

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ATTENTION, GRANITE CUTTING, MEETING and smoker will be held on March 10, 1900, at 10:30 a. m. at the residence of Mrs. J. W. ...

COMPLETE. Stationery and office supplies. The word to describe our stock of stationery and office supplies is complete. We have everything you could possibly expect to find in a thorough modern stock.

Easton & Rupp, 421 11th. Popular-Priced Stationery. mh-144

For Show and Service! Bevel-plate Starn Doors are "showy" and serviceable. They add a touch of beauty to the appearance of a home. Have them in your home. Get our estimate free. We are remodeling the level plate. The cost will not be much the improvement great!

CHARLES J. DODGINS, "Glass Expert," 913 7th st. mh-104

Handsome Typewriters! Handsome is that handsome does. The MANHATTAN TYPEWRITER is the most durable and "perfect" typewriter on the market. It is a beautiful modern machine. It is in the "trust" price, \$75. So get yours. JOHN C. PARKER, 67 SEVENTH STREET.

Travelers for Atlantic City and the South will find the largest and best assorted stock of reliable trunks and bags in the city. Factory prices. The makers' prices. Knessl, 425 7th St. Phone mh-104

MILL WORK CHEAP. To effect the settlement of an estate we are selling Shaws, Doors, Sashes and Millings and are willing to make a concession. It will pay you to buy now. Call and look at our stock.

Wheatley Bros., 8th and R. I. Ave. mh-67, 12

MAKE A MOVE TOWARD HAVING YOUR Spring Suits made. The spring styles are being made in the most up-to-date and excellent assortment of the choicest patterns in vogue. No matter what price you select, a dressy suit is assured if we tailor it. We give the study of fit much attention, and as a result can fit perfectly any man. Come in. It is no secret. J. H. GATCHEL, Tailor, 1010 10th St. mh-104

Magazines bound in 75c. vol. The "W" will go with them. Phone 1303. mh-104

Hodges, 511 9th St. Bookbinder.

WHICH WHEEL? The OLIVE for 1900 answers the question. Quoted under three, it is a "thing" of beauty and a joy forever. J. C. JONES & CO., 513 NINTH ST. mh-64

We have painted thousands of roofs. With our Rubber Roof Paint, and we can go to every corner of the city and secure a testimonial. We take all the risk. Our work is guaranteed.

Grafton & Son, Roofing Experts. Phone 700 mh-104

Protect Yourself from the ill effects of changeable weather. Never be without a bottle of Thayer's Pure Berberly Eye and Ear Remedy. It will cure you of all eye and ear troubles. Physicians recommend it on account of its purity. \$1 a full quart. Telephone 1111. JAS. THAYER, 812 F St. n. w. mh-104

A Brief Talk to Lawyers. McGILL & Suffice it to say that we give special attention to Brief Printing. Lowest charges. Best work. Call on 1167 E ST. Your name is on it! mh-64

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Columbia Railway Company for the election of directors to serve for the ensuing year and the transaction of other business. The meeting will be held at 10:30 a. m. at the office of the company, 902 F St. n. w., Washington, D. C., on Friday, March 10, 1900, between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

SPIRITUALISM - PIERRE L. KEEFER, 1018 H ST. n. w., state writing, test and business medium. Interviews every day. Seances Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights 8 o'clock. mh-104

MERCHANT TAILORS! THE STANDARD SHIRT SHUTTLE Sewing Machine is the best. Up to date. Have no other. Call and see us. THE STANDARD S. M. CO., JOSEPH E. HANCOCK, 602 9th st. cor. F. mh-104

SPIRITUALISM - MRS. ZOLLER, SPIRITUAL MEDIUM, 902 H ST. n. w., SEANCES SEVEN AND EIGHT, FRIDAY EVENINGS. INTERVIEWS DAILY. 7-9-12-12

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the National Insurance Company of the United States of America, for the election of Directors of said Company for the ensuing year will be held in the office of the company, 1409 F St. n. w., Washington, D. C., Tuesday, March 13, 1900, at 10 o'clock. J. H. NICHOL, Secretary. 6-28-104

Dr. Jaeger's Agency. SANATORY WOOLLEN UNDERWEAR Prevents Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Ask for catalogue. 726 15th st. 6-28-104

"I NEVER DISAPPOINT." Our engraving is done by an expert whose work cannot be excelled. We engrave plates, but deeply cut letters, which allows the ink to fill the grooves and remain on the plate. We engrave the most beautiful and artistic lines of the artist. BYRON S. ADAMS, 513 Adams St. 6-28-104

Finest Engraving At Up-to-Date Prices. The Model Printery, 162-164

Men's Shirts to Order. We have been making shirts to order since 1886, and have made them for thousands of customers since that time. We think we can make shirts for you successfully. If there are any faults as to fit or workmanship, consider the loss ours. White Shirts, \$1.50 to \$3.00 - the latter made of English cloth. Madras Shirts, \$1.00 to \$2.00. Madras Shirts of fabric from French cloth printers, who are the best in the world, \$3.00 each. Cuffs attached or detached. Madras Shirts of fabric from the looms of the leading Scotch weavers, \$3.50 each - cuffs attached or detached.

Woodward & Lothrop. 414-25th

OWN A fine home at Cleveland Park. 66-14

OSTEOPATHY. Geo. D. Kirkpatrick, D. O., 1415 G St. n. w. Hours from 9 to 6 Examination free. 6-27-104

CONTRACTS IN PORTO RICO. Controller's Decision as to Payments Under Their Extension. The controller of the treasury has received a letter from the Secretary of War asking for a decision on a question raised by Captain Judson, president of the board of public works of Porto Rico. Captain Judson states that it may become necessary to extend the time for the completion of certain contracts now being executed under an appropriation of March 3, 1899, of \$3,000,000, "as an emergency fund to meet unforeseen contingencies, to be expended under the direction of the President," and asks whether, in case of such extension, the appropriation will be available "for expense of inspection and other expenses pertaining to the execution of such contracts beyond the limits of the fiscal year to which the appropriation pertains."

The controller holds that if before the expiration of the contracts the time for the completion of the same has become necessary, any proper expenses incurred in their completion and necessarily incurred therefor, should be paid from the appropriation, although incurred in a fiscal year subsequent to that to which the contracts belong.

Oil Portrait of Mr. Gage. A life-size oil painting of Secretary Gage has been made by Harold L. Macdonald of this city. It is pronounced by treasury officials one of the finest ever turned out. It was painted for the Treasury Department, and will go among the collection of oil paintings of secretaries. It represents Secretary Gage in characteristic attitude in his office, sitting in his big arm chair. His left hand and arm rest on the left arm of the chair. The clock on the right arm is resting on the right arm of the chair. The hand upraised and holding his glasses. The Secretary appears to be listening to some statement made to him. It is in a most interesting and deep financial question.

Lewis Ward today in the Police Court pleaded guilty before Judge Kimball to assaulting Samuel Diggs, and was fined \$10, with the alternative of thirty days in jail.

MR. LINDSAY'S VIEWS

Porto Rico's Position Unlike That of the Philippines.

CONSTITUTION DOESN'T FOLLOW FLAG

Stipulations as to Natives' Rights in Treaty of Paris.

ADDRESS IN THE SENATE

Mr. Lindsay of Kentucky addressed the Senate at length this afternoon on the Porto Rican bill, holding that that island should enjoy free trade with the United States, but that the Philippines did not stand in the same relation to this country.

"The passage of the House bill to tax imports and exports between Porto Rico and the United States has provoked general condemnation by the people of the United States. They almost universally demand

that trade between the United States and the island of Porto Rico shall be unrestricted by any custom duties whatever, and that we shall redeem the good faith and the implied pledges of this country to the people of that island."

Senator Lindsay said that the Senate measure contains all the objectionable features of the House bill. The constitution absolutely inconsistent with the taxing power it asserted. He then called attention to the fact that the Senate bill declared that all Porto Ricans who were Spanish subjects should be deemed citizens of the United States, and took issue with Senator Foraker's contention that "citizens" when used in the treaty of Paris, meant merely that a person owes allegiance to the government.

Any action we took as to them could not, in his view, determine the civil rights and the political status of the Philippines, for it was a matter with us.

Moreover, the Philippines, while lawfully subject to our sovereign jurisdiction, are not integral parts of the United States, and their inhabitants were not, in his opinion, entitled to claim that they can be governed only under and in exact accordance with the Constitution of the United States.

The doctrine that the Constitution of the United States follows the flag, and that no territory which this title may be acquired, whether by treaty or conquest, or by deed and government otherwise than as an integral portion of the United States, did not comprehend itself.

It was to avoid the claim that, by the acceptance of the cession from Spain, we placed ourselves under obligations to the people of the ceded territory, to clothe them with American citizenship, however inexpedient or preposterous, or even dangerous, it might be to do so, that the stipulations of the old French, Spanish and Mexican treaties were omitted, and a materially different stipulation inserted in the treaty of Paris.

Those who represent what they term the anti-imperial sentiment of the country could not, he said, of course accept this view. They would claim that the importance to the covenants contained in earlier treaties fixing the status of country and people ceded to us and not having this to extend ex proprio vigore under the Constitution, but would claim that without them the Constitution would have extended to the ceded territory, and converted their inhabitants into citizens of the United States.

Difference in Treaties. Summing up his position with reference to the difference between the treaty of Paris and other treaties by which the United States had acquired territory, Senator Lindsay said:

"The treaty of Paris does not provide, as have other treaties, that the inhabitants of the territories ceded by Spain shall at any time, or in any contingency, be made citizens of the United States, or that their civil rights shall be guaranteed by the federal Constitution. Those rights are guaranteed to the determination of Congress. The Asiatic countries ceded by Spain cannot be incorporated into our Union. Their people cannot be admitted to the rights of citizenship. We have, therefore, the alternative of either refusing the performance of the duty imposed upon us by the terms of the civilized world, or we assumed by the acceptance of the cession, or else courageously to set about the task of giving to these people the best government they are capable of administering. I do not favor, and I do not believe the American people favor, the holding of these islands as dependencies in a state of vassalage, and we do not hasten the day of their national enfranchisement by demanding for them rights which their conditions make it impossible for them to enjoy, or by charging them with duties they are palpably unable to perform."

Legislation for Porto Rico. "Satisfied that the Supreme Court will be slow to enter on the work of impairing the discretion intended to be secured to Congress by the treaty of Paris, and that there is no reasonable ground for fearing that it will decide, either that the citizenship of the Philippines must be recognized on the one hand, or the exercise of permanent control and disposal over the countries they inhabit abandoned on the other, I insist that we may legislate for Porto Rico and its people in the broadest spirit of justice and generosity, without endangering our authority to solve the Asiatic problem on lines consistent with the interest of the United States and of the Philippines, on principles that will be secure to the people of those islands national autonomy whenever they may demand it, and that we may endeavor to preserve domestic order and to perform the international obligations that must be assumed should they become an independent state."

"We cannot forget that, with the cession of Porto Rico, she lost the principal market for her sugar, and that she must preserve her products, and that the markets of Spain and Cuba, which were once open to her, can only be recovered by the payment of Spanish and Cuban duties, which she has lost free intercourse with Spain and

Cuba, and it is now proposed to deny her free intercourse with the people of the United States. We cannot afford to do this unjust thing; and the industrial interests that are standing in the way of the open door to Porto Rico are unwittingly provoking a movement that may not lose its impetus till all the doors that now stand in the way of free trade between the United States and other nations shall have been subjected, in a greater or lesser degree, to the opening process."

"I shall vote to amend this bill so as to make it provide for absolute free trade with the people of Porto Rico."

THE SATURDAY STAR. It Will Contain Features That Will Interest Old and Young.

The Saturday Star tomorrow will be a complete, up-to-date, modern newspaper, in every sense of the phrase. It will contain special features besides the usual melange of fiction, that should prove interesting and instructive to all classes of readers. Included within its columns will be carefully-selected miscellany, both prose and poetry, as well as all the news of the day. The following are a few of the special features that will appeal to Star readers:

PRESIDENTS' PRIVATE SECRETARIES (Illustrated). Some of the men who have served the Chief Executives of the nation in the capacity of a confidential secretary, many of whom were men of mark.

THE ISLE OF THE WINDS (Illustrated). Another installment of that delightful story by S. R. Crockett, with illustrations by G. A. Shipley.

GOWNS FOR SPRING (Illustrated). The New York correspondent of The Star tells what the models will be for the coming season.

SUMMER IN DAWSON (Illustrated). Some features of hotel life in that far northern city and what the town looked like before the big fire.

WHEN MILES MAGUIRE MELTED (Illustrated). A characteristic short story by Seumas MacManus, setting forth the many-sidedness of the Irish people and showing that nothing can permanently chill the heart of a true-born Irishman.

LATE PARIS HINTS (Illustrated). Some odd combinations in new fabrics and colors and some new materials that are being shown in the shops of the Parisian capital.

ORIENTAL EXHIBITS (Illustrated). The Paris correspondent of The Star writes an interesting letter on what the far east will send to the Paris exposition.

TO THE NORTH POLE (Illustrated). A simple scheme of arctic exploration evolved by two experienced Klondikers, who will make an attempt to travel northward almost wholly overland.

GEN. GRANT'S OPINION. Frank G. Carpenter, in an interesting and instructive letter on our new possessions, tells what Gen. Grant thinks of the resources and people of the Philippines.

CAUGHT IN A DRIFT. How passengers who were snow-bound on a train for three days managed to pass the time away and amuse themselves.

IN BETTER SPIRITS. The London correspondent of The Star writes that the people of the English metropolis feel the good effects of recent British gains. Plans for improving the Strand.

CLOUDY TONIGHT. Warmer Saturday, Easterly Winds, Becoming Variable.

Forecast till 8 p. m. Saturday—For the District of Columbia, Delaware and Maryland, partly cloudy tonight and Saturday; warmer Saturday; easterly winds, becoming variable.

Virginia, partly cloudy tonight and Saturday; warmer tonight in western portion; warmer Saturday; easterly winds on the coast, diminishing and becoming variable.

Weather conditions and general forecast. A narrow trough of low pressure extends from Texas to Lake Superior with a distinct center of disturbance at each extremity. This depression is the cause of the disturbance for the past day and night, and the extreme northwest is covered by a cold wave with below zero temperature through the Dakotas and in western Minnesota. Temperatures have also fallen somewhat in the south Atlantic States. They have risen considerably from the southwest storm northeastward through the lake regions.

Generally fair weather is indicated to-night and Saturday, except in the lower part of the lake region, where light snow, extending into northern New England Saturday. It will also be fair in the southwest.

March 9, 4 a. m., 32; 8 a. m., 32; 12 noon, 43; 2 p. m., 47.

Maximum, 47, at 2 p. m., March 9; minimum, 30, at 7 a. m., March 9.

Barometer—March 9, 30.55; 8 p. m., 30.50; 12 midnight, 30.48.

March 9, 4 a. m., 30.36; 8 a. m., 30.36; noon, 30.25; 2 p. m., 30.22.

Condition of the Water. Temperature and condition of water at 8 a. m.: Great Falls, temperature, 44; condition, 3; receiving reservoir, temperature, 40; condition at north connection, 2; condition at south connection, 2; distributing reservoir, temperature, 39; condition at affluent gate house, 3; effluent gate house, 2.

Tide Table. Today—Low tide, 9:01 a. m. and 9:45 p. m.; high tide, 2:21 a. m. and 2:32 p. m. Tomorrow—Low tide, 10:00 a. m. and 10:42 p. m.; high tide, 3:34 a. m. and 3:57 p. m.

The Sun and Moon. Today—Sun rises, 6:22 a. m.; sun sets, 6:00 p. m. Moon sets, 3 a. m. tomorrow. Tomorrow—Sun rises, 6:20 a. m.

The City Lights. Gas lamps all lighted by 6:40 p. m.; extinguishing begun at 5:27 a. m. The lighting is begun one hour before the time.

Arc lamps lighted at 6:25 p. m.; extinguished at 5:42 a. m.

Local Pensioners. Pensions have been issued to the following residents of the District of Columbia: Luther Caldwell, 112; Horace Coleman, income, \$8 and 1/2; John H. Harbin, 312; Fanny Dede, 88; August Kappeler, 36; Alva S. Faber, 10; Carl F. Meyer, 36.

DEMAND FOR REFINED

Liquor Dealers Who Were in Business in 1893.

CHARGE OF DISCRIMINATION MADE

Change in License Fees and Action by the Courts.

Mr. Sidney T. Thomas, formerly the attorney for the District, has informed the Commissioners that he represents twenty-eight wholesale and retail liquor dealers who were engaged in business here in 1893, and who now claim a refund of 90 and 75 per cent, respectively, of the license taxes they were required to pay during the license year ending November 1, 1893.

These dealers, states Mr. Thomas, in the fall of 1892 filed their applications for renewal of their license, accompanied in the case of retail dealers with a deposit of \$100 each, and in the case of wholesale dealers with a deposit of \$25 each, those amounts being the license tax on wholesale and retail dealers, respectively, under the old law. For some reason, however, in view, perhaps, of pending legislation in Congress on the subject of the liquor traffic, the applications were held up and not acted upon until after March 3, 1893, the date of the approval of an act of Congress regulating the traffic.

In accordance with the judgment of the Police Court that the effect of the act of 1893 was to revoke liquor licenses granted before the act of March 3, 1893, the commissioners, acting as the excise board, May 3, 1893, notified all dealers who desired to renew their licenses under the new act by May 23, 1893, otherwise they would be prosecuted for selling liquor without license. Thereupon the dealers filed their applications under the new law, accompanied with deposits at the rate of \$20 and \$400 per year, the amounts of the license tax imposed by the act of wholesale and retail dealers, respectively.

The Court of Appeals, June 6, 1893, reversed the judgment of the Police Court, holding in Bush's case that the act of March 3, 1893, did not affect licenses or privileges then existing. The result of the order of the commissioners of May 3, 1893, contends Mr. Thomas, was that dealers who were fortunate enough to have their licenses granted before March, 1893, on payment of a tax of \$25 each in the case of wholesale dealers, and of \$100 each in the case of retail dealers, were not required to pay taxes until the end of the license year, while those who were not so fortunate, among whom were Mr. Thomas' clients, had to pay the full license tax of \$20 and \$400 per annum for the unexpired portion of the same license year. This, Mr. Thomas submits, was an unjust and unfair discrimination, and clearly, he believes, in violation of the constitutional provision that taxation shall be equal and uniform.

"These dealers," he continues, "who were in business prior to March 3, 1893, and who applied for renewals of their licenses, and in some cases had their licenses renewed, were not required to pay the amount of their license fees until the end of the license year, while those who were not so fortunate, among whom were Mr. Thomas' clients, had to pay the full license tax of \$20 and \$400 per annum for the unexpired portion of the same license year. This, Mr. Thomas submits, was an unjust and unfair discrimination, and clearly, he believes, in violation of the constitutional provision that taxation shall be equal and uniform."

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Entitled to Refund. "There can be no doubt, I think, that license taxes imposed by the act of Congress of March 3, 1893, regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors in this District, are taxes within the meaning of the constitutional provision above referred to, and I submit that 90 per cent of the money received by the District as license taxes from wholesale dealers, and 75 per cent of the money received from retail dealers, should be refunded to the dealers who were in business prior to March 3, 1893, and who have paid the full license tax of \$20 and \$400 per annum for the unexpired portion of the same license year, and I have the honor to request you to take up this matter to the attorney of the District for his consideration. The question, it is understood, will be referred by the Commissioners to the attorney of the District, as requested by Mr. Thomas.

ELABORATE AND ELEGANT. Preliminary Exhibit at Saks Stores of Fashion's Newest Types.

Spring symphonies composed from Fashion's most harmonious notes are being enjoyed at the Saks stores by appreciative audiences. The most representative of the feminine Washington. The work of the second floor, already noted for its enterprising characteristics, is devoted to a progressive concert of dainty conception, which is artistic and alluring, and elegant as well as elaborate. The occasion is a preliminary exhibit of the earliest types of the incoming spring fashions and includes a really remarkable assortment of articles dear and necessary to the contemporary interest in which is naturally heightened by the fact that each is a distinct, individual and separate type in itself and cannot be duplicated. This exhibit is so arranged that the street and carriage costumes, wraps, reception gowns, street and dress waists, millinery and lingerie, as well as the fine cut jewelry, porcelain and bric-a-brac which are displayed in connection with the others. A striking feature of the exhibit is the accessories which may be obtained for each gown, dress or costume shown, gloves, hosiery and such things being in absolute harmony. The exhibit is a composite picture of the most noticeable features of the day and best in the realms of feminine fashion, and it is very easy to believe the declaration of those experienced in such matters, that no part in all the big city shows has not been seen heretofore in this country.

Boy Seriously Injured. Leo Diggs, eight years old, son of Jerome Diggs of Anacostia, was struck on the head with a stone thrown by a colored boy on Monroe street, Anacostia, last evening and was severely hurt. The colored boy charged with the offense escaped with his companions after the occurrence, but in a short time two of them, one believed to be the principal offender, was arrested by Officers King and Osterman. It is said some colored boys threw a number of stones at several white boys, and that one of the missiles hit young Diggs, who, it is stated, had no part in all the big city shows has not been seen heretofore in this country.

New German Tariff Schedule. The German government has caused to be prepared a new tariff schedule, different considerably from the existing schedule. Vice Consul General Hanauer at Frankfurt, who reports the fact to the State Department, says that the most noticeable feature of the new schedule is its minimum character. The principal purpose appears to be the securing of minor children was not involved, the Supreme Court decision cited holds that minor children must be admitted on the same terms as the wife.

Not Subject to Tax. The commissioner of Internal revenue has again decided that the check or receipt given for a bicycle transported on a passenger train along with the owner is not subject to taxation.

Linwood, Md., Postmaster's Office. Nathan Engler has been appointed postmaster at Linwood, Md.

GRAIN-O! GRAIN-O! Remember that same when you want a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who use it. Grain-O is made of pure guarana, aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant, but a health builder, and the children, as their mothers can drink it with great benefit. Costs about as much as coffee, and is 25c per package. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

FINANCIAL

Wall St. in 1650.

When the Dutch first landed on Manhattan Island they located at the lower end and introduced themselves by building a stockade, or wooden wall, across the island. There was a sort of clearing made outside of the wall, and this eventually became a path, known first as "the Wall path," and later as Wall street. In those days if you were on Wall street you were on the outside of the fortifications, but times have changed since then, and now the people on Wall street are

On the Inside.

Of course, there are still some people in Wall street who are on the outside, but they are those who don't get the gossip and keep posted on what the market is doing. We have an office on Wall street, with private wires connecting it with all of our other offices. We get the gossip "hot from the wire" and can execute orders "as quick as the wind" and can execute orders "as quick as lightning." If you want to trade in Wall Street or Cotton, for cash or on margin, write for our free book on margin trading; if you want to keep posted, get our market letter.

Howard, Crosby & Co., 24 Congress st., Boston 100 Chestnut st., Philadelphia 62 Wall st., New York

APPLICATIONS HELD UP

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ELABORATE AND ELEGANT. Preliminary Exhibit at Saks Stores of Fashion's Newest Types.

Spring symphonies composed from Fashion's most harmonious notes are being enjoyed at the Saks stores by appreciative audiences. The most representative of the feminine Washington. The work of the second floor, already noted for its enterprising characteristics, is devoted to a progressive concert of dainty conception, which is artistic and alluring, and elegant as well as elaborate. The occasion is a preliminary exhibit of the earliest types of the incoming spring fashions and includes a really remarkable assortment of articles dear and necessary to the contemporary interest in which is naturally heightened by the fact that each is a distinct, individual and separate type in itself and cannot be duplicated. This exhibit is so arranged that the street and carriage costumes, wraps, reception gowns, street and dress waists, millinery and lingerie, as well as the fine cut jewelry, porcelain and bric-a-brac which are displayed in connection with the others. A striking feature of the exhibit is the accessories which may be obtained for each gown, dress or costume shown, gloves, hosiery and such things being in absolute harmony. The exhibit is a composite picture of the most noticeable features of the day and best in the realms of feminine fashion, and it is very easy to believe the declaration of those experienced in such matters, that no part in all the big city shows has not been seen heretofore in this country.

Boy Seriously Injured. Leo Diggs, eight years old, son of Jerome Diggs of Anacostia, was struck on the head with a stone thrown by a colored boy on Monroe street, Anacostia, last evening and was severely hurt. The colored boy charged with the offense escaped with his companions after the occurrence, but in a short time two of them, one believed to be the principal offender, was arrested by Officers King and Osterman. It is said some colored boys threw a number of stones at several white boys, and that one of the missiles hit young Diggs, who, it is stated, had no part in all the big city shows has not been seen heretofore in this country.

New German Tariff Schedule. The German government has caused to be prepared a new tariff schedule, different considerably from the existing schedule. Vice Consul General Hanauer at Frankfurt, who reports the fact to the State Department, says that the most noticeable feature of the new schedule is its minimum character. The principal purpose appears to be the securing of minor children was not involved, the Supreme Court decision cited holds that minor children must be admitted on the same terms as the wife.