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The Evening Star.

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THE STAR BY MAIL.
Persons leaving the city for any period can have The Star mailed to them to any address in the United States or Canada, by ordering it at The Star office or at any Postal Telegraph office, all of which are branch offices of The Evening Star. Terms: 13 cents per week; 25 cents for two weeks, or 50 cents per month. INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE. The address may be changed as frequently as desired by giving the last address, as well as the new one.

BIG FIRE IN PITTSBURG

Six Firemen Injured; Two Buildings Burned.

LOSS ABOUT $300,000

BLAZE ORIGINATED IN DENOON BROTHERS' ESTABLISHMENT.

Spread to Building Occupied by Stewart Brothers on Liberty Street.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 29.—Six firemen injured, two eight-story buildings almost completely destroyed, a number of others slightly damaged and a property loss estimated at $300,000 is the result of a fire on Liberty street, which raged fiercely for seven hours. The injured were:

William Dalzell, hoseman in No. 30 engine company, painfully burned about face and hands.

William Reese, hoseman, painfully burned about the face and hands.

D. Leech, lieutenant of No. 30 company, hands burned and hair singed.

C. Buckley, hoseman, burned and cut about the head.

Daniel Gallagher, hoseman, cut about head and hands.

Joseph Grim, engine company No. 1, foot cut by ax.

About 1:30 o'clock this morning flames were discovered issuing from the building No. 919 Liberty street, occupied by the Denoon Bros'. Paint and Varnish Company. Owing to the combustible nature of the stock the fire spread rapidly and soon the adjoining building occupied by Stewart Bros.' dealers in rubber goods, was also in flames.

Frequent Explosions.

As the fire spread there were frequent explosions and about 2 o'clock, when the flames appeared to be under control of the firemen, there was an explosion that shook the building and shot the flames far out over Liberty street. Five firemen were caught and badly burned about the hands and scorched about the face. They were at once taken to the Homeopathic Hospital and later removed to their homes. Their injuries are not regarded as serious.

Meanwhile, the smoke and odor from the burning rubber, mixed with paints, oil and benzine, nearly stifled the firemen and made it almost impossible for them to get at the blaze, but they worked heroically and about 8 o'clock this morning had the fire under control. Both buildings were gutted and S. Ewart's wholesale grocery, adjoining on the east, was badly damaged. Speer & Hollars' furniture store, A. C. Ellis, hat dealer, and J. J. Porter, millinery supplies, on Penn avenue, suffered considerably by smoke and water.

The origin of the fire has not been determined. The loss is about two-thirds covered by insurance.

PRESIDENT TAKES OUTING.

Will Be Away From Sagmore Hill All Day.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 29.—President Roosevelt, after transacting some comparatively unimportant business which had reached him by mail from Washington, today left Sagamore Hill with Mrs. Roosevelt for an outing. They will not return until tonight.

The Mayflower sailed today for Gardiner's bay, near Shelter Island, where she will put in several days at target practice before joining the North Atlantic squadron. The Sylph, which is to replace the Mayflower here, will start from New York tomorrow, bringing Senator Thomas C. Platt and Col. George W. Dunn of Binghamton, chairman of the republican state committee.

GALE ON GULF OF CALIFORNIA.

Five Vessels Dashed Ashore at Guaymas and Sunk.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 29.—A special from Tucson, Ariz., says that a tornado visited the Gulf of California on Thursday night, wrecking and damaging many buildings in the coast cities. The wires have been down and news of the disaster has just been received.

At Guaymas five vessels in the bay were dashed ashore and sunk. Two of them, El Luella and El Gravina, were large steamers engaged in coastwise trade. The public building containing the officers of the harbormaster and collector of customs was destroyed. The residence of the English vice consul was unroofed and otherwise damaged. The municipal hall and city prison were also damaged.

At Mazatlan, the Pomory Ruby, a large passenger steamer was driven ashore and sunk. Five passengers were drowned and the rest reached the shore on wreckage and driftwood. Another large vessel in the bay was also damaged by the tornado.

Between Guaymas and Mazatlan a great deal of wreckage drifted ashore, and it is supposed that many small vessels and a large number of lives were lost.

CHESS TOURNEY.

Pairs at the Beginning of the Seventh Round.

HANOVER, July 29.—The chess masters engaged in the international tournament of the German Chess Association met this morning in the seventh round, being paired as follows:

Gunsberg vs. Napier, Wolf vs. Bardeleben, Marshall vs. Janowski, Olland vs. Pillsbury, Mieses vs. Tschigorin, Popiel vs. Gottschall, Swiderski vs. Cohn, Mason vs. Levin and Suechting vs. Atkins.

The meeting between Marshall and Janowski was the special feature of the session, both having won five games and lost one game to date. Janowski had much the better of the contest when play ceased for the first adjournment.

Another game that was closely watched was the one between Pillsbury and Olland, the Dutch champion. The latter has not yet suffered a defeat, but when his game with the American was adjourned he had decidedly the worst of it.

Five games were finished in this morning's session, Tschigorin winning from Mieses, Gottschall from Popiel and Cohn from Swiderski, while the contests between Gunsberg and Napier and Suechting and Atkins were drawn.

Mauvezin Wins Stewards' Cup.

LONDON, July 29.—Mauvezin won the stewards' cup (of 300 sovereigns, added to a handicap sweepstakes of 10 sovereigns each, for three-year-olds and upward; distance, three-quarters of a mile), at Goodwood today.

Death of Jockey Watts.

LONDON, July 29.—J. Watts, the jockey, is dead.

FIGHT OVER ELECTION

SERIOUS RIOTING AT CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY.

One Man Killed and Two Seriously Wounded—Contest for Congressional Nomination.

CAMDEN, N. J., July 29.—The condition of Joe Goddard, the Philadelphia pugilist, who was shot last night during the republican primary elections, is reported by the physicians at Cooper Hospital today as critical and there is little hope of his recovery. Harry Miller, a local politician, who was stabbed in the abdomen, is doing well and will probably recover.

Isaac Fowler, a constable, who was stabbed at Pensauken, near Merchantville, was not seriously hurt.

The body of John Morrissey of Philadelphia, who was shot and killed, is still at the morgue.

The riots which resulted in the murder of Morrissey and the wounding of Goddard and Miller were caused by the bitter feeling engendered through the contest for Congress of Representative H. C. Loudenslager and J. Alpheus Van Sant. Numerous fights occurred in this city and in Pensauken township near Merchantville between the adherents of the two candidates. Goddard was shot at the polls in Pensauken, and Morrissey and Miller received their injuries in this city. Isaac Fowler, a constable of Pensauken, was stabbed during a melee at "Dog Corner," in Pensauken township.

Both sides claim a majority of the delegates, but the opinion prevails that Loudenslager will win. The result will not be known definitely until the convention meets at Woodbury tomorrow.

The first congressional district, in which last night's primaries were held, includes Camden, Gloucester and Salem counties. The total number of delegates is 304. Loudenslager today claims fifty-one delegates in Camden, sixty-seven in Gloucester and seventy-five in Salem, a total of 193. Van Sant claims ninety-seven in Camden, thirty-six in Gloucester and twenty in Salem, a total of 133, which number is necessary to a choice.

The contest was one of the most bitter ever held in southern New Jersey. The polls were open from 5 p.m. to 8 p.m., and the three hours were marked with serious fighting. One man was killed in this city, and "Joe" Goddard, the well-known heavyweight pugilist, of Philadelphia, was probably fatally shot while electioneering in Pensauken township; another man was dangerously stabbed in this city, and a fourth man received stab wounds at "Dog corner," near Merchantville.

Goddard was at a voting place in Pensauken township when he was shot. He was with a number of men who were traveling from one polling place to another. The pugilist got into a quarrel with a colored constable named Robert Washington. It is alleged that Goddard assaulted the constable with a base ball bat, and the colored man, in self-defense, shot Goddard in the head. The constable surrendered himself to the police, and the wounded prizefighter was brought to Cooper Hospital, where the physicians say he may die.

Near the same polling place Constable Isaac Fowler, while in a fight, was stabbed twice. His wounds, though painful, are not considered serious. There was considerable trouble in Pensauken township and at Merchantville, and a number of persons were badly beaten.

The most serious affray occurred at 3d and Reckett streets in this city. Each side had a crowd at the polling place at that point, and a general riot was started. When it was all over it was found that a man who was later identified as John Morrisy of Philadelphia, and aged thirty-five years, had been shot through the head, and a policeman, not in uniform, named Harry Miller, had received two cuts on the head, and a probably fatal stab wound in the left lung. There were a number of other persons hurt in the fight, but not seriously so.

THE COAL MINERS STRIKE.

President Mitchell to Make a Tour of the Region.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 29.—President Mitchell is expected to begin his tour of strike region tomorrow. He will first go to the Schuylkill district, where disturbances occurred yesterday and deliver addresses at many places.

It was given out at headquarters today that the $50,000 relief fund which was sent to district No. 1, is already exhausted.

President Mitchell denied a report today that no more money would be received until August 15. He said funds would be received from outside organizations right along, but that the assessments levied on the miners would be some time in reaching here, as the pay days in the bituminous regions do not begin until next week. Another big batch of Polish and Slavish miners left the Wyoming region today for western Pennsylvania and Ohio.

OVATION TO BOER GENERALS.

Generals Delarey and Botha Arrive at Stellenbosch.

CAPE TOWN, July 29.—Generals Delarey and Botha were given an ovation yesterday at Stellenbosch. They were driven to the town hall, and each of the two carriages was drawn by sixty students. At a luncheon which followed the students acted as waiters.

General Botha, in a feeling address, said the day of surrender was the most painful of his life, but now that it had been done he prayed earnestly that his hearers should consider it God's will. Although Afrikander nationality, in a manner, had been buried, it would remain the most important factor in the social life of South Africa. General Botha paid a tribute to former President Steyn's abilities as a statesman. "Now let us stop bothering ourselves about politics," said the general, "and try to make ourselves happy in South Africa, because we have no home elsewhere.

STRIKERS ATTACK POLICEMAN.

Say He Had Asked Men to Return to Work.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., July 29.—Thomas Tosh of this city, a lieutenant of the coal and iron police, in the charge of a camp of special mine guards, was attacked by strikers today and compelled to seek the shelter of his home. The strikers say Tosh has been active in attempting to induce mine workers to return to the collieries. Late last night a workman, name unknown, was severely beaten by a mob. He was rescued and taken to the station house for safety.

TROUBLE IN WEST AFRICA.

Portuguese Fear an Uprising of the Natives.

LISBON, July 29.—Reports from Portuguese West Africa, where there have been rumors of troubles with the natives, show that the disorders are assuming a grave character. In the province of Loanda several garrisons were attacked and factories burned. A general uprising is feared.

"The Vampire" Has Not Been Sold.

NEW YORK, July 29.—The reported sale of his picture, 'The Vampire," is denied by Sir Philip Burnes-Jones. It was said that W. K. Vanderbilt had purchased the painting.

IOWA REPUBLICANS

EXPECTED FIGHT ON TARIFF REVISION.

Leaders Are Trying to Prevent Any Reference to the Subject.

Tomorrow the Iowa republican state convention will meet and there may be an interesting fight over the question of tariff revision. Strenuous efforts are being made by some republicans of prominence in Iowa to sidetrack the issue and prevent its coming up in the convention.

Gov. Cummins, the leader of the element in the state favorable to tariff revision by the republican party has been threatening to bring the question up in convention. Secretary Shaw, Speaker Henderson and Senator Allison have been using their influence to try to head off the movement, being inclined to doubt the advisability of making a platform declaration on the eve of an election upon this subject.

Conference between the leaders may result in sidetracking the proposition, but already the fact that Iowa republicans were considering a plank in their platform favoring tariff revision has attracted wide attention throughout the country and is causing a flutter in political circles. The last republican state convention favored "any modification of tariff schedules that may be required to prevent their affording shelter to monopoly." It also declared that tariff revision should be undertaken "at such time as it may be effected without injury to any American industry."

Some of the Iowa republicans are afraid to repeat the first declaration lest it might be construed as a partial admission that the tariff is responsible for the trusts. The efforts within the republican party for revision are not based upon that assumption, but upon the ground that industries which have grown under the protective tariff until they no longer need high protection should submit to a scaling down of the rate of protection.

COL. LYNCH REMANDED.

Two Americans Testify Against Him at Police Hearing.

LONDON, July 29.—The case of the government against Colonel Arthur Lynch, who was elected to represent Galway city in the house of commons, and who was accused of high treason, ended in police court today, and Lynch was remanded to give his counsel opportunity to review the evidence. Among the last witnesses called to identify Colonel Lynch were George Grieg, an American who was caretaker of a mine near Johannesburg, and another American named Worthington. Both these witnesses testified that they were arrested by Boers near Vereeniging, charged with being British spies, and that Colonel Lynch acted as public prosecutor at their trial.

LIGHT FREIGHTS EASTWARD.

British Ship Owners Disappointed at Short Crops Here.

LONDON, July 29.—Richard Henderson, presiding at a meeting of the Anchor line today, said that homeward freights in the American trade had been demoralized for the past eighteen months and that there was small prospect of speedy improvement. There had been great disappointment at the small maize crop. The general American freight outlook was unpromising. Mr. Henderson said he did not think the Morgan combine would injuriously affect the Anchor line since the lines had working agreements. All interests involved, he said, were now working in perfect harmony.

TO STUDY JAPAN CURRENT.

Undertaking on Foot Headed by Prof. W. E. Ritter.

BERKELEY, Cal., July 29.—Prof. William E. Ritter, head of the department of zoology at the University of California, is the prime mover in an undertaking for the systematic observation of the flow of the Japan current and the study of the biological conditions of that great stream. The San Pedro and Santa Barbara channel will also be surveyed. The enterprise has the backing of Chairman Harriman of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, the United States fish commission and a number of wealthy business men of Los Angeles.

The United States fish commission has given strong assurances that the Albatross will be put at the service of the scientists for this work.

SAVED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Negro Soldier Sentenced to Death for Criminal Assault.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 29.—Orders received at army headquarters in this city announce that President Roosevelt has saved a soldier from hanging. Guy Stevenson, Troop M, 9th Cavalry, was found guilty of criminal assault and sentenced to death. The sentence was approved by the Secretary of War, but the President has commuted the sentence to fifteen years' imprisonment. Stevenson is now at Alcatraz Island, but will go to the United States penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan.

Cuban Official Coming North.

Minister Squiers at Havana has informed the State Department that the minister of foreign affairs for Cuba has left on the steamer Martinique for New York to spend several weeks.

Prince Chen's Coming Postponed.

Minister Wu has informed Dr. Hill, acting secretary of state, that Prince Chen, with the special embassy to the coronation, who was due here on the 1st of August, has postponed his visit for a time.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Movements of naval vessels were reported today as follows: The Chicago has left Havre for Cronstadt, the Panther is at Provincetown, the Sylph is at New York, the Chesapeake at New London, the New Orleans and Kentucky have arrived at Chefoo, the Atlanta is at Santos, the Potomac at La Guaira, and the Monongahela has arrived at Cherbourg.

Ashtabula's Postmaster Dead.

Postmaster J. M. Wilcox of Ashtabula, Ohio, died at that place today. Assistant Postmaster W. M. Sadler, who telegraphed the announcement today to the acting fourth assistant postmaster general, Mr. Conrad, has taken charge of the office temporarily.

Maj. Carbaugh Relieves Col. Groesbeck.

Maj. Harvey C. Carbaugh of the judge advocate general's department has been appointed judge advocate of the division of the Philippines, relieving Col. S. W. Groesbeck. Maj. Carbaugh, before going to the Philippines, was stationed at the War Department.

BABCOCK CONFIDENT

Counts on a Safe Majority in the House.

MENACE OF BRYANISM

GOLD DEMOCRATS WILL REMAIN IN SOUND MONEY PARTY.

Charges That Goods Are Sold for Less Abroad Than at Home, He Says, Will Fall Flat.

Representative Babcock of Wisconsin, chairman of the republican congressional committee, was in the city today on a short visit, coming over from the committee's headquarters in New York. In conversation with a Star reporter Chairman Babcock spoke confidently of victory for the republican party in the coming congressional elections.

"The harmony efforts of the democrats have benefited us very much," said Mr. Babcock. "I hope they will continue. Mr. Bryan's recent visit to the east did us a lot of good. I trust he will call often in these parts. He succeeded admirably in raising the old specter which some of his colleagues hoped had been buried.

The Cleveland-Hill Appeal.

"The appeal of Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Hill for harmony threatened a movement to alienate from us some of the gold democrat vote which we had received in 1900, 1898 and 1896. It looked for a time as if some of them would fall back into line at least on the congressional ticket and vote for the candidates nominated by the democracy.

"That fear is effectually dissipated, I think. Mr. Bryan's letter following Mr. Cleveland's address before the Tilden Club opened the eyes of the eastern democrats to the true situation in the democratic party and to the fact that the old Chicago and Kansas City crowd still are in the saddle and determined to dictate to the democracy of the country. With that realization the former democrats who lately have stood with the party of sound money and prosperity will continue to lend their support to the republican candidates for Congress, in my judgment.

"One of the greatest men in the democratic party, a western man, in the course of a long conversation with me a few days ago said: 'The democratic party is not ready to take the reins of government. The democratic party in the House of Representatives is for free silver, populism and socialism. I don't want us to win this fall. We may be fit to take hold by the next general election, but we are not fit to do it now, the way the party at present is constituted.' That was talk to the point, and he meant every word of it. He has been a democrat all his life, and still is a democrat.

Bryanism Still in Control.

"The eastern democrats realize thoroughly the fact that the old Bryan-Chicago-Kansas City element still is in control of the party management. Outside of a few New York members the democracy of the House is for free silver today as much as ever it was. The campaign is being conducted by southern democrats, who still are true to the traditions of the party of that section. The eastern democrats and the northern democrats, especially the Germans, still are afraid of them. I don't think they will indorse them this fall.

"I observe that the democrats have already dropped their Philippines issue, as it was prophesied they would. It was too hot a proposition for them to hold close to their bosoms. Their attack on the army miserably failed. All they have now outside of their old financial heresies for issues are the trusts and the tariff.

"The republican party is ready to meet them on the question of trusts and the tariff. The only anti-trust legislation on the statute books was enacted by the republican party in Congress. The democrats have no record.

"The tariff is an issue we gladly espouse. With everybody at work, everybody with money and clothes and food and enough money left over to have some kind of a good time on; with prosperity on every hand, the result of republican policies, we are not afraid to ask the country to continue the republican party in power in order that those policies may be continued in effect.

Selling the Surplus.

"The effort of the democrats to make an issue out of the allegation that manufacturers are selling goods cheaper abroad than at home will fall flat. What if it were true that they are doing so? It is a rule of trade that surplus products must not be dumped onto the home market to demoralize it, but must be sold in an outside market. A jobbing house in this country desiring to close out a surplus stock would not unload in its own territory, breaking down prices, but would try to sell it in the other fellow's territory. The possibility of thus disposing of surplus product enables the American manufacturer to run his mills all the year round without having to shut down two or three months. His men are kept at work and wages are circulated through his section just that much more in the year than if he had been compelled when he had supplied his own market, to close down his mill. That rule of trade will operate always.

Confident of a Safe Majority.

"I feel sure we will carry the House by a safe majority this fall. We will make gains in the middle west and will hold our own in the east."

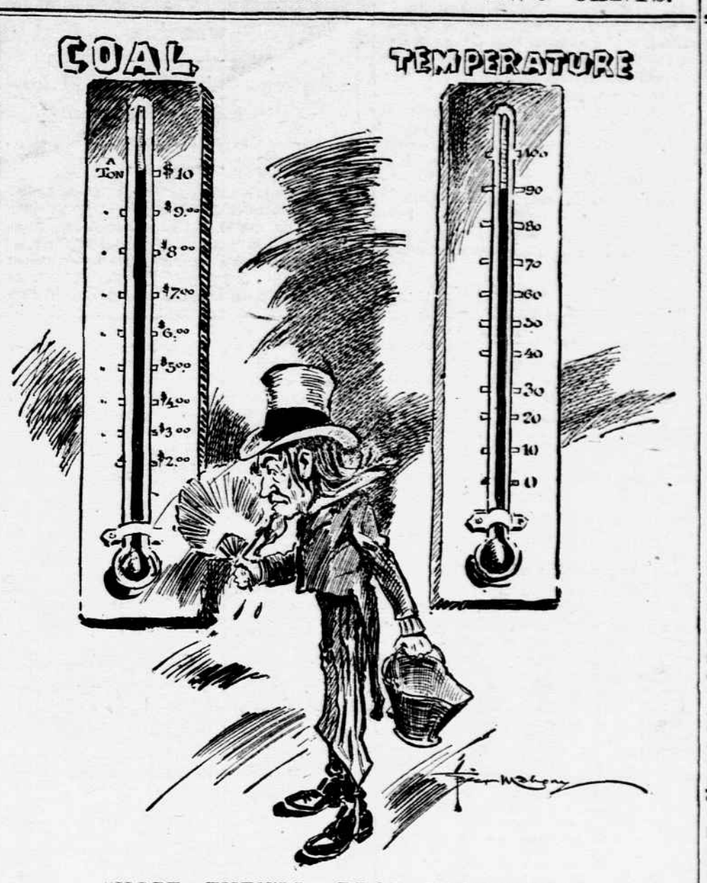
Mr. Babcock left for New York this afternoon. He will be joined there by Secretary Overstret and other members of the executive committee later and the campaign work will be pushed.

The committee has established headquarters in the St. James building, 1135 Broadway, which will be also the home of the spellbinders' bureau, which is to form a conspicuous feature of the committee's work. The distribution of speeches will be secondary to the spellbinder feature, but by no means unimportant. The campaign hand book is nearing completion and the advance copies will be given to the press within a week.

DISCREPANCY IN ACCOUNTS.

Court-Martial to Try Passed Assistant Paymaster Penrose.

Orders were issued today by Rear Admiral Taylor, acting secretary of the navy, for the assembling of a court-martial at Erie, Pa., for the trial of Passed Assistant Paymaster Charles W. Penrose, recently attached to the cruiser Michigan, the only United States warship authorized to cruise in the waters of the great lakes. Paymaster Penrose is a native of Pennsylvania, and has been in the naval service since May, 1898. He was ordered to duty on the Michigan in February last. A recent examination of his accounts disclosed, it is alleged, a discrepancy of about $800. It is said that the shortage was due to carelessness on the part of the paymaster in keeping his accounts and not to any criminal intention. Commander Perry Garst will probably be president of the court.



"HOPE THEY'LL DROP TOGETHER."

OBLIGED TO DISGORGE.

Mexican Embezzlers Forced to Surrender Ill-Gotten Gains.

United States Ambassador Clayton at Mexico has succeeded in securing restitution in one of the largest embezzlement cases in the Mexican state department. Some time ago Mr. James Brown Potter, representing large American and English interests in the Tlahaulilo Mining Company of Mexico appealed to the State Department for justice, claiming that by a fraudulent conspiracy some of the directors of the company had embezzled funds to the amount of over $2,000,000. This was accomplished by packed elections and the bestowal of ill gal powers upon one of the directors in the conspiracy. The fact that some inferior Mexican officials were involved in the conspiracy made it almost impossible to obtain justice in the ordinary methods. The State Department referred the case to Ambassador Clayton, and he brought it to the attention of the Mexican government and pressed it so vigorously that he is now able to report that the conspirators have been obliged to disgorge all of the money and securities they had obtained by fraudulent operation.

TO REDUCE EXPENSES.

Reorganizing the Force of the Bureau of Navigation.

The employes of the Navy Department are in a state of mind as to the effect of an order recently issued by Secretary Moody designed to improve the standard of efficiency of the clerical force of that department. In that order the Secretary called attention to a statute practically prohibiting the maintenance of a civil pension list in the government service, and providing for the reduction or discharge of employes who have become incapacitated for service by reason of age or other cause or who fail to render efficient service. The order contemplated reforms in the administrative work in every bureau of the department, and provided specifically for increased compensation for clerks of superior capacity. The bureau forces were to be reduced wherever practicable without detriment to the public service, and clerks who failed to perform the standard rate of work were to be reduced in grade.

There is considerable anxiety on the part of the clerks as to how they will be affected by the enforcement of the order. The clerical force of the bureau of navigation is being completely reorganized, with a view to the reduction of expenses, and it is said a similar course will be pursued in the other bureaus. It is said that Secretary Moody, who has a reputation as an economist, feels that the naval establishment costs much more than it should, and that he hopes by various methods to reduce the expenses about 15 per cent. Several of the officials who have been longer in the service consider that extremely improbable, and predict that the results of the present examination will demonstrate that the present clerical force cannot be reduced without serious impairment of the service.

CUBAN CHURCH PROPERTY.

Important Declaration by the Lower Branch of the Island Congress.

Information has reached here that the lower branch of the Cuban congress has passed a resolution declaring that the settlement made by the United States government with the Catholic church regarding church property in Cuba need not be considered as binding upon the present Cuban government, and the church which was a party to the settlement. If this resolution should pass the upper branch of the congress it would mean that the whole question of church property would be open and would have to be adjusted by the new government and the church authorities.

RELIEVES COL. O'REILLY.

Lieut. Col. Harvey to Be Chief Surgeon Department of California.

Lieut. Col. Philip F. Harvey, deputy surgeon general, who has just arrived at San Francisco from service in the Philippines, has been selected for assignment to duty as chief surgeon of the department of California at San Francisco, to relieve Col. Robert M. O'Reilly, assistant surgeon general, who will succeed to the office of surgeon general of the army upon the retirement of Brig. Gen. Forwood September 7 next.

THE CUBAN LEGATION.

The Two Secretaries Presented to the State Department.

Senor Quesada, the Cuban minister, called at the State Department today to present to Acting Secretary Hill Senor Antonio Martin Rivero as first secretary, and Mr. Mario Carillo Albornoz, second secretary of the new Cuban legation here.

Clemency for Dr. Wilson.

Minister Merry at San Jose, Costa Rica, has cabled a confirmation of the report of yesterday that the sentence of Dr. Wilson has been commuted.

WILL BE EXCLUDED.

Immigrants Held to Have Come Under Contracts.

Assistant Secretary Allen and Commissioner Sargent of the immigration bureau today heard an attorney who desired to appeal from the decision of the commissioner of immigration at Baltimore declining to admit to this country four recently arrived Slovaks, the ground being that they had come under contract to work in the coal fields of Pennsylvania, where the strike is in progress. They were bound for Osceola, Pa., and landed with about $11 each. The hearing resulted in a decision to sustain the officials at Baltimore, which means the deportation of the immigrants.

The facts brought out were that the four men had received letters from relatives in the coal regions saying that they could get work if they came to this country. The immigration officials believe that the relatives of the men were influenced to write the letters by employers. Therefore the men are to be excluded from this country on the ground that they are under contract.

WILL BE BARRED OUT.

Anarchists Who Have Been Expelled From Turkey.

The commissioner general of immigration, Mr. Frank P. Sargeant, has sent out to immigration officials throughout the country photographs of anarchists who have been expelled from Turkey, and who are believed to be on their way to this country. Accompanying the protographs from the commissioner were instructions for immigration officials to investigate the charges against the anarchists, and if these were found correct, to return the men to the places whence they came.

LIEUT. BROWN SCORED.

Court-Martialed for Assault on a Manila Editor.

Copies of the record of the case of Lieut. Lytle Brown, Corps of Engineers, have been received at the War Department. This officer was court-martialed in the Philippines for an assault on Mr. Charles O. Ziegenfuss, editor of a Manila newspaper, and sentenced to be reprimanded. In his review of the case Gen. Chaffee said:

"In giving effect to the too lenient sentence of the court, Lieutenant Brown is reminded that the first qualification of good citizenship consists in scrupulously refraining from violation of the law under which he lives, either in its letter or spirit.

"Having elected to play the part of lawbreaker, Lieutenant Brown will doubtless learn in time that his method of securing personal redress, when smarting under adverse criticism inseparable from public life, cannot lead to enviable notoriety, much less to honorable distinction, among officers and gentlemen."

LIGHTHOUSE DISTRICTS.

Will Be Inspected as Far as Possible by Retired Officers.

In pursuance of his policy of reducing the number of naval officers on shore duty, Secretary Moody has practically decided to replace the officers serving as inspectors of lighthouse districts by officers on the retired list. There are sixteen of these lighthouse districts, and so far as possible they will be hereafter inspected by retired officers. The first step in that direction was taken yesterday, when Lieut. Commander A. P. Osborne, retired, was ordered to duty at Cincinnati as inspector of the fourth lighthouse district. He will relieve Commander Wm. H. Turner, and the latter will be eligible for sea duty.

The Issue of Letters Patent.

A total of 518 letters patent has been issued by the patent office for the week ended today at noon. Of these 451 went to citizens of the United States and five to residents of the District. Those issued to the last named were as follows: Milton S. Brown, shoe fastener; Joseph W. Frost, electric signal for railway cabs; Joseph Lyons, telephony, assignor to American Telegraph and Telephone Company; Willis L. Moore, air cooling, drying and purifying apparatus; William E. Schneider, autocarette body.

Unskilled Labor in Printing Office.

The civil service commission has approved a series of regulations for the appointment of "mere unskilled labor" to the government printing office. They conform in all material points to the regulations for similar appointments to the Agricultural Department, which were printed in The Star several weeks ago.

A Clerk's Death From Cholera.

The bureau of insular affairs of the War Department has been notified by Acting Governor Wright of the death of Sanford G. Baker, a clerk in the insular service at Manila, who died on the 27th of Asiatic cholera. He has relatives at Woodville, Ohio.

CROWN COLONIES NOW

Chamberlain Explains Status of Boer Republics.

ANSWER TO LIBERALS

WATCH ALL PERSONS SUSPECTED OF INTRIGUE.

Allow None Such to Return to British Territory—Question of the Future.

LONDON, July 29.—Colonial Secretary Chamberlain appeared in the house of commons this afternoon for the first time since his recent accident. He was greeted with hearty cheering, and later he was warmly congratulated by Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, liberal leader in the house.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman supplemented his congratulations by asking for information of the colonial conference. He expressed the hope that lenient treatment would be extended to the Boers in South Africa. Mr. Chamberlain replied that the one spirit animating the members of the conference was the desire to draw closer together the constituent parts of the empire, and he thought it safe to say that the conference had made important progress toward a perfect union, to which he himself looked forward. Regarding South Africa, Lord Milner, the high commissioner, had telegraphed spontaneously that he did not think further legislation necessary to make the banishment proclamation effective. The government, however, reserved to itself the important right in the new colonies to refuse to allow the return or to keep watch over persons who showed themselves inimical to good order and peace. "We are not going to allow the result of the war to be undermined," said Mr. Chamberlain, "by intrigues carried on by nominally constitutional means."

Future Status of Country.

Regarding the future status of South Africa, the colonial secretary said the imperial government had established a crown colony in the strictest sense. The next step would be to add a nominated official element. Thereafter there would be an elected official element and then nothing but circumstances and time would separate the new colonies from full self-government, the ultimate goal of their ambition. That consummation would not be delayed, if for no other reason because it might relieve the government of the tremendous burden of responsibility involved in the present situation, but all must understand that the government would not be rushed or hustled into any action which circumstances did not warrant. The speaker said he was one of those optimistic enough to believe that the new colonies would reach the ultimate goal of their ambition much sooner than many persons now thought possible.

So far as the government was concerned the surrender promises would be kept in spirit as well as in letter. The government, he said, was bound both by honor and interest to this course.

Many Questions to Be Settled.

There remained many questions to be dealt with; a new tariff must be arranged, involving intricate questions concerning which experts must be consulted, and the taxation of mines must be settled, but he wished to say nothing would be done to punish owners of mines as had been suggested in many quarters. The government would do nothing to interfere with a quick revival of development of the country. Subject to that consideration, Mr. Chamberlain concluded, no man was more anxious than he to recover some considerable part of the cost of the war from South Africa. He thought it would be perfectly fair to lay a fair part of the cost of the war on the principal industry of the Transvaal, but what amount it was too soon to say.

FOUR HURT BY BLAST.

Rapid Transit Subway in New York an Unlucky Place.

NEW YORK, July 29.—As the result of a premature blast in the rapid transit subway on Park avenue, at 41st street today, four men were seriously hurt, two of whom, it is thought, will die.

This is the unlucky section of the tunnel, in which a number of accidents have occurred. In a previous one, Major Ira Saler, one of the contractors, received injuries which resulted in his death some days later.

IN MEMORY OF HUMBERT.

Solemn Service at the Pantheon in Rome.

ROME, July 29.—King Victor Emanuel and the dowager, Queen Marguerite, together visited the pantheon today and joined in a solemn service in memory of King Humbert, who was killed two years ago today. The service was strictly private. After this service was a public one. Many wreaths were placed on the tomb, among them one sent by former United States Ambassador Wm. F. Draper, which was prominently placed. The crowd present was very large, and as the heat was intense many persons were prostrated.

PHILADELPHIA'S COAL SUPPLY.

Will Be Exhausted by the Middle of September.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29.—It is stated on reliable authority that the supply of anthracite coal in the hands of railroads and dealers here will, at the present rate of consumption, probably be exhausted by the middle of September.

The report that the railroads are turning over to the retailers supplies they have been holding in reserve since the inauguration of the strike is said not to be true. In only one important case, it was stated, that of the Pennsylvania railroad, has any of the roads released the coal seized by them in May, all of the others retaining what they have for their own purposes. In the case of the Pennsylvania, that road had not such need for what little it had retained, as it could use its soft coal. This was the reason it turned a quantity of anthracite over to some of its trade the past week.

Secretary Shaw at Atlantic City.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 29.—Secretary of the Treasury Shaw and a party of friends arrived here today on the revenue cutter Gresham. A landing was made at the end of the ocean pier. Great crowds lined the beach and board walk to welcome the distinguished party. They will remain here several days.

Fire in Twine Warehouse.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Fire today did $75,000 damage to the twine warehouse of the McCormick Harvesting Machine Company.