

CANNED FOOD.

By Frederic J. Haskin.

The National Canners Association, now holding its annual convention in Rochester, represents a growing industry. Hundreds of delegates are participating in the deliberations of the convention. Three things being considered by the association are of deep interest to the consumer as well as to the manufacturer of canned goods. The first of these is the problem of winning a more widespread acceptance of canned products in the kitchens of the country. In times gone by "canned goods" although they enabled the pioneers to enjoy some measure of the dietary comforts of civilization, received something of a bad name.

The manufacturers of canned products making a strenuous effort to abolish the stigma which has long since been eradicated, and that today there is no more wholesome food in the world than the products of the canneries of the United States. They point out that the first people to accept the spirit of the canneries were the pioneers of the United States who represented a freedom from adulteration and substitution and dangerous preservatives that is excelled by no other class of foods in the world.

The problem now confronting canners is to convince the American people of the truth of this statement. They wish to demonstrate to all food consumers that the products of the present day canner are put up under surroundings which are more wholesome than those to be found in the cleanest American kitchens. In order to impress this lesson upon the public many of the more important canneries in America have a standing invitation to every American citizen to visit their establishments and see for himself the sanitary surroundings which characterize the manufacture of canned products.

In its effort to carry forward this sort of a program the Canners Association is making a strenuous effort to abolish the stigma which has long since been eradicated, and that today there is no more wholesome food in the world than the products of the canneries of the United States. They point out that the first people to accept the spirit of the canneries were the pioneers of the United States who represented a freedom from adulteration and substitution and dangerous preservatives that is excelled by no other class of foods in the world.

The third item, and in many ways the most important matter which will come before the convention, is a report of the labor organization of a publicity organization of canners which is working to overcome the popular belief that danger of ptomaine poisoning lies in the containers of canned food. This publicity organization is continually on the lookout for newspaper articles attributing cases of ptomaine poisoning to canned products. As soon as one of these articles appears the publicity organization makes a thorough investigation of the circumstances concerning the alleged case of ptomaine poisoning, and then makes a report to the paper which published the story in the first instance. It is said that more than a hundred cases of ptomaine poisoning attributed to canned products have been investigated and that in not a single one of them has it been shown that canned foods were responsible.

When the investigation into a case is completed the paper publishing the story is notified of the results of the investigation and is asked to make a statement concerning it. The principal result of this crusade is said to be that newspapers are exercising more care in placing the blame for ptomaine poisoning, and that the physicians.

There is no need of any canner putting out an inferior product today. The National Canners Association has set its face firmly against the utilization of inferior products by the canneries. A laboratory has been established for canners where, by paying a flat annual fee, they can have all their products examined and their final heating done in freedom from ptomaine and their wholesomeness, even after long periods of preservation in tin. How long products may be kept in cans is illustrated by an incident which happened at Kidder, Md., some time ago. In the upper deck of a ship more than a generation passed into other hands and the whole was found to be forty-five years old. It was opened and the product was found to be as well preserved and as wholesome as the day they were canned.

One of the most interesting branches of the canning trade is the salmon canning industry of the Pacific coast. In preparing fish, the use of machinery for preparing the fish affords a splendid example of how human ingenuity may solve many problems. Years ago fish were cleaned, scraped and cut up by Chinese laborers. Then some one invented a machine known as the "iron chink." One of these machines will do the work of many dozen Chinamen and do it better. A floating salmon cannery has been established on the old ship Glory of the sea in the upper deck is the "iron chink." After it removes the scales, entrails, heads and tails of the fish they are packed in cans in the "iron chink" from which they are carried by endless belts to the cutter. Thirty thousand cases of canned salmon a season are put up and stored in the hold of the vessel. When the season ends the old ship is towed to Seattle, where the pack is placed upon the market.

THE COURTS. U. S. Court of Customs Appeals. The court convened at 10 a.m. for the opening of the February term. Present: Presiding Judge, United States, Associate Judges Smith, Barber, Viles and Martin. The calendar was called and it was announced that the court would proceed to hear all cases that were in readiness for hearing under the rules and practice of the court.

United States Commerce Court. Present: Presiding Judge Knapp and Judges Archibald, Hunt, Carlisle and Mack. The following attorneys were admitted to practice: William R. Greene of Iowa, Francis C. Bryan of the District of Columbia, C. Bentley Matthews of Ohio, E. C. Blanchard of the District of Columbia, F. D. Duggan of the District of Columbia, William A. Northcutt of Kentucky.

THE GREATER PALAIS ROYAL

A. LISNER. Washington, D. C. G STREET.

SUITS, \$8 and \$15. Worth —? Suppose you find them worth \$25 to \$40! They await you on Third floor.

The above brief announcement appeared in this morning's Herald with this request: Kindly say, "I saw it in the Herald." Many said so—and signified approval of the values in purchasing. One early visitor bought three suits. She explained: "I am getting three for the price of one."

FURS, \$15 to \$98. Worth —? Only 16 pieces—counting sets as a piece—remain of this vast stock of furs.

Can't we afford to further reduce the prices for these remaining few—and glory in the reputation of not carrying over one fur garment from one season to another?

Guaranteed for Five Years. —But Not Responsible for Abuse or Carelessness.

- 1 Natural Pony Coat, 52 inches, marked \$135. \$90
1 Natural Pony Coat, 52 inches, marked \$125. \$85
1 Natural Pony Coat, 48-inch, marked \$100. \$65
1 Natural Pony Coat, 48-inch, marked \$80. \$40
1 Black Pony, fox collar, 50-inch, marked \$75. \$50
1 Black Pony, 50-inch, marked \$50. \$26
1 Brown Pony, 50-inch, marked \$37.50. \$25
1 Hudson Seal, 50-inch, marked \$175. \$98.00
1 Hudson Seal, 50-inch, marked \$150. \$87
1 Near Seal, 50-inch, marked \$85. \$75
2 Iceland Fox Sets, marked \$25. \$15
1 Gray Iceland Fox Set, marked \$25. \$15
2 Black Fox Sets, marked \$22.50. \$19
1 Brown Seal, 50-inch, marked \$90. \$36.50

The Palais Royal, A. LISNER. Hours: 8:30 A.M. to 6 P.M. G STREET.

tucky and Theodore W. Reath of Pennsylvania.

The calendar was called and the following cases assigned for hearing: No. 35. Denver and Rio Grande Railroad Company agt. interstate commerce commission, respondent; United States, intervenor; to set aside an order of the interstate commerce commission prescribing the rate on beer in carloads from Leadville, Colo., when packed in a through shipment from St. Louis, for final hearing February 12. No. 40. Norfolk and Western Railway Company et al. agt. United States, respondent; interstate commerce commission, intervenor; to set aside an order of the interstate commerce commission prescribing local class rates from Roanoke, Va., to Winston-Salem, N. C., and from Lynchburg, Va., to Durham, N. C., and through class rates from Cincinnati, Ohio, to Winston-Salem and Durham, N. C., for final hearing February 16. No. 47. Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company et al. agt. United States, respondent; interstate commerce commission et al. intervenors; to set aside an order of the interstate commerce commission directing the discontinuance of the practice of allowing rebilling or re-shipment of grain, grain products and hay to Norfolk while refusing the same privileges at Atlanta and other Georgia points; for hearing February 22. No. 54. Atlantic Copper Mining Co. et al. agt. United States of America, respondent; interstate commerce commission et al. intervenors; to set aside an order of the interstate commerce commission denying claims of petitioners against Chicago and Erie Railroad Company and others for reparations on account of "excessive and illegal or unreasonable rates" on coke shipped from Chicago to Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad Company et al. were granted leave to intervene; for hearing on motion to dismiss February 28. No. 55. Crane Iron Works agt. United States, respondent; interstate commerce commission, intervenor; to set aside an order of the interstate commerce commission dismissing the application of the Crane Railroad Company (a plant utility line for Crane iron works) to be declared a common carrier; and to be granted the privilege of making through routes and joint rates with interstate lines; for hearing on motion to dismiss February 28. No. 56. Kansas City Southern Railway Company agt. United States, respondent; interstate commerce commission, intervenor; to set aside an order of the interstate commerce commission relating to "classification of expenditures for advertising and settlements." For hearing February 15. No. 57. United States of America, ex rel. Stony Fork Coal Company et al., agt. Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company and Southern Railway Company; petition for writ of mandamus to compel the respondents to furnish cars and move coal. For hearing February 15. No. 59. Southern Pacific Company et al. agt. United States, respondent; interstate commerce commission, intervenor; to set aside an order of the interstate commerce commission prescribing rates on lumber from the south-west to Omaha, South Omaha and Lincoln, Neb., and Des Moines, Iowa. The Commercial Club of Omaha was granted leave to intervene. Petitioners' application for leave to take testimony was taken under advisement. No. 58. Florida Ice and Cold Storage Railroad Company et al., petitioners, agt. the United States of America, respondent; interstate commerce commission, intervenor; to set aside an order of the interstate commerce commission prescribing rates on lumber from the south-west to Omaha, South Omaha and Lincoln, Neb., and Des Moines, Iowa. The Commercial Club of Omaha was granted leave to intervene. Petitioners' application for leave to take testimony was taken under advisement.

Present: The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Robb and Mr. Justice Van Orsdal. James W. Berry was admitted to practice. No. 2861. Jordan agt. American Security and Trust Company; on motion seek additional writs of habeas corpus. No. 2864. Miller agt. United States; argument continued by Mr. C. R. Wilson et al. DAVIS for appellant. Sacriani agt. United States; argument continued by Mr. W. G. Gardner for appellant. Ingham; argument commenced by Mr. Harry Peyton for appellant, continued by Mr. F. H. Stephens for appellee and concluded by Mr. F. Springs Perry for appellant. No. 2818. Fowler agt. Quilley; petition for rehearing overruled; judgment of this court of January 2, 1912, set aside and judgment of Supreme Court of the District of Columbia reversed, with costs, and cause remanded for further proceedings; opinion by Mr. Justice Robb.

Circuit Court No. 1—Justice Stafford. Smith agt. Blair; judgment on verdict; plaintiff's attorneys, Montague & Moriarty; defendant's attorney, J. S. Easby. Carter agt. Chitester; judgment on verdict; plaintiff's attorney, M. T. Clinkscale; defendant's attorneys, Wolf, Rosenberg & Pugh. Armani agt. Washington Railway and Electric Company; on trial; plaintiff's attorney, F. S. Paladini; E. F. Colladay; defendant's attorneys, C. A. Douglas and George F. Hoover. Kavey agt. American Security and Trust Company; bill of exceptions signed and filed; plaintiff's attorney, George F. Hoover; defendant's attorneys, Wilson, Wilson, Brice.

Circuit Court No. 2—Justice Gould. Lewis & Jones Company agt. Derrah; verdict for plaintiff for \$5; plaintiff's attorney, W. Lewis; defendant's attorney, John Tohrner. Edwards agt. Woodbury; verdict for defendant; plaintiff's attorney, F. S. Keyser; defendant's attorney, Brandenburg & Brandenburg. Keene agt. Thomas; verdict for defendant; plaintiff's attorney, W. C. Balderston. Kavey agt. Capital Traction Company; motion for new trial filed; plaintiff's attorney, F. J. Hogan and M. J. Keane; defendant's attorneys, H. Ross Perry & Son and G. T. Dunlop. CRIMINAL COURT No. 1—Justice Anderson. United States agt. Harry Blackburn and Edward Hutchinson, robbery; verdict; guilty each; attorney, T. C. Taylor. United States agt. Eugene Bayler; criminal knowledge; on trial; attorneys, D. E. Clark and Leo A. Rowland. Petitioners' application for writ of habeas corpus; non-support; bench warrant issued. See-saw; bench warrant issued. United States agt. Louis Cella et al.; conspiracy and conducting bank stop;

mandate of Court of appeals filed; attorney, A. S. Worthington. ratified and bankrupt discharged. PROBATE COURT—Justice Wright. Estate of James A. Healy; order compromise claim; attorneys, J. J. Hogan and J. I. Peyster. Estate of Frances A. Dunn; rule to show cause; attorney, H. G. Kimball. Estate of Joseph H. Anderson; will dated November 7, 1911, filed. In re Walter Hogan et al.; petition to appoint guardian filed; attorney, R. E. Mattingly. Estate of Frank M. Ferris; supplemental petition filed; attorney, E. A. Chace. Estate of Julius Cohen; assignment of interest filed; attorney, M. D. Rosenberg. Estate of William Mulreid; petition for probate of will filed; attorney, F. E. Elder. Estate of John W. Hardesty; will dated January 2, 1912, filed. Returns from the high schools in the vote for "the flower of the National Capital for the year 1912" are being received in the office of Asst. Stpt. Ernest I. Thurston of the District public schools today. As soon as all the high school votes are in the entire poll of all the schools will be counted and the name of the chosen flower announced. Mr. Thurston has not counted the votes in from the grades yet, and consequently cannot say at present which flower has proved most popular with the grade children. He felt that to do so might possibly have some effect on those who were to vote later. Only the "annual" flowers are eligible in the contest, roses and other similar plants being excluded from the "ticket."

Silk Petticoats at \$2.98.

The Price Is Suspiciously Little.

One has to see and feel a Silk Petticoat to judge of its worth. There's the "loaded" petticoat, the feel of which condemns it. Then there is the "rag" of a petticoat, dear at less than \$2.98.

Now and then—it's a very rare happening—\$2.98 will buy Silk Petticoats good to the sight and touch, fitting the hips snugly, and finished with the correct flat side pleatings and ruffles.

Briefly here on third floor. Choice of Messaline and Taffeta Silk, in the new shades of blues, browns, reds, garnet, green, cerise, gray and black. Petticoats worth —? for only \$2.98.

Three Opportunities—Passing.

—They Will Be Eagerly Grasped by Many.

- \$2.98 The Trimmed Hats here at \$10.00 to \$12.00, reduced to \$2.98, because of anticipating the future. Easter is being prepared for here, isn't it worth while—a new hat between now and April?
79c Kid Gloves—but a little heavier than you may require for Easter Sunday proves warm. All sizes in black, white, tan, and smaller sizes are Mocha Gloves, also \$1.50 quality, also reduced to 79c.
50c See the Stocks and Rubats trimmed with Irish laces. And these Chemisettes of shadow and tucked neck! And these large satin roses, to brighten the corsage of many in Neck-wear Department.

Valentines, Valentine Cards, Valentine Favors. Valentines, Post Cards and Valentine Cards—tens of thousands at 1c for choice. Valentines, 2 for 5c, 5c and 10c—many thousands. Valentines at 10c—you'll think worth 25c. Valentine favors, 5c up.

Wash Dresses at 50c and 59c

Third Floor.

The new Wash Dresses of 1912—at price surprises because a little too early. The makers made a price concession—in return for immense early purchases. For mothers with children 2 to 6 years it means dresses at 50c well worth 75c. For mothers with girls 6 to 14 years it means dresses at 59c worth to \$1.00.



February Furniture Sale

—The Time for the Year's Best Values.

Bed Outfits—Values Extraordinary

- \$8.75 \$15 Value. Bed—White Enamelled; continuous posts; any size. Springs—Woven wire. Woven wire, iron frame. Mattress—Felt top. All for \$8.75.
\$14.75 \$25 Value. Bed—Brass, with 2-inch posts; any size. Springs—Woven wire. Iron frame, heavy brass. Mattress—Felt top. All for \$14.75.
\$25.90 \$43 Value. Bed—Brass, bright or satin finish; 2-inch continuous posts. 12 Ribs. Springs—National link. Mattress—Layer felt. Pillow—Feather one pair. All for \$25.90.

Furniture for Every Room.

The Price Extremes Hint of the Variety.

- Buffets, \$14.50 to \$120.00. Worth \$25.00 to \$120.00.
China Closets, \$10.00 to \$80.00. Worth \$18.00 to \$80.00.
Chairs, \$1.00 to \$9.50. Worth \$2.50 to \$11.00.
Brass Beds, \$8.50 to \$35.00. Worth \$17.00 to \$70.00.
Iron Beds, \$1.98 to \$18.50. Worth \$3.00 to \$27.00.
Best Springs, \$2.25 to \$6.00. Worth \$3.50 to \$9.00.
Chiffoniers, \$8.75 to \$40.00. Worth \$12.75 to \$50.00.
Dressers, \$14.00 to \$45.00. Worth \$18.00 to \$60.00.
Lockers, \$11.75 to \$28.25. Worth \$3.50 to \$11.00.
Settees, Mission, \$5.00 to \$8.00. Worth \$7.00 to \$10.00.
Desks, \$7.00 to \$23.50. Worth \$10.00 to \$22.50.
Go-Carts, folding, \$1.98 to \$12.00. Worth \$2.50 to \$15.00.

Table Linens and Bedwear

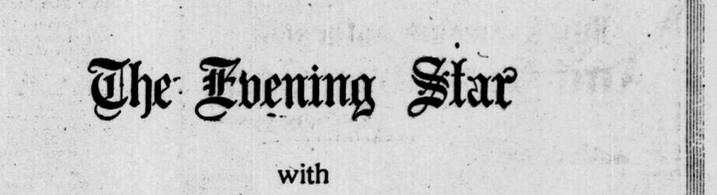
—Join the February Sale.

The prices are lowered in anticipation of making the sales four times greater than ordinary. Only in this way will this sale be profitable to the store. Please help make it so—and encourage another such sale next February.

- Sheets, Etc. 50c Bleached Sheets, 72x90 inches. Sale price... 39c
60c Bleached Sheets, 84x90 inches. Sale price... 53c
80c Fine Bleached Sheets, 84x90 inches. Sale price... 65c
\$1.00 Heavy Bleached Sheets, 84x90 inches. Sale price... 89c
\$1.00 Pair Linen Sheets, 90x90 inches. Sale price... \$4.98
\$2.50 Linen Pillowcases, 45x36 inches. Sale price... \$1.98
\$2.00 Linen Pillowcases, 45x36 inches. Sale price... \$1.50
12 1/2c Bleached Pillowcases, 45x36 inches. Sale price... 9c
16c Bleached Pillowcases, 45x36 inches. Sale price... 12c
20c Bleached Pillowcases, 45x36 inches. Sale price... 16c
Spreads. \$1.25 Crochet Bedspreads, Marcelline pattern. Sale price... \$1.00
\$1.75 Crochet Bedspreads, Marcelline pattern and weight. Sale price... \$1.39
\$2.25 Fringed Bedspreads, cut corners. Sale price... \$1.89
\$3.50 Satin Marcelline Bedspreads; new and rich designs. Sale price... \$2.89
\$5.00 Satin Marcelline Bedspreads; best quality. Sale price... \$4.00
The Towels. 12 1/2c Hemmed Huck Towels, 19x28 inches. Sale price... 9c
15c Hemmed Huck Towels, 19x28 inches. Sale price... 12c
20c Linen Huck Towels, 18x26 inches. Sale price... 16c
25c Turkish Bath Towels, 20x28 inches. Sale price... 19c
25c Hemstitched Huck Towels, 18x28 inches. Sale price... 21c
37 1/2c Turkish Bath Towels, 20x28 inches. Sale price... 29c
50c Turkish Bath Towels, 22x44 inches. Sale price... 39c

CASCARETS FOR SLUGGISH BOWELS, BILIOUS HEADACHE, SALLOW SKIN.

You're bilious, you have a throbbing sensation in your head, a bad taste in your mouth, your eyes burn, your skin is yellow with dark rings under your eyes, your lips are parched. No wonder you feel ugly, mean and ill-composed. Your system is full of poisons. You need a cleaning up inside. Remember that disorders of the stomach, liver and intestines are cured by morning with gentle, thorough Cascarets; a 10-cent box will keep you and the entire family feeling good for months. Don't forget the children.



10 Cents. Never gripe or sicken. "CASCARETS WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP."

state commerce commission, intervenor. A suit to set aside an order of the interstate commerce commission prescribing the rates on citrus fruits and vegetables from gathering points in Florida to the basing point of Jacksonville, Fla., when packed in a through rate, leave granted to file amended petition, with the understanding that the answers of the United States and interstate commerce commission to the original petition stand as answers to the amended petition. The Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company and the Norfolk and Western Railway Company, petitioners, agt. the United States of America and the Cincinnati and Columbus Traction Company, respondents, in re application of the Cincinnati and Columbus Traction Company, intervenor; to set aside an order of the interstate commerce commission requiring the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company and the Norfolk and Western Railway Company to construct, maintain and operate certain switch connections for the transfer of interstate traffic to and from the lines of the Cincinnati and Columbus Traction Company, and to maintain through routes; counsel for petitioners were permitted to affidavits and preliminary reports before the commission, counsel for the commission reserving objections; argument on the merits commenced by Mr. Edward Barton, on behalf of the petitioner, Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company. At 12:30 recess was taken until 2 o'clock. Court of Appeals. Present: The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Robb and Mr. Justice Van Orsdal. James W. Berry was admitted to practice. No. 2861. Jordan agt. American Security and Trust Company; on motion seek additional writs of habeas corpus. No. 2864. Miller agt. United States; argument continued by Mr. C. R. Wilson et al. DAVIS for appellant. Sacriani agt. United States; argument continued by Mr. W. G. Gardner for appellant. Ingham; argument commenced by Mr. Harry Peyton for appellant, continued by Mr. F. H. Stephens for appellee and concluded by Mr. F. Springs Perry for appellant. No. 2818. Fowler agt. Quilley; petition for rehearing overruled; judgment of this court of January 2, 1912, set aside and judgment of Supreme Court of the District of Columbia reversed, with costs, and cause remanded for further proceedings; opinion by Mr. Justice Robb.

mandate of Court of appeals filed; attorney, A. S. Worthington. ratified and bankrupt discharged. PROBATE COURT—Justice Wright. Estate of James A. Healy; order compromise claim; attorneys, J. J. Hogan and J. I. Peyster. Estate of Frances A. Dunn; rule to show cause; attorney, H. G. Kimball. Estate of Joseph H. Anderson; will dated November 7, 1911, filed. In re Walter Hogan et al.; petition to appoint guardian filed; attorney, R. E. Mattingly. Estate of Frank M. Ferris; supplemental petition filed; attorney, E. A. Chace. Estate of Julius Cohen; assignment of interest filed; attorney, M. D. Rosenberg. Estate of William Mulreid; petition for probate of will filed; attorney, F. E. Elder. Estate of John W. Hardesty; will dated January 2, 1912, filed. Returns from the high schools in the vote for "the flower of the National Capital for the year 1912" are being received in the office of Asst. Stpt. Ernest I. Thurston of the District public schools today. As soon as all the high school votes are in the entire poll of all the schools will be counted and the name of the chosen flower announced. Mr. Thurston has not counted the votes in from the grades yet, and consequently cannot say at present which flower has proved most popular with the grade children. He felt that to do so might possibly have some effect on those who were to vote later. Only the "annual" flowers are eligible in the contest, roses and other similar plants being excluded from the "ticket."

John Philip Sousa in Town. John Philip Sousa, band director and composer, who has been hunting in North Carolina, arriving in Washington yesterday from Wagon county, North Carolina, where he made his headquarters during his trip. With Mrs. Sousa, he registered at the Willard Hotel. They will depart tomorrow for New York. BANKRUPT COURT—Chief Justice T. Doyle; adjudication and reference to W. M. Hallam. In re Edward Wilson; referees' report

Father's Own Medicine Cures Colds. Bronchitis, Asthma, all throat and lung troubles. No alcohol or dangerous drugs. Guaranteed.

FLOWER VOTES COMING IN. Graded School Poll Will Follow That of High Schools. Returns from the high schools in the vote for "the flower of the National Capital for the year 1912" are being received in the office of Asst. Stpt. Ernest I. Thurston of the District public schools today. As soon as all the high school votes are in the entire poll of all the schools will be counted and the name of the chosen flower announced. Mr. Thurston has not counted the votes in from the grades yet, and consequently cannot say at present which flower has proved most popular with the grade children. He felt that to do so might possibly have some effect on those who were to vote later. Only the "annual" flowers are eligible in the contest, roses and other similar plants being excluded from the "ticket."