

W. MOSES & SONS. Mattress and Couch Factory, 452 Penna. av. Furniture Factory, 12th and B. Storage, 224 and M.

A Word About Making and Repairing.

Our Manufacturing and Repairing Departments are at all times prepared to construct and repair in the best possible manner.

In the repairing and refinishing of cabinet work, curios and valuable articles of vertu we employ only expert and long experienced workmen.

In the Upholstering Department the most competent and adept of upholsterers have charge of the work.

The entire Manufacturing and Repairing Department is under careful and competent supervision—which accounts for the wonderful success and increasing business.

Estimates will be promptly given on all repair and upholstering work, as well as for the construction of special pieces throughout.

W. B. MOSES & SONS, F. ST., COR. 11TH.

An Unparalleled Opportunity To Purchase Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, Clocks, Cut Glass, Bric-a-Brac.

AT OUR GREAT REMOVAL SALE!

R. Harris & Co., 7th & D. Temporary quarters will be at 315 Seventh street.

Second floor.



MOTHER'S BREAD. CORBY'S MODERN BAKERY. PURE AS MOTHER MADE IT.

26-441

The Box and the Biscuit

The box Uneeda Biscuit are packed in (owned solely by National Biscuit Company) made a revolution in biscuit baking.

Uneeda Biscuit

is not a nine day novelty, but an every day necessity.

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James P. Hasle, a sixteen-year-old boy, was today arraigned in the Police Court before Judge Kimball on the charge of stealing an overcoat valued at \$5 from William P. Hutton.

During the winter months store closes at 5:30 p.m.



Importers.

Woodward & Lothrop

Direct Attention to Their Spring Importations of Paris and London Novelties in Infants' and Little Children's Outfittings,

Consisting of Very Elegant Creations in Dainty Hand-made Christening Robes and Exquisite Party Dresses.

Also Hand-made Street and House Frocks. Also Long and Short Coats of Silks, Light Cloths, Linens, etc., including the "Automobile" and styles especially designed for boys.

Also Beautiful Picture Hats and Bonnets of Silk, Straw, etc., combined with lace, chiffon, ostrich tips and ribbons, including correct styles for girls up to fourteen years of age.

Also Elegant Matched Toilets, made from models personally selected in Paris and London, and which cannot be obtained elsewhere.

Also charming new effects in Reefers, of Cloth, White and Colored Piques, Linens in natural flax color and the various new shades, and Galateas, Ducks and other Fancy Fabrics.

This early showing of Spring fashions in Children's Wearables will afford those contemplating going south an opportunity to obtain the newest creations in outfittings adaptable for the southern climate.

They Are Also Exhibiting Spring Importations in

Women's Hand-made Paris Lingerie and Paris Novelties in Bridal Trousseau.

Also French Corsets and House Girdles, with silk hose supporters to match, in models adapted to the present mode of costumes.

Also Silk, Crepon and Flannel Matinees, Boudoir Gowns, Negligees, Tea Gowns, Bath Robes, etc.

Also Elegant Silk Petticoats for street and evening wear, in entirely new and exquisite effects.

Forming in all the largest and most comprehensive collection of exclusive imported novelties they have ever shown, the greater part of which was personally selected by their lingerie buyer in Paris and London, and which are not obtainable elsewhere.

Second floor.

The Display of Women's Hosiery

In "F" Street Window is Particularly Attractive,

Showing, as it does, the latest imported Spring Novelties in Black Lisle and Silk Hosiery, and representing the newest and most exclusive creations in lace and open-work effects. This class of Hosiery in Paris and London today is greatly in evidence both for street and house wear.

Prices Vary from 50c. to \$7.00 the Pair.

Novelties in colors, including all the correct sorts, as well as many other styles in black, may be seen in Hosiery Dept., First floor.

Second floor.

New Spring Upholstery Stuffs.

We direct attention to our new stock of Upholstery Stuffs, Curtains and Curtain Materials, which embraces all the leading styles and novelties. We also direct attention to our facilities for making

Slip Covers to Order,

Window Shades to Order,

Window Screens to Order,

Door Screens to Order,

And for Cleansing Lace Curtains and Blankets, Renovating Mattresses and Pillows and Reupholstering Furniture.

Special Values in Tapestry Table Covers follow:

- 44 Tapestry Table Covers, good patterns and colors, finished with heavy knotted fringe, rich colors and designs. Each, \$3.50. 104 French Tapestry Table Covers, very heavy fringed, finished with knotted fringe, rich colors and designs. Each, \$3.50. 124 French Tapestry Table Covers, can also be used for square and extra wide couch covers; very heavy quality. Each, \$4.00. 60-inch French Tapestry Couch Covers, finished with heavy knotted fringe; original colors and designs. Each, \$4.00.

Second floor.

Rattan Rockers and Rattan Chairs.

Too much cannot be said in favor of Rattan Furniture. Comfortable and convenient, it is at once the most cleanly and easily handled of any of the furnishings of a home. We have received the first shipment of our new spring stock, comprising several styles of Chairs and Rockers, and invite an inspection. The designs are neat and pleasing and the construction is exceedingly durable, being strongly braced where any strain is likely to occur.

- Rattan Reception Chair, neat and dainty, with cane seat; each leg double braced. Each, \$2.95. Rattan Sewing or Nursery Rockers, no arms, with heavy braided edge, rattan seat, double-braced legs—very neat and serviceable. Ea. \$3.95. Rattan Chairs, closely woven, full length, raised back, corners equipped with ferrules. A patient's special value. Each, \$8.50. Rattan Slipper Stools, very dainty and strongly braced, with cane seat, each leg double braced for placing the grip on to be. \$3.50. Other Rattan Furniture in excellent assortment. Fourth floor.

The Rev. Chas. M. Sheldon, the famous evangelist and author of the well-known book "In His Steps," will edit "The Topeka Capital" for one week, beginning March 13. This is done for the purpose of showing his idea as to how a Christian newspaper should be managed. The price of the Capital for the week in which Rev. Chas. M. Sheldon will edit and manage the paper will be 25c. Subscriptions received from now on. No subscription will be taken for less than the whole week. Book Dept.—Bismarck.

The Woodward & Lothrop Sewing Machines, \$18 to \$36.

Woodward & Lothrop.

CRUISE OF THE NERO

Looking for a Practicable Route for a Pacific Cable.

WHERE STATIONS MIGHT BE PLACED

Dr. McCulloch Describes the Midway Islands.

PLANT AND ANIMAL LIFE

Admiral Bradford, chief of the equipment bureau, has received the report of Commander Hodges of the Nero upon the survey made by that vessel of the Pacific ocean to find a practicable route for a submarine cable from California to Honolulu.

Guam, Midway Island, Luzon and Yokohama. The officer reports that his survey developed a route for the cable eminently satisfactory and thoroughly practicable.

His report, in brief, shows that he sailed from Manila on the Nero August 15 for Dingle Bay, on the east coast of Luzon, which had been selected as the best landing for a Pacific cable. Incidentally, it is mentioned that there was a fire in the ship's coal bunkers when she sailed, but that fact was not allowed to delay operations. A run was made from this point to Guam, which portion of the line had already been outlined.

September 9 the Nero sailed from Guam for Yokohama. No obstruction was met with, which led Commander Hodges to think the route was not satisfactory. The beach appeared to be favorable for landing on Japanese soil near the north end of Sagami Kai. Lying off Yokohama the Nero experienced a perfect type of fast traveling, the starting of the cable from the ship returned to Guam, and the route as she ran. Tarafoto was found to be the best place to land the cable on the island, though the conditions are not perfect. Otherwise the cable would have to be taken around and landed on the southern side of the island, near the point of Apra. The officers of the station ship, the Commodore, surveying, may discover a better place. After making some soundings around the island, the Nero sailed for the point of Apra, to connect with the direct line to Midway, but she struck what he calls the Nero Deep, and was compelled to return to Apra.

Here, says Capt. Hodges, the two deepest castles were recorded. The depth was 5,100 fathoms and 5,200 fathoms, and the temperatures are 35.9 at 5,070 fathoms and 36.1 at 5,200 fathoms. So the Nero went back to Tarafoto and began to develop the direct route to Midway, which was reached January 3. No stop was made at Apra, as Commander Hodges had already made an examination of the island. A light frame building standing in the middle of the north side of Sand Island, apparently built some years ago, showed that the elements do not treat the island very severely, and it could certainly accommodate a cable station. There are no inhabitants; no food except an abundance of fish and some sea birds. The water is pure and fresh, and an evaporator is recommended to supply drinking water. In time some vegetables could be raised. On the whole, Sand Island is regarded as a practicable site. The traverse was continued from Midway to Waiwae Bay, Oahu Island, of the Hawaiian group. This appeared to be the best place on the island, with a fine sand beach and good landing station.

Erratic Pacific Currents.

Commander Hodges reports that the currents of the Pacific are very variable and erratic and subject to a tidal influence, especially in the vicinity of reefs and islands, so that the depth of the water necessary, especially from the Hawaiian Islands to Midway. A strong current of one to two knots an hour, setting with the tide, frequently changed to nothing in light weather. In a heavy gale, the sets out a good deal of information as to these currents in certain specified portions of the Pacific. The currents are very valuable to navigators, and especially those bound for the east coast of Luzon. From the date of sailing from San Francisco, April 22, 1899, to the date of return, February 11, 1900, the ship steamed 29,280 knots, and Commander Hodges declares that a cable route was never so extensively and thoroughly examined as this. The personnel had a trying, tedious time, and their stomachs were much tried by the climate, soon after leaving Guam. The officers and crew are commended, and especially Lieut. J. Hood.

The Midway Islands.

Commander Hodges' report includes one from Assistant Surgeon McCulloch, in regard to Midway Island, in which he says: "The larger of the two islands which comprise the group is known as Sand Island. It is an irregularly pyramidal atoll, entirely surrounded by a barrier reef, complete except at two points, both of which are sufficiently wide to permit approach to the sand beach. It is about two and one-half miles long, and varies from one-half mile to two and one-half miles in breadth, its widest part pointing to the southwest. The barrier reef, which surrounds the island, is from 100 to 200 yards wide, and the beach is a lagoon which fairly surrounds all the island bordering on the ocean and is fully a mile and a half wide at its greatest breadth. Within this lagoon masses of coral project above the surface at various points. The varieties of coral that are found are the formation of the island, and which still exist in the lagoon, are meandriform and perforate madrepores, millipores and seriatopores, not to mention the various species of Scleractinia perlella. Practically all the coral on the island has undergone thorough disintegration, existing now as a sand of medium coarseness and so bleached as to be extremely trying to the eyes. It reflects the heat of the sun and scorches the face. "In the central and eastern portions of the island extensive calcareous incrustations cover the surface, forming a stratum of about one-third of an inch in thickness. The soil of the island is extremely porous and toward the central portion (which is also the lowest) numerous subterranean excavations of circular form and averaging about two feet in diameter and more than a foot in depth. They are evidently of aqueous origin, as no evidence of animal life is seen."

Only a Suggestion.

BUT IT HAS PROVEN OF INTEREST AND VALUE TO THOUSANDS. Common sense would suggest that if one wishes to become fleshy and plump it can only result from eating of the right kind of food. It is not a suggestion, but a fact, that the food that makes flesh are the foods which form the greater part of our daily life fare. But the trouble is that while we eat enough, and generally too much, the stomach, from abuse and overwork, does not properly digest and assimilate it, which is the reason why people remain thin. It is the suggestion, therefore, that the food which makes flesh—the digestive organs—be completely digested the flesh-forming food, and eat similar wholesome food. There are thousands of men who are really contented with their present condition, but they are not satisfied with their present condition. If such persons would lay their prejudices aside and make a regular practice of taking, after each meal, one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, the food would be quickly and thoroughly digested, because these tablets contain the natural pepsin and diastase which every weak stomach lacks, and by supplying the natural pepsin is soon enabled to regain its normal tone and vigor. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest every form of flesh-forming food, meat, eggs, bread and potatoes, and this is the reason they so quickly build up strength and invigorate this dyspeptic men, women and children. Invalids and children, even the most delicate, use them with marked benefit, as they contain no strong, irritating drugs, no cathartic nor any harmful ingredient. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most successful and most widely known of any remedy for stomach troubles, because it is the most reasonable and scientific of modern medicines. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by every druggist in the United States and Canada, as well as in Great Britain, at 50 cents for complete treatment. Nothing further is required to cure any stomach trouble or to make thin, nervous, dyspeptic people strong, plump and well.

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Seamless Vegetable Life.

"Vegetable life is extremely scanty, with the exception of a hardy shrub, varying from three to five feet in height, which I have not been able to identify, as it was not flowering, and I append specimen leaves and description for further examination. This is well distributed over the island, generally occurring in groups of a dozen or more. The plants are of the greatest height on the higher portions of the sand dunes. Besides this a scrub grass and a few members of the parasitic family, the weeds, lobelia and figwort families, and a species of turnip, the Japanese daikon are sparingly distributed. The scarcity of vegetable life is probably due to the prevailing winds and winds coming from the north-west coast of North America, and such vegetation as might chance to be drifted tends to be blown into the ocean, and find congenial soil for its reproduction. "The keel and other fragments of several vessels lie on the beach about half a mile from the beach, the entrance, and judging from their honeycomb and weather-worn condition must have remained there a number of years. "The Tale of a Cruise. "On the highest portion of the island (the northern) and not more than thirty yards from the beach, a one-room house was constructed many years ago by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, at a time when they intended using the island as a coaling station. A placard within announces that the wife thereof, the captain's daughter, had been written on the island in September, 1888, and had remained there until February, 1890; that during that time she had been written on the island, and that by digging four feet at a indicated point water, and good water, too, could be obtained. There were also numerous fragments of vessels, and a few of the merchant captain, whose sole water supply for more than a year must have been from a shallow well (and the well had been known to be dry). It is probable that deeper borings at this point would yield a larger and more palatable supply of water. The principal substances that such water should obtain in solution are calcium carbonate and carbon dioxide, which are removable by boiling and filtration. "Vast Numbers of Sea Birds. "The number of sea birds on this island is infinite. Our visit was made during the nesting season, and over fully half the island the sand was literally covered with sea birds. It was quite impossible to cross it without stepping on the nesting birds and their eggs unless precaution was taken by the nesting birds. The noise of the nesting birds, the noise of the retreating birds as they hovered overhead, screaming and darting threateningly, was deafening. The birds were of many species, including the albatross, the booby, the frigate bird (Phaeton aethereus), and the frigate bird or man-of-war bird (Fregata aquila). A few birds, apparently plover and the sickle-billed curlew, were occasionally seen. These birds, the tern, plover and curlew are of economic value as food. "Food Fishes. "In the lagoon and in the shallow waters on the eastern side of the island are great numbers and varieties of valuable food fish, including the cod, mullet, perch, mackerel and several species of brilliant-colored coryphæidæ (sometimes known as dolphin fish) are of rare green, blue, red and brown tints. Several echinoderms are found in the shallow waters, and they include the edible beche de mer (holothuria edulis), a species of univalves and a few edible bivalves, among which is a cockle, are found in the lagoon. On the eastern side of the island I found a skeleton of a large crustacean, evidently a scalloped lobster. There is no evidence of land animals. "During our anchorage near the island (May 23, 1899) the temperature of the air ranged from 67 to 69 degrees Fahrenheit, and that of the surface of the water 77 degrees Fahrenheit. The relative humidity was very high, ranging from 83 to 87 degrees. The rainfall is probably large and more than sufficient to nourish vegetation. I can see nothing on the island which would likely give rise to disease. "As we sailed away from the island on our return (January 3, 1900) the temperature of the air was from 90 to 67 degrees Fahrenheit, and that of the surface of the water 77 degrees. The atmosphere was comparatively dry. "The only building material available is the coral, from which lime and brick may be made. The shrub is not sufficiently woody to answer as fuel. "Eastern Island is apparently much more luxuriantly vegetated and would probably repay careful investigation."

STAMPING OUT THE PLAGUE.

Major Rubin Reports That Effective Steps Are Being Taken at Honolulu. Quartermaster General Ludington has received a report from Maj. Rubin, quartermaster at Honolulu, under date of February 8, in regard to the progress of the plague at that port, in which he says: "When I wrote my letter of February 2, forwarded by last mail, the situation respecting the progress of the bubonic plague was much improved and no new cases had occurred within a period of about a week. Since then there have been three additional cases, which I reported by my letter of February 8, forwarded by last mail, the situation respecting the progress of the bubonic plague was much improved and no new cases had occurred within a period of about a week. Since then there have been three additional cases, which I reported by my letter of February 8, forwarded by last mail, the situation respecting the progress of the bubonic plague was much improved and no new cases had occurred within a period of about a week. 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