

State Department was engaged today in New York with the diplomatic representatives of the United States in Bolivia, Guatemala and Uruguay in an attempt to settle upon a pan-American policy...

Notes Are Identical. The Carranza notes to Argentina and Chile were identical. In them Gen. Carranza expressed the opinion that the matter of the settlement of Mexico's internal problem is "the exclusive province of her sovereignty."

Complains of Minister. The first chief, however, did not neglect to inform the Brazilian government that the activities of Minister Cardoso de Oliveira at Mexico City have been such as to render his future service in Mexico virtually useless.

Violent Artillery Duel. "Yesterday afternoon there was no infantry fighting, but there was a violent artillery engagement, as a result of which all the trenches in the open ground south of Hooge became untenable by either side, and we have slightly withdrawn the position of our line, which lay south of the village."

More Than Regain Losses. BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, August 9, via London.—By an attack on Hooge this morning the British not only recovered all the trenches which they lost before the flaming German gas attacks August 1, but more, taking a front of 1,000 yards.

Senator Cardoso Delayed. An attack by Zapata troops on a train at Apizaco yesterday has delayed Senator Cardoso, the Brazilian minister to Mexico, who is en route from the capital to Vera Cruz to board the gunboat Marietta on his way to the United States.

American Consul Silliman at Vera Cruz reported to the State Department today that the attack was made on a train ahead of that bearing the Brazilian minister, and that it would be impossible for Senator Cardoso to reach Vera Cruz before noon today.

Consul Silliman also reported that an Interoceanic steamer from Washington to New York was to reach near Protero yesterday and that many Carranza workmen and soldiers were killed in a battle which followed.

WARSHIP OFF FOR VERA CRUZ. Louisiana Leaves Newport and New Hampshire Ready for Sailing Orders. NEWPORT, R. I., August 11.—The battleship Louisiana, flagship of the fourth division of the Atlantic fleet, sailed last night for Vera Cruz, Mexico.

AGAIN CONSIDERED. MEXICAN PROBLEM. (Continued from First Page.) eastern bank of the river were still occupied by Russians, who, from the shore, were offering resistance to the passage of the water way.

RUSSIAN IN TIGHT PLACE. AUSTRIAN HEADQUARTERS, August 9, via London, August 11.—Operations in the southwestern sector of the battle front in Poland eastward of Ivangorod are rapidly placing the Russian Ivangorod army in an embarrassing position.

ENORMOUS DECREASE IN EXPORTS TO GERMANY. United States Shipments to Allied Countries Show a Corresponding Increase. Enormous decreases in foreign exports from the United States to Germany and Austria-Hungary for the fiscal year ending June last, and corresponding increases in shipments to allied countries, are written in reports and export figures made public by the Department of Commerce.

GEORGE WILLIAMSON BURIED. Funeral Services for Popular Washingtonian Held This Morning. Funeral services for George Williamson, sixty-six years old, secretary of the Shoemaker Company for many years, who died Sunday, were held in the family residence, 2023 16th street northwest, at 8:30 o'clock this morning.

Edwin Greens, Composer, Dead. LONDON, August 11.—Edwin Greens, composer of several songs which gained world-wide popularity, died last night aged fifty-eight years. He had been an invalid nearly half his life.

BRITISH WIELD UP A PART OF GAINS

German Artillery Made Captured Trenches at Hooge Untenable.

YET IN STRONG POSITION, MARSHAL FRENCH SAYS

British Officers Express Surprise at Slight Resistance Offered by Germans.

LONDON, August 11.—Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the British forces in France and Belgium, in a report given out by the official press bureau says the British troops have slightly withdrawn from their line south of Hooge, near Ypres, but have consolidated the village of Hooge. The report of Field Marshal French follows:

"Northwest of Hooge and in the ruins of the village itself we have consolidated the ground gained yesterday, repulsing one weak infantry attack during the night.

Violent Artillery Duel. "Yesterday afternoon there was no infantry fighting, but there was a violent artillery engagement, as a result of which all the trenches in the open ground south of Hooge became untenable by either side, and we have slightly withdrawn the position of our line, which lay south of the village."

More Than Regain Losses. BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, August 9, via London.—By an attack on Hooge this morning the British not only recovered all the trenches which they lost before the flaming German gas attacks August 1, but more, taking a front of 1,000 yards.

Senator Cardoso Delayed. An attack by Zapata troops on a train at Apizaco yesterday has delayed Senator Cardoso, the Brazilian minister to Mexico, who is en route from the capital to Vera Cruz to board the gunboat Marietta on his way to the United States.

American Consul Silliman at Vera Cruz reported to the State Department today that the attack was made on a train ahead of that bearing the Brazilian minister, and that it would be impossible for Senator Cardoso to reach Vera Cruz before noon today.

Consul Silliman also reported that an Interoceanic steamer from Washington to New York was to reach near Protero yesterday and that many Carranza workmen and soldiers were killed in a battle which followed.

WARSHIP OFF FOR VERA CRUZ. Louisiana Leaves Newport and New Hampshire Ready for Sailing Orders. NEWPORT, R. I., August 11.—The battleship Louisiana, flagship of the fourth division of the Atlantic fleet, sailed last night for Vera Cruz, Mexico.

AGAIN CONSIDERED. MEXICAN PROBLEM. (Continued from First Page.) eastern bank of the river were still occupied by Russians, who, from the shore, were offering resistance to the passage of the water way.

RUSSIAN IN TIGHT PLACE. AUSTRIAN HEADQUARTERS, August 9, via London, August 11.—Operations in the southwestern sector of the battle front in Poland eastward of Ivangorod are rapidly placing the Russian Ivangorod army in an embarrassing position.

ENORMOUS DECREASE IN EXPORTS TO GERMANY. United States Shipments to Allied Countries Show a Corresponding Increase. Enormous decreases in foreign exports from the United States to Germany and Austria-Hungary for the fiscal year ending June last, and corresponding increases in shipments to allied countries, are written in reports and export figures made public by the Department of Commerce.

GEORGE WILLIAMSON BURIED. Funeral Services for Popular Washingtonian Held This Morning. Funeral services for George Williamson, sixty-six years old, secretary of the Shoemaker Company for many years, who died Sunday, were held in the family residence, 2023 16th street northwest, at 8:30 o'clock this morning.

Edwin Greens, Composer, Dead. LONDON, August 11.—Edwin Greens, composer of several songs which gained world-wide popularity, died last night aged fifty-eight years. He had been an invalid nearly half his life.

BIG SHIPMENT OF GOLD THROUGH THE WAR ZONE

Total of 1,050,000 Ounces Received From England by J. P. Morgan & Co.

Rumor That Coin and Securities Aggregate Between \$30,000,000 and \$50,000,000 in Value.

NEW YORK, August 11.—One million and fifty thousand ounces of United States gold coin, valued at \$19,534,200, consigned in England to J. P. Morgan & Co., and brought across the Atlantic by the British ship reached the end of its long voyage today at the United States treasury here, after it had been carried in twenty-five motor trucks three miles through the streets under heavy police guard.

The utmost secrecy marked the shipment of the gold from England to Halifax, its arrival there and shipment by rail to New York. Other than admitting the shipment was made in their favor, the Morgan firm made no announcement concerning the gold until after it had been locked up in the subterranean vaults.

Firm Declines to State Value. The Morgan firm declined, however, to make any statement regarding the amount of gold which accompanied the gold. It was rumored in Wall street that the gold and securities totaled between \$30,000,000 and \$50,000,000. It was generally stated that the securities were chiefly American railroad bonds and preferred shares of American railroad stocks.

Mounted Police as Guards. A squad of mounted police rode beside the trucks on the trip from the airport station to the subterranean vaults. The mounted police were armed with rifles and each chauffeur and four armed guards sat on top of the boxes on each truck.

Convoyed Through War Zone. The battleship which brought the gold was convoyed through the war zone and across the ocean by a cruiser and a flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers to guard against an attack of German submarines. The cost of transferring it from London to New York was estimated today to have been \$250,000.

It was said that the battleship brought over not only the gold and securities for New York, but also a shipment of gold destined for Canada. In the direction of Lublin and Lwow, on the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

POPE BENEDICT PLANS NEW AND FAR-REACHING EFFORT TO END WAR IN EUROPE

ROME, August 10, via Paris, August 11.—Pope Benedict has determined to make a new appeal for peace, according to the newspaper Roma, which declares the pontiff is resolved to use every means within his power to bring about the desired result. He will ask the help of the episcopate, and, the newspaper asserts, is even considering the convocation of a universal council of the church at Rome.

The Roma, which does not give its authority, asserts it has been informed that the Pope will forbid all representatives of the church in belligerent countries, under pain of excommunication, from offering prayers for victory, from asking blessings for the combatants, or even administering the sacraments to those responsible for a continuation of the war.

The same newspaper claims to have information to the effect that the Pope has made a personal appeal to the President of the United States, the presidents of Switzerland and of the Central and South American republics, as well as to the kings of Spain and the Scandinavian countries, asking them to join with him in an effort to obtain at least a truce preparatory to the opening of peace negotiations.

Some Things France Wants. German Demands Outlined.

PARIS, August 11.—One of the demands which may be made upon Germany and Austria by France and her allies fix the terms of peace in that they shall require the German and Austrian railroad rolling stock for use on the French railways, provided a suggestion made by the department of public works is taken seriously.

Applied to questions asked by the public works committee of the chamber of deputies regarding the railroad rolling stock, the public works department says: "It is expected that after the war, when business recommences and it will be necessary to repair the damage done to the present period, that a veritable famine in rolling stock will ensue."

The manifesto is signed by Prof. Mehncke, Seberg and Scheller, professors of security of Gacka of Heidelberg, Schumacher of Reichenau, Director Kiroldin of the Gelsenkirchen mines and Imperial Minister von Scherwin, mayor of Frankfurt-on-the-Oder.

War Officially Reported.

RUSSIAN STATEMENT. PETROGRAD, August 10, via London, August 11.—On the roads to Riga Monday night, after hand-to-hand fighting, we successfully repulsed several German attacks, although they were supported by powerful heavy artillery.

GERMAN STATEMENT. BERLIN, August 11, via London.—Western theater of war: North of Souchez a French hand grenade attack was repulsed. At Courcy, north of Rheims, the French attempted to occupy a crater which they made before our front by mine explosions.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the right bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

On the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy delivered an offensive Monday afternoon. The number of Russian troops killed in the attack was 2,116 and of machine guns to 18.

FOURTEEN KILLED, WOMEN AND CHILDREN SLAIN

When Zeppelins Fly Over British Coast. LONDON, August 11.—A revised list of casualties resulting from the German airship raid on the British coast Monday night has been given out by the Official Press Bureau, as follows:

Killed—One man, nine women and four children. Wounded—Five men, seven women and two children.

Raid Announced Officially. An official statement regarding the raid was given out last night, as follows: "A squadron of hostile airships visited the east coast last night and this morning between the hours of 8:30 p.m. and 12:30 p.m."

"Some fires were caused by the dropping of incendiary bombs, but these were quickly extinguished and only immaterial damage was done. The following casualties have been reported: Killed—One man, nine women and four children. Wounded—Five men, seven women and two children.

Destroyed by Aircraft. "She has since been subjected to continual attacks by aircraft from Dunkirk, and has been under heavy fire, and it is now reported that after having her back broken and her rear compartments damaged she was completely destroyed by an explosion.

Hospital Train Bombed. Reuter's Petrograd correspondent says that in the province of Minsk last Saturday a Zeppelin airship dropped a bomb on a hospital train, killing three of the wounded and injuring others. Two cars were damaged.

RAID BY ALLIED AIRMEN. Eight Killed and Two Wounded in Bavarian Towns. BERLIN, August 10, via London.—An official communication issued here today tells of an allied air raid Monday over Zwickbrücken and Sankt Ingbert, Bavaria. Eight persons were killed and two wounded in the latter town.

CALLS AT WHITE HOUSE TO HURRY COMMISSIONS. Gen. Harvey Urges Action for Officers of Newly Organized 3d Infantry. In view of the little time intervening before the National Guard of the District of Columbia embarks for its annual encampment at Camp Meade, Gen. William E. Harvey, commander of the 3d Infantry, today urged that the President sign the commissions of the officers of the newly organized 3d Infantry soon after his return. Gen. Harvey was informed that the commissions will be laid before President Wilson immediately upon his return. They are now at the White House.

Gen. Cadorna Waiting Until Troops Have Organized New Positions. UDINE, Italy, August 9, via Paris.—Information has reached Udine that Gen. Cadorna, the Italian commander-in-chief, has decided not to resume the offensive on the Isonzo, as he has obtained from Doberdo lake, but this supply has been cut off, as Doberdo is under the fire of Italian artillery.

ITALIANS TAKING A REST AFTER SUBSTANTIAL GAIN. Gen. Cadorna Waiting Until Troops Have Organized New Positions. UDINE, Italy, August 9, via Paris.—Information has reached Udine that Gen. Cadorna, the Italian commander-in-chief, has decided not to resume the offensive on the Isonzo, as he has obtained from Doberdo lake, but this supply has been cut off, as Doberdo is under the fire of Italian artillery.

OPPOSE "CHANT OF HATE." FEAR A COAL SHORTAGE. German Newspapers Think Bitterness Should Not Be Encouraged. BERLIN, August 10, via London.—A campaign against Ernest Lissauer's song, "Chant of Hate," for England, has been started by the Erlangen Volkszeitung, a Catholic organ, which demands the exclusion of the song from the book intended for the young. The paper declares it would be a portentous omen if a result of international bitterness even the youth of a nation were taught to cherish hatred.

Pennsylvania Railroad Storing Fuel as Miners Are Scarce. ALTOONA, Pa., August 11.—Anticipating a shortage of coal this fall and winter, the Pennsylvania railroad is taking steps to protect itself by storing thousands of tons at convenient points along the system. Two big storage stations have been established here.

Many Lives Are Saved BY NEW FRENCH SERUM. Men Survive Desperate and Badly Infected Wounds, Following Its Application. PARIS, August 11.—What are described as remarkable cures of wounded French soldiers have been effected by the new polyvalent serum, discovery of which was announced last March. Complete recovery is announced of men who were heard in the federal bankruptcy court yesterday when the Blue Island Furniture Company filed an involuntary bankruptcy petition, claiming that its failure to be the result of the death of the Eastland of a large number of their debtors.

Waiting for Bodies. Docked beside the Eastland today a canvas-covered scow was waiting to house the bodies which officials expect would be found in the hull of the ship. Above the scow an American flag floated at half mast and strips of black and purple crepe hung from the canvas coverings. Twenty temporary coffins were placed on the barge to await the bodies.

To Convert Building Into Sanitarium. The former Emergency Hospital building at 15th street and Ohio avenue is being completely renovated and equipped internally under the direction of Dr. W. O. Waters. It is to be used as a sanitarium, until the federal government is prepared to erect a new building on the site.

German Prisoners Going Home. PETROGRAD, August 10, via London.—The first detachment of a party of two thousand German prisoners for the exchange of whom arrangements have been made has left here for Sweden by way of Finland. The prisoners are to be released for future military service on account of the wounds they have received.

Five Counts in Bill. The bill against the officials contained five counts, charging: 1.—That they knew the Eastland was unseaworthy and had no stability. 2.—That they permitted 2,500 passengers aboard the vessel, which is more than the vessel was licensed to carry. 3.—That they were negligent in hiring an incompetent engineer, who, because of his lack of skill, was unable to control the vessel properly. 4.—That the crew did not number enough hands to manage and control the vessel. 5.—That the ballast tanks were not allowed to be out of repair and were not properly maintained.

Grand Jury Recommendations. "That the instability of the boat was not corrected years before we regard as indicating criminal carelessness or incompetence on the part of all persons connected with the design, construction, control, operation and inspection of the boat," says the report.

Waiting for Bodies. Docked beside the Eastland today a canvas-covered scow was waiting to house the bodies which officials expect would be found in the hull of the ship. Above the scow an American flag floated at half mast and strips of black and purple crepe hung from the canvas coverings. Twenty temporary coffins were placed on the barge to await the bodies.

To Convert Building Into Sanitarium. The former Emergency Hospital building at 15th street and Ohio avenue is being completely renovated and equipped internally under the direction of Dr. W. O. Waters. It is to be used as a sanitarium, until the federal government is prepared to erect a new building on the site.

German Prisoners Going Home. PETROGRAD, August 10, via London.—The first detachment of a party of two thousand German prisoners for the exchange of whom arrangements have been made has left here for Sweden by way of Finland. The prisoners are to be released for future military service on account of the wounds they have received.

Waiting for Bodies. Docked beside the Eastland today a canvas-covered scow was waiting to house the bodies which officials expect would be found in the hull of the ship. Above the scow an American flag floated at half mast and strips of black and purple crepe hung from the canvas coverings. Twenty temporary coffins were placed on the barge to await the bodies.

SIX ARE INDICTED IN EASTLAND CASE

Four Officers of Company, Arnold, Hull, Steel and Davis, Accused of Manslaughter. CAPTAIN AND ENGINEER, CRIMINAL CARELESSNESS. Steamboat Inspectors Left to Federal Grand Jury—Evidence of Overcrowding Given.

CHICAGO, August 11.—Indictments charging manslaughter and criminal carelessness were returned before Judge H. H. Wood in the criminal court today in connection with the Eastland disaster of July 24, in which nearly 1,000 lives were lost.

The captain and engineer and four officers of the St. Joseph-Chicago Steamship Company, owners of the boat, are named as follows: Captain George T. Arnold, vice president and general manager; W. C. Steele, secretary-treasurer; Ray W. Davis, assistant secretary-treasurer; Harry Pedersen, captain of the Eastland; Joseph M. Erickson, engineer.

Heavy Bonds Exact. Bonds were fixed at \$20,000 each for the company officials and \$10,000 each for Pedersen and Erickson. The two last named are charged with criminal carelessness and the officials with manslaughter.

Separate bills were returned against the captain and the engineer, while the four officers were named in a joint indictment.

Would Transfer Inspection. "We recommend," the grand jury report goes on, "that the steamboat inspection service be reorganized in a manner to make all branches coordinate and thus eliminate the confusion and overlapping of duties existing in special powers and authority to subordinate branches. Such service should be placed under the jurisdiction of experienced inspectors, all under proper systematic control."

It is further recommended that the inspection service be removed from control of the Department of Commerce to the Navy Department, and that the Federal Government should endeavor to obtain legislation to this end.

Industrial government officials were included, as it is said, evidence concerning them is proper matter for the federal grand jury.

The grand jury also said evidence that the Eastland was overcrowded was given before the state grand jury.

Five Counts in Bill. The bill against the officials contained five counts, charging: 1.—That they knew the Eastland was unseaworthy and had no stability. 2.—That they permitted 2,500 passengers aboard the vessel, which is more than the vessel was licensed to carry. 3.—That they were negligent in hiring an incompetent engineer, who, because of his lack of skill, was unable to control the vessel properly. 4.—That the crew did not number enough hands to manage and control the vessel. 5.—That the ballast tanks were not allowed to be out of repair and were not properly maintained.

Grand Jury Recommendations. "That the instability of the boat was not corrected years before we regard as indicating criminal carelessness or incompetence on the part of all persons connected with the design, construction, control, operation and inspection of the boat," says the report.

Waiting for Bodies. Docked beside the Eastland today a canvas-covered scow was waiting to house the bodies which officials expect would be found in the hull of the ship. Above the scow an American flag floated at half mast and strips of black and purple crepe hung from the canvas coverings. Twenty temporary coffins were placed on the barge to await the bodies.

To Convert Building Into Sanitarium. The former Emergency Hospital building at 15th street and Ohio avenue is being completely renovated and equipped internally under the direction of Dr. W. O. Waters. It is to be used as a sanitarium, until the federal government is prepared to erect a new building on the site.

German Prisoners Going Home. PETROGRAD, August 10, via London.—The first detachment of a party of two thousand German prisoners for the exchange of whom arrangements have been made has left here for Sweden by way of Finland. The prisoners are to be released for future military service on account of the wounds they have received.

Waiting for Bodies. Docked beside the Eastland today a canvas-covered scow was waiting to house the bodies which officials expect would be found in the hull of the ship. Above the scow an American flag floated at half mast and strips of black and purple crepe hung from the canvas coverings. Twenty temporary coffins were placed on the barge to await the bodies.

To Convert Building Into Sanitarium. The former Emergency Hospital building at 15th street and Ohio avenue is being completely renovated and equipped internally under the direction of Dr. W. O. Waters. It is to be used as a sanitarium, until the federal government is prepared to erect a new building on the site.

German Prisoners Going Home. PETROGRAD, August 10, via London.—The first detachment of a party of two thousand German prisoners for the exchange of whom arrangements have been made has left here for Sweden by way of Finland. The prisoners are to be released for future military service on account of the wounds they have received.

Waiting for Bodies. Docked beside the Eastland today a canvas-covered scow was waiting to house the bodies which officials expect would be found in the hull of the ship. Above the scow an American flag floated at half mast and strips of black and purple crepe hung from the canvas coverings. Twenty temporary coffins were placed on the barge to await the bodies.

To Convert Building Into Sanitarium. The former Emergency Hospital building at 15th street and Ohio avenue is being completely renovated and equipped internally under the direction of Dr. W. O. Waters. It is to be used as a sanitarium, until the federal government is prepared to erect a new building on the site.

German Prisoners Going Home. PETROGRAD, August 10, via London.—The first detachment of a party of two thousand German prisoners for the exchange of whom arrangements have been made has left here for Sweden by way of Finland. The prisoners are to be released for future military service on account of the wounds they have received.

Waiting for Bodies. Docked beside the Eastland today a canvas-covered scow was waiting to house the bodies which officials expect would be found in the hull of the ship. Above the scow an American flag floated at half mast and strips of black and purple crepe hung from the canvas coverings. Twenty temporary coffins were placed on the barge to await the bodies.

To Convert Building Into Sanitarium. The former Emergency Hospital building at 15th street and Ohio avenue is being completely renovated and equipped internally under the direction of Dr. W. O. Waters. It is to be used as a sanitarium, until the federal government is prepared to erect a new building on the site.