyrus Huling of this city is to be the new republican state central committee chairman and Philos Clark of Portsmouth executive chairman, providing a special dispensation can be secured, Mr. Clark being the postmaster of Portsmouth.

A New Word in an Old Language.

From the San Francisco Bulletin.

The Flemish word for "bike" is spelled with forty letters. Flanders is a country where it must be cheaper to make signs than to talk.

To Promote Immigration.

From the Honolulu Commercial Advertiser.

Francis M. Hatch, Hawaiian envoy to the United States, writes from Washington recommending that the government here appropriate the sum of $250,000 to be devoted to the assistance of emigration from the United States to these islands. The cabinet has decided to refer the matter to the finance committees of the Senate and House. The amount of $50,000 was set aside at the last session of the legislature and the same amount is in the appropriation bill for the present session for this purpose, but there was little call upon the fund. It was from this source that Mr. Fitzgerald wished to draw means to further his project of placing a number of American farmers on each plantation.

Object Lessons.

From the Chicago Post.

As a reminder of what might have been, a relief map of the Nicaragua canal ought to be hung up in all the cloakrooms of the Capitol at Washington.

PRINCE HENRY APOLOGIZED

Offended Admiral Dewey at a Banquet at Hong Kong.

Brave American Sailor Resented a Slight to His Country—Another Invitation Declined.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Charles N. Post, vice president of the Lyon and Healy Company, who has just returned from an extended tour of the orient, met Admiral Dewey in Hong Kong March 25. Mr. Post tells of a social passage at arms between Dewey and Prince Henry, brother of Emperor William, commanding the German squadron at Hong Kong. Prince Henry immediately after his arrival at Hong Kong gave a banquet to the higher officers of the other fleets, among whom was Rear Admiral Dewey.

At the feast the prince proposed a toast to his own country, then to Great Britain, then to all the other great powers except the United States. Finally, just before the dinner was over, the royal host proposed a toast to this country.

When Rear Admiral Dewey saw that apparently his country was to be slighted he left the banquet without ceremony. The next day a representative of Prince Henry sent a roundabout apology to the American commander. Dewey sent word back to the emperor's brother that he would accept nothing but a written or personal apology from the prince. The latter then called upon Dewey and apologized, saying that in the confusion of the dinner he, the prince, thoughtlessly neglected to put the American toast in its proper place on the program.

While Mr. Post was at Hong Kong Prince Henry gave a ball, but Admiral Dewey, although invited, did not attend it. The banquet incident was not allowed to get out, and Mr. Post received it first-hand from one of the officers of the American fleet.

TRIANGULAR FIGHT EXPECTED.

Aspirants for Indorsement at Alleghany County Republican Primaries.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

CUMBERLAND, Md., June 1.—A three-cornered fight is expected in the republican congressional primaries in Alleghany county. Congressman McDonald will have a backing, while Delegate James Campbell and Benjamin A. Richmond will lead the McComas contingent, most probably, in the interest of Ashley M. Gould, member of the house of delegates from Montgomery county. Col. George A. Pearre, who is still very anxious to have his ambition to sit in Congress realized, will be the third factor in the fight. Should the McDonald-Gould fight wax very warm, Pearre may have an easy thing of it. He is backed by many of the younger republicans and his friends are in charge of the county committee. The Pearre influence, it is thought, would go to Gould in the event it would become apparent that Pearre could not land the nomination.

State Senator Dick is not looming up as yet as a congressional probability. Should he enter the fight, backed by the miners, his candidacy would be formidable. There is, however, a growing belief that because each has a United States senator neither Allegany nor Washington county can have the congressional nomination. Dick, who is regarded as a McComas man, it is thought, favors Gould's nomination to that of McDonald.

All depends upon the result of the Montgomery primaries. Should Gould win there it is thought that he would have comparatively easy sailing in making the nomination. Washington county is claimed for him. Here the McComas men are expected to have things their own way, and McComas favors Gould.

In Garrett county State Senator R. A. Ravenscroft, who was in the fight two years ago, is again a candidate. Dr. Ravenscroft adheres to the Wellington-Lowndes faction and will make every effort to secure his county's indorsement. However, he will have a warm fight, as considerable opposition has developed to him in his own party. This opposition was evident last fall, when he was cut considerably at the polls.

Senator Norwood of Frederick is also in the fight, and while a McComas man, his backing is not regarded as formidable as that of Gould.

THE NINTH STREET LINE.

Completing the Electrical Equipment at the Northern End.

The work of completing the underground electrical equipment of the 9th street line of the Metropolitan Street Railroad to the property of the company on the 7th street road, is about accomplished. It is expected by the managers that cars will be running over this part of the road some time during the present week. There is a loop that runs in on the ground formerly occupied by the horse car stables of the company, and it is the purpose to erect on the property a building which will be used as a waiting room for passengers. There will also be a ticket seller stationed there.

The company owns quite a large block of land at this point and the managers have in view the removing of all the buildings and clearing off the site generally and planting grass and flowers so as to make the surroundings of the new terminal as attractive as possible. A somewhat similar plan of improvement has been carried out in the grounds about the car house and general offices of the company at the end of East Capitol street, so that now the surroundings have been redeemed from the barren condition which has existed since the building was erected.

Prof. Mori's Third Concert.

Prof. Emile E. Mori's third concert of the season, in which he was assisted by his pupils, took place at Sheldon's Hall last night.

The vocalists were Miss Ida V. Adt, Mr. Charles E. Bell, Mr. J. L. Flynn and Mr. Gustav Escher. The piano numbers were furnished by the Misses Patience Mort, Edith Craig and Adrienne Allaire, and there was a cornet solo by Mr. Benj. Gottwals. Mr. Glick played a violin obligato and the Concordia Church choir sang.

The choruses off the stage in act 1, from Faust, and the prison scene from Trovatore were very effective. Every seat was taken and the audience seemed to be very much pleased with the entertainment, as numerous floral offerings were contributed.

Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets

Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1427 F st., members New York stock exchange, correspondents Messrs. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., New York.

GRAIN.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—July	98⅛	9-⅛	91⅛	92
Sept	82⅛	82⅛	78⅛	78⅛
Corn—July	34⅛	34⅛	33	33
Sept	35	35	33⅞	33⅞
Oats—July	24⅞	24⅞	24⅛-⅜	24⅛-⅜
Sept	22⅝	22⅝	21⅞	21⅞-⅞
PROVISIONS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Pork—July	11.55	11.55	11.17	11.17
Sept	11.67	11.67	11.30	11.30
Lard—July	6.25	6.25	6.10	6.10
Sept	6.30	6.30	6.17	6.17
Ribs—July	5.95	5.95	5.80	5.82
Sept	6.05	6.05	5.90	5.90
COTTON. Month.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	6.39	6.39	6.38	6.38
July	6.45	6.45	6.42	6.42
August	6.48	6.50	6.46	6.46
September	6.30	6.34	6.30	6.30

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, June 1.—Flour dull and lower—western super, $3.75a$4.00; do. extra, $4.25a$5.00; do. family, $5.50a$5.90; winter wheat patent, $6.00a$6.25; spring do., $4.50a$4.75; spring wheat straight, $4.30a$4.60—receipts, 11,840 barrels; exports, 117 barrels. Wheat weak and lower—spot, 115a115⅛; month, 112⅛ asked; July, 97 asked; August, 93 asked; steamer No. 2 red, 107a107⅛—receipts, 113,755 bushels; exports, 125,000 bushels; stock, 507,095 bushels; sales, 73,000 bushels—southern wheat by sample, 110a116½; do. on grade, 109a116. Corn dull and easy—spot and month, 36⅝a37; July, 37⅛a37⅛; steamer mixed, 35⅝a36—receipts, 502,633 bushels; exports, 168,510 bushels; stock, 1,175,000 bushels; sales, 154,000 bushels—southern white corn, 37 asked; do. yellow, 37½ asked. Oats dull—No. 2 white, 25½a26; No. 2 mixed, 23½a23—receipts, 105,074 bushels; exports, 120,000 bushels; stock, 287,131 bushels. Rye dull and lower—No. 2 nearby, 49; No. 2 western, 51—receipts, 19,191 bushels; exports, none; stock, 271,225 bushels. Hay steady—choice timothy, $12.50a$13.00. Grain freights quiet and easy—steam to Liverpool per bushel, 4d. June; Cork for orders per quarter, 3s.1½d. June. Sugar strong, unchanged. Butter steady, unchanged. Eggs firm, unchanged. Cheese steady, unchanged. Whisky unchanged. Lettuce—$1.25a$1.50 per basket.

FINANCE AND TRADE

Stock Market Was Mercurial in Tone Today.

OPENING PRICES WERE HIGHER

People's Gas and the Gould Stocks Were Active.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The transactions on the stock exchange today were characterized by considerable activity and plenty of movement both ways. The opening transactions were made at higher figures, due to the good feeling prevailing on account of the early newspaper reports concerning the attempt of Schley at Santiago, with successful results. Prices for international stocks came better, and this also helped initial figures, while the reports from London showed a very good feeling prevailing there as regards an early settlement of the present American situation. This feeling toward an early settlement of the war is becoming more strongly impressed every day in the local market, and the strong houses in the street all encourage it, and it is this feeling of ultimate success, which will undoubtedly attend our present conflict, that entitles the real value of railroad stocks to consideration.

After this short flurry at the opening a healthy realizing movement set in which resulted in a loss for the entire list. This setback continued throughout the morning trading, but after the noon hour a rally set in when this decline was recovered and an advance recorded.

The standard stocks—the grangers—acted very well during the early decline, and on a small volume of business continued very strong. Numerous reports concerning Rock Island dividend caused a decline in its price to 107, but on the announcement from an excellent source that the amount distributed would be the same as first reported, it returned very quickly. The dividend announced was 14 per cent cash and 10 per cent scrip.

In point of activity People's Gas was the leader today. The buying was very good and indicates a better appreciation of the worth of this stock. It is earning about 8 per cent, and the reports are that it is scheduled for higher prices.

The Gould stocks, Missouri Pacific and Western Union, were quite active and moved upward. The usual favorites had the same attention, and the whole list on more activity than we have had for a week closed higher than the opening.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The following are the opening, the highest and the lowest and the closing prices of the New York stock market today, as reported by Corson & Macartney, members New York stock exchange. Correspondents, Messrs. Van Emburgh & Atterbury, No. 2 Wall st.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Spirits	12⅛	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛
American Spirits, pfd	34½	34⅝	34⅛	34⅛
American Sugar	140⅝	140⅝	139⅞	140⅛
American Sugar, pfd	115	115	114⅛	114⅛
American Tobacco	109⅛	110