

various republican committees of other states.

Profound silence for nearly a full minute reigned in the committee. Acting Chairman Barnes was the first to recover from the surprise.

"Is this resolution debatable?" he sharply inquired.

Charles W. Anderson, additional member of the committee and President Roosevelt's close friend, moved for the adoption of the second district, was quickly on his feet.

"Premature Resolution."

He said in part: "I think we ought to be very careful not to do anything today that we shall regret hereafter."

"This resolution strikes me as being not only unusual and unnecessary, but premature as well."

"If for one am very unwilling to vote for any such resolution."

"I hope, therefore, this resolution will not prevail, and I hope the members of this committee will not feel themselves to be deceived as to the motive which prompted its introduction."

Chairman Woodruff followed Mr. Anderson and said that he did not think it would be advisable to adopt a resolution of this kind at this time, that he did not believe that the highest would be done by such a resolution, and that if it were adopted it might be charged that some corporate interests were desirous of having the resolution passed, and furthermore, he thought, as it was well known not only in this state but throughout the United States, that Mr. Roosevelt was opposed to the resolution.

Mr. Odell then made a few remarks, in which he said that, while he had not approved all that President Roosevelt had done, he had endeavored to do his duty, and that he believed that in this session he might have criticized the present chairman of the state committee, still they had all united under Gov. Hughes, and that the resolution had been offered by him in good faith and he hoped that it would be done.

Mr. Douglas said he did not believe Mr. Odell had introduced the resolution with any sinister motives. It was altogether premature.

Mr. Woodruff demanded a vote on his resolution to lay on the table Mr. Odell's motion to adjourn was then carried.

Mr. Odell has not been reckoned a Hughes man any more than a Roosevelt man, but on the contrary the Fairbanks boomers have recently been rebuffed by Edward H. Harriman as their very own.

Mr. Barnes said that Mr. Odell in springing the resolution hoped to take the committee off its feet. The vote of the committee on the resolution was 10-10.

Mr. Odell's resolution was not carried, but he was lacking in political sagacity when he thus proved to Mr. Fairbanks and Mr. Harriman his own weakness.

Hughes Makes an Address. Gov. Hughes addressed the United League in Brooklyn tonight. In part he said:

The republican party is a party of constructive force. Under the brilliant leadership of Theodore Roosevelt it has addressed itself to the difficult problems created by our rapid development with a vigor and a zeal for popular rights which have not only the support of the people but have excited the enthusiasm of the people to an unprecedented extent. The question now before the people is not whether we should measure up to its opportunity or miserably fail.

I understand to formulate a policy which I believed to represent the just demands of the people. Its announcement met with very general approval. There could be no doubt as to the sincerity of the republican party. The republican party is in a majority in both houses of the legislature, and it cannot escape responsibility for meeting the demands of the people.

He Asks for Nothing. So far as I am personally concerned, I ask for nothing. I know the duties and the responsibilities of public office to cherish any illusion on the subject. But I have an intense desire to see administration improved and abuses corrected. I have an intense desire to see the republican party and its pledges to take advantage of its opportunity. I propose to do my duty by the people, and in this effort I not only welcome but I earnestly desire the support of all who have the interests of our state at heart.

A Republican Policy. There is now before the legislature a bill for the more effective regulation of public service corporations. This is a republican policy. It was announced in the platform adopted at the last state convention. There are many who would like to see the people by providing regulation in name, but not in fact.

With regard to a matter of this sort, it is not the success of the republican party that I am anxious to see assuredly and unflatteringly. I am gratified at the assurance that has been received, and my belief is that this duty and opportunity will be met.

Stand for Private Interests. There are many connected with the corporations affected who oppose this legislation and have been endeavoring to create a semblance of public sentiment against it. This is natural. They stand for private interests. I believe that their effort is a mistake even in this light, for nothing is more important to the public service corporation at the present day than that an adequate plan of regulation in the interest of the people and of such a character as to vindicate itself before the people should be provided. In that way lies the settlement of the questions that vex the public and the relief of the public mind.

It is also to be understood that those who set private interest against the public interest are neither democrats nor republicans. They can teach no lessons of party loyalty. They are loyal to the interest which they serve.

The Recruit Bill. I am also deeply interested in the passage of the recruit bill. To provide for a recount of the majority vote in 1905 is a simple act of justice, which should be performed without reluctance.

I also believe in providing for direct nominations and in facilitating the expression of the popular will in regard to candidates for office. The time has come for popularizing our system of electing candidates, and making the party government more thoroughly representative. I trust that efforts in this direction will receive full support.

I believe also in ballot reform and the adoption of such a ballot as will put an end to the questions of split voting, and compel every voter to make his choice with reference to each candidate. This I believe to be a most wholesome policy, both for parties and for the public.

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Santa Barbara and Monterey, and after reaching San Francisco were to return east. These four members of Mecca Temple, who were the official representatives to the Imperial Council, are known to have been on the train: Frank Donatini, potentate of the temple, a furniture dealer, living in Orange, N. J.; William E. Duncan, "Chief of the Arab Patrol" of the Temple, who is a ticket agent of the New York Central at the Grand Central depot, and who lives in Manhattan, and Joseph Miller, address undetermined. Mr. Donatini and Mr. Matthews were accompanied by their wives.

It is known that P. J. McCann, proprietor of McCann's Tours, who has an office in the Flitcroft building, the party.

Saturday at Catalina. Dr. Sarah E. Hillson, recorder of Mecca Temple, and who did not accompany the excursion, said tonight that he had heard nothing about the reported wreck further than the Associated Press dispatch.

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