

diars of the 24th Infantry, has just completed one of the most daring marches connected with the present campaign.

DEMOCRATS CHEERED

Applauded Denunciation of Ex-President Cleveland. IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

DEBATE ON THE CURRENCY BILL RESUMED.

SENATE'S SHORT SESSION

The House met today at 11 o'clock. The debate upon the currency bill was resumed. Mr. Bell (Col.) being the first speaker today.

INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA.

Investigating the Effect of the Reciprocity Treaties. The California delegation in Congress is taking an active interest in the reciprocity treaties recently negotiated.

THE SENATE.

At the beginning of today's session of the Senate, Mr. Gallinger (N. H.) presented a bill for the codification of the present laws.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

Names Sent to the Senate—Large List of Postmasters. The President sent the following nominations to the Senate today:

COMMERCE OF THE PHILIPPINES.

Of the Staples Only Exports of Sugar Have Fallen Off. In answer to the inquiry from the War Department relative to the opening of the hemp ports in the Philippines.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Naval Orders.

Report on Special Agents.

The Glasgow Exhibition.

City Post Office Clerks.

Traveling Men's Anti-Trust Clubs.

Travelling Men's Anti-Trust Clubs.

Traveling Men's Anti-Trust Clubs.

WILLIAM LEE'S DEATH.

Investigation Into Circumstances Attending William Lee's Death. Result of Autopsy Detailed by Dr. Glazebrook—Alleged Murderer Measured and Photographed.

ASTONISHING VITALITY SHOWN.

The Case of a Young Kansas Who Was Terribly Wounded.

A case of astonishing vitality in the Philippines is reported to the War Department. It is that of Private Charles S. Wilson of Company I of the 9th Infantry.

WANTS FINES RETURNED AND WRIGLEY CASE FAVORABLY SETTLED.

STORM IS STILL RAGING.

Lake Erie Swept by a Furious Gale.

CHANGING CUSTOMS LAWS.

Amending the Tariff for Cuba, Porto Rico and Philippines.

THE VERDICT.

MAJOR LOGAN'S DEATH.

Report That His Own Soldiers Killed Him Unfounded.

HART'S PLURALITY IS 2,084.

Boston Casts Its Largest Vote in a City Election.

THE NEW ALASKA BOUNDARY.

Representatives of Great Britain and the United States Selected.

Deaths Reported by Brooke.

HERE IN ORTHIA'S ENGINE ROOM.

Francis Kelly Was With Hobson on the Merrimack.

BALTIMORE, December 12.—In the engine room of the Donaldson Line steamer Oritha, which arrived yesterday from Glasgow.

Army Orders.

Pingree to Convoke Legislature.

PINGREE CONVOKES LEGISLATURE.

Purpose is to Submit Certain Constitutional Amendments.

DETROIT, Mich., December 13.—Governor Pingree today sent a call for an extra session of the legislature to convene Monday, December 18.

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Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

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GOVERNMENT BONDS.

RIGHTS OF CORPORATIONS

Mr. Dos Passos on the Industrial Commission.

Denounces the Outcry Against Wealth and Capital—Affairs of a Company Do Not Belong to the Public.

Do Not Belong to the Public.

Mr. John R. Dos Passos of New York

confided in his testimony before the Industrial Commission yesterday afternoon after the Star's report.

He took the position that in dealing with industrial matters there was no necessity or excuse for federal legislation.

He claimed the purposes of the framers of the federal Constitution were to control the states only so far as their foreign interests were concerned and to prevent them from interfering with one another.

In speaking of corporations, he said three classes of individuals are interested in legislation on that subject—the public, the stockholders and the creditors.

Publicity of the affairs of corporations, he said, is not necessary. No man interested in the affairs of a corporation has any business to know about its affairs.

"If they have no interest in a corporation," he said, "referring to the public at large, they have no more right to know about its affairs than they have to know about the affairs of your family or your neighbor."

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Prospectus is issued by a corporation that makes false statements that act is a crime and is punishable under the law at present. This is the case in every state. That protects the public to that extent.

A stockholder, he asserted, has a right to open the books, the directors being merely his agents in that respect. The books of the corporation through an equity court. This amply protects his interests.

Interests of the State Protected.

So far as the state is concerned it is protected because it can extinguish a corporation as a candle. It reserves that right in the charter. The state can examine into the affairs of the corporation if the conditions are such that the demand for publicity is not warranted.

Some people, he said, make warfare against capital, and their idea is to exterminate corporations. "Legislation against corporations," he said, "is not necessary. No man interested in the affairs of a corporation has any business to know about its affairs."

When great banking concerns take large interests in these corporations they do so to fashion them to their own ends. Protection and conservation from that class to maintain the government to the end.

Obligations of Corporations.

Prof. Jenks then cross-examined the witness at some length. He was asked whether there were great corporations that are organized for speculative purposes, and he said he did not think so among the large ones.

He was asked whether he saw any reason why companies should not state upon their organization what part of the stock was held by the public, and he said he saw no special reason why that should not be done in some cases and saw reasons why it should be done in others. He said he saw no law which prevented a corporation from providing for such a statement, but in England there are ten times as many speculative corporations as in this country.

He said he saw no law which prevented an investor that he would make money through his stock purchases. If the law allowed people to place their money in an investment that would make money through his stock purchases, it would be a speculation. The speculative feature of investments could not be done away with. Two men would view a proposed enterprise differently. One would see it as a speculation and the other would stay out.

He believed every corporation should have an auditor, who should make quarterly statements of the corporation's affairs, and be published, if necessary. He meant by opposing publicity that every one should have the right to go into the office books of the corporation, and to demand the books. The right by an auditor to which he referred was of the kind that is now in vogue in England, and he thought it was necessary to have an officer of the corporation on which the public could rely.

He said that the Addison Pipe Company, whose case was recently decided by the United States Supreme Court, was illegal under the common law as a corporation, and that it required no legislation to meet such cases.

PRIZE FIGHT AT VALE.

Two Students Settle Their Difficulties With the Gloves.

A dispatch from New Haven, Conn., says: Dean of Yale University, Dr. Charles F. Johnson, John F. W. Wright, and S. H. Brown, who have been fighting for some time, have now settled their difficulties with the gloves.

Bryan Criticizes the Gold Bill.

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"Following in the line of the President's message, Congress is at present considering a bill which is a very bad measure. I refer to the financial bill now before the House. This bill is a very bad measure. It is a part of the gold standard people's plan to get the gold out of circulation. It should certainly not be permitted to pass the House, because it is not in the interest of democracy."

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