HARVARD VS. PENNSY

Brilliant Game on Franklin Field in Philadelphia.

HARVARD SCORES FIRST TOUCHDOWN

Also Kicked Goal, Scoring 6 to Pennsylvania's 0.

GAMES ELSEWHERE

PHILADELPHIA, November 9.—Harvard and Pennsylvania met on Franklin field this afternoon for their annual foot ball game. It was a beautiful day for the great contest and an immense crowd of spectators was within the inclosure when Referee Corbin blew the whistle and called play.

Harvard's supporters were bubbling over with confidence and they apparently had good grounds for their jubilation. Pennsylvania had not beaten the crimson team since 1897, and this year Penn's eleven was far below the average.

The air of overconfidence was apparent on all sides and early in the day Coach Reid announced that all the regulars would not be in their positions. Kernan, Mifflin, Matthews and Roberts, it was said, would be on the side lines, and would remain there unless one of the substitutes was injured.

Trainer McMasters said today that the Harvard men were all in fine condition and Coach Woodruff of Pennsylvania had the same to say of the Quakers.

The crimson players outweighed the red and blue nearly fifteen pounds to the man and looked like giants compared with their rivals.

Another squad of Harvard players, the members of the second and scrub teams, arrived in the city shortly before noon.

Paul Dashiel Umpire.

When the game began there were nearly two score of crimson players on the side lines in foot ball togs. Paul Dashiel of Annapolis is the umpire and McClung of Lehigh referee.

The teams lined up as follows:

Pennsylvania.	Position.	Harvard.
Metzgar	left end	Campbell.
Piekarski	left tackle	Blagden.
Bennett	left guard	Lee.
McCabe	center	Sargent.
Teas	right guard	Barnard.
Donaldson	right tackle	Cutts.
Gardiner	right end	Bowditch.
Howard	quarterback	Marshall.
Reynolds	left half-back	Ristine.
Dale	right half-back	Putnam.
Davidson	full back	Graydon.

Princeton vs. West Point.

WEST POINT, N. Y., November 9.—Princeton and West Point met on the academy gridiron today, and there was a large attendance of spectators in anticipation of a sharp, snappy game of foot ball. Both teams were in excellent condition. The line-up was as follows:

West Point.	Position.	Princeton.
Farnsworth	left end	Davis
McAndrew	left tackle	Pell (capt.)
Riley	left guard	Lutkiewicz
Boyers	center	Fisher
Goodspeed	right guard	Dana
Bunker	right tackle	Dewitt
Bartlett	right end	Henry
Daly	quarter back	Freeman
Casal (capt.)	left half back	Foulke
Jensvold	right half back	Pearson
Graves	full back	McCord

Indians vs. Naval Cadets.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., November 9.—The Indian foot ball team from Carlisle, Pa., arrived here last night to do battle on the gridiron this afternoon with the Naval Cadets. This is their first appearance here since 1895, when they were beaten by the Middies by a score of 42 to 0. Their form this season makes it probable that they will do better today, especially as the cadets are weakened by the inability of Capt. Nichols, their star fullback, to play, the injury to his shoulder keeping him out of the game.

Interesting Game at 'Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 9.—The annual intercollegiate foot ball match between the universities of California and Stanford, played this afternoon at Recreation Park, was witnessed by a large crowd. Enthusiasm ran high among the friends of the rival institutions and the rooters were plentiful. Stanford was the favorite, as its team is in splendid condition and averaged fifteen pounds more to the man than the California eleven.

Big Crowd Present.

The stands surrounding the playing field filled slowly and at 2 o'clock p.m., the time fixed for the starting of the game, there were about 12,000 persons present. The sun was hidden by clouds, which made the day somewhat raw.

The Harvard squad came on the field at 1:55 and were loudly cheered. Three minutes later Pennsylvania appeared and were also given a noisy reception.

Harvard won the toss and Captain Campbell chose the west goal with a moderate wind at his back.

Reynolds of Pennsylvania kicked off at 2:08. The ball landed on Harvard's five-yard line and it was Pennsylvania's, and it was immediately punted back to midfield. Gardiner made five yards around Harvard's right end. Two more yards were made, then Pennsylvania fumbled and the ball was Harvard's. The latter could not advance it and Graydon, in attempting to kick, fumbled the pass and Davidson fell on it.

Penn bucked the line a couple of times, and then Harvard was penalized 10 yards for off-side play. This brought the ball to Harvard's 20-yard line. A quarterback kick failed, and it was Harvard's ball on her own 15-yard line. Graydon kicked to his 45-yard mark. Pennsylvania failed to gain, and exchange of kicks found the ball on Harvard's 5-yard line. The latter was penalized half the distance to the goal for off-side play, and then Graydon kicked the ball to Pennsylvania's 45-yard line. Dale took the leather around Harvard's right end for 13 yards and Reynolds kicked to the Crimson 10-yard line, where it was fumbled, and Pennsylvania got the leather. A moment later Teas let the ball slip from his fingers, and Harvard regained possession of it.

Harvard's Line Plunges.

Harvard here began a series of line plunges, and took the sphereoid down the field to their own forty-yard line, and then Graydon made a twenty-yard run to Pennsylvania's fifty-yard line. The crimson men continued their line work, and soon had the ball on Pennsylvania's thirty-yard line.

Graydon took the ball around right end for eight yards and twice through the center for five more. A couple more plunges by Harvard's backs landed the ball five yards in front of Pennsylvania's goal.

Harvard makes a touchdown at 2:38 p.m. Cutts kicked goal from touchdown. Score: Harvard, 6; Pennsylvania, 0.

Cutts went through center for three yards and Graydon then took the leather over Pennsylvania's goal for the first touchdown. Cutts kicked an easy goal. Score: Harvard, 6; Pennsylvania, 0.

Pennsylvania kicked off and Harvard immediately began to again rush the ball. In half a dozen center plays she took it to midfield. Graydon vaulted Penn's line and took the ball thirty yards before he was downed by Howard. Donaldson left the game and was replaced by Mitchell.

A short run around Pennsylvania's left brought the ball to the Quakers' ten-yard mark. Pennsylvania held them momentarily, but Harvard was not to be denied and Full Back Graydon took it over the goal line again. Cutts kicked a difficult goal. Score: Harvard, 12; Pennsylvania, 0.

Pennsylvania's kick-off was downed on the crimson twenty-five-yard line. Harvard carried the leather to their own fifty-yard line by short plunges where Pennsylvania got the ball for off-side play. Reynolds punted and Marshall fumbled. Mitchell picked up the ball and ran fifteen yards for Pennsylvania's first touch-down.

Davidson kicked goal from touchdown. Score: Harvard, 12; Pennsylvania, 6.

MEMORIALS TO M'KINLEY

HARMONY IS ASSURED BETWEEN THE TWO ASSOCIATIONS.

Informal Conference Held at Which This Object Was Materially Helped—Monument and Arch.

Harmonious relations will be maintained between the two associations which have been organized to erect the monument at Canton, Ohio, and the arch in this city. Both will be national in character, as the funds for their erection will be raised by popular subscription. For the monument at Canton it is expected $750,000 will be required; for the arch in this city the sum to be secured has been fixed at $1,500,000.

An informal conference was held at the White House yesterday afternoon between Senator Hanna and Secretary Cortelyou of the board of trustees of the Monument Association and District Commissioner H. B. F. Macfarland and Mr. Thomas F. Walsh, president and secretary of the William McKinley National Memorial Arch Association, and was devoted to the discussion of measures for harmonizing the efforts of the two bodies. There was a full and free discussion, and the outcome will probably be formal arrangements between the associations for the furtherance of the object under consideration.

Will Not Solicit in District.

It is understood that the Canton association will not appoint a committee to make a special canvass of the District of Columbia, it being generally believed that such a canvass here should be made only in behalf of the National Memorial Arch. Contributions which local residents may wish to make to the Canton monument fund, solely or in addition to any subscription made to the arch project, will be received, it is understood, by Secretary Cortelyou, the District of Columbia member of the Canton association's board of trustees. There is a belief that at some later time the executive committee of the National Memorial Arch Association will express its willingness to receive and forward to Mr. Cortelyou such contributions as may be made to officers of this association for transmission to the Canton Monument Association. Such action, however, will have to be considered by the executive committee after all the preliminary plans have been settled and the National Memorial Arch Association has been thoroughly and permanently organized.

Announcement was made last night to President Macfarland by Assistant Secretary Bulkley of the receipt of three additional acceptances of vice presidencies, for as many separate states, as follows:

For the state of Kentucky—Gen. John B. Castleman.

For the state of Wisconsin—E. W. Keyes of Milwaukee.

For the state of Utah—Gen. Heber M. Wells.

Extended Conference Yesterday.

There was an extended conference yesterday evening between E. Southard Parker, chairman, and Michael I. Weller, secretary of the District committee of the arch association, over the selection of members of the thirty-eight regular subcommittees and the several subdivisions into which some of the latter will be apportioned. It was decided by Chairman Parker not to announce the names of subchairmen until all have accepted.

A meeting of the general District committee has been called for next Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when the full organization will probably be accomplished. The meeting will be held at the Board of Trade rooms in the Evening Star building.

ENTRIES FOR MONDAY'S RACES.

Good Fields Marked Up for the Opening Day.

Entries closed at 1 o'clock today for the races of the Washington Jockey Club, which begins its autumn meeting Monday at Benning.

There was an unexpectedly large number of withdrawals from the new Grand Stand Handicap. The races and entries follow:

First race, all ages; six furlongs—Jul. Puritan, 121; Sister Juliet, 105; Rightaway, 98; Dewey, 105; Prosit, 130; Pigeon Post, 128; Ned Damsel, 95; Cormorant, 126; Extinguisher, 105; Keynote, 105; Little Arrow, 98; Carroll D., 98.

Second race, maiden two-year-olds, 7 furlongs—Somersault, 107; Barricade, 107; Flying Buttress, 110; Mollie Morris, 107; Hot, 110; Black Lodge, 107; Happy, 107; Tea Varre, 107; Traner, 107; Triton, 107; The Bandit, 107; Lord Badge, 107; Si-Ah, 107; High Carnival, 107; Sinecure, 107; Long Love, 110; Swampland, 110.

Third race, steeplechase; about two and one-half miles; three-year-olds and upward—Cheesemile, 145; Baby Bill, 148; Salesman, 148; Boisterous, 151.

Fourth race, New Grand Stand Handicap; seven furlongs—Unmasked, 124; Roxane, 112; Lexington Pirate, 104; Prosper La Sal, 102; Scarlet Lily, 95; Ohnet, 98.

Fifth race, two-year-olds, selling, six furlongs—Fonsolucca, 105; Rose of May, 109; Hans Wagner, 103; Concertina, 97; Lady Fadiva, 92; Little Fern, 100; Ernest Parham, 100; James Fitz, 94; Tacket, 106.

Sixth race, three-year-olds and upward, one mile and a sixteenth—Lyoy, 101; Death, 115; Cherished, 95; Beggar Lady, 95; Gray Dolly, 101; Plewick, 98; Jack McGinn, 98; Courtesy, 101; Lou Rey, 106.

BONA-FIDE CIRCULATION.

A reference to the statement below will show that the circulation sworn to is a bona-fide one.

It is easily possible for a newspaper with an elastic conscience to swell its legitimate circulation enormously, in order to deceive advertisers, by sending out thousands of papers to newsstands which are returnable, and which are, in fact, returned, but nevertheless are included in what purports to be an honest statement of circulation.

Intelligent advertisers, however, judge by results, and bogus circulations don't give them.

The family circulation of The Star is many thousands in excess of any other Washington paper.

Circulation of The "Evening Star."

SATURDAY, November 2, 1901	39,082
MONDAY, November 4, 1901	32,581
TUESDAY, November 5, 1901	32,816
WEDNESDAY, November 6, 1901	34,319
THURSDAY, November 7, 1901	33,192
FRIDAY, November 8, 1901	32,831
Total	204,821
Daily average	34,136

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents only the number of copies of THE EVENING STAR circulated during the six secular days ending Friday, Nov. 8, 1901—that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona-fide purchasers or subscribers, and that the copies so counted are not returnable to or remain in the office unsold.

J. WHIT. HERRON,
Cashier,
The Evening Star Newspaper Company.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this ninth day of November, A. D. 1901.

CHAPMAN W. FOWLER,
Notary Public, D. C.

RECEIPTS LARGELY INCREASED.

Revenues of the Washington Post Office for October.

The statement of the gross postal receipts for October, 1901, as compared with the receipts for October, 1900, at fifty of the largest post offices of the United States, made public today, gives Washington an increase of 20.9 per cent. The receipts were $70,291, as compared with $58,120 for the same month last year. Rochester, N. Y., shows the greatest increase—31.3 per cent, with Buffalo next at 29.6 per cent. The only cities showing a decrease are Toledo, Ohio, and Lowell, Mass.

BRYAN CONDEMNED.

His Style of Fusion Made Nebraska Republican.

"The republican victory in Nebraska is naturally the result of fusion after the people have had time to find that fusion is more corrupting than the outright purchase of votes," said United States Senator Burton of Kansas to an Evening Star reporter today. He had just arrived from his western home and was supervising the work of getting his apartments at the Edward in order for living the coming winter.

"Bryan's fusion methods in Nebraska are far more corrupting than Croker's methods in New York city. Croker's methods are avowedly criminal and do not attempt to deceive anybody. Bryan's are fusion—political corruption clothed in the garb of virtue. The people have come to realize that, and hence the emphatic condemnation of Bryan in his own state.

"The elections generally are satisfactory to the republicans and show beyond question that the people have confidence in the republican party."

THE WHITE HOUSE DINNER.

A Plain Statement From Booker Washington's Alabama Home.

From the Tuskegee (Ala.) News.

The Tuskegee News is the only paper published by the white people in the town of Tuskegee and in Macon county, Ala., where the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute is located, and of which Booker T. Washington is principal. This is the first time that this paper has referred to the White House dinner which has created so much discussion. We have waited patiently before discussing the matter, because we did not want to speak excitedly or hastily.

The News would say that it has no hesitation in saying that it regrets the incident and also much of the unpleasant discussion that has grown out of it. Prof. Booker T. Washington has lived in this community now for twenty years, and the white people in this town and county feel that they know him and his work pretty well. There cannot be found in the whole south a more intelligent, cultured and discriminating set of white people than those that live in Tuskegee and vicinity, and none who would more quickly see and resent any social advances on the part of the negroes in the south.

Prof. Washington's life for twenty years has been an open book in this community and the south, and it is hardly the part of fairness to judge a man by one act with which we may not agree rather than by his twenty years of wise living.

It is perfectly well known in this community that for fifteen years Prof. Washington's business in securing the money to carry on his work has thrown him into contact with the northern white man, both in the south and the north, in a way that does not often fall to the lot of the average colored man, but it is equally well understood in this community that all such contact is in the line of business, and the purely social aspect never enters Principal Washington's head. We feel quite sure that the same is true of the much-talked-of dinner at the White House, and that it was not a studied and planned affair on the part of President Roosevelt and Prof. Washington to offend the south, but that the President found that he could most conveniently see Principal Washington on business at his dinner hour and therefore asked him to be present. It is also known by our people that at the north the dinner table is a place to talk over business to a greater extent than is true in the south.

We repeat that it has been known for fifteen years in the south that Prof. Washington comes into contact with people in the north in a way that he does not in the south. There has been scarcely a week during the last ten years when the Associated Press has not told us of his speaking and dining at some banquet in the north with governors, etc. We all know that it was widely reported in the press dispatches three years ago that he lunched with President McKinley and his party during the peace jubilee in Chicago. Nothing has been hidden from the south. Any one who knows Prof. Washington knows that he would be the last one to seek invitations or to obtrude himself in a social way upon any one.

One other question arises. It is this: So long as Principal Washington pays due regard, as he has always done and as we believe he will continue to do, to the feelings and wishes of the white people while he is in the south, how far can we reasonably expect to limit and circumscribe his actions while he is in the north? Are some people not in danger of asking too much? As to the future, we are sure that we can trust Principal Washington to do the wise and sensible thing, as he has done up to the Washington incident.

Surely if Principal Washington were engaged in preaching a propaganda of "social equality," we believe we should see evidences of such teaching in this community, where his school of 1,200 students and teachers is located. Until we do we shall be slow to pass condemnation for one incident.

It should also be remembered that the negro race is at the present time without representation in state legislatures and in the national Congress, and that the negro race comprises one-eighth of our entire population, and that a President who has sworn to be President of all the people will once in a while want to get information about the negro race, and it will be but natural for him to call upon a man like Prof. Washington for information and advice regarding his race.

Prof. Washington has often said in his addresses that he had rather have the good will, respect and confidence of his neighbors of both races in the little town of Tuskegee, where he has made his home for twenty years, than be without the good will and confidence of his neighbors and have the confidence of all the rest of the outside world. We are sure that we speak the truth when we say that the town of Tuskegee still has the highest confidence in him and respect for him.

Principal Examiner Byrnes Resigns.

Eugene A. Byrnes, principal examiner in the patent office, has tendered his resignation, after a period of seventeen years with that bureau. Mr. Byrnes is a graduate of the Ann Arbor University, Mich., and it was at the suggestion of Prof. Angell of that university that he came to Washington in 1888 to teach physics in the Washington High School. That year the civil service examination for entrance to the patent office took place for the first time. Mr. Byrnes took this examination and a month later was appointed fourth assistant. He has since been promoted by examinations until he received his present position as principal examiner in 1891. He established the class of electro-chemistry in the patent office, and was also in charge of the patent office laboratory. During this time he graduated from the Columbian Law School, was admitted to the bar and afterward received the degree of doctor of philosophy from the Columbian University.

Speaker Henderson Coming.

David B. Henderson, Speaker of the House of Representatives, will arrive in Washington on Tuesday for the winter. With his family he will live at the Hotel Normandie.

The Lady's Friends Protest.

It is reported that President Roosevelt has decided adversely on the application of William P. Crawford of Chester, S. C., for appointment as a second lieutenant in the regular army. Mr. Crawford was a captain of volunteers during the Spanish war, and had a creditable record for service in the Philippines and elsewhere. It is now charged against him that he broke his engagement to marry a young lady of Camden, S. C., on the night preceding the day set for the wedding, after cards had been issued and every arrangement made for the ceremony. So far as known he has never made any explanation of his strange conduct. The young lady's friends naturally became very much incensed at him and protested to the President against his appointment to the army.

AGRICULTURALISTS TO MEET

FIFTEENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Delegates Representing Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations to Assemble Here November 12.

About 200 scientists, representing the agricultural colleges and experiment stations of the United States, will assemble in Washington next Tuesday morning for the fifteenth annual convention of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations. Three sessions will be held each day until Thursday night, when the convention will come to an end. The headquarters of the officers and the executive committee will be at the Ebbitt House, the general meetings of the convention will be held at the Carroll Institute and the different sections or subordinate divisions of the association will meet in halls not now selected. Among the delegates will be many prominent students of botanical physiology, agricultural chemistry and other phases of advanced agricultural investigation.

The president of the association is Dr. A. W. Harris, president of the University of Maine and head of the Maine agricultural experiment station. Among the other officers are:

Vice presidents, J. K. Patterson of Kentucky, W. H. Jordan of New York, R. H. Jesse of Missouri, L. G. Carpenter of Colorado, E. A. Bryan of Washington; secretary and treasurer, E. B. Voorhees of New Jersey; bibliographer, A. C. True of Washington, D. C.; executive committee, H. H. Goodell of Massachusetts, chairman; Alexis Cope of Ohio, G. W. Atherton of Pennsylvania, H. C. White of Georgia; ex officio, the president, the junior ex-president (J. E. Stubbs), the secretary. Chairmen of sections—Agriculture and chemistry, C. D. Woods of Maine; horticulture and botany, L. R. Jones of Vermont; entomology, M. V. Slingerland of New York; mechanic arts, H. W. Tyler of Massachusetts; college work, J. H. Raymond of West Virginia.

A Comprehensive Program.

The program announced for the convention follows:

Monday, November 11—8:30 p.m., meeting of the executive committee at Ebbitt House.

Tuesday, November 12—9 a.m., general session; report of executive committee; report of treasurer; reports of chairmen of sections—(a) college work, J. H. Raymond; (b) agriculture and chemistry, C. D. Woods; (c) horticulture and botany, L. R. Jones; (d) entomology, M. V. Slingerland; (e) mechanic arts, H. W. Tyler. Resolve of President Bryan providing for inspection of land-grant colleges by bureau of education. Report of standing committees—(a) animal and plant breeding, W. M. Hays; (b) military instruction in the land-grant colleges, G. W. Atherton; (c) indexing agricultural literature; (d) uniform fertilizer laws. 2 p.m., meeting of sections on agriculture and chemistry, entomology and mechanic arts. 4 p.m., meeting of sections on college work and horticulture and botany; 7:30 p.m., general session; miscellaneous business; reports; resolutions. 8:30 p.m., president's address.

Wednesday, November 13—9 a.m., general session; miscellaneous business; summer school of agriculture. 10 a.m., report on revision of constitution; (a) presentation of paper from section of college work. 2 p.m., meeting of sections on mechanic arts, entomology and horticulture and botany. 4 p.m., meeting of sections on college work and agriculture and chemistry; 7:30 p.m., general session; miscellaneous business; reports; resolutions. 8 p.m., reports of standing committees—(a) graduate study at Washington. 9-11 p.m., reception by the Secretary of Agriculture.

Thursday, November 14—9 a.m., general session; miscellaneous business; reports, election of officers; resolutions. 10 a.m., reports of standing committees—(a) co-operation between stations and department, E. A. Bryan; (b) methods of teaching agriculture, A. C. True; (c) pure food legislation. 2 p.m., meetings of sections on mechanic arts, entomology and horticulture and botany; 4 p.m., meeting of section on agriculture and chemistry; 7:30 p.m., general session; final business meeting; nominations and other reports from the sections; presentation of paper from section on agriculture and chemistry. 10 p.m., adjournment of convention.

Special Discussions.

The several sections of the convention have arranged the following discussions:

Section on agriculture and chemistry—C. D. Woods of Maine, chairman; H. J. Waters of Missouri, secretary. "The extent to which the United States Department of Agriculture and the experiment stations may profitably co-operate in the study of grass and forage plant problems, and what lines of work are likely to yield the most important results," Prof. B. T. Galloway, United States Department of Agriculture; Prof. T. L. Lyon, Nebraska; Prof. R. H. Forbes, Arizona; Prof. A. S. Hitchcock, United States Department of Agriculture. "What can experiment stations do toward determining the artificial plant food requirements of different soils, and what methods should be employed?" Dr. B. W. Kilgore, North Carolina; Prof. John Fields, Oklahoma; Dr. H. J. Wheeler, Rhode Island; Prof. W. L. Hutchinson, Mississippi. "Will artificial irrigation be feasible in the humid regions of the United States, and with what crops and under what circumstances is it likely that this practice will be profitable?" Prof. E. B. Voorhees, New Jersey; Prof. Elwood Mead, United States Department of Agriculture; Dr. W. C. Stubbs, Louisiana; Prof. C. S. Phelps, Connecticut. "Wheat problems in the Palouse country, with some deductions concerning the laws of variations in hybrids," Prof. W. J. Spillman, Washington. "The tendency to variation in cross-bred wheats," Prof. Willett M. Hays, Minnesota.

Section on college work—J. H. Raymond of West Virginia, chairman; B. O. Aylesworth of Colorado, secretary. "The Relation of Agricultural Colleges to the National University," President W. O. Thompson, Ohio; discussion led by President Chas. W. Dabney, Tennessee. "The Value of Short Courses," Dr. W. A. Henry, Wisconsin; discussion led by Dr. Joseph H. Brigham, Washington, D. C.

Section on entomology—M. V. Slingerland of New York, chairman; H. A. Morgan of Louisiana, secretary. "The Destruction of Injurious Insects by Fumigation," H. Garman of Kentucky; "Florida Insects of the Year, Experimental Work," H. A. Gossand of Florida; "The Life History of the Sugar Borer in Louisiana," H. A. Morgan of Louisiana; "Apple Aphids," D. L. Sanderson of Delaware; "Nursery and Orchard Inspection," W. M. Scott of Georgia; "Notes on Certain Species of Aphids," "Notes on Leaf Hoppers of the Grape and Rose," F. A. Sirrine of New York.

Personal Mention.

Commissioner of Patents Allen left this morning for Auburn, N. Y., to spend several days with his mother.

Board to Examine Gunners.

General Brooke, commanding the Department of the East, has appointed the following named artillery officers a board to conduct the examinations for gunners in the districts of Delaware, Baltimore and Potomac:

Major William P. Duvall, Captain William C. Davis and Captain Wilmot E. Ellis.

The several posts will be visited in the following order:

Fort Mott, N. J.; Fort DuPont, Del.; Fort Armistead, Md.; Fort Carroll, Md.; Fort Howard, Md.; Fort Washington, Md., and Fort Hunt, Va.

To Attend Memorial Services.

Under authority of the War Department the 8th Artillery Band and three companies of Coast Artillery of twenty-four files each from Fort Columbus will take part in the ceremonies attending the dedication, Saturday afternoon, November 16, by the Empire State Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, of a memorial of the battle of Fort Washington, upon the site of old Fort Washington, at the intersection of the line of 183d street and Fort Washington avenue, New York city.

Col. Baldwin in the City.

Col. T. A. Baldwin of the 7th Cavalry, stationed in Cuba, is in the city on leave of absence. He is at the Ebbitt. Like all colonels of the line and many colonels and lieutenant colonels in the staff departments, he is taking a great personal interest in the prospective appointments of brigadier generals to follow the retirement of Gens. Merriam and Hall next week.

MAJ. WALLER HAS HARD FIGHT.

Attacked Force of Insurgents, Who Held Him All Day.

MANILA, November 9.—Advices from Catbalogan, capital of Samar Island, report that Major Waller attacked a force of insurgents occupying a strong position at Sojton, two 3-inch guns being used to shell the rebel stronghold. Throughout the first day the insurgents held the place, but yesterday Major Waller renewed the attack and after a desperate engagement carried the position. Two marines of the attacking force and twenty-six insurgents were killed. Major Waller destroyed the Cuartels and seventy houses.

General Smith has issued orders forbidding the purchase of hemp in the Island of Leyte, except in small quantities for food, which purchases must be under the supervision of the military authorities. All the ports in Leyte are closed and traffic is forbidden where it cannot be supervised by the military.

The Secretary of the Navy has received the following cablegram from Rear Admiral Rodgers on the Asiatic station:

"Privates George Lynch, E. A. Klonan, killed in action, Sojopan, near Basey, Samar, on the 7th."

GOVERNMENT FINDS GOLD.

Rich Discovery on Site of Federal Building in Helena.

HELENA, Mont., November 9.—The site of the new federal building in this city is the scene of a rich gold strike, and by the terms of a clause inserted in the contract between the construction company and the federal government the latter will be the sole beneficiary of the discovery. This clause provides that all minerals found on the property shall belong to the government, consequently the construction company will be compelled to mine the ore, while the government will receive the profit.

Assays made show free milling gold ore to the value of $18 and $20 per ton.

While the exact width of the vein has not as yet been ascertained, mining experts estimate that it will be fully twenty-five and perhaps forty feet, making it a strike of immense proportions. The vein extends across the entire block from southeast to northwest, and the quartz is highly stained with iron. Continuing in a northwesterly direction the vein goes directly beneath the residence of Col. Thomas Cruse, the millionaire banker, who twenty years ago discovered the richest gold mine in Montana, the "Drum Lummon," which he afterward sold to the Rothschilds for £500,000.

DETECTIVE HELAN RETURNS.

Fruitless Search for Clue to Lost Diamonds.

Detective Helan, who went away a week ago in search of the valuable diamond brooch reported to have been lost by or stolen from Mrs. Cowles, wife of Commander Cowles of the navy, as published in Thursday's Star, returned home last night. It is stated the detective visited New York city and Farmington, Conn., but failed to find any trace of the missing ornament. Unless the brooch is discovered at a pawnshop or second-hand store, the local police will be unable to do anything more on the case.

With Regard to Street Nomenclature.

The District Commissioners have received a copy of the resolution adopted at the last regular meeting of the Columbia Heights Citizens' Association with regard to street nomenclature. The resolution was to the effect that each cross street in its course through the several subdivisions lying north of Florida avenue should have but one name, said name to be the one at present borne by the street at its intersection with 13th street. The resolution further recited that the names of Staughton and Chapin, respectively, be applied to continuations westward of those streets.

Request for Fire Alarm Box.

Chief Engineer Robert W. Dutton of the fire department has forwarded to the Commissioners a request of citizens of Anacostia for the erection of a fire alarm box at the corner of Taylor and Jefferson streets. The electrical engineer reports that all of the fire alarm boxes to be erected this year have been located, one of them having been placed in Anacostia at the corner of Nichols and Sheridan avenues. He says the location at Taylor and Jefferson streets is a good one, however, and will be put on the list for consideration next year, if appropriation is made for additional boxes.

Reports Adversely.

Sister M. Pauline of the Georgetown University Hospital recently requested the District Commissioners to permit the omission of a running trap and fresh-air inlet in the plumbing arrangements of the hospital annex. Charles B. Ball, the inspector of plumbing, has reported adversely, saying: "The use of the building for hospital purposes appears to me to be such, if there is any question of communicating disease germs through the public sewer from one house sewer to another, that certain precautions, such as are insured in the use of a running trap, should be observed."

Referred to Attorney.

The District Commissioners have decided to refer to the attorney for the District the question as to whether they have the right to grant a permit to the United States Electric Lighting Company for a conduit in Lincoln avenue north of R street. The conduit requested is not an extension of an existing conduit, and there is some question as to the Commissioners' authority in the premises.

Meets With Disaster.

Levi Brown, colored, residing at 140 N street southeast, was thrown from a wagon near the corner of 22d and P streets northwest about noon today. He suffered a fracture of the right leg, and was conveyed to the Emergency Hospital for treatment.

Robbed of Pocketbook.

Miss Mary Leach of Asbury Park reported to the police this afternoon that her pocket had been picked while she was shopping in a store on 7th street. Her pocketbook, containing $2 and a railroad ticket, good for a ride from here to Camden, N. J., was stolen.

Charges Desertion.

In a petition for divorce filed today by Katie D. Berry, who names Raymond L. Berry defendant, the court is informed that in consequence of "the intemperate habits of the defendant, his neglect and failure to support and provide for herself and child, and his final abandonment of them," she has been compelled to seek employment of menial character. The parties were married in this city December 9, 1892. It is charged that the husband deserted the wife in April last.

His Skull Fractured.

Frederick Holmes, colored, of 1226 Delaware avenue southwest, was removed to the Emergency Hospital yesterday from the electric light station, 14th and B streets. Holmes was engaged about the place with a number of other workmen, when two tar pots, which were being raised to the roof, fell and struck him on the head, causing a fracture of the skull.

Dr. Kuhn of the hospital found it to necessary to trephine the skull. A blood clot which had formed was removed. The man is in a dangerous condition, but was reported as resting comfortably this morning.

Ineligible for Appointment.

Mr. George H. Paul, a resident of this city, recently passed a successful examination for appointment as warrant machinist in the navy. He stood number thirteen on the eligible list. Unfortunately for him it has now been discovered that he is ineligible for appointment on account of the fact that he is a few months over the minimum age limit of thirty years, and that he cannot be appointed except by special authority of Congress. Mr. Paul took the examination at the Washington navy yard by special permission of Secretary Long, and the question of his age does not seem to have arisen until after he had qualified himself for the place.

AFFAIRS IN ALEXANDRIA

ISSUE BETWEEN RAILWAYS OVER TRACK CONNECTIONS.

Meeting of Association for Preservation of Antiquities—General and Personal News.

Evening Star Bureau,
No. 701 King Street,
Bell Telephone No. 106.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., November 9, 1901.

The issue between the Southern Railroad Company and the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railroad Company in regard to a crossing of tracks of the respective lines just to the south of this city has been dismissed without settlemen by the state board of public works. The board decided that it had no jurisdiction in the controversy, and held that it should be taken into the civil courts for adjudication. The question involved was the elevation of the rails of the Southern track to cross the track of the electric road on Royal street extended. More than a year ago the Southern road commenced the construction of a branch line around the southern border of the city. When it came to crossing the tracks of the other company the controversy arose and has been pending before the board of public works for some time.

Preservation of Antiquities.

The Mount Vernon branch of the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities has arranged to hold a meeting Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the rooms of the Business Men's League. The meeting will be public and it is the wish of the members of the society that citizens generally will attend. The purpose is to discuss methods for the preservation of historic landmarks in the city and to stimulate public interest in such matters.

General Matters.

A meeting of several ladies and gentlemen interested in the Alexandria Light Infantry will be held in Armory Hall this evening at 8 o'clock for the purpose of making arrangements for a fair for the benefit of the company.

Rev. Dr. J. H. Boyd, pastor of the M. E. Church South at Falls Church, and formerly presiding elder of Washington district, is improving in health at the Alexandria Infirmary, where he was taken for treatment two weeks ago.

Dr. Thomas B. Cochran, Capt. James E. King and Mr. Clarence M. Janney of this city have gone to Fauquier county, where they will spend a week in hunting.

The special revival services which were commenced several days ago at Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church have been attended by large congregations. The meetings will continue under the charge of the pastor, Rev. J. A. Jeffers.

A business meeting of the Young Men's Sodality Lyceum was held in their hall on Duke street last evening and considerable routine business disposed of.

A special business meeting of Alexandria Council, No. 33, Junior Order of United American Mechanics, will be held in their hall Monday evening.

Building Permits Issued.

Building permits were issued today as follows:

Dr. Woodman, to make general repairs to 634 A street northeast. Cost, $125.

O. C. Fox, to make general repairs from 1 to 10 Pierce court southwest. Cost, $150.

W. L. Dreyer, repairs to house west of Sargent road, Brookland. Cost, $150.

John F. Anderson, to build one-story frame dwelling at 333 Nichols avenue, Anacostia. Cost, $1,200.

Miss Ledyard, repairs to 2011 N street northwest. Cost, $30.

Directors Chosen.

At a meeting yesterday of the directors of the Board of Trade, E. Southard Parker was elected a director, vice W. S. Thompson, deceased, and Gen. John M. Wilson, vice Charles B. Church, resigned. Twenty new members were added to the roll.

The annual meeting of the board will be held at Rauscher's, Monday evening next, when the reports of officers will be made. Ten directors will be elected to fill expired terms, and a buffet lunch will be served.

Entertainment for the Blind.

Those who have volunteered for service at the reading room for the blind, Library of Congress, the coming week are as follows:

Monday, November 11, Mrs. R. R. West.

Tuesday, November 12, Mrs. Charles A. Maxwell.

Wednesday, November 13, musicale, Mrs. W. L. Wilson, Mr. H. Higginbotton.

Thursday, November 14, Mr. C. W. Coleman.

Friday, November 15, Mrs. Laura Larner.

Saturday, November 16, subject, "The Island of Guam."

Miss Kline Reports Loss of $25.

Miss Gertie Kline, living at Brookland, reported to the police that she was robbed of $25 this afternoon while in a store on Pennsylvania avenue. The money was taken from a bag which she had suspended from her belt.

Manufacturing in Maryland.

The census bureau issued a bulletin this afternoon showing that in 1900 there were 9,880 manufacturing establishments in Maryland, having a capital of $163,422,260. The number of manufacturing establishments in Baltimore was 6,361, with an aggregate capital of $117,869,175.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—regular call, 12 o'clock m.—District of Columbia 3.65s, registered, $2,000 at 126; coupon, 500 at 126. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 5s, $1,000 at 106¼. West End National Bank, 1 at 125. Capital Traction, 20 at 104⅞, 20 at 104⅞, 10 at 104⅞, 150 at 105, 100 at 105, 100 at 105, 100 at 105, 20 at 105, 1 at 105, 60 at 105, 20 at 105⅛, 100 at 105⅛. People's Fire Insurance Company, 6 at 6¼. Georgetown Gas, 5 at 73. Lanston Monotype, 100 at 12, 100 at 12 (buyer 90), 35 at 12, 50 at 11⅞, 100 at 11¾. American Graphophone Company com., 100 at 5. American Graphophone Company pfd., 46 at 7¾, 50 at 7¾, 100 at 7½. After call—Mergenthaler Linotype, 10 at 179. American Graphophone Company pfd., 4 at 7¼. Lanston Monotype, 100 at 11½. Capital Traction 4s, $1,000 at 106⅛.

District of Columbia Bonds.—Funding currency 3.65s, 125⅝ bid.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Capital Traction Railroad 4s, 106⅝ bid, 108 asked. Washington Traction and Electric receipts, 67 bid. Metropolitan Railroad 5s, 117 bid. Metropolitan Railroad cert. indebt., A, 105 bid. Metropolitan Railroad cert. indebt., B, 106¼ bid, 108 asked. Columbia Railroad 2d mort. 5s, 104½ bid, 106 asked. Washington Gas Company 6s, ser. A, 107 bid. Washington Gas Company 6s, ser. B, 107 bid. United States Electric Light cert. indebt. 6s, 103½ bid, 104½ asked. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 5s, 106 bid, 107 asked. American Security and Trust 4s, 100 bid. Washington Market Company 1st 6s, 110 bid. Masonic Hall Association 5s, 104 bid, 108 asked. American Graphophone deb. 5s, 90 bid, 100 asked.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe Deposit and Trust, 145 bid, 155 asked. Washington Loan and Trust, 176 bid. American Security and Trust, 225 bid, 230 asked. Union Trust and Storage, 106½ bid, 107 asked. Washington Savings Bank, 104 bid.

National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 380 bid, 440 asked. Metropolitan, 725 bid, 800 asked. Central, 225 bid. Farmers and Mechanics', 230 bid. Second, 168 bid. Citizens', 165 bid. Columbia, 170 bid. Capital, 150 bid, 170 asked. West End, 122 bid, 127½ asked. Traders', 135 bid, 150 asked. Lincoln, 125 bid. Riggs, 525 bid, 600 asked.

Railroad Stocks.—Capital Traction Company, 105⅛ bid, 105¼ asked.

Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 25 bid. Franklin, 40 bid. Metropolitan, 75 bid. Corcoran, 60 bid. Potomac, 68 bid. Arlington, 27 bid, 33 asked. German-American, 230 bid. National Union, 7½ bid, 8 asked. Columbia, 10 bid, 10⅝ asked. Riggs, 7 bid, 8 asked. People's, 6¼ bid, 6½ asked. Commercial, 4 bid, 5 asked. Colonial, 120 asked.

Title Insurance Stocks.—Real Estate Title, 85 bid, 100 asked. Columbia Title, 4¾ bid, 4⅞ asked. Washington Title, 2¼ bid, 3½ asked. District Title, 5 bid.

Telephone Stocks.—Chesapeake and Potomac, 68 bid, 72 asked.

Gas Stocks.—Washington Gas, 63¼ bid, 64 asked. Georgetown Gas, 71 bid, 75 asked.

Miscellaneous Stocks.—Mergenthaler Linotype, 178⅝ bid, 179¼ asked. Lanston Monotype, 11½ bid, 12 asked. American Graphophone com., 4⅞ bid, 5¼ asked. American Graphophone pfd., 7½ bid, 7⅝ asked. Pneumatic Gun Carriage, .05 bid, .10 asked. Washington Market, 14 bid. Norfolk and Washington Steamboat, 177 bid, 191 asked.

Government Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
2 per cents, registered	109	109½
2 per cents, coupon	109	109½
3 per cents, registered, 1908-1928	108	109
3 per cents, coupon, 1908-1928	108	109
4 per cents, registered, 1907	112¼	113
4 per cents, coupon, 1907	112¾	113
4 per cents, registered, 1925	139	139¾
4 per cents, coupon, 1925	139	139¾
5 per cents, registered, 1904	107	107¾
5 per cents, coupon, 1904	107	107¾

FINANCE AND TRADE

Strong Opening in Stocks on Bank Statement Forecast.

FLURRY IN METROPOLITAN TRACTION

Short Interest Successfully Forced to Cover by the Bulls.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, November 9.—The opening of the market this morning disclosed an increased volume of commission business and an extension of the professional confidence in higher prices. There was no London market to influence prices and the prospects for gold shipments were not allowed to intrude as a disturbing influence.

The bank statement was awaited with unusual interest, and rumors of a probable favorable showing were numerous. The item of loans was, of course, the chief concern, and in this respect alone the showing made indicated improvement. A decrease of $4,927,900 in the loan account is shown, in spite of the increased speculation.

It is to be remembered that the business week is one day shorter than usual, taking Tuesday's election holiday into account. The average dealings on three of the four and one-half days at the stock exchange was one million shares each. An increased loan account would have been natural, no matter how undesirable, under such circumstances. As loans have been made to finance the week's business, it is evident that the trust companies have been relied upon to a greater extent than usual.

In lawful money the banks have lost $3,703,700 and deposits have fallen off $7,643,300. This latter decrease is nearly $1,000,000 less than the amount necessary to reconcile the two first items. The net result of all changes is a reduction of $1,792,875 in the reserve, bringing the total surplus down to $8,686,925.

In banking circles there is the same confidence in the money market as was noted six weeks ago. Bank statements are not wholly reassuring, and neither is the export movement of gold at a time when the tide should be flowing in, but bankers scoff at the idea of stringency. Banks are getting into the hands of a few cliques, consolidations, absorptions and gentlemen's agreements to control money, to fix its rates and to dictate the policy of the clearing house are being made on all sides.

At the head of these movements there are the same men who represent the various interests or classifications in the railroad and industrial world. The Standard Oil party is to have its chain of tanks, the Morgan party will have its chain and so on through the entire list. Such preparations would seem to be precautionary.

Protective measures are maturing on all sides, and so long as they serve their purpose prices will be maintained and disaster averted.

As to the immediate market, an attempt to force in a considerable short interest in Metropolitan Traction met with decided success. The stock advanced ½ of 1 per cent between sales and caught many stop orders.

All of the Traction group was strong in sympathy with this movement. There was good buying in Atchison and a further accumulation of stocks in all of the soft coal properties. A revival of interest in the southwestern roads was noted, Missouri Pacific leading in the activity. Vanderbilt shares were strong, and it is expected that the approval of the consolidation plans will be announced shortly. Northern Pacific directors are to meet in this city on Wednesday, and the next day the official announcement of the new Burlington board is expected. The Northwestern settlement can easily be surmised from the actions taken on the dates named, even though the official plan be withheld.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

New York Stock Market.

Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, Washington stock exchange and Chicago board of trade.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	86⅝	86¾	86	86⅝
Am Car & Foundry	26½	26¾	26½	26½
Am Car & Foundry, pfd	82	82	82	82
American Ice	27⅜	27½	27⅜	27½
American Smelting	43⅜	43½	42¼	42½
Amer. Smelting, pfd	...	...	...	...
American Sugar	118½	120	118½	120
Anaconda	34½	34½	34⅜	34⅜
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe	84	85	83⅞	84⅜
Atch. Top. & S. Fe, pfd	102	102⅝	101⅞	102
Baltimore & Ohio	109	109¼	108¾	108¾
Baltimore & Ohio, pfd	...	...	...	...
Brooklyn Rap. Transit	64⅜	67⅛	64⅜	67⅛
Canadian Pacific	112¼	112⅝	112¼	112¼
Central of New Jersey	...	...	...	...
Chesapeake & Ohio	48⅜	48⅝	48⅛	48⅜
Chicago & Alton	36½	37¼	36½	37¼
Chicago & Alton, pfd	77½	77½	77½	77½
Chicago Great Western	25⅝	26½	25⅝	25⅞
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	173⅝	173¾	173	173⅝
Chicago, Rock I. & P.	147	147¼	147	147
Colorado Fuel and Iron	93	95	93	95
Consolidated Gas	217¼	219	217¼	219
Delaware and Hudson	173	173¾	173	173¾
Erie, common	42⅝	42¾	42¼	42⅝
Erie, 1st pfd	71¼	72	71¼	71⅞
Erie, 2d pfd	...	...	...	...
General Electric	257	257	256½	256½
Illinois Central	141⅝	142¼	141½	141⅞
Louisville & Nashville	107⅛	107⅝	107⅛	107¼
Manhattan Elevated	125¼	127¼	125¼	127¼
Metropolitan St. Ry	157½	164	157½	162½
Mo., K. and T., pfd	54⅝	54⅝	54½	54½
Missouri Pacific	103¼	104¼	103¼	104¼
National Lead	19½	19½	19½	19½
New York Central	164	164½	163¾	163¾
N. Y., Ontario & West	35¼	35½	35¼	35⅜
Norfolk and Western	58	58¼	58	58¼
Northern Pacific, pfd	102½	102½	101¼	101½
Pacific Mail Steamship	46¾	48⅜	46¾	48⅛
Pennsylvania R R	147	147⅝	147	147⅜
People's Gas of Chicago	102	104¼	102	104
Pressed Steel Car	42½	45	42½	45
Reading	43¼	43⅞	43¼	43⅞
Reading, 1st pfd	78	78	77¾	77¾
Reading, 2d pfd	54¾	55	54¾	55
Republic Steel & Iron	15¼	15¼	15	15¼
Rubber Goods	...	...	...	...
St. L. and S. Francisco	48⅞	50¼	48⅞	50¼
St. L. and S. Fran, 2d pfd	70¾	71½	70¾	71½
St. Louis Southwestern	29¾	29¾	29½	29⅝
St. Louis S. W., pfd	59½	60½	59½	60
Southern Pacific	62	62¼	61¾	62⅛
Southern Railway	34¼	34⅝	34¼	34⅝
Southern Railway, pfd	91⅛	91¼	90⅞	91¼
Tenn. Coal and Iron	62⅛	62¼	61⅞	62⅛
Texas Pacific	40¾	41¼	40¾	41⅛
Union Pacific	107½	108	107⅜	107⅝
Union Pacific, pfd	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜
U. S. Leather	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½
U S Leather, pfd	81	81	81	81
U. S. Rubber	15	15¼	15	15¼
U. S. Steel	43¼	43⅞	43¼	43⅞
U. S. Steel, pfd	92⅞	93⅛	92⅞	93⅛
Wabash	21⅛	21⅜	21⅛	21⅜
Wabash, pfd	38⅝	38⅞	38⅝	38⅞
Western Union	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼
Wisconsin Central	21¼	21⅛	20¾	21

Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets.

CHICAGO, November 9.—Grain:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—Dec	72⅝	73⅛	72⅛	73
May	76	76¼-⅜	75⅝	76¼-⅜
Corn—Dec	59¼	59⅝	59-⅛	59⅝
May	61⅝	62	61⅜	62
Oats—Dec	38⅛	38⅝	38⅛	38⅝
May	40⅜	40⅝	40¼	40⅝

CHICAGO, November 9.—Provisions:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Pork—Jan	14.95	14.95	14.95	14.95
May	15.10	15.10	15.10	15.10
Lard—Jan	8.55	8.55	8.55	8.55
May	8.70	8.70	8.70	8.70
Ribs—Jan	7.67	7.67	7.67	7.67
May	7.82	7.85	7.82	7.85

NEW YORK, November 9.—Cotton:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
January	7.47	7.50	7.46	7.49
March	7.41	7.45	7.40	7.45
May	7.38	7.42	7.38	7.42

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, Md., November 9.—Flour firm, unchanged—receipts, 21,983 barrels; exports, 92 barrels. Wheat dull and easier—spot and the month, 75¼a75⅜; December, 76¼a76⅜; January, 77¼a77⅜; May, 79¼a79⅜; steamer No. 2 red, 72¼a72½; receipts, 48,879 bushels; exports, 48,000 bushels; southern by sample, 68a76; southern on grade, 73a76¼. Corn easier—mixed, spot, old, 64a64¼; new, 63a63¼; the month, old, 64a64¼; new, 63a63¼; year, 61¼a61⅜; January, 61¼a61½; steamer mixed, 61⅛a61⅜; receipts, 40,822 bushels; exports, 25,714 bushels; southern white and yellow corn, 50a63¼. Oats strong and higher—No. 2 white, 47a47½; No. 2 mixed, 44a44½; receipts, 12,588 bushels; exports, none. Rye firmer—No. 2 nearby, 56a56½; No. 2 western, 57a57½; receipts, 1,734 bushels; exports, 17,148 bushels. Hay steady—No. 1 timothy, 16.00a16.50. Grain freights steady, unchanged. Butter firm, unchanged—fancy imitation, 18a19; fancy creamery, 23a24; fancy ladle, 16a17; store packed, 20a21. Eggs firm, unchanged—fresh, 23a24. Cheese firm, unchanged—large, 10a10½; medium, 10¼a11; small, 10¾a11. Sugar firm, unchanged—fine and coarse granulated, 5.15.