

# SHELL PORT ARTHUR

## Japs Make General Land and Naval Attack.

### A SEETHING CAULDRON

#### RAIN OF FIRE UPON THE RUSSIAN POSITIONS.

##### Japanese Dominate All Strategic Points at the Outer Forts—Heavy Fighting Confirmed.

CHEFOO, August 15.—(11 p.m.)—That a general land and naval attack was made on Port Arthur today is indicated by information from various sources.

The statement that the naval attack was made at 4 in the morning comes from an authoritative but not diplomatic quarter. Junkies which arrived here today say the Japanese recently occupied the Laoti hills and Sushlyem, which is two or three miles north of the fortress.

Five warships and seven torpedo boat destroyers, according to the junkies, returned to Port Arthur the night of August 10.

##### Japs Hold Dominating Positions.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, August 15.—A cablegram from Paris says: The Journal's St. Petersburg correspondent reports that the Japanese now hold all positions which dominate Port Arthur. In the dark hours of early morning great siege guns of the Japanese were operated on all the hills around the stronghold, and a rain of fire fell on all the Russian positions, town, dock yards and harbor. The bursting of Japanese shells and the fires kindled thereby, which arrived here today, in reply to the bombardment, made the space within the semi-circle of the Japanese lines a veritable seething cauldron of flame and smoke as seen from the surrounding hills.

##### Honors for Infant Son.

A cablegram from St. Petersburg says: The czar has issued an army order appointing the czarvitch hetman or general of all the Cossack regiments. This post has always been held by the heir to the Russian throne.

##### Victims of Traitors or Spies.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, August 15.—A cablegram from Paris says: The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Echo de Paris reports Admiral Witthof as saying today that no official information of the fate of the Port Arthur and Vladivostok fleets has been received. He said he was convinced that the Japanese had well-equipped spies in the Russian lines, and that they had obtained information beforehand of a contemplated sortie of the two fleets. "We are convinced," he said, "that the Japanese are victims of traitors or spies."

##### Confirms Heavy Fighting.

BERLIN, August 15.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Tokyo, received today, confirms the reports that heavy fighting has occurred at Port Arthur during the past few days. The Japanese captured three Russian batteries and secured positions close to the inner fortifications. Both sides lost heavily. The Japanese have commenced a bombardment from Lang Mountain on the harbor and inner defenses.

##### STOESSEL SENDS REPORT.

Dispatch Fails to Locate Three Missing Warships.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 15, 4:20 p.m.—The war office today received a message from Port Arthur, in which Gen. Stoessel, under date of August 11, reports a successful repulse of a general assault on the Russian outer positions during the night following the departure of the Russian squadron. He does not mention a naval engagement or refer to the return of the warships.

The foreign office has received a telegram from M. Pavlov, the former Russian minister at Seoul, Korea, from Shanghai, reporting the presence there of Capt. Retzdorf, the Russian commander of a torpedo boat destroyed at Port Arthur, and aged and in need of repairs. He does not mention the other three Russian vessels reported to be off Shanghai.

The admiralty has received a telegram from Capt. Matusevich of the Czarevitch, called at Tsingtau, saying that he is recovering from the wounds he received in the battle of the Czarevitch from a Prussian prince, who came in behalf of the German navy to salute their brave Russian comrade. The telegram fails to clear up the whereabouts of three warships reported here to be coaling at Tsingtau.

##### COMMENTS IRONICALLY.

Russian Paper Says That American Promises Evaporate.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 15.—Today's issue of the Novoye Vremya comments ironically upon a telegram from Washington, saying the United States is unable to do more than lend moral support in preserving the neutrality of China. The paper declares that, after having promised to avow a determination to guarantee China's neutral integrity, now that there is necessity of action in connection with the Ryshtshim affair at Chefoo, all the American promises "evaporate, and are found to have been made up of nothing but words."

##### Chinese Bandits Active.

MUKDEN, August 15.—The Chinese bandit leaders, Kutsushan, Tuluan and Fongdo, each with a thousand followers, are now in the Shumting district, moving up the Liao river valley with the object of attacking the railway. Each of the bands, which were organized by Japanese, is accompanied by a hundred Japanese with mountain guns.

The newspapers today devote slight editorial space to the naval engagement off Round Island, August 10, and generally express the belief that the remainder of the Port Arthur squadron has broken through the Japanese fleet. The editorials mostly deal with the Ryshtshim incident. M. Bourin, editor of the Novoye Vremya, vehemently declares that Captain Shestakovsky, by slapping the face of the Japanese commander, administered the only punishment suitable for such an outrageous act.

All the papers make sarcastic allusions to the Russian "international law," and to the Russ, Novoye Vremya and Novosty reproduce an article from a Berlin paper, based on the words of the west and east time law, pointing out that the Japanese were not justified in attacking the Ryshtshim, regarding the fact that she was armed or disarmed. The same authority invokes support for the contention that the Russian warships did not violate international law in seeking shelter in neutral ports.

##### BALTIC FLEET ACTIVE.

Boats Being Coaled to Full Capacity—At Cronstadt.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 13.—There is considerable activity aboard the ships of the Baltic fleet. A large amount of sailors' baggage is being taken to the wharves and trucks which have been issued that all torpedo-boat destroyers of the second division shall be coaled to full capacity. The boats are to await further orders in the small roadstead at Cronstadt.

Shore liberty on all vessels has been curtailed after sunset.

The cruiser division of the Baltic squadron received falling orders. Some of the vessels have already left Cronstadt, and others, including the Oleg, will leave in a few days. The division may go round the cape of Good Hope, where it will meet the fleet.

The battle ship division is awaiting the completion of the repairs to the Orel, and is not likely to start for a week or a fortnight.

Gen. Glazoff has been appointed minister of public instruction.

The appointment of a minister of public instruction has been one which the emperor has found much difficulty in filling.

The division of the reaction party to the minister of public instruction, was assassinated in February, 1901, by a student, and succeeded by M. Yannawsky, who served but a year, and in turn was succeeded by M. Zenger, who proved himself to be so much in sympathy with the reaction party that he was summarily dismissed in February last without explanation. His assistant, Lieut. Gen. Glazoff, has now been promoted.

# AT THE WHITE HOUSE

## Secretaries Shaw and Hay Call Today.

### THE FORMER IN DEMAND

#### WILL DO THE BULK OF STUMP SPEAKING FOR CABINET.

##### Major Llewellyn Thinks There is Not Much Chance for Statedown Bills Next Session.

President Roosevelt had few visitors today and will not see many people from now until the time he leaves Washington for his home at Oyster Bay, although he will confer with those having important business of any kind. He has satisfied the demand of the politicians for opportunity to talk with him, and there will probably not be many republican leaders in the city during the remainder of the week.

Secretary Shaw was the first visitor with him half an hour or more. Secretary Shaw is scheduled to do the bulk of the stump speaking for the cabinet this year, and it is probable that he will make an early start. He has been asked to open the campaign in California, but he has reached no decision as to when he will go. The various requests that have reached him to make speeches he has referred to Chairman Cortelyou of the republican national committee, who will make up the itinerary of each speaker according to his own judgment.

Cortelyou has not yet made an assignment of cabinet officers or others. Secretary Shaw said that he had some business calling him to the Pacific coast and that he may go there before the time arrives for displaying oratory and huge blocks of fact and logic. Secretary Shaw is counted the ablest stump speaker in the cabinet and one of the ablest in the country.

Secretary Hay was another visitor, but he did not confer with the President. He is called on by the Japanese minister, who is called on by Secretary Loeb on a personal matter. The Japanese minister showed no elation over recent Japanese victories at sea, but he conveyed emotions or sentiments of any kind.

No Statedown for Territories.

Major W. H. H. Llewellyn, United States attorney for New Mexico, and a comrade of President Roosevelt in the Rough Riders, called to pay his respects. He was one of the majors of the Rough Riders when better detest, Mr. Llewellyn was lieutenant colonel and they have known each other well and pleasantly ever since.

"So far as I can find in the west," said Major Llewellyn, "there is unanimity of opinion that the President will sweep the country." Major Llewellyn said that statedown for Arizona, New Mexico and New Mexico to be a dream, so far as he can see. "The coming session of Congress," he said, "is a short one, and there will be little time for consideration of statedown questions. Besides this there is strong opposition among the democrats to putting Arizona and New Mexico into one state, and several republican senators are opposed to this plan, which was worked out at the last session of Congress by the House and passed by that body. So there is not much prospect of a bill being passed at the next session. There is strong opposition to single statedown for both these territories, and important influences will operate to prevent the passage of the measure pending in the Senate. There is no doubt that Arizona is being opposed to being consolidated with New Mexico in the matter of statedown, and there is much opposition to this method in New Mexico."

Mr. Mudd Has a Conference.

Representative Sydney Mudd of Maryland talked with the President about some Maryland post office appointments, but an understanding was reached that the appointments are not to be made until after the election.

"I think we have a good chance to carry Maryland," said Representative Mudd, but that was as strong as he cared to make his utterance. Mr. Mudd is having a hard fight in his own district. The district is republican, but the democrats are resorting to a number of methods to confuse the republican voters in the hopes of defeating Mr. Mudd. They have put a democrat named Mudd on the electoral ticket, and another Mudd is running as an independent candidate for Congress. The scheme is to confuse ignorant voters so that Rep-

resentative Mudd will lose many votes.

Chairman Cortelyou arrived in Washington yesterday and spent some time in conference with the President.

Nearly Killed the Water Lilies.

The beautiful fountain at the east entrance to the White House was found perfectly dry this morning and the handsome, costly water lilies were nearly dead. A White House employe was set to work at once watering the lilies to keep them alive while another went to work to again turn on the Potomac water and stop its outflow. An investigation revealed that some time during last night the water had been turned off in the fountain and the opening permitting the exit of the water had been turned, allowing it to drain. The supposition is that a discharged White House employe, similar with the workings of the fountain committed the offense as revenge, but the police are at work and will unravel the mystery, if possible. The water lilies that were left exposed are among the finest in the country, and there was a large and varied assortment of them.

##### REPARATION DEMANDS.

Russia Sends a Vigorous Note to the Chinese Government.

The Secretary of State has received the following cable message from the United States minister at Peking:

"The Russian minister has sent to the Chinese government a strong note charging it with complicity in the Ryshtshim affair, charging the Chinese commander with cowardice or treason, and demanding full explanation, the restoration of the destroyer, and severe punishment of the commodore."

##### SAILED FROM SMYRNA.

Departure of the European Squadron for Gibraltar.

A cable message was received at the Navy Department today from Rear Admiral Jewell, commanding the European squadron, announcing the departure of the cruisers Olympia, Baltimore and Cleveland from Smyrna this morning bound for Gibraltar, thus effectually closing all points of difference between the United States and Turkey. Owing to the character of the mission of Admiral Jewell's squadron, the usual visits of courtesy were omitted during the stay of the squadron at Smyrna.

After a becoming inspection of the more-victorious in becoming, and more-over, the squadron will probably cruise to the north and visit French, English and German ports on the European station.

##### NOT GOVERNMENT'S GUEST.

State Department Knows of No Invitation to Foreign Potomate.

Careful inquiry at the State Department develops the fact that not a single invitation has passed through that department to any king, prince or potentate to attend the world's fair at St. Louis. It is said to be possible that the fair authorities themselves have extended invitations of that kind, but the executive branch of the government has not done so, and does not intend to do so, except by explicit direction of Congress. Reasons for this attitude are to be found in the fact that Congress has appropriated no money to entertain royal visitors for both the English and American sides. It is regarded as highly desirable that there should be no discrimination in such invitations, and it does not seem feasible to invite all the crowned heads of Europe to St. Louis at the government's expense. It is possible that some distinguished visitors will come of their own volition, and that they receive every courtesy at his command, but he cannot extend special or general invitations.

##### ALL QUIET IN HAWAII.

Agreeable Advice, Requested From Minister Powell.

Minister Powell called the State Department this morning from Fort au Prince that everything is quiet in Haiti.

Minister Powell called the State Department this morning from Fort au Prince that everything is quiet in Haiti. He said that the situation in Haiti is very serious, and that the United States is being troubled by the flight of President Nord, in Mr. Powell's preceding reports, as late as Saturday, he referred to trouble at Gonaves and Jeremie, hence it can only be inferred that these have subsided.

##### DISORDER PREVAILS.

Consul Ruffin Reports That Martial Law Has Been Declared in Paraguay.

Consul Ruffin called the State Department from Asuncion that martial law has been declared in Paraguay. The forces of the revolutionists and the government have had a fight and considerable disorder prevails.

Golden Defies Donnelly.

"I don't care whether Donnelly objects or not," said Mr. Golden. "I have a right to go to anybody I want to and get funds for my men. I have volunteered to aid the packers, and I think it very unbecoming in Donnelly to object to our helping ourselves. The post office employes invited a committee from our organization to see them and that is how it came about."

Golden's organization has received \$2,000 from the truck drivers and \$1,500 from the ice wagon drivers. Other smaller contributions have been received from various organizations.

President Donnelly today started out nearly 100 solicitors to obtain strike funds from stock yards business men.

##### RETURN TO WORK.

Strike of Paper Makers in Wisconsin Terminated.

# PEACE NEGOTIATIONS

## Reported Movement Emanating From the Packers.

### THE UTMOST SECRECY

#### CONFERENCE BOARD IN SECRET SESSION TODAY.

##### Meat Dealers Pledged With Mayor Harrison to Stop Strike—Strong Efforts Employed.

CHICAGO, August 15.—What is believed to be tantamount to a reopening of negotiations for peace, emanating from the packers, brought a session of the allied trades conference board to a termination today.

The board had been in session several hours when a messenger arrived bearing word from the packers. Word spread that the way had been paved for the reopening of peace negotiations. The news was greeted with enthusiasm.

A committee from the conference board was quickly selected and left, ostensibly to meet the packers. The utmost secrecy governed the steps that followed the appearance of the messenger. Adjournment was taken shortly after and the conferees were instructed to remain within easy call to receive a report from the committee that was sent out.

Meat dealers pledged with Mayor Harrison this afternoon to stop the stock yards strike.

Oscar F. Mayer, George Duddleston and others of the committee of ten appointed Friday evening for the purpose went into session with the mayor. Before going in Mr. Duddleston, who supplies meat to five railroad companies, said he had suffered from the new stringency with which the union boycotted the stock yards today, and had been prevented from making deliveries.

It was nearly an hour before the strikers' committee, headed by President Donnelly and Nicholas Gier, returned to union headquarters. The conference of the allied trades then reassembled to receive the committee's report. The importance with which it was regarded was obvious by the anxiety with which the return of the committee was awaited. A long session followed.

Denied Forcefully.

Strike leaders and the big packing firms denied forcibly today that any efforts had been made by either side to bring about another conference looking to peace in the stock yards.

President Donnelly of the Butcher Workmen said:

"I do not read the stories that we secretly met representatives of the packers within the last two days and that we intended to hold another meeting possibly today. But the stories are absolutely untrue. Neither I nor any persons representing us have seen any representatives of the packers. I have no reason to believe the packers have sought to see us. Any conference that is held must comprehend all the interests affected and must be held with representatives of the allied trades. Any agreement that might be reached would have to be ratified by the allied trades. Any agreement made would have to take care of all the labor interests involved."

The packers were just as positive and their expressions indicated that they considered general negotiations fully as useless now as they did a week ago.

Meeting Awakens Suspicions.

Despite the positive denials by both packers and strike leaders that peace plans were under consideration, a suspicion that important proposals are under consideration was caused by the early meeting today of the allied trades board. There were guards at every door and no one but members of the board was permitted to approach. President Donnelly refused to indicate the subject under consideration.

President Donnelly and George F. Golden of the teamsters' union have reached an agreement that they are under consideration of the allied trades board. Matters came to an acute stage today, Donnelly declaring that Golden had no right to go to the mill carriers and get a big contribution.

The teamsters have plenty of money. They don't need contributions," said Donnelly. "But when we went to the mill carriers we found Golden had been there ahead of us. I am going to find out just how far this is going."

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RETURN TO WORK.

Strike of Paper Makers in Wisconsin Terminated.

NEENAH, Wis., August 15.—The strike of paper makers in the Fox river valley was broken today, the old men returning to work under the terms of the mill owners.

BOYCOTT CELEBRATION.

Labor Unions at St. Louis Refuse to Parade.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., August 15.—The general trades and labor union has voted not to participate in the labor day celebration at the world's fair on the grounds that the exposition is conducted along the lines of an "open shop," by permitting the employment of both union and non-union labor.

PATROLMEN ASSAULTED.

Badly Used Up in Arresting a Fighter.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Captain Lantry and four patrolmen in the districts affected by the beef strike were badly battered today before they succeeded in subduing and placing under arrest a man who had made a fierce attack on several non-union men employed by the Schwartzschild & Sulzberger company.

The man who, after he was arrested, said that he was James Sullivan, a driver for an express company, was standing in the crowd near the Schwartzschild & Sulzberger company's plant when Sullivan was dashed up the steps toward the office and assaulted two negroes, who were standing there.

Other officers, including Captain Lantry, attempted to place the man under arrest, but it was not until after all of them were severely badly used up that Sullivan was pounded into submission. When arraigned in court he said he was not a striker and admitted that he had been drinking. He was fined \$10 for disorderly conduct.

# TREND OF CAMPAIGN

## Democrats Seem to Be Playing Down the Issues.

### FORCING PERSONALITY

#### REPUBLICAN MANAGERS WILLING TO MEET THAT.

##### But They Are Pushing the Question of the Tariff and That of Finance.

The two great parties are fairly started on their campaign and the politicians are observing with some interest the trend which the respective managers are endeavoring to give the campaign. The democrats seem to be handling most of their energies to playing down the issues and playing up the personality of the two candidates. They are putting Judge Parker forward as a safe if innocuous model of a President and are attempting to make out President Roosevelt the antithesis.

The democratic managers are saying very little about the tariff, not as much as some of their followers would desire about the scuttling policy for the Philippines, and are as much as an oyster on the money question. The impression prevails in some quarters that the managers will stick to the declaration of the St. Louis convention that money is not an issue, and will leave the voters to figure out for themselves where the party stands between the extremes of Chief Justice Clark's policy of "destroy the tariff, from turret to foundation stone," and Judge Parker's lament, "We won't hurt the tariff because we can't."

Republican Managers at Work.

The republican managers are accepting the issue on the President's personality. But they are not stopping at that; they are pushing the enemy on the question of the tariff, on the democratic scuttling policy in the Philippines and steadily and insistently on the financial question.

Personal of the campaign from the republican literary bureaus shows that the republicans are hammering hard on the tariff. They are insistent that behind the vague assertions of the democratic candidate is the old specter of insufficient protection to American industries and seem determined to bring the skeleton of the Wilson tariff times out of the past. The republican campaign material of recent issue asserts that the controlling force of the democracy, if it had possession of Congress, would repeal the tariff. The democratic sentiment, but the old Bourbon, free-trade sentiment represented by the southern states and the men of Champ Clark and the like.

Some of the republican literature just now at hand claims that if the democrats are in control of Congress, the overwhelming strength of the southern and southwestern delegations in the House and Senate would hand the policies of the party over to that faction and wrest them from the northern and eastern men. The deduction is drawn that free trade would outweigh "tariff revision."

The campaign literature of the republicans also goes strong on the money question and insists that notwithstanding the gold telegram of Judge Parker, the democratic party, in its rank and file is still unstarred on sound money. A great deal of stress is laid on the fact that the acceptance in its failure to be explicit and the republicans are holding up that letter as alleged denial of the democratic claims.

Democrats Behind the Opposition.

The democrats are considerably behind the opposition in the matter of organization. Some democrats have recently called attention to the fact that conditions are very unsatisfactory, in that respect, in New York, which is the keystone of democratic hope. The campaign for Judge Parker, in the empire state, is up to this time in a very nebulous shape. Nobody seems to be in command, and it is coming very much as it is in the matter of the campaign in New York, which is the keystone of democratic hope. The campaign for Judge Parker, in the empire state, is up to this time in a very nebulous shape. Nobody seems to be in command, and it is coming very much as it is in the matter of the campaign in New York, which is the keystone of democratic hope.

ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

Starts for America Friday—Program for His Entertainment.

LONDON, August 15.—The White Star line steamer Celtic, which sails from Liverpool for New York Friday, will take among her passengers the archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Davidson, Mrs. Davidson and Lady Yarmouth.

Among the passengers who will sail for New York from Liverpool on board the White Star liner Tontine August 17 will be John Redmond, the Irish leader; Capt. Anthony J. Donelan and Patrick O'Brien, nationalist members of parliament. They will attend the convention of the Irish League, which is to be held in New York August 30.

The archbishop will arrive in New York on August 28, and will probably go straight to Quebec, as one of the purposes of his visit is to look over the church in Canada. Just how long he will be there is not known, but he will get to Boston in time for the big church convention. He will arrive in Boston on Tuesday evening, October 4, and next day he will attend the opening of the triennial convention of the Episcopal Church in New York City.

After the archbishop will give the archbishop a reception, Thursday he will speak at the meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Trinity Church, which will be held in Trinity Church and Monday he will speak in Tremont Temple at a mission conference.

It is said that the archbishop will be the guest of J. Pierpont Morgan, who has leased the J. Montgomery Sears house, at his Commonwealth avenue, and Arlington street.

NOVIE REPORTED SUNK.

Put to Sea From Tsingtau, but Overhauled Forty Miles Out.

CHEFOO, August 15, 10:30 a.m.—An unconfirmed report which has reached here from Tsingtau says the Russian cruiser Novik, which put into Tsingtau after the battle of August 10 off Port Arthur, and which coaled there and put to sea within her twenty-four hours limit, has been sunk forty miles from Tsingtau.

Vladivostok Fight Reported.

TOKYO, August 15, 11:15 a.m.—A dispatch to the admiralty from the naval establishment at Takeshiki says Admiral Kamimura met the Vladivostok squadron twenty miles from Ulsan, Korea, at 5 o'clock Sunday morning. The battle ended at 10:30 a.m. The Russian sank by the stern, her bow standing up perpendicularly. The Japanese rescued 450 members of the Russian crew.

The Russian and the Gromobol caught fire several times and were heavily damaged. Only one of the Japanese ships was hit. Two Japanese were killed and seven were wounded.

Yacht Contests at Eye.

RYE, Isle of Wight, August 15.—The chief event today of the Royal Albert Yacht Club regatta was the contest for the Albert cup, for which five yachts started in a gale of wind, without head sails and with reefed main sails. The American schooner Ingomar led throughout, but the race was stopped when half the course had been sailed. The Ingomar had not quite saved her handicap and the cup was awarded to the Merry Maid. The Zinita and the Therses both carried away their bowsprits racing.

Chicago Russians Hold Special Services, With High Mass.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—The event of an hour to the throng of Russia has been celebrated by Chicago Russians. Special services were held at the Holy Trinity Russian Orthodox Church. The Rev. John Kochuroff officiated, assisted by the Rev. John Kedrowsky, Baron Schlippenbach, the Russian consul, and Prince Engelcheff, vice consul, participated in the celebration, besides many of the leading Russians of Chicago.

Following the celebration of high mass the Rev. Kochuroff formally made the announcement of the birth of a son to the Rev. Kochuroff's family, who are out of the city, and was followed by the "Holy March," in which 600 persons participated. A chant, in which long life to the rulers was asked, was sung. The Rev. Kochuroff was asked to give a luncheon at his home. A cablegram of congratulations was sent to the czar.

IN HONOR OF CZAR'S SON.

Chicago Russians Hold Special Services, With High Mass.