

THERE IS HOPE.



There is hope for the Rheumatism—no matter how serious his case—for Munyon's Rheumatism Cure will relieve his pain in a few hours; positively cure him in a few days. There is hope for the Dyspeptic, for Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure speedily relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion or any stomach trouble. There is hope for the sufferer from Kidney trouble—even if he may be threatened with Bright's Disease—for Munyon's Kidney Cure is guaranteed to cure 90 per cent of all kidney diseases. There is hope for the victim of Catarrh, or any disease of nose, head, throat or lungs, for Munyon's Inhaler positively cures all diseases of this nature. There is hope for the sick, no matter what their ailment may be, for Prof. Munyon has prepared a specific remedy for each disease, with which everybody can doctor and cure themselves.

Munyon's Remedies are for sale at all drug stores; mostly 25 cents a vial. Munyon's Inhaler is made of hard rubber, can be carried in the vest pocket, is unbreakable and unspillable. Price, \$1.00 with all medicines complete, at all drug stores. For the use of families, there is a larger Glass Inhaler, same price. If you think you need the advice of a skilled physician upon any disease, call upon Munyon's doctors, who examine and advise absolutely without cost.

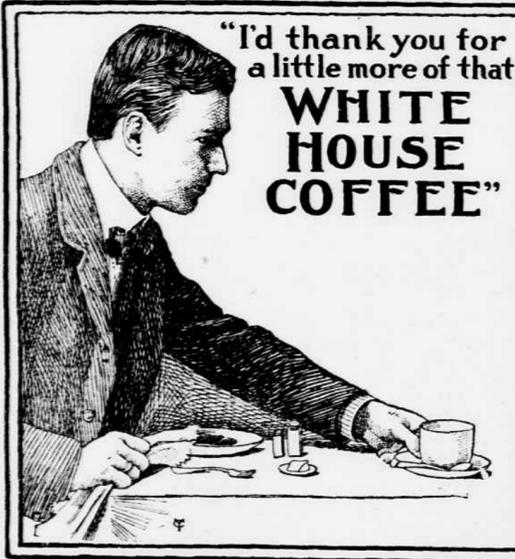
Munyon's Doctors Are Free, No. 623 Thirteenth St. N.W.

Ladies, Particularly, Should Read This:

Most of you are interested in bargains—REAL bargains—and we invite your attention to the fact that we are quoting exceptionally low prices just now on Fine Furniture, Carpets and Housefurnishings generally. The reason for these unusually low prices is because of the changing season, and the necessity of making room for new goods that will begin to arrive shortly. Our prices are always as low as equal qualities can be bought for in the cash houses—and just now they are very much LOWER. We are always glad to have you take advantage of our liberal credit privileges—without notes—and without interest. All Carpet made, laid and lined free.

Credit.

GROGAN'S Mammoth Credit House, 817-819-821-823 7th Street N. W. Between H and I sts.



"I'd thank you for a little more of that WHITE HOUSE COFFEE"

BUY DWINELL-WRIGHT CO.'S Boston Roasted Coffees. Their White House Coffee is a Blend of two of the Finest Coffees of the world. It costs a trifle more, but you get your money's worth. Try it and see why! Sold in one and two-pound cans only—never sold in Bulk.

STRIKE!

Hundreds of Thousands Are Involved.

TROUBLE IS AN IMPORTANT PART OF THE ORGANIZATION AFFECTS ALL THE REST—A PERFECTLY HARMONIOUS SYSTEM EASILY THROWN OUT OF GEAR.

Organized labor has reached such a stage that anything affecting a particular branch of it draws all the rest into the difficulty. The government, when it sells an adhesive 2-cent stamp, undertakes for such consideration to transport and deliver to the post office the printed matter which it affixed. The fact that it has a piece of adhesive envelope to which it was formerly attached, but not used or deposited for mailing, does not relieve the government to execute its part of the contract when the letter is deposited for mailing, the stamp being otherwise perfect.

An impressed stamp, however, cut out from an envelope, is defective and invalid for postage purposes. It is astonishing how many of these are used, some people, apparently, being unable, or too ignorant, to discriminate between adhesive and impressed stamps. It is better to soak off the good, unused adhesive stamp, but it is a valid stamp, nevertheless, when used as described.

A Subscriber's Little Growl. From the Electrical Review. A newspaper in a Michigan town says of its local telephone service that it is somewhat like the horse that had only two faults—the first that it was hard to catch when in the pasture, and the other that it was no good after it was caught.

GERMANY'S EXHIBIT

It Will Take High Rank at the Paris Exposition.

ART TREASURES TO BE DISPLAYED

May Result in Better Feeling Between the Countries.

SIGHTS BELOW GROUND

Special Correspondence of The Evening Star. PARIS, February 1, 1900. France having entrusted Germany out of her projected twentieth century world's fair by a brilliant coup, the French people are now prepared to concede their inferiority by doing everything possible to make the Germans feel at home in Paris in 1900. Parisian hotel keepers, restaurateurs and cafe proprietors are importing immense quantities of Munich beer, sauerkraut and wieners, for three months hence a great German invasion is expected. Wooden stockings on the other side of the Rhine are rapidly filling up and bank accounts are already being opened in Paris by German business men and tourists of all classes. Thousands of rooms in the Parisian hotels have already been assigned, with Teutonic names opposite the booking, and many spacious apartments in the handsome flats overlooking the Seine have been rented for the spring and summer by the faithful subjects of Emperor William. Industrial and commercial Germany will demonstrate that after deriving strength

much of interest to engineers in the way of modern underground conduits for water and steam, a curious method adopted for supplying visitors with drinking water, and elevators, which will furnish the luminous cascade with the requisite 300 gallons of water per second.

The subterranean exhibition is a colossal undertaking, comprising a real descent by elevators into a mine, or rather into a series of mines, where visitors will see a faithful reproduction of what takes place in real mines. These mining galleries are located under the gardens of the Trocadero, and are three-quarters of a mile in length, their depth varying according to the mine presented. Visitors will experience the illusion of being 1,000 feet under ground. In one gallery men will be seen mining coal; in another real Kaffir miners will be excavating mine gold. There will also be shown smelters for treating gold ore with crushing machinery, the apparatus of the cyanide process of extraction, etc., so that one will be able to follow the process all the way from the ore-bearing rock to the solid ingots of precious yellow metal.

Subterranean Marvels. Joining the mining exhibition will be the Subterranean World, in which will be shown many of the natural and artificial curiosities found beneath the earth's surface. Some of these date back to the time of the Phoenicians. The famous tomb of Agamemnon, at Mycenae, with the ancient kings in their masks of gold, as found by Schliemann in his excavations. A necropolis of Memphis, in lower Egypt, will also be visible. All the tools used by miners in mediaeval times will be shown. One of the exhibition rooms will represent the famous subterranean passages of Anam which Pierre Loti, the famous French Academician, novelist, naval officer and traveler, describes in his book called "Propos d'Exil." "One of these passages," says Loti, "has the aspect of a sepulchre, an enchanted residence built by Genii. The interior of the sanctuary is still full of objects. They are seated at the back in the obscurity all covered with gold, glittering." Many famous French grottos, with their subterranean rivers and various lakes, are being reproduced; so is the noted Blue Grotto of Capri, near Naples. All these will be in darkness, and they will be visited by torchlight.



GERMANY'S NATIONAL BUILDING.

from the Franco-Prussian war of 1870-1871 it has developed into a great quarry during the thirty years of peace. Three thousand of the leading manufacturers of the German empire have joined hands under the able direction of the Commissioner General Richter and are devoting 20,000,000 marks to their ambitious undertakings. Great Britain will make a creditable display in all exhibition groups, but unfortunately her efforts have been checked for several months by the enormous demand upon her men and finances by the Transvaal war, and she will be compelled to remain content with place honors. The remaining two score runners will form a grand field. Russia has Japan and other countries may cause some surprise by their plucky efforts to reach the post and will deserve applause, but they cannot win. They lay the solid basis of a Germany, a United States or a France.

The German pavilion, which covers 8,000 square feet, is a splendid example of the architecture of the German renaissance of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries. It resembles a lordly mansion of Nuremberg. The roof is of red brick, above which rises a tower 225 feet high. At either end of the roof are gable ends prettily colored, and turrets covered with a novel kind of bronze metal. Unlike the United States national building the German pavilion will not be thrown open to all comers. The commissioner general and his adjuncts will have their offices in this building, which will contain, in addition, some highly artistic and interesting displays. Among the latter will be a grand exhibit of photography and a remarkable history of art (except pictures and sculpture) covering all periods of history will be exhibited in this building.

Adhesive and Pressed Stamps. "Wait until I have washed off the postage stamp on this envelope, spoiled in the addressing," said a man. "It is not necessary to do that, as is commonly supposed," said a lawyer. "You may take your scissors and cut out the adhesive (not the impressed) stamp and stick it fast to your new envelope with mucilage, notwithstanding the adhering piece of the old envelope."

French Art Coming Back. Strange to say, many of the marvels from Germany are of French origin. Realizing well the fact that art is a neutral ground, William II is addressing himself to the artistic sense of the French nation. So he is sending to the exposition some of the most celebrated paintings of the French artists—Watteau, Lancret, Fater and Charpentier—as well as valuable tapestries of the Gobelins, all of which have been in the imperial palace at Potsdam since the days they were acquired by King Frederick the Great of Prussia. These French masterpieces of the eighteenth century are almost unknown to Parisians, and the present emperor could hardly have paid a better compliment to France than by exhibiting these marvels of pure art in the German pavilion. Once on the smooth road of compromise, who knows how far the emperor may go? Possibly at the close of the exposition he may offer these objects of art to the French nation, who could not well refuse the gift, the possession of which would be a priceless acquisition to the Louvre. And possibly out of such amities an Alsatian compromise arrangement may finally be effected which will be satisfactory to both nations.

Under the Ground. All the sightseeing of the Paris exposition will not be confined to the surface of the earth or the lofty heights of the various towers. Two important underground shows are already nearly completed, the "subterranean" exhibition and the "subterranean world." Besides these, there will be

thus increasing the mystery and charm of the scene. Sweden's Wooden House. Among the typical foreign pavilions at the exposition is the one erected by Sweden. It is built entirely of wood, even to the tiles. An appropriate motto for the walls would therefore be, "No smoking." The structure will be shipped in pieces and will be put together in the space of a couple of weeks after its arrival in Paris. It is a beautiful and clever illustration of Sweden's export trade, but from an artistic point of view it can scarcely be regarded as a success.

The first palace of any importance to be completed at the Paris exposition is the small Palace of Art in the Champ de Elysees and likewise the most artistic building of the fair, and it is fortunate that it is to remain after the curtain falls on what promises to be the greatest show on earth. French objects of art (except pictures and sculpture) covering all periods of history will be exhibited in this building. FREDERIC MATYER.

A Beautiful City View. "Do you know where you can obtain one of the finest and most artistic views in Washington?" said an artist. "At the top of the monument? No; right in the very heart of the city. As you walk on the east side of Fifth street stop at the corner of G street and look up Pennsylvania avenue, over the treasury garden, past the White House grounds and the trees of Lafayette Square, toward the western horizon, especially, near the close of the day, when the sun has set."

The shelter shed of the railroad on the treasury side offers the view considerably better than the general effect is not lost. In all the years I have resided here I have never seen so beautiful a view as this, particularly where there is a view of the city as a brilliant sunset effect. "Winter or summer, as the foliage disappears and appears, it competes with the French in the city." "As one does not find looking up the Champs Elysees to the Ave de Triomphe, from the Place de Combarde, in Paris, so I do not tire of this beautiful view."

"77" "Breaks up" COLDS An Open Winter.

An open Winter is not without its terrors for those who do not use Dr. Humphreys' Specific. In the East wind lurks Grip and Colds ("broken up" by "77"). In the dampness Rheumatism ("15") is the cure. Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Weak Stomach are especially prevalent in Winter (cured by "10"). Humphreys' Specifics furnish a cure for each and every ailment. All drug stores sell them 25c a bottle. We have a few copies of Dr. Humphreys' Specific Manual—Edition of Luxe—white and gold—send free on request; address Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., N. Y.

THE NATIONAL GUARD

Interest Centered on Court-Martial of Captain Chisholm.

A STRONG ASSERTION OF INNOCENCE

Report Covering Recent Inspections of Books and Papers.

TO BETTER THE PERSONNEL

Chief interest in National Guard affairs during the week has been centered on the approaching court-martial of Capt. Daniel V. Chisholm, Company B, 2d Battalion, against whom charges have been preferred, as fully set forth in The Star. It is not believed the trial will be of long duration; in fact, the judge advocate thinks that possibly the hearing proper may be concluded at the initial session next Monday evening. Whether or not the investigation will be held closed doors cannot yet be stated, for the reason that it is a matter to be determined by the court.

Capt. Chisholm is strong in the assertion that he is not guilty of the charges. It is evident he intends to make every effort to prove he is entirely innocent. A large number of witnesses, as is understood, will appear in behalf of the accused officer. He has retained as counsel First Lieut. F. Carroll Mattingly of the signal corps and Judge John G. Capers of the Department of Justice. Capt. Walden Myer, chaplain of the 1st Regiment, has been relieved as a member of the Chisholm court-martial. Maj. Anton Stephan, 4th Battalion, has been detailed in his stead.

Subpoenas in the following form have been issued to those who are to appear as witnesses before the court: "You are hereby summoned and required to appear in person on the 12th day of February, 1900, at 8 o'clock p. m., before a general court-martial of the District of Columbia militia, convened at headquarters, District of Columbia militia, Washington, D. C., there to testify and give evidence as a witness for the government in the above named case, and you have then and there this receipt." The subpoenas are issued in the name of the President of the United States, and are signed by the judge advocate. The title of the cause is "The United States against Daniel V. Chisholm."

Adjutant General's Report. Adj. Gen. Love has submitted to the commanding general his report covering the recent semi-annual inspections, so far as the books and papers of the several commands are concerned. He is very much pleased with the showing made by the commands particularly the headquarters of the 1st Regiment and the headquarters of the 2d Regiment and the headquarters of the 6th Battalion. It is manifest, he says, that the discipline throughout the brigade in this feature of National Guard work. The adjutant general in his report recommends that the system of conducting the semi-annual inspections inaugurated last month be continued. He suggests, however, that at least two of the staff departments conduct the inspections at the same time, instead of separately, as was the case recently.

To Better the Personnel. Circular No. 3, just issued from headquarters, is as follows: "In order to better the personnel, the guard should be rid of useless material, and company commanders are encouraged to make an especial effort to effect such result."

It is noticed very frequently that approved requests for honorable discharge are forwarded to headquarters without any valid reason why such discharge should be granted. Commanding officers are required to give a full explanation of the circumstances before forwarding them approved. The approval of an officer to any request for discharge is a matter of consideration, but discrimination should be exercised as to approval in order that it may not degenerate into mere form.

Charges and Transfers. The following have been honorably discharged on their own request: Private Francis R. Weller, engineer corps; Private Robert W. Baker, ambulance corps, and Private Robert A. Donaldson, Battery A, Light Artillery.

By reason of removal from the District the following have been honorably discharged: Private John F. Frischholz, ambulance corps; Private Paul A. Reynolds and S. S. Stevens, both of Company B, 2d Battalion. Private Henry P. Scott, Company B, 2d Battalion, has been honorably discharged on account of physical disability. The following transfers have been ordered: Private Francis Marion Johnson, Company B, 5th Battalion, to Battery A, Light Artillery; Wm. C. Carter, 2d Battalion, to Battery A, Light Artillery; 2d Battalion, to Battery A, Light Artillery; Charles Hazenmyer, corps of field music, to Brigade Band.

Private Wm. P. Myers, formerly of Company D, 2d Battalion, has been appointed sergeant major of the 1st Regiment. Competitive Drill. A company competitive drill of Washington Commandery, Knights of Pythias, will be held in the drill hall of the National Guard Armory at 2:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon next. A special committee, consisting of Mr. E. S. La Petra, Miss Ida A. Gilbert and Mr. J. H. Allen, has been appointed to look after the matter.

The president announced the following standing committees: "Transportation, Messrs. E. S. La Petra, S. M. Croft, Finney Engle, Fred McKee and Frank T. Israel; temperance, Miss Ida A. Gilbert, R. T. Carr, Mrs. M. Mitchell, E. J. Mackenzie, M. F. Shelton, J. H. Steele and F. J. Metcalf; press, Frank T. Israel, J. H. Allen and Miss Fannie Holmes; printing, Frank T. Israel, Chas. F. Linger and J. Finney Engle."

The announcement was made that the "League Directory" was about completed and would soon be distributed. The McKendree Chapter has completed all arrangements for an entertainment to be given in that church Friday evening, 16th inst. The entertainment will consist of singing, recitations and other amusements. The installation of Congress Heights Chapter officers has been postponed until Sunday evening, the district officers having charge of the services for the evening.

Lamps for Night Marches. From the Pull Mail Gazette. An ingeniously constructed lamp, designed by Mr. Scott-Moncrieff, has been accepted by the war office authorities for use at the front, and a large number are being hurriedly constructed for immediate dispatch. The lamp will be used by the troops during night marches, and is designed with a view to keeping large bodies of men in touch with each other by means of red, green and white lights, which will be seen by those on the right and left and in the rear, but no light will be shown in front. In addition to the small lamps carried by a certain percentage of the men, larger central lamps will, if the idea is found to be practicable, be carried as guides to the entire force. Lord Roberts has approved the design.

At Present Prices. "Economy is the road to wealth. It is not possible to automobiles, as yet, we understand. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup has superior merit. Try it for a cough or cold and be convinced. There are many cheap remedies on the market, but Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is the best."

A RESOURCE OF STRENGTH AND ENERGY



PAIN'S CELERY COMPOUND

Harry D. Elkes, Glens Falls, N. Y., writes: "Early last spring I found that I was tired and languid, my appetite was falling, and I was becoming run down generally. I was advised to take Paine's Celery Compound, and after using it I never felt so well in all my life as I do now. It braced me up, gave me strength and vigor and made a new man of me. I recommend it to all persons who have tired and languid feelings, to all athletes, and to all who work hard mentally."

Paine's Celery Compound restores, strengthens and sustains vital energy and muscular force.

LIKE A FAIRY TALE. A Dinner That Happened When It Was Least Expected. "You mightn't believe it," said an army lieutenant, "but once upon a time when three of us officers were out on the plains starving in the snow, fifty miles from any town bigger than a water tank, we were suddenly dropped into a feast of champagne, oysters, turkey and roast beef, and all the good things you can imagine, a starving man would like to encompass. Of course, you don't believe it, but let me tell you."

DISTRICT EPWORTH LEAGUE. Meeting of Board of Control at Foundry Church. The board of control of the District Epworth League met at Foundry Church Wednesday evening. All the District officers were present, as also a large number of the chapter presidents.

The reports of the officers were read and the representatives from the several chapters made encouraging statements. There was an informal discussion as to plans in some of the branches of work. The plan of raising and supporting a bed in Sibley Memorial Hospital, it was reported, has met with hearty approval in the local chapters, several of them having pledged liberal amounts. A special committee, consisting of Mr. E. S. La Petra, Miss Ida A. Gilbert and Mr. J. H. Allen, has been appointed to look after the matter. The president announced the following standing committees: "Transportation, Messrs. E. S. La Petra, S. M. Croft, Finney Engle, Fred McKee and Frank T. Israel; temperance, Miss Ida A. Gilbert, R. T. Carr, Mrs. M. Mitchell, E. J. Mackenzie, M. F. Shelton, J. H. Steele and F. J. Metcalf; press, Frank T. Israel, J. H. Allen and Miss Fannie Holmes; printing, Frank T. Israel, Chas. F. Linger and J. Finney Engle."

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