The Palais Royal

Open Until 6 O'clock.

Remnant Day.

Late residents should know that Thursday is the Palais Royal Remnant Day, and can profitably acquire the habit of a weekly visit. Bargain-filled Remnant Tables dot all five floors—only a few hints are published in the newspapers.

5c to 50c Valentines, ½c to 15c.

75c to $3.50 Valentine Books, 39c to $1.69.

Tens of thousands have been sold at a profit in dollars and cents. Now comes a loss in dollars and cents. If it weren't for these clearing sales merchants would get rich too rapidly.

Every Convenience for Selecting and Mailing.

☞Enter by Eleventh street door—and tables full of Valentines and Valentine Books will greet you. Make your selections and we'll do the rest—weigh them, supply stamps and make them ready for mailing.

On Second Floor Tables.

79c Wool Suitings; some 54 inches wide; some were $2 yard; black, garnet, navy, gray, olive, myrtle and fancies. Choice for 79c yard.

59c Silks; for street and evening dresses, petticoats, etc. None were less than $1 yard. All colors and all styles. Only 59c yard.

12c On this table are French flannelles that retail regularly at 25c yard, but really look like the 75c all-wool flannels. 12c yard.

10c to $1 Laces, 3c, 7c, 48c.

Think of getting Superior Warranted-to-wash Torchon Laces, up to 4 inches wide, at only 3c yard! At 7c yard are Point de Paris Laces worth up to 19c. At 48c are Medallion and Band Laces up to 6 inches wide. Some were $1 yard. All are new—the quick-selling kinds that first reach the remnant tables.

13c Remnants of ribbons accumulated since last Thursday. Some sold for as much as 40c yard. To be 13c yard.

19c Buttons, last of various lots that sold up to $1 per dozen. To be 19c a dozen for choice.

2c Various braids, some were as much as 39c yard. Reduced to 2c yard. On second floor, in Trimming Dept.

As Illustrated, $3.98.

It's a $12 Coat, reduced to $3.98. Nearly one thousand sold at a profit—the last ten are to go at a loss.

Skirts Reduced to $3.98.

Hurry for first choice—look for and find fine Broadcloth, Panama and Chevoit Skirts, best man-tailored kind.

$8.79 for $20.00 Suits.

Only a few, or the price would not be thus reduced. Black, gray, green and navy, in ladies' and misses' sizes. All to be $8.79.

$3.39 for $5.00 Corsets.

The saving in price is only one consideration—the Corsets will be fitted by Madame Huguenin, the famous Parisienne expert.

Vests and Stockings, 14c.

Last of 25c to 35c Lots.

Ladies' and Children's Black Swiss Ribbed Vests reduced to 14c from 35c. Ladies' Plain and Lace-effect Stockings, in black and fancy effects. Choice for 14c pair.

29c Choice of Swiss Ribbed Union Suits, Vests, Pants, Corset Covers and Sleeping Garments for ladies and children. None were less than 50c.

59c Plenty of $1 Silk Plated Stockings in this lot. Plain and lace effects, black and fancy. 59c pair—very nearly half price.

79c The famous "Oneita" Union Suits, ladies', men's and children's. None were less than $1. Some were more. Early visitors will find all sizes.

Reduced to $3.98.

Some Were $7.50.

Neglige Garments of fine silks and albatross, trimmed with laces and ribbons, in typical Paris styles. Black, white, pink and blue.

98c—Some Were $2.25.

Dressing Sacques of dainty flannels, some a-blossom with flowers; all beautiful. Loose and fitted styles. 98c for choice.

Reduced to 39c.

Corset Covers, some with lace and embroidery, run with silk ribbons; are worth 75c. And see the Knit Wool Petticoats, some in extra large sizes. All at 39c.

10c White Belts; some, a little soiled, are worth up to $1.50. All sizes in the lot. Some are pure linen. Choice for 10c.

25c Leather Bags, in various colors. None were less than $1—but some are a little shopworn. Odds and ends at 25c for choice.

50c Superior Bags, none were less than $2. Not a few styles to select from and no one inferior. Reduced to 50c for choice.

Reduced to $1.09 Pair.

Comforts Reduced to 79c.

Twenty-one pairs of these Extra Heavy Blankets reduced to $1.09 from $2.25—because only in gray, which is slow selling. The Comforts—reduced to 79c—are full size and covered with silkoline, in art figures and colors.

22c yard for 54-inch-wide Bleached Table Linen; the quality sold regularly at 35c yard. Why 22c? Because in slow-selling patterns.

9c for best of 12½c Hemmed Huck Towels; 19x38 inches. The borders are not woven with exactitude—they are the maker's mistake.

The Palais Royal

A. LISNER. G and 11th Street.

MEN ACCOUNTED FOR

Corporal Madison Tells of Roll Call at Fort Brown.

SHOOTING FROM OUTSIDE

Thought That the Post Was Being Attacked.

SOUNDED LIKE MIXED FIRING

Not Suggested Until the Next Day That the Soldiers Might Have Been Involved.

The first witness from Company C of the 25th Infantry appeared before the Senate committee on military affairs today. This is the last of the three companies that were stationed at Brownsville to be heard from since the investigation into the shooting up of that place last August was begun. The witness was Corp. Chas. H. Madison, who had been eleven years, nine months and eight days in the service of the United States when he was discharged without honor on the 22d of last November.

Madison testified that he was in the fight of El Caney, July 1, 1898, and had never had any trouble except in 1897, when he was court-martialed at Fort Douglas, Utah, for neglect of duty. He stated that he had been detailed on guard and had failed to carry out his instructions which had resulted in his court-martial. For that dereliction he was given ten days in the guard house. Since then he had never had any difficulty.

The testimony in relation to Company C is of especial interest because in the view of a good many people at Brownsville and also some of the members of the Senate committee the men who "shot up" Brownsville were members of that company.

There was not the least evidence, however, so far as Madison is concerned, to substantiate that theory. Madison testified that when he was sent to the hospital on the night of the 13th he was told by a white man, whose name he could not recall, but who was on duty on the porch, that two or three bullets had whizzed through the air over the room in which he was sleeping. Madison himself had not heard any bullets, and no one else had told him they had heard any. He said that other people were on the hospital porch when that information was given him.

Awakened by the Firing.

Corporal Madison said that he was asleep when the firing was begun on the night of August 13, and was awakened by it about 12 o'clock. He slept at one end of the barracks of Company C, and he heard Maj. Penrose's voice after he got up and was partly dressed. Maj. Penrose was calling to the men to get their guns, and he heard some of them reply that they did not have arms. Maj. Penrose called to them to find the man in charge of the racks, and if they could not find him to break them open. After that order to break open the gun racks he heard the men hammering on the racks. Some were pounding on these racks with a fire ax.

A gun rack such as had been used at Brownsville had been brought into the committee room, and the witness explained his testimony by opening it and referring to the manner of its operation.

They had orders not to make any light, as they supposed some one was firing upon the barracks. Finally the gun racks were all opened. The non-commissioned officer who had the keys to the gun racks had later told the witness that he was late in getting to the barracks because he had not heard the call to arms. When he did get there he opened the racks. The witness saw him open one rack, from which he got his gun and heard hi msay that he had opened two others. He did not know how it was about the fourth rack, but all of them had been hammered on by order of Maj. Penrose, in an effort to break them open.

The Roll Call.

When they formed in line in front of barracks C, he said, Lieut. Greer went down the line, with Acting First Sergt. Harley following him, and counted the men, and the result was they were all present or accounted for.

The witness had later been ordered to patrol the post. Seven posts were established from the entrance to the barracks around to the corral. At each post there were three men and a non-commissioned officer. In that way the witness was on duty the rest of the night. The guns of all the men except those who were on post duty were locked up in the store room instead of being replaced in the racks. This was by order of Capt. Mechlin. The guns were counted when they were put in the store room, and when the men went on duty to guard the fort they got their guns from the store room. At 6:30 o'clock in the morning Capt. Mechlin, with Sergt. Newton Carlisle of Company C, inspected the gun of the witness and the guns of the three men under him. He did not see any further inspection of arms, but his gun and those of the privates with him passed inspection.

The witness was questioned as to the possibility of a soldier obtaining any extra ammunition and said that it was impossible. He declared that it would take thirty or thirty-five minutes to clean a gun, and when Senator Foraker asked him whether his opinion would be changed if told that distinguished officers of the army had said that a gun could be cleaned in two or three minutes he asserted positively that such a thing could not be done after the gun had been fired several times.

Shooting From Outside.

The witness was closely questioned by Senator Warner, and said that to the best of his knowledge the shooting came either from the road outside the stone wall or further up in the town and was directed at or across the barracks. The firing, he said, was mixed firing and did not sound like volleys. It sounded like six-shooters, shot guns and Winchester rifles. He had looked around the next morning, but had not discovered any effects of the shooting. He said he made all the effort he could to find out who did the shooting, but was unable to learn that anybody in the three companies was connected with it. He said they were all surprised upon having the fort fired upon in a country that was not hostile. The next day he had heard that clips and bullets had been found belonging to the Springfield rifle. But that was the first suggestion that he knew of that the firing might have been done by members of the 25th Infantry.

The cross-examination of Madison had not been completed when the committee took a recess until 2:30 o'clock.

Machine Plant Burned.

KITTANING, Pa., February 13.—The plant of the Fischer Foundry and Machine Company at Ford City, five miles from here, was burned to the ground last night, causing a loss estimated at $200,000. There were two large buildings and several smaller ones, all of which were destroyed. The concern manufactured iron wheels, window weights and special castings. In addition to the destruction of finished stock valuable patterns were ruined. There was $165,000 insurance on the plant. The origin of the fire is not known.

To Examine Ordnance Officers.

A board of officers to consist of Majors Beverly W. Dunn, William S. Pierce and Jay E. Hoffer, ordnance department, has been appointed to meet at the Sandy Hook proving ground Thursday, February 21, for the purpose of preparing an examination for such officers of the ordnance department as are eligible for advancement from the grade of first lieutenant to that of captain in the ordnance department and for the purpose of examining and passing upon the examination papers of such officers as may take the examination.

ALEXANDRIA AFFAIRS

ACTION IN RESPECT TO MEMORY OF N. P. T. BURKE.

Program for Lenten Services—In the Police Court—General and Personal News.

Special Correspondence of The Star.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., February 13, 1907.

As a mark of respect to the memory of Nicholas P. T. Burke, who died yesterday afternoon, the city council last evening adjourned immediately after transacting a number of urgent matters. Resolutions in respect to the memory of the deceased were offered to the board of aldermen, of which the deceased was a member, by Mr. J. M. Hill, a member of the board from the first ward. The resolutions were unanimously adopted and ordered to be spread upon the minutes. Mr. Hill also paid a tribute to the deceased.

In council President Snowden, after calling Mr. Uhler to the chair, officially notified that body of the death of Mr. Burke. Mr. Snowden also took occasion to pay a tribute to the memory of the deceased. A resolution expressing the sorrow of the council was adopted. Councilman Strauss also made remarks relative to the death of Mr. Burke. The members of the council will attend the funeral in a body.

Erection of Factory.

The joint committee on public property and general laws recommended that a piece of property owned by the city near the old canal be leased to Dr. A. Luria, president of a Chicago concern. The committee's report was adopted. It is stipulated that the company of which Dr. Luria is president shall pay the city an annual rental of $25, with the right to purchase the property for $1,500 within fifteen years, the company binding itself to give the land back to the city within twelve months in the event of failure to have a factory erected thereon, and also if it employs less than fifty hands.

A bill from Mayor Paff for $233.85 for services rendered by the Pinkerton detective agency in investigating the murder of George Curtin was referred back to the mayor by the joint committee on finance and general laws.

The sum of $100 was appropriated to provide for a suitable exhibit at Jamestown by the public schools of this city.

Improvement of Royal Street.

A resolution carrying an appropriation of $1,000 for providing for the improvement of Royal street between Queen and Princess streets with broken stone roadway, and also guttering and curbing the same was referred to the street committee.

An ordinance requiring all second-hand dealers to make a daily report by 11 o'clock every morning of their purchases was passed by the higher board, but action was deferred by the lower board.

A resolution offered by Councilman Birrell to ascertain the best method for heating the city hall was referred to the committee on public property.

The council accepted an invitation of the Mount Vernon Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, to attend divine services at Christ Protestant Episcopal Church February 22, in honor of Washington's birthday.

Program for Lenten Services.

Lenten services were held today at the various Episcopal, Catholic and Lutheran churches through the city, and were largely attended. The program mapped out for servises durin the Lenten season is as follows: Christ Protestant Episcopal Church Tuesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock p.m. and Thursdays at 8 o'clock p.m.; St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, Tuesdays, 7:30 o'clock p.m., and Wednesdays and Thursdays, 4:30 o'clock p.m.; Grace Protestant Episcopal Church, Wednesdays, 10:30 o'clock a.m., and Mondays and Saturdays at 4:30 o'clock p.m., week days, evening prayer and service at 7:30 o'clock and Fridays at 7:30 o'clock; St. Mary's Catholic Church, Wednesday at 8:30 o'clock p.m., Way of the Holy Cross followed by benediction of the blessed sarament, and Friday night at 7:30 o'clock the same as Wednesday afternoon; Tuesdays, first mass at 7 o'clock a.m.; second mass, high mass and instruction at 10:30 o'clock; vespers, sermon and benediction of the blessed sacrament at 7:30 o'clock; Immanuel Lutheran Church, services tonight at 7:30 o'clock and every Sunday night at 7:30 o'clock.

Banquet Washingon's Birthday.

The committee having charge of the banquet to be given by the George Washington Birthday Association February 22 is actively engaged in making final plans. The committee will within the next few days announce the names of the speakers.

In the police court today the following cases were disposed of: H. W. Crittendon, vagrancy, sent to the chain gang for twenty days; Benjamin Waters, drunk and disorderly conduct to jail for ninety days; Frank Harper, shooting at Robert Jones, fined $5; Raymond Wilson, drunk and disorderly conduct, dismissed.

Funeral services over the remains of Nicholas P. T. Burke, who died yesterday afternoon at his home, 621 Duke street, as a result of a stroke of paralysis he sustained Sunday last, will be held at 12:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at Christ Protestant Episcopal Church. The services will be conducted by Rev. William J. Morton, rector, and the interment will be at Ivy Hill cemetery.

Brief Mention.

The Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Electric Railway Company will at an early date commence the erection of a large waiting room and ticket station at Mount Vernon. Plans for the station have been prepared, and the work is to be commenced as soon as the weather will permit. The stockholders of the company met yesterday afternoon at Mount Vernon and re-elected the old board of directors and officers.

In the corporation court today Charles M. Schwab qualified as administrator of the estate of his mother, the late Adolphine Schwab.

The Alexandria Athletic Association basket ball team has perfected arrangements for a game Saturday evening next with the Belvederes of Baltimore. The game will be followed by dancing and supper. The local team will this evening play a game with the Young Men's Sodality Lyceum of this city.

The state corporation commission is to sit at the Alexandria county court house Friday next to hear complaints against the Washington, Arlington and Falls Church Railway Company. It was at first intended to hear the case at the court in this city.

TRADE WITH GERMANY.

Request for Information as to Present Trade Agreements.

Representative Randell of Texas yesterday afternoon introduced a resolution calling on the President for information as to what trade agreements have been entered into between Germany and the United States. The preamble calls attention to the fact that it is currently reported that negotiations have been entered into with the German empire affecting the commerce between Germany and the United States and tariffs and regulations changing the conditions of trade between these countries and affecting the revenues of this government received from import duties, without the action of Congress.

The resolution then requests the President to direct the Secretary of State to report to him for the information of the House: First—What agreements have been entered into between the authorities of the United States and the German government affecting the commerce of the two countries in reference to imports, or the tariffs on, or regulations thereof, which directly or indirectly affect the revenues or import duties of this government. Second—What propositions, if any, have been made by either of its agents looking to any change in the tariff charges, or trade regulations, between Germany and the United States, affecting, either directly or indirectly, the revenues of this government or its trade relations with Germany. Third—That all papers and documents, correspondence or negotiations on the matters herein inquired about in possession of the State Department be furnished for the information of the House.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE

Important Conferences for This Afternoon.

PANAMA CANAL CONTRACT

President and Secretary Taft Discuss Its Phases.

THE JAPANESE SCHOOL QUESTION

California Delegation to Make Another Effort to Consummate Settlement of Vexed Issue.

President Roosevelt's afternoon promises to be busier and more important than the first part of the day's work. He is scheduled for another conference on the proposed Panama canal contract at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and following that, which will last an hour or more, is a conference on the Japanese school question at 4 o'clock. The President and Secretary Taft are having final hearings as to the financial responsibility and fitness of certain persons for taking the contract for completion of the canal in the event the contract is let and the government itself does not do the work. The expectation is that the conference this afternoon will be on this last subject and that a decision will be reached and announced in a day or two. Ample time has been given for the government to know whether it really wishes the work to be done by contract and to know whether certain men are competent and qualified.

Various reports are current as to a possible agreement on the Japanese school question with the municipal authorities of San Francisco, who have been here five days and have had two conferences with the President and Secretary Root.

President Roosevelt had a conference this afternoon with Frank Sargent, commissioner of immigration, who was in Hawaii recently studying the immigration problem on the spot, and who is thoroughly acquainted with the rush of Japanese laborers to that territory. The Japanese government furnishes permits to the laborers to go to Hawaii and from there they come to the mainland. Permits are not given by the Japanese government for the laborers to come direct to this country.

Speaker Cannon Better.

Speaker Cannon visited the President today for the first time since his attack of grip. "I hardly believed there was any such thing as grip until it struck me a short time ago," said the Speaker. "Now I no longer doubt the genuineness of the disease. It was the first attack I ever had. Yes, this is the first cigar I have enjoyed for a week or more."

Then the Speaker pulled out a box of pills and took a small one, remarking that it made him think of the story about the old woman who wanted the conductor to tell her when Poughkeepsie had been reached.

General Andrade, a prominent Cuban, called on the President today and paid his respects.

Asked to Settle Probable Strike.

President Roosevelt has received a dispatch asking him to see if he can settle differences that have arisen between the Western Union and its operators at Chicago, and which promise to involve all the offices of the Western Union in the country in a big strike. The President has turned the dispatch over to Commissioner Neill of the bureau of labor for his consideration.

It is presumed the dispatch came from operators, although not from the officials of the operator's union. It is stated at the White House that as the strike has not taken place and is simply under consideration by the operators there is nothing that can be done at this time. If the strike should be officially declared the government may be able to offer its aid in the adjustment of the differences.

Another Modification of Land Order.

President Roosevelt told Representative Steenerson of Minnesota today that he had made another modification of his suspension order of January 25 relating to public lands, which will except from the operations of that order all homestead proofs on ceded Indian lands where there are deferred payments. The order as it originally stood, it was asserted, imposed hardships on many settlers who have made homestead entries, because of some of its requirements. There have been a number of conferences between the President and various representatives from the northwest, who have sought to impress on him the necessity of modifying it in several particulars. The additional exceptions to the operations of the general order are still far from entirely satisfactory to the representatives interested, and they will continue in their efforts to obtain further concessions from the President. Representatives Burke and Martin of South Dakota talked with the President about the question today.

The President's Visitors.

A large number of congressmen were at the White House today, but in nearly every instance the presentation of visitors was the only business they had. Among those who saw the President were Senators Gamble, Heyburn, McEnery, DuPont, Beveridge, Hansbrough and Lodge and Representatives Mann, McNarey, Weeks, Steenerson, Dunwell, Hughes, Fulkerson, Waldo, Hale and Longworth, also Delegate Maguire of Oklahoma and Delegate Waskey of Alaska.

MEMORIAL MEETING HELD.

Mary Washington Chapter Pays Tribute to Deceased Members.

The Mary Washington Chapter, D. A. R., held its memorial meeting last evening, when tributes were paid to the memory of those members who have died during the past year. Among those so honored was the regent of the chapter from its organization, Mrs. Blair Lee, who had done much for the advancement of the national society. The others were Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, the historian and woman of letters, whose patriotic work is well remembered in the District; Mrs. McBlair Smith, Mrs. J. Ormond Wilson, Miss Halstead, Mrs. Lindsay, Mrs. Vale, Mrs. Peacock and Mrs. Augur.

The meeting was held in the Washington Club and was well attended, almost every member of the chapter being present, with many guests who had been friends of the deceased members during their lives. Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, past president general of the society, because of ill-health was unable to be present, but sent a letter in which she gave expression to sentiments of high appreciation of the work and worth of Miss Johnston, who had been connected with the Daughters of the American Revolution from the beginning, and whose labors had resulted in helping, as she believed, to place the society so high in the estimation of the world.

Mrs. J. Eakin Gadsby read a sketch of the life of Miss Johnston.

Mrs. Gadsby emphasized the fact that it is due to Miss Johnston's suggestion made to Secretary Folger in 1882 that the American flag now floats over every government building on United States territory, and that it was also to Miss Johnston that the adoption of a picture of the Houdon bust of Washington for the 2-cent stamp is due.

Others who spoke of Miss Johnston were Miss Miller, Mrs. Lockwood, Miss Janet Richards, Miss Desha, Miss Mickley, Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Henry, Mrs. Sanders Johnston, Mrs. Anderson Johnston and Mrs. Frances Benjamin Johnston. Miss Virginia Miller read a sketch of Mrs. Lee and Mrs. Gadsby one of Mrs. Smith.

The musical features of the evening were in keeping with the character of the exercises.

Mrs. Noble Newport Potts, accompanied by Miss Yeatman, "Invocation," by Godard. A violin obligato was rendered by Miss Jeanie Benson of New York. Mr. Ammen Yeatman sang the "Pro Peccatis" from Rossini's "Stabat Mater."

Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood presided.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES. **Hoeke's** Cor. Pa. Ave. and 8th St.

Midwinter Sale

Of Furniture, Carpets and Upholsteries.

OUR Annual Midwinter Sale is in progress. It's the one great sale of the year. The biggest and best bargains in Furniture, Carpets and Upholsteries ever offered in Washington await you here now. Our entire stock is substantially reduced. Our policy is not to carry goods over the season for which they were bought, hence this underselling sale, which always effects a quick clearance. Don't fail to get a share of these bargains.

Pay a small deposit and we'll deliver the goods when you say.

Gilt Mirrors.

$19.50 Mantel Gilt Mirrors.....$12.50
$17.50 Pier Gilt Mirrors.....$11.75
$18.75 Fancy Gilt Mirrors (a little rubbed).....$9.98
$20.00 Mantel Gilt Mirrors.....$12.75
$12.50 Round Gilt Mirrors.....$7.75

Brass Beds.

$35.00 Brass Beds.....$25.00
$50.00 Brass Beds.....$35.00
$65.00 Brass Beds.....$43.75
$70.00 Brass Beds.....$47.50
$75.00 Brass Beds.....$48.75
$125.00 Brass Beds.....$75.00

Bureaus and Dressers.

$30.00 Oak Bureau.....$19.85
$27.50 Birch Bureau.....$18.75
$32.50 Oak Bureau.....$23.75
$35.00 Oak Bureau.....$24.00
$37.50 Oak Bureau.....$25.00
$37.50 Mahogany Bureau.....$25.00
$37.50 Birch Bureau.....$25.00
$40.00 Oak and Mahogany Bureau.....$27.85
$45.00 Oak and Mahogany Bureau.....$32.75
$50.00 Oak and Mahogany Bureau.....$36.50
$55.00 Oak Bureau.....$37.50
$75.00 Oak and Mahogany Bureau.....$48.75
Chiffoniers to match any Bureau at proportionately reduced prices.

China Closets.

$20.00 China Closets.....$12.95
$22.50 China Closets.....$16.75
$65.00 China Closet.....$18.75
$90.00 China Closet.....$58.75
$65.00 China Closet.....$37.50
$75.00 China Closet.....$47.50
$65.00 China Closet.....$43.75
$75.00 China Closet.....$58.50
$62.50 China Closet.....$45.00
$32.50 China Closet.....$22.75

Dining Chairs.

$2.98 Oak Chairs.....$1.98
$3.98 Oak Chairs.....$2.98
$3.75 Leather Chairs.....$2.98
$5.50 Leather Chairs.....$4.75
$5.00 Leather Chairs.....$4.25
$4.00 Leather Chairs.....$3.25
37 different styles to select from.

Sideboards and Buffets.

$65.00 Large Buffet.....$48.75
$75.00 Large Buffet.....$58.75
$60.00 Large Buffet.....$45.00
$40.00 Medium-size Buffet.....$28.85
$100.00 Carved Buffet.....$69.00
$48.00 Mahogany Buffet.....$29.50
$36.00 Mahogany Buffet.....$23.50
$48.75 Mahogany Buffet.....$28.75
$79.00 Oak Buffet.....$56.00
$85.00 Oak Buffet.....$65.00
$90.00 Oak Buffet.....$75.00
$45.00 Oak Buffet.....$29.85
$50.00 Oak Buffet.....$33.00
$37.50 Oak Buffet.....$27.50
$49.75 Oak Buffet.....$37.50
$125.00 Oak French Buffet.....$75.00

Music Cabinets.

$12.50 Music Cabinets.....$9.00
$15.00 Music Cabinets.....$9.98
$20.00 Music Cabinets.....$15.00
$25.00 Music Cabinets.....$18.75
$30.00 Music Cabinets.....$19.85
$35.00 Music Cabinets.....$22.50
All other pieces greatly reduced.

Dining Tables.

$22.50 Dining Table.....$16.75
$30.00 Dining Table.....$22.50
$22.00 Dining Table.....$15.00
$38.00 Dining Table.....$27.50
$50.00 Dining Table.....$35.00
$15.00 Dining Table.....$9.98
$65.00 Dining Table.....$48.75
$35.00 Dining Table.....$27.50
$47.50 Dining Table.....$35.00
17 other prices and patterns to select from.

Parlor Suites.

$25.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$18.75
$28.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$25.00
$45.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$29.85
$60.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$47.50
$75.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$55.00
$90.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$65.00
$58.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$45.00
$70.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$48.75
$48.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$32.75
$185.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$92.50
$110.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$75.00
$125.00 3-piece Parlor Suites, now...$79.50
We have 47 of these Suites, in most any upholstering you may select.

Metal Beds.

$3.98 Beds.....$2.98
$6.75 Beds.....$4.98
$6.00 Beds.....$4.48
$4.98 Beds.....$3.98
$10.00 Beds.....$7.75
$9.50 Beds.....$6.75
$12.50 Beds.....$9.50
$28.00 Beds.....$18.75
$35.00 Beds.....$25.00
Only a few of the many we have to offer.

Rug Sale.

Hundreds of Rugs here. Made up from remnants of fine carpets. You can get a Rug to fit your room at about half what it will cost if made from the full piece.

Considering the quality of the carpet, the manufacturer couldn't buy the raw material at these prices.

Rugs average size 8.3x12 ft.; for $12.50, $13, $14, $15.50, $16.75, $18.75 and $10.50.

We have a lot of these rugs and they must be cleared out at once.

Floor Oilcloth.

Sold up to 60c. yard; to go at 20c. yard.

W. H. Hoeke, Cor. Pa. Ave. and 8th St.

1t

TEN PER CENT INCREASE

WESTERN UNION HAS TO RAISE EMPLOYES' SALARIES.

NEW YORK, February 13.—An increase of 10 per cent in the salaries of telegraph operators at the company's principal offices throughout the country was announced by the Western Union Telegraph Company today.

The announcement of the increase in salaries was made in a letter from Robert C. Clowry, president of the company, to the general superintendents, B. Brooks of New York, T. P. Cook of Chicago, Frank Jaynes of San Francisco and J. Levin of Atlanta. The letter reads as follows:

"This company has received petitions within the last sixty days from sixteen offices in the west and southwest asking for an increase of 10 per cent in the salaries of employes. These petitions have been given careful consideration, bearing in mind that the company could not discriminate in favor of a few offices, but that any action taken should be general. In this connection it has been necessary to consider the enormously increased cost of all kinds of telegraph material, which in many cases has been from 50 to 100 per cent, while the tariff rates on messages and other traffic are very low in view of the demands of the public for ever-increasing facilities and more rapid service. In fact, many of these rates are relics of former ruinous competition and are unprofitable. Notwithstanding these facts the company has decided to increase the salaries of operators at its principal offices throughout the country 10 per cent from March 1, 1907.

(Signed) "ROBERT C. CLOWRY, "President."

Roosevelt Consulted.

CHICAGO, February 13.—President Roosevelt will be asked to consider the grievances of operators against the Western Union Telegraph Company, and a copy of the claims made by the employes have been sent to the White House. The company has refused to treat with the men, and everything points to a strike involving 15,000 operators in twenty-two cities.

The Chicago newspapers have notified the Western Union that, in the event of a strike, the printers will refuse to handle copy received over the wires by non-union operators. Samuel Small, president of the operators union, said last night:

"I am ready to issue a strike order within twenty-four hours after I am placed in charge of the situation," said President Small. "It will affect the whole country. The railroad telegraphers are counted on to lend assistance, under the terms of our working agreement with their union."

EULOGY OF DOUGLASS.

Dead Leader Extolled by Member of His Race.

At the Bethel Literary and Historical Society last night Rev. Dr. W. Bishop Johnson delivered a lecture on Frederick Douglass before one of the largest audiences that has been present at the meetings of the society in many years. Miss Marie Madre, the president, introduced Dr. Johnson and a select quartet from the Second Baptist Church sang "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Seeking for Me," two of Mr. Douglass' favorite hymns.

In the course of his address Dr. Johnson said:

"Mr. Douglass was the greatest character the race has produced. He was born and educated in the school of experience, with God as the great teacher. History does not furnish a single parallel to his remarkable career. Passing from slavery to national honor and universal respect, his rugged character, sterling in its qualities, lifted him to the level of potentates of empires and magistrates of republics. This republic honored itself when it honored Douglass with positions of trust, and at no time did he disappoint those who reposed confidence in him.

"All civilization has been inspired by the loftiness of his character. The school in which he was trained has never been excelled in the world's history. It flourished in the golden age of American oratory. Its masters of eloquence were John Brown, Emerson, Garrison, Lincoln, Phillips, Wilson, Sumner, Beecher, Theodore Parker, all of the past, but combining to furnish this illustrious ex-slave the highest and best opportunity for inspiration and instruction.

"Mr. Douglass was a great a soul, united with a depth of heart that made his oratory and index to character rather than an exhibition of genius. His words were not born on his lips, but in his soul. In order to get an adequate idea of his statesmanship, his philanthropy, his wisdom as a seer and his mighty grasp upon the great questions of his time, one must read his public speeches."

Dr. Johnson quoted from several of Mr. Douglass' orations and said his aphorisms will always live in American literature. Cited as an example were these: "One with God is a majority;" "The republican party is the ship, all else is the sea;" "No nation, no party, no man can live long and flourish on falsehood, deceit, injustice and broken pledges."

Dr. Johnson paid a tribute to the friendship existing between John Brown and Mr. Douglass, quoting from a speech delivered at Harper's Ferry as late as 1882, in which Mr. Douglass said: "If John Brown did not end the war that ended slavery, he did at least begin the war that ended slavery. When John Brown stretched forth his arm, the time for compromise had gone, the armed hosts stood face to face over the chasm of a broken union and the clash of arms was at hand."

Continuing, Dr. Johnson said: "As we analyze the Douglass character and achievements we become entranced with its beauty and symmetry as well as edified at the wisdom of him who taught the world so many burning truths through that life and wrought so much for humanity."

FOR BUSINESS USES.

The New Location of Clark, Davenport & Co.

The building at the northeast corner of 10th and F streets, the property of St. Patrick's Church, is to be remodeled under the direction of John S. Larcombe. It has been leased by Clark, Davenport & Co., who are now located at the southwest corner of 12th and F streets, and as soon as the changes are completed the business of the firm will be removed to that location.

The present front, which was suitable enough for the use of the R. O. Holtzman real estate office, which occupied the building for so many years and until quite recently when it was removed to its new building on New York avenue, is to be taken out and large show windows built and other changes made which will render the structure suitable for the new uses.

Site Selected for Longfellow Statue.

A commission of which Secretary Taft is president has selected a site on the corner of Connecticut avenue and N street, one of the best in Washington, for the statue to the poet Longfellow. Congress has appropriated $4,000 for the pedestal for this statue.

Bill Proposes Millions for Good Roads.

Representative Williams of Mississippi introduced in the House yesterday a bill appropriating $25,000,000 per annum from the surplus in the treasury for the use of the several states to be spent by them in the building of good roads.

There is only one

"Bromo Quinine,"

That is

Laxative Bromo Quinine.

Similarly named remedies sometimes deceive. This first and original Cold Tablet is a WHITE PACKAGE with black and red lettering, and bears the signature of

E. W. Grove

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