

O. K. OF PRESIDENT ON ARMY PROGRAM

Approves Secretary Garrison's Plan Calling for Increase of \$75,000,000.

ADDED COST OF THE NAVY MAY TOTAL \$100,000,000

Secretary Daniels Says Five-Year Building Program for Navy Will Be Recommended.

President Wilson today approved Secretary Garrison's plan for increasing the army. It calls for an annual expenditure of \$182,000,000, an increase of approximately \$75,000,000.

Much of the increased appropriation would be devoted to coast defenses and a substantial increase in the field artillery. Details as to increases in the personnel of the army have not been made public.

\$400,000,000 or More. If the navy, which will ask for an increase of \$100,000,000, carries through its plan making the total naval appropriations \$248,000,000, the appropriations for national defense, including the army's \$182,000,000, would total \$430,000,000.

The President spent practically the entire morning going over Secretary Garrison's estimates and plans, which are understood to propose an increase of 30,000 to 50,000 men in the army and a large reserve, to be created by including men to join the ranks by short-term enlistments.

After conferring with Assistant Secretary Garrison, the President laid the plan before Chairman Hay of the House military committee.

Today's conference between Chairman Hay and the President had to do particularly with plans for the army. The President had before him the outlines of a military policy prepared by Secretary Garrison which, it is said, provides in part for an increase in the regular army of from 37,000 to about 120,000 men and creation of a reserve of about 400,000 men.

The President's determination to urge upon Congress in his next message a defense program to cost about \$400,000,000 has been emphasized in high official quarters in the last few days following Mr. Wilson's recent speech.

Five-Year Building Program. Secretary Daniels said today that both the President and Chairman Padgett of the House naval affairs committee seemed to approve of the idea of a five-year naval building program.

"We have been considering and we intend to recommend to Congress a program for five years," said the Secretary. "Of course, no Congress can bind another, but if Congress would appropriate on the basis of a five-year building plan, we could go forward on construction more rapidly than formerly."

The Secretary added that in his conference with the general board the number of ships of the battle cruiser and dreadnaught type to be recommended to Congress will be 10. He believed, however, more dreadnaughts than battle cruisers would be asked for. The Secretary also said that the vessels authorized by the act of 1914 should be replaced by new vessels against the torpedo. He pointed out that adoption of a five-year program did not necessarily mean a decision at this time of all the types of vessels to be built, as building plans could be modified each year.

Building Plan Old Idea. In general the idea of a continuing program has been recommended by the general board of the navy for years, but no Secretary of the Navy ever has recommended it to Congress. Originally the general board aimed to have forty-eight battleships by 1919, but Congress in the last few years has fallen behind this schedule. The estimate of Mr. Daniels' estimate of ships built and building, exclusive of what may be authorized by the next Congress, the fleet would number thirty.

PROGRAM IS READY FOR FETE SATURDAY

Twelve Events to Be Staged in Testimonial to Government Bands.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND ARE COMING IN SLOWLY

Committee Feels It Has Worked Hard and Looks to Public to Do Its Part.

Program for the Citizens' Band Testimonial Saturday. 1. High School Cadets (entertainment) 1:30 p.m. 2. Boy Scouts (drill) 1:45 p.m. 3. Pony race (ponies twelve hands and under) 2:00 p.m. 4. Fort Myer, 3d Field Artillery, Battery (artillery drill) 2:20 p.m. 5. Student chess 2:40 p.m. 6. Hunters (mounted) 2:50 p.m. 7. Fort Myer, 5th Cavalry (mounted equestrian) 3:05 p.m. 8. Corinthian class (under 16 years) 3:20 p.m. 9. Polo pony race 3:30 p.m. 10. Male race 3:50 p.m. 11. Race, hunters and hacks 4:00 p.m. 12. Race, free for all 4:10 p.m.

The complete program for the testimonial to the government bands, which is to be held at Brightwood reservoir Saturday afternoon, was announced today by the citizens' committee that is arranging for this unique event in the history of Washington's outdoor entertainments.

Contributions to the testimonial fund, which is to be divided among the members of the government bands that have been giving free concerts in Washington's parks for ten years, are coming in slowly, but the committee is hopeful that a sufficient amount will be raised.

It is announced that high school cadets wearing large red badges inscribed with the word "collector," will pass donation boxes through the crowd and contributions of any amount, from 5 cents up, will be gladly received.

Contributors to the fund thus far announced by the committee include The Evening Star, the government bands, Mrs. M. C. Wyeth, 110; Brookland Citizens' Association, \$2; Park View Citizens' Association, \$2; Midcity Citizens' Association, \$5, and Harry Shannon, \$1.

In addition to the cash donations, prizes for the government bands that have been offered by the following: D. J. Kaufman, order for fancy vest; M. Frank Ruppert, whip; John O. Evans, cunk; William M. Galt, fountain pen, and William M. Galt, robe. The committee will give six loving cups and \$30 in cash to winners of the events.

Refreshments will be provided by the committee, and light refreshments will be served on the grounds. The band members will be provided with seats and other arrangements for maintaining them as the guests of honor.

Public Expected to Do Its Part. The committee feels that it has worked hard to make the affair a success and looks to the public to do its part toward showing appreciation of the splendid musical entertainments the bands have been giving in Washington.

Special service will be provided by the Capital Traction Company over its 14th street line for the convenience of the hundreds of Washingtonians who are expected to attend the festival. Brightwood reservoir is a block west of the end of the 14th street line. Ample parking facilities will be provided for those who attend in automobiles and other vehicles while the grandstand slope will hold seats for 10,000 persons or more.

Melvin C. Hazen, chairman of the committee, yesterday superintended the roping off of the show ring and race course. Judges for the events will be announced tomorrow. Secretary Tuttle has promised to be one of the judges in the event he is in town, while President Boardman, and Mr. Norman Galt, are considering invitations to attend.

To Elect Rock Island Directors. CHICAGO, October 14.—Stockholders of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company met here this morning, but owing to the delay in arrival of some proxies gathered by the Amstar committee recess was taken until 2 p.m. E. R. Johnson of counsel for the Amstar committee, who has interests opposed to Reid-Moore, as represented by the Amstar and the Hayden committee, now has taking control of the road, although real control is in the hands of the federal court, represented by Jacob M. Dickenson, the receiver. Seven directors are to be chosen.

Bankers to Form Athletic Club. NEW YORK, October 14.—One hundred or more of the leading bankers of the financial district are organizing a bankers' athletic club, which is expected to be the wealthiest athletic organization in the world. They have leased a 4,000 square feet, comprising the whole eighteenth floor of the Equitable building, and will be able to do this by their officers to their club in a few minutes.

55 PERSONS KILLED IN RAID ON LONDON

114 Are Injured When Zeppelins Again Drop Bombs on City.

MATERIAL DAMAGE IS REPORTED SMALL

Reprisals Against Germans Are Urged—French Chateau Bombarded—Turks Bring Down Aero.

LONDON, October 14.—Fifty-five persons were killed and 114 injured in the Zeppelin raid over London last night. The material damage done is said to have been small.

Fourteen of the fifty-five persons killed and thirteen of the 114 wounded were military casualties, according to an announcement made later by the official press bureau.

The home office shortly after midnight made the following report on the raid: "A Zeppelin raid was made yesterday evening over a portion of the London area, when a certain number of incendiary and explosive bombs were dropped. The material damage done was small. A few fires resulted, but they were quickly put out by the fire brigade. The admiralty will issue a statement when particulars are available."

At present it is only possible to say that no public buildings were injured and that the casualties so far reported number two women and six men killed and about thirty-four injured. With the exception of a soldier killed, all these were civilians.

These figures include all the casualties reported at 11:45 o'clock Wednesday evening. "The Zeppelin raid was made yesterday evening over a portion of the London area, when a certain number of incendiary and explosive bombs were dropped. The material damage done was small. A few fires resulted, but they were quickly put out by the fire brigade. The admiralty will issue a statement when particulars are available."

Reprisals Advocated. The Globe, which has been conducting a campaign advocating reprisals for Zeppelin attacks, says today: "The public knows now that the Zeppelin has shot down its hostile airship over London. No one was injured and there was no property damage. The airship then turned back to its own lines."

Turks Shoot Down Airship. BERLIN, October 14, by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.—An official communication from Constantinople says that the Turks have shot down a hostile aircraft east of El Arish. The aviators were captured.

El Arish is on the Sinai peninsula about 100 miles east of Port Said and the Zeppelin has been hovering over the desert. It is on the Mediterranean. It was in this region that the Turks reached the field service for the collection of the tax revenue against the commissioner of internal revenue, and the recommendations of the collector for appointments must have the approval of the civil service secretary of the district before such authority will be given.

Open for Two Years. Under the act of October 3, 1913, creating the income tax, all appointments to positions as internal revenue agents, internal revenue inspectors, clerks, messengers and deputy collectors in the field service for the collection of the tax were exempted from civil service during a period of two years; at the termination of that time, the law provided, all then so employed, whether they had worked one day or more, were to be covered into the competitive classified service.

The time is up. There have been covered into the classified service by this operation of the law about eighty internal revenue agents, about seventy-five inspectors, about sixty clerks, one or two messengers and between 250 and 300 deputy collectors.

Trying to Better Service. With this result in view the commissioner of internal revenue has been for many months intent upon improving the service. Reports had indicated that many of those employed in the field service were regarding their jobs as sinecures, or had shown themselves unable to collect enough to compensate for the salaries paid them.

The first time that Commissioner O'Connell made attempt to clean out the service, he is said to have been impeded by the same influence that had obtained appointment for many of the drones.

Actual accomplishments of men in the field service. On these records, probably half those employed were found to find employment elsewhere, while others found it served their best interests to go down to work and correct bad records made previously.

By agreement with the civil service commission no recent appointments have been made, so that it is explained, no employe has been covered into the classified service without a demonstration of ability.



INCOME TAX EMPLOYEES UNDER CIVIL SERVICE

Operation of Law Extends Its Protection to About 500 Collectors.

About 500 employes of the internal revenue bureau in the field for the collection of the income tax were covered into the civil service October 3 by operation of law.

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Members Striving to Correct Evils of Saloon—Criticism War Tax. SPRINGFIELD, Mass., October 14.—The United States Brewers' Association, whose members are said to produce over 75 per cent of the malt liquors in the United States, began its fifty-fifth annual convention here today.

Report of the trustees. The report points out that while the brewers have been heavy losers on account of war conditions, and because of the constant menace to its business, it also bears the heaviest burden of war taxation.

Prisoners of War in Austria and Germany

What of the thousands of allies' soldiers captured by the enemy? Are they well treated? How do they endure their fate? What is the life they are forced to lead? Read this article in The Sunday Star.

JAPAN DESIRES EARLY ALLIANCE WITH RUSSIA

LONDON, October 14.—The Russian foreign office has been informed, says a Petrograd dispatch to the Times, that the wish has been expressed at Tokio that preliminaries to negotiations for a Russo-Japanese alliance be concluded as speedily as possible.

It is reported that Russia is about to send a high official on a special mission to Japan.

Shipments From Europe Reaches New York in Guarded Car. NEW YORK, October 14.—Considerable mystery surrounded a steel express car, carrying several armed guards, which arrived here today attached to the Portland, Me., express.

Count Henri de Vogue, who was widely known in Paris society, also was devoted to sports. He won the motor boat race at Monte Carlo in 1908 and expressed a desire to become an aviator soon after aeroplanes came into use.

Situation at Saloniki. Gen. Sarrail, commander-in-chief of the French forces in the orient, has arrived at Saloniki. He was given a cordial welcome by the civil and military authorities and by the people of the city.

Archduke Ludwig Salvator Dead. AMSTERDAM, via London, October 14.—The death of Archduke Ludwig Salvator of Austria, at Brandeis Castle on the Elbe, is announced by German newspapers. He was sixty-eight years old. The archduke was known chiefly as an explorer and scientist.

When the Jitney Came to Enderby. ELSHA HAMMICK owns the car line in Enderby. Tobias Shore owns the Jitney. The car line runs up and down Enderby's single street and has only one car.

Sunday Magazine of The Sunday Star

INVADERS HAMMER SERBS, WHO RESIST WITH DESPERATION

Austria Claims General Progress and Repulse of Enemy Counter Attacks.

NISH-SALONIKI LINE REPORTED SEVERED

Railroad Chief Carrier for French and British Forces Sent to Balkans.

ITALY MAY RENDER AID

Russia to Attack Bulgarian Ports, Says Dispatch—Annihilation of Division of King Ferdinand's Men Is Reported.

LONDON, October 14.—The Nish-Saloniki line has been cut by the invaders for a distance of five miles at a point believed to be about fifty miles south of Nish, according to an Athens dispatch.

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GERMAN ARMIES ASSAULT FRENCH, GAINING SUCCESS

Advantage in West Not Important as Affecting Whole Situation, Says London.

ARTILLERY CONTESTS PARTICULARLY VIOLENT

Paris Claims Enemy Has Been Generally Repulsed, With Heavy Losses.

TEUTONS HURL GAS BOMBS

Fighting in Districts Around Loos and Souchez Exceptionally Bitter—Continuous Cannoning in Lorraine.

BERLIN, October 14, via London, 4:15 p.m.—A general attack by the British along almost the whole front from Ypres to Loos, accompanied by bombardment of the Belgian coast, is reported in the official statement of today from the war office.

All attacks of the British are said by army headquarters to have failed.

LONDON, October 14.—Having failed in their attack on the British positions on the western front, the Germans have turned upon the French and made a gain east of Souchez. The advantage to be obtained, however, is not of sufficient importance to affect the general situation of the French.

Their assault in the vicinity of Tahure, in pursuance of the movement begun three days ago, likewise has been materially unproductive thus far.

There has been a particularly violent artillery engagement in the Artois district, northwest of Hill No. 140, in which both sides took part, according to the statement given out this afternoon by the French war office.

There has been also active trench fighting in the vicinity of Lihons.

In the Champagne district the Germans have been throwing asphyxiating bombs on the French rear lines.

A German attack to the west of Tahure has been repulsed by the French fire.

In the Lorraine district the cannonading between the antagonists has been almost continuous.

Germans Penetrate Trenches. A strong German force attacked the French lines around Souchez and Vimy yesterday. A violent bombardment preceded the infantry attacks, which were renewed from time to time and desperately carried out.

The Germans succeeded in penetrating some of the trenches which had been badly shattered by the shells, but, according to the French official statement issued last night, were repulsed everywhere else with heavy losses.

Fighting Most Bitter. Correspondents of Berlin newspapers report that the fighting Monday, in the districts around Loos and Souchez, was most bitter. An intense bombardment of twenty hours preceded the French attack, which began Monday morning.

The particular object of the French onslaught was the elevation to the west of Vimy, which commands the flat land of Lens. The artillery battle was of such intensity that the guns could not be touched with the bare hands. The French penetrated the German trenches in only one small section, where the defenders and their guns had been buried by the French artillery fire. Bavarian troops threw out the French using knives and hand grenades. The losses of the French are described as very severe.