

13 MEN AND GIRLS KILLED, 13 MISSING, IN NEW YORK FIRE

Forty Others Injured Taken to Hospitals and Score More Less Seriously Hurt.

CROWD HELPLESS, SEE EIGHT BURNED TO DEATH Many Jump From Upper Windows When Escape Is Cut Off.

SEARCH RUINS FOR BODIES Remains of Six Are Taken From Charred Stairway, Having Been Entrapped There by the Flames.

NEW YORK, November 6.—Thirteen men and girls are known to have lost their lives today in a fire that destroyed an old four-story brick and wooden factory building in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn. A search of the ruins is expected to uncover the bodies of thirteen other victims, eight of them girls, who were reported as missing tonight. Of the forty injured in hospitals many were expected to die and a score more were less seriously burned and bruised.

The building was occupied by a candy manufacturing concern and three firms manufacturing clothing, whose employes normally totaled 300, but more than a third had been dismissed before the fire started for a Saturday half holiday.

The flames were discovered shortly before 2 o'clock by a girl employe of the candy factory, which occupied the ground floor and basement, and were soon roaring up the elevator shaft around which wound the principal stairway.

Girls Jump From Windows.

There was one other stairway in the rear of the building, and some of the employees escaped by that, but before the flames arrived men and women were leaping from the windows. The flames had swiftly mushroomed from the elevator shaft into the fourth floor, and scarcely had the first streams of water entered the building when the roof collapsed. The other floors soon after fell one by one.

Today's disaster was the worst factory fire in New York since the Triangle Waist Company building was burned out several years ago with a loss of 148 lives.

The flames spread so rapidly that escape for most of the employees was impossible. The only fire escape became jammed with people, and men and women were taken from the fire escape and forced from the fire escape and taken from the fire escape and taken from the fire escape.

Police Think 25 Lost Lives.

Not until the list of employees in the building has been checked up and the ruins searched were the police willing to believe that the death toll would exceed twenty-five. One of the victims taken to the hospital, a man died soon after from a fractured skull.

Helplessly Watch Girls Burn.

A few moments later many of the windows were blown out, and the crowd was horrified to see number of girls burned to death as they clung to a fire escape.

A score or more girls jumped from the escape, and nearly all were caught by men in the crowd. Those that were not caught in all cases were seriously injured.

police said. The flames pouring from the windows were of such volume that it was impossible to reach a number of the bodies until they had been burned beyond recognition.

MANY CITIZENS WOULD TESTIFY

Joint Committee Will Confine Hearings to Fiscal Problem.

LANCASTER TO CONTINUE STATEMENT TOMORROW

Week May Be Required, But Senator Chilton Hopes Arguments Will Be Closed Within Three Days.

The joint select committee of Congress on fiscal relations between the United States and Great Britain is expected to be the last week of public hearings on the questions before it for solution and report to Congress. Senator Chilton, chairman of the committee, said last night that he hoped two or three more days would see the arguments all presented and hearings concluded.

Many Would Be Heard.

Among citizens who have signified a desire to be heard are George E. Hamilton, William McK. Clayton, L. D. Shoemaker and Joseph L. Weller. Assessor Richards and E. W. Oyster of the assessor's office also wish to reply to criticisms made of them by Herbert J. Browne.

Later Hearing for Congressmen.

Members of the investigating committee expressed the opinion that if these members of Congress did not put in an appearance before the close of the public hearings an opportunity would be given them to be heard after Congress assembles here in December. The committee, under the law, is not permitted to submit its report on any subject until January 1.

Representative Page of North Carolina will continue his statement to the committee. He had not finished when the committee took a recess at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Evidence to Be Confined.

The law creating the joint select committee specifies that the committee shall investigate and report on one question alone: What proportion of the expenses of the District shall be borne by the United States and what proportion shall be borne by the District taxpayers? The committee, however, in an effort to have all the information possible on the District and its affairs, has permitted the discussion of a wide range of questions, including self-government for the District, the single tax system, assessments and taxation in the District.

GERMAN SUBMARINE INTERBED BY DUTCH

LONDON, November 6.—The Amsterdam correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company says that a German submarine, which stranded near Texel, has been interned, with its crew, by the Dutch government.

Trains Collide, 3 Killed, 4 Hurt.

LAKE CHARLES, La., November 6.—Three members of a section crew were killed and four others were seriously injured today in a collision during a heavy fog between a motor car carrying the section crew and a log train on the main road of a lumber company, six miles west of Lake Charles.

The German submarine U-3 was towed into Texel after the Dutch lifeboat had strangled and had made signals of distress. A dispatch from the Hague said the submarine was being closely guarded.

LORD KITCHENER GOES TO THE EAST TO SOLVE TANGLE

Government Again Officially Denies That War Minister Will Resign.

RETURN TO HIS OFFICE IS DOUBTED, HOWEVER

Believed British Military Leader Will Visit Balkans, Suez and Mesopotamia.

LONDON, November 6.—"Lord Kitchener, at the request of his colleagues, has left England for a short visit to the eastern theater of war."

This announcement, made this evening after a cabinet council—an unusual meeting for Saturday—and a long audience Premier Asquith had with the king, set at rest the rumors current as to the war secretary's present intentions. Another official statement issued tonight says:

"The statement that Earl Kitchener has resigned his position as secretary of state for war has already been authoritatively denied. It is equally untrue to suggest that Earl Kitchener has tendered his resignation, or that his visit to the king had any relation to any such subject, or that his visit to the eastern theater of war in any way betokens that such resignation is contemplated. "On the contrary, this visit is undertaken by him in discharge of his duty as secretary of state for war, which duty he has no intention of abandoning."

May Take Some Time.

It is generally assumed Earl Kitchener has gone to the east with the immediate object of rearranging the military personnel at the front and effecting in conjunction with the allied nations, some central organization to control the scheme of military operations.

To unravel the tangles in the east in consultation with Great Britain's war partners will be likely to occupy his entire attention for some time.

Globe Sticks to Its Guns.

The Globe, in its issue today, which was seized by the police, sticks to its guns and again asserts Earl Kitchener has resigned because of "maneuvers and machinations" of politicians. It says, however, that King George has refused to accept his resignation.

Look on the Dark Side.

Thus they jabber, these politicians, as they discuss the latest thrill which Mr. Bryan has given the country, and they ask more questions than they answer. Prone to pessimism, they look on the dark side first and the weight of opinion as expressed inclines to the judgment that Mr. Bryan is intent upon deposing the President, even to the point of destroying him if he can.

Possibilities of Situation.

The Daily Chronicle editorially points out the various possibilities of the situation: first, the probability of a marked addition to the importance of the general staff in London, the tendency of which would be to separate clearly the administrative responsibilities of the war minister from the strategic responsibilities of the chief of staff, and make the war minister's mind different from that which Earl Kitchener hitherto had filled. Secondly, it added, there was a remote possibility of some kind of joint staff being formed.



SQUASH CENTER DISCUSSES THE RECENT ELECTIONS.

POLITICIANS CHEW ON TASTY MORSEL

Bryan's Opposition to President's Program Offers Field for Speculations.

MAY MEAN A BIG SPLIT IN RANKS OF DEMOCRACY

Republican and Independent Support of President's Policy Also Enters Consideration.

And now the politicians have a rare chunk of gossip to roll under their tongues. In lasting qualities and general success in the past, the politician is a class of citizens tenacious of their "personal liberty," in the fight which Mr. Bryan is waging for prohibition, championing Mr. Bryan as a candidate or a leader.

May Bring New Following.

Another practical consideration which presents itself to the politician—and here is where the republican looks down his nose—is the suggestion that out of Mr. Bryan's antagonism, especially if it is reinforced by German-American support, may come the upbuilding of a strong following for Mr. Wilson among the independent and republican voters.

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Related to Joffre's Visit.

Comment in the morning newspapers indicated a belief in some quarters that the sudden development regarding Earl Kitchener related to the visit of Gen. Joffre, the French commander-in-chief, to London recently. In this connection the Weekly Nation made an interesting revelation from speculation and academic discussion, Mr. Bryan's attack upon the President presents to democratic politicians a good opportunity for a moderate time. It is asserted that it now becomes imperative upon the President to put his preparedness program through Congress at this season or leave imbedded in the democratic party during the next campaign the wedge Mr. Bryan has inserted and which would surely split it.

Must Have Party Support.

This issue will have to be forced at the session, it is declared, and judgment obtained. The value to the President of victory, it is said, will depend entirely upon the support given him by democrats in House and Senate. That republicans will support preparedness goes without saying, and with this support some kind of a plan seems assured of adoption.

SAYS ECHO OF SPEECH WILL BE HEARD ABROAD

Paris, November 6, 5:30 p.m.— Commenting on the speech of President Wilson in New York, Thursday on military preparedness, the Temps says:

"The appeal of President Wilson to his compatriots will have an echo in those neutral states which think only of the end of war without troubling themselves of the consequences of an unstable peace. Will the language of President Wilson make clear to these countries which prefer tranquility to common action against the powers by which their independence and liberty would be threatened, what they must expect from Germany were she even only half victorious? Who will spare them, even less than America, which is protected by its distance?"

renewal, either in his own behalf or that of some man of his own choosing. It is taken for granted that Mr. Bryan will appeal to the German-American vote for support in his crusade against the President. Politicians in general are therefore anxious to know what the schoolchildren call an "all-day sucker."

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SKOULOUDIS ASKED TO FORM A CABINET

King of Greece Reported to Have Acted in Ministerial Crisis.

COHORTS OF ZAIMIS ARE TO RETAIN POSTS

Berlin Declares Followers of Venizelos Are Divided as to Entrance in Balkan War.

LONDON, November 7, 3:22 a.m.—The Athens correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company, in a dispatch dated November 6, relative to the Greek cabinet crisis, says:

Germany Watches Crisis.

BERLIN, by wireless to Tuckerton, N. J., November 6.—The semi-official Overseas News Agency issues the following statement with respect to the Greek crisis: "The Greek government, since the resignation of M. Zaimis (the Greek premier) was preceded by stormy debates in the Greek parliament. Several prominent party leaders attacked the Venizelos policy. Besides, it is known very well that the Greek general staff is fully certain of the hopelessness of the enterprise's Balkan enterprise."

Followers Divided.

It is pointed out that the followers of Venizelos are divided on the question of participation in the Balkan war, since an important section of his staff favors demobilization.

FAY CLUE LEADS TO D. C.

Flynn Investigates Story of His Arrest at Navy Yard.

NEW YORK, November 6.—William J. Flynn, chief of the secret service, who has been investigating the case of Robert Fay and five others charged in a complaint with conspiracy in planning to blow up ships laden with war munitions for the allies, led to Washington today.

Bequest to Preachers of M. E. Church

CHICAGO, November 6.—The late Mrs. Fannie Nant Gamble of Cincinnati left \$125,000 to the pension fund for preachers of the Methodist Episcopal Church, it was announced here today.

CLIMAX NOW IS NEAR IN BALKAN CAMPAIGN; SERBIAN PERIL GROWS

Capture of Nish, Kralievo, Varvarin Strengthens Invaders' Grip Upon Struggling Nation.

ALLIES BATTLING TO CLEAR RAILROAD TO THE NORTH

By Driving Bulgars Out of Veles, British and French Will Be Enabled to Rush Much-Needed Succor to King Peter's Forces.

LONDON, November 6.—The Balkan campaign is apparently nearing a climax. Nish, the fortified city so long the Serbian temporary capital, has fallen before the Bulgarian thrust from the east at the bravely battling but constantly retreating Serbians, while from the north the Austro-German forces are pressing down upon King Peter's struggling armies. Kralievo, on the western Morava, has been taken. Varvarin was captured, and with it more than 3,000 Serbians, while at Kriviriv the Bulgarians and the Teutonic forces have formed a new junction.

In the south the allied forces appear to be too strong for the Bulgarians, who admit that they are faced by superior numbers. It is reported through the German legation at Athens that the British, French and Serbians have inflicted a severe defeat on the Bulgarians at Izvor, ten miles west of the Vardar river, where the French left wing joins the right of the Serbian southern army, and that the Bulgars are retreating toward Veles.

More allied troops are being sent from Saloniki to the scene of the fighting, in the hope that they will be able by the capture of Veles to compel the Bulgarians who advanced west of Uskup to retire and clear the Saloniki-Mitrovitza railway so that assistance can be sent to the Serbian northern army.

An Athens dispatch says that an official statement issued by the Serbian legation estimates the Bulgarian losses in killed and wounded up to the present at 100,000.

Seek to Cut Off Serbians.

Austrian attacks to cut off the Serbians' retreat into Macedonia are being made to the east of Trebinje, in Herzegovina, about forty miles north of Cattaro. Thus the Montenegrins are being threatened from the west near the coast as well as from the north, where fighting has been going on for some time.

Predicts End in Two Weeks.

The prediction that the Serbian campaign will be ended in two or three weeks is made by M. Toncheff, Bulgarian minister of finance, in an interview published today by the Berlin Tageblatt.

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WEBB-KENYON ACT UPHELD.

Declared Constitutional by Kansas Supreme Court.

TOPEKA, Kans., November 6.—

The constitutionality of the Webb-Kenyon act, removing the interstate character of liquor, was upheld by the Kansas supreme court today.

SPENDS \$23,084 ON KIDS.

Rockefeller Invites 92,338 School Pupils to Flower Show.

Editor and Author Dies at Atlantic City of Heart Disease.

PHILADELPHIA, November 6.—The Rev. Sylvanus Stall, sixty-eight years old, editor of the Lutheran Observer, and the author of a number of books, died in Atlantic City today. He had gone to the seashore in an effort to gain his health. Death was due to heart disease. Interment will be at Gettysburg, Pa.

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